Oxley Highway to Kempsey

2017-18 Annual Ecological Monitoring Report

Roads and Maritime Services | November 2018





Contents

Oxley Highwa	ay to Kempsey1
2017-18 Ar	nnual Ecological Monitoring Report1
	1
Purpose	1
Statutory a	nd planning framework2
Appendix A	Koala
Appendix B	Spotted-tail Quoll
Appendix C	Giant Barred Frog
Appendix D	Squirrel Glider
Appendix E	Maundia triglochinodes
Appendix F	Green-thighed Frog Ponds
Appendix G	Nest Box
Appendix H	Bat Box
Appendix I	Contractor's Ecological Monitoring (including nest box, bat box, road kill and landscape monitoring undertaken by the Contractor's Project Ecologists during the construction period)
Appendix J	Pre-Clearing and Clearing, Kundabung to Kempsey

Introduction

Purpose

This report provides an update on the ecological issues associated with the Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway upgrade. This report covers the period from 22 July 2017 to 21 July 2018. This report has been prepared in accordance with the Oxley Highway to Kempsey Ecological Monitoring Program (Roads and Maritime 2016), for submission to the Department of Planning and Environment and Environment Protection Authority (EPA). This report includes Koala, Spotted-tailed Quoll, Giant Barred Frog, Squirrel Glider, *Maundia triglochinoides*, Green-thighed Frog pond, nest box, bat box, road kill, pre-clearing and clearing surveys, and landscape monitoring undertaken in 2017/18.

In some instances, monitoring of a particular species or mitigation measure requires several monitoring events throughout the year. In these instances it is considered more informative to wait until all monitoring events have been conducted for that year, before reporting on the results. This allows, for example, analysis between seasons and further statistical analysis to be conducted than if individual monitoring events are reported on. Table 1 details those species/ mitigation measures where further monitoring is to be conducted in the remainder of 2018, and as such a combined report for all of the results for 2018 will be reported on in the 2018/19 ecological monitoring report.

Table 1 Ecological monitoring requirements during the last reporting period

Species monitored	Timing	Done/ yet to be done	Reporting
Koala	Spring/Summer	Year 3 monitoring (2017) done. Year 4 monitoring (spring/summer) to be done later 2018/ early 2019.	Year 3 included in this report. Year 4 in 2018/19 report.
Spotted-tail Quoll	Autumn	2018 (Year 4) monitoring done	Results included in this report.
Giant Barred Frog	Spring, Summer and Autumn	Spring 2017, Summer 2017/18 and Autumn 2018 done. Spring 2018 and summer 2018/19 still to be done.	Results of Spring 2017, Summer 2017/18 and Autumn 2018 included in this report.
Squirrel Glider	Winter	Winter 2018 done	Results of this monitoring are included in this report.
Maundia	Spring – final survey	Spring 2017 completed	Final survey included in this monitoring report
Green-thighed Frog	Summer (although ultimately rainfall dependent)	Completed in Autumn 2018	Results included in this report.
Nest Box	Winter and Summer	Winter 2017, Summer 2017/18 and Winter 2018 complete. No further monitoring required in 2018/19.	Results for these three monitoring events are included in this report.
Bat box	Winter and Summer	Winter 2017, Summer 2017/18 and	Results for these three

Species monitored	Timing	Done/ yet to be done	Reporting
		Winter 2018 complete. No further monitoring required in 2018/19.	monitoring events are included in this report.
Road kill	Weekly during construction, 12 weeks following commencement of operation.	Construction / post opening – July 2017 – June 2018. Spring 2018 and summer 2018/19 – to be done.	Construction and post- construction monitoring included in this report, operational monitoring for spring, summer and autumn to be prepared as one report for Year 4 (first year of operation). Included in 2018/19 annual report.
Pre-Clearing / Clearing	Pre- and during clearing	Kundabung to Kempsey	Results included in this report.
Fauna underpasses & fauna fencing	Autumn	Autumn – done Spring/summer – to be done	One report for Year 4 (first year of operation) to be included in 2018/19 annual report.

Statutory and planning framework

Approval for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway upgrade was granted by the then Department of Planning & Infrastructure on 8 February 2012. Roads and Maritime has constructed and opened the project in stages. The three main stages of the project are:

- Stage 1 The Sancrox Traffic Arrangement works located about two kilometres north of the Oxley Highway / Pacific Highway intersection. This section of the project opened to traffic on 30 November 2015
- Stage 2 Kundabung to Kempsey Stage consisting of about 14 kilometres of dual carriageway, commencing north of Barrys Creek near Kundabung (chainage 24,000) and connecting to the Kempsey Bypass at Stumpy Creek (Chainage 37,800). This stage of the project opened to traffic on 31 October 2017.
- Stage 3 Oxley Highway to Kundabung Stage consisting of about 24 kilometres of dual carriageway, commencing just north of the Oxley Highway / Pacific Highway intersection (chainage 700) and connecting with the Kundabung to Kempsey stage just north of Barrys Creek (chainage 24,000). This stage of the project opened to traffic in two parts initially on 17 November 2017 and finally in its entirety on 29 March 2018.

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway upgrade approval included the requirement to develop an ecological monitoring program:

The Proponent shall develop an Ecological Monitoring Program to monitor the effectiveness of the biodiversity mitigation measures implemented as part of the project. The program shall be developed by a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist in consultation with the OEH and DPI (Fishing and Aguaculture) and shall include but not necessarily be limited to:

- a) an adaptive monitoring program to assess the effectiveness of the mitigation measures identified in conditions B1, B4, B7 and B31(b) and allow amendment to the measures if necessary. The monitoring program shall nominate performance parameters and criteria against which effectiveness will be measured and include operational road kill surveys to assess the effectiveness of fauna crossings and exclusion fencing implemented as part of the project;
- b) mechanisms for developing additional monitoring protocols to assess the effectiveness of any additional mitigation measures implemented to address additional impacts in the case of design amendments or unexpected threatened species finds during construction (where these additional impacts are generally consistent with the biodiversity impacts identified for the project in the documents listed under condition A1);
- c) monitoring shall be undertaken during construction (for construction-related impacts) and from opening of the project to traffic (for operation/ ongoing impacts) until such time as the effectiveness of mitigation measures can be demonstrated to have been achieved over a minimum of three successive monitoring periods (i.e 6 years) after opening of the project to traffic, unless otherwise agreed by the Director General. The monitoring period may be reduced with the agreement of the Director General in consultation with the OEH and DPI (Fishing and Aquaculture), depending on the outcomes of the monitoring;
- d) provision for the assessment of the data to identify changes to habitat usage and whether this can be directly attributed to the project;
- e) details of contingency measures that would be implemented in the event of changes to habitat usage patterns directly attributable to the construction or operation of the project; and
- f) provision for annual reporting of monitoring results to the Director General and the OEH and DPI (Fishing and Aquaculture), or as otherwise agreed by those agencies.

The Program shall be submitted to the Director General for approval no later than 6 weeks prior to the commencement of construction that would result in the disturbance of native vegetation (unless otherwise agreed by the Director General).

The initial Oxley Highway to Kempsey Ecological Monitoring Program was approved by the Department of Planning & Environment on 25 January 2014. This was updated in 2016 and approved by the Department of Planning & Environment on 6 December 2016.

The ecological monitoring program includes the provision for annual reporting to the Director General and EPA.

Appendix A Koala	Э		





Koala Monitoring 2017

Year 3 Surveys – Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services

July 2018



Document control

Project no.: 1702

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Koala Monitoring 2017

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Radika Michniewicz

Internal review: Amanda Griffith

Document status: Rev1

Local Government Area: Port Macquarie Hastings and Kempsey

Author	Revision	Internal review	Date Issued
R Michniewicz	D0	Amanda Griffith	2/07/2018
R Michniewicz	R0		3/07/2018
R Michniewicz	R1		14/08/2018

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2017

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian *Copyright Act 1968*, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Koalas from the Port Macquarie area, Radika Michniewicz

Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Level 1, 19 Sorrell Street
Parramatta NSW 2150
All mail correspondence to:

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

Sydney

0488 224 888

Central Coast

0488 224 999

Illawarra

0488 224 777

Armidale

0488 224 094

Newcastle

0488 224 160

Mudgee

0488 224 025

Port Macquarie

0488 774 081

Brisbane

0488 224 036

Cairns

0488 284 743



Executive Summary

Context

This report documents findings from the spring-summer 2017 monitoring period for the Koala, as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway upgrade project (the Project).

Aims

The aim of the Koala monitoring program is to determine whether the Project is having an impact on Koala populations within the study area.

Methods

Each monitoring location was surveyed in accordance with the monitoring method and design specified in the Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP, RMS 2016). Surveys were undertaken in October and November 2017.

Key results

A total of 93 plots across 31 clusters were surveyed in spring 2017. Koalas were found to be present within 16 of the 31 clusters (52%). The mean SAT activity level for clusters, measured as the percentage of trees at each plot with scats present, was 1.8% (SD = 2.8) and ranged from 0 to 12.2%. The presence and activity level of Koalas has increased in 2017 in comparison to the 2016 surveys and were at a level similar to the 2015 surveys, but still much decreased from baseline surveys.

Koalas were found to be using resources within the areas affected by wildfires in November 2016. Eight of the 11 plots not surveyed in 2016 due to the fires recorded Koala activity in 2017.

Koalas were recorded more frequently at impact sites (60%) than at control sites (44%), which is consistent with results observed in the previous monitoring events. There was no significant change in the difference between Koala presence at control and impact clusters between 2017 and baseline surveys. Similarly there was no significant change in the difference between Koala presence at mitigation and no mitigation clusters between 2017 and baseline surveys. Average plot activity levels for each treatment type have not decreased from the baseline surveys beyond the recommended 10% tolerance level.

Conclusions

Performance measures relating to survey requirements have been met.

The performance measure relating to changes in distribution and habitat use has not been met as Koala presence and activity levels appear to have decreased between the baseline, and all following monitoring events. However this apparent decrease has occurred at both control and impact sites. In each of the monitoring surveys undertaken to date, impact sites recorded higher percentages of Koala presence than control sites. In addition, presence and activity levels increased in 2017 compared to 2016 are similar to those observed in 2015 and, in accordance with Lewis 2014, have not decreased from the baseline surveys beyond the recommended 10% tolerance level. As such, while changes have occurred (as specified in the performance measure), these changes cannot be attributed to the Project.



Table of Contents

Exe	cutive	Summary	ii
1.	Intro	duction	1
	1.1	Context	1
	1.2	Performance measures	2
	1.3	Monitoring timing	2
	1.4	Reporting	2
2.	Surv	ey Methodology	3
	2.1	Monitoring design	3
	2.2	Methods	6
3.	Resu	Its and Discussion	10
	3.1	SAT plots	10
	3.2	Impact v control cluster analysis	21
	3.3	Mitigation v no mitigation analysis	21
4.	Discu	ussion	25
	4.1	Performance Measures	25
5.	Reco	mmendations	26
	5.1	Contingency Measures	26
Ref	erence	25	27
Anı	nex 1.	Koala SAT results – 2017 monitoring	28
List	of Fig	ures	
Figi	ure 1: I	Koala SAT plot locations 2017	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figi	ure 2: I	Koala SAT plot cluster results 2017	Error! Bookmark not defined.
List	of Tal	bles	
Tab	ole 1: K	oala SAT Monitoring plots	3
Tab	ole 2: S	ummary of SAT activity levels	14
Tab	ole 3: A	rea activity levels	15
Tab	ole 4: K	oala SAT plots results Baseline – 2017	17
Tab	ole 5: C	ontrol, mitigation and no mitigation cluster activity levels	22
Tab	ole 6: S	ummary of tree species used by Koala during the SAT surveys	24
Tab	ole 7: V	Veather conditions during spring-summer 2016	24



Table 8. Performance measures	25
Table 9: Contingency measures	26
List of Graphs	
Graph 1: Percentage of clusters with scats present for each monitoring event to date	11
Graph 2: Koala presence in areas across all monitoring events	11
Graph 3: Koala activity across the eight monitoring areas	16
Graph 4: Koala presence at control and impact clusters	21
Graph 5: Koala presence and cluster type	22
Graph 6. Mean Koala activity for cluster type within areas (mean + SD)	23



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for matters of national environmental significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act* 1995 (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project. The Koala was identified as requiring mitigation and monitoring during the Project's construction and operational periods.

1.1.1 Legal Status

The Koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*) is listed as vulnerable under both the NSW *Biodiversity Conservation Act* (BC Act 2016) and the Commonwealth EPBC Act. Monitoring of the species is required under the Project's approval.

1.1.2 Monitoring Framework

The design, methods and performance indicators that define the Koala monitoring program are specified in the EMP. The monitoring program specifies that monitoring of all sites would occur in Year 1, 2 and 3 (construction phase) once substantial construction had commenced. Following the completion of the Project, monitoring will continue in Year 4, 5, 6 and 8 (operation phase) or until the mitigation measures can be demonstrated to have been effective for the Koala.

To date, these monitoring events have been conducted and reported as follows:

- Spring-summer 2015: Niche 2016.
- Spring-summer 2016: Niche 2017.
- Spring-summer 2017: current report.

This report represents the third and final of the three required construction monitoring reports. Operational monitoring is due to commence in spring-summer 2018.

1.1.3 Baseline Data

In accordance with the EMP, baseline surveys for the Koala were undertaken in 2014 to provide baseline data that could be used to identify changes in habitat use before and after construction of the Project, and to determine whether changes can be reasonably attributed to the Project. Baseline monitoring was conducted by Lewis Ecological prior to the commencement of construction (Lewis 2014). Remote cameras were also opportunistically deployed (targeting other threatened species) in August 2013, while spotlighting and Spot Assessment Technique (SAT) plot surveys were undertaken in spring 2013.



1.1.4 Purpose of this Report

This report details the findings obtained from the 2017 monitoring period, following on from the baseline, 2015 and 2016 surveys. As mentioned previously, it represents the third and final monitoring report for the construction phase of the Project.

The aim of this report is to summarise the methods and results of the spring-summer 2017 monitoring, and to compare the results with the baseline surveys to determine whether performance measures are being met and comment on whether additional measures should be considered.

1.2 Performance measures

The approved EMP specifies the following performance measures for the Koala (RMS 2016):

- Monitoring is undertaken during baseline surveys from Year 1 Year 6 & 8, or until mitigation measures are demonstrated to be effective.
- Monitoring during Year 1 Year 6 & 8 is undertaken at the Impact and Control sites where
 monitoring was undertaken during baseline surveys, subject to ongoing landowner agreement.
 Where landowner agreement cannot be obtained and the process in Section 3.1.2 of the EMP has
 been followed, this performance indicator will also be considered to have been met.
- Mitigation measures are demonstrated to be effective as defined in the EPBC approval when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.
- Fauna fence is installed at a minimum in areas identified in Schedule 3 of the EPBC approval at Year
 4.
- No changes to densities, distribution, habitat use and movement patterns compared to baseline data during monitoring in Year 1-6 & 8, and then when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.

1.3 Monitoring timing

Monitoring is to occur once a year during spring-summer.

1.4 Reporting

Annual reporting of monitoring results will outline:

- A detailed description of the monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring surveys.
- Discussion of the results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any
 modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are
 required, and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the NSW Department of Planning and Environment and the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA).



2. Survey Methodology

2.1 Monitoring design

In accordance with the baseline monitoring surveys, eight broad areas within a 20 kilometre radius of the Project were surveyed. These eight areas include South Sancrox, North Sancrox, Cairncross State Forest (South), Cairncross State Forest (North), Cooperabung Hill, Mingaletta Road to Smiths Creek, Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek and Maria River State Forest. Within each of these areas three types of monitoring sites were established:

- <u>Type A</u>: Impact sites with mitigation. Mitigation sites are located within 500 metres of sufficiently large culverts (>1.8 metres, to allow Koalas to pass under the Highway) that are paired with floppy top fencing.
- <u>Type B</u>: Impact sites where mitigation has not been proposed or only partial mitigation is proposed. Partial mitigation sites are where only floppy top fencing is present but with obvious openings at interchanges or entry/exit points.
- Type C: Control or reference sites located in areas at least three kilometres, and often 5-10 kilometres from the Project.

Each type of site (A, B or C) is represented by a cluster of three SAT plots within each of the eight areas, resulting in nine SAT plots per area giving a total of 72 baseline SAT plots, established by Lewis (2014) (with the exception of Cairncross State Forest (South) that had an additional type B cluster and Mingaletta to Smiths Creek were no type B cluster was established). Of these 72 plots, 24 were mitigation (type A), three part mitigation and 21 no mitigation (type B), and 24 control sites (type C). To ensure a balanced monitoring design between impact sites (mitigated and not mitigated) and control sites, an additional 24 control plots (type C) were established during the first monitoring event in 2015 (Niche 2016). In accordance with the baseline monitoring design these additional 24 control plots were established at least three kilometres from the Project and were grouped in clusters of three plots, one cluster for each of the eight broad areas.

In 2015, eight of the baseline plots had to be relocated to nearby locations because they had been established in the construction site itself or because they were located on private property and access was not possible. Three of the baseline monitoring plots that could not be accessed could not be relocated because there weren't any suitable sites nearby. These three plots were all part of the same cluster (impact, no mitigation) located in the North Sancrox area.

Details of all 96 monitoring plots are presented in Table 1 and the location of the 93 accessible monitoring plots are shown in Figure 1.

Table 1: Koala SAT Monitoring plots

Area	Туре	Type Sub Category	Data Source	Plot Name	Easting	Northing
South Sancrox	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	1 Sancrox East - Cassegrains	483348	6521736
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	2 Sancrox East - Cassegrains	483455	6521789
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	3 Sancrox East - Cassegrains	483412	6521882
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	1 Sancrox South	483299	6520671
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	2 Sancrox South	483254	6520383
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	3 Sancrox South	483196	6520217



Area	Туре	Type Sub Category	Data Source	Plot Name	Easting	Northing
	Control	Control	Baseline	1 Cowarra State Forest	480608	6519056
	Control	Control	Baseline	2 Cowarra State Forest	480658	6519496
	Control	Control	Baseline	3 Cowarra State Forest	481305	6519136
	Control	New Control	Niche	COWARRA NC1	479706	6518522
	Control	New Control	Niche	COWARRA NC2	479788	6517922
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT COWARRA NC3	479795	6518227
North Sancrox	Impact*	No Mitigation	Baseline	1 Sancrox North - Expressway Spares	483042	6521731
	Impact*	No Mitigation	Baseline	2 Sancrox North - Expressway Spares	482869	6521683
	Impact*	No Mitigation	Baseline	3 Sancrox North - Expressway Spares	482999	6521818
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	1 Fernbank Creek	483101	6523362
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	2 Fernbank Creek	483032	6523223
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	3 Fernbank Creek	483056	6523123
	Control	Control	Baseline	1 Lake Innes	488124	6518469
	Control	Control	Baseline	2 Lake Innes	488047	6518398
	Control	Control	Baseline	3 Lake Innes	488228	6518390
	Control	New Control	Niche	COWARRA NC3 -SAT COW4	479674	6516436
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT COW5	479704	6516174
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT COW6	479667	6515913
Cairncross State Forest (South)	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	1 Cairncross State Forest (South)	482428	6526536
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	2 Cairncross State Forest (South)	482385	6526644
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	3 Cairncross State Forest (South)	482393	6526416
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	16 Cairncross State Forest (south)	481655	6527256
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	17 Cairncross State Forest (south)	481590	6527316
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	18 Cairncross State Forest (south)	481637	6527175
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	4 Cairncross State Forest (South)	482249	6525930
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	5 Cairncross State Forest (South)	482125	6526077
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	6 Cairncross State Forest (South)	482488	6526226
	Control	Control	Baseline	1 Limeburners Creek ""The Hatch""	487011	6529909
	Control	Control	Baseline	2 Limeburners Creek ""The Hatch""	487014	6529455
	Control	Control	Baseline	3 Limeburners Creek ""The Hatch""	487035	6528694
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT PEVI1	476817	6528422
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT PEVI2	476730	6528225
	Control	New Control	Niche	Cairncross NC1	475996	6528211
Cairncross State Forest (north)	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	7 Cairncross State Forest (North)	481346	6530835
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	8 Cairncross State Forest (North)	481695	6530786
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	9 Cairncross State Forest (North)	481184	6530864



Area	Туре	Type Sub Category	Data Source	Plot Name	Easting	Northing
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	10 Cairncross State Forest (north)	481238	6530264
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	11 Cairncross State Forest (north)	481173	6530319
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	12Cairncross State Forest (north)	481438	6530335
	Control	Control	Baseline	13 Cairncross State Forest (Pembrooke)	473751	6528881
	Control	Control	Baseline	14 Cairncross State Forest (Pembrooke)	473464	6528969
	Control	Control	Baseline	15 Cairncross State Forest (Pembrooke)	473424	6529115
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT RR1	475284	6532709
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT RR2	475113	6532603
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT RR3	474816	6532732
Cooperabung Hill	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	1 Cooperabung	482793	6537012
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	2 Cooperabung	482755	6537093
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	3 Cooperabung	482876	6537115
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	4 Cooperabung	482481	6539327
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	5 Cooperabung	482364	6539761
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	6 Cooperabung	482364	6538610
	Control	Control	Baseline	1 Cooperabung Hill (Gum Scrub)	475489	6541854
	Control	Control	Baseline	2 Cooperabung Hill (Gum Scrub)	475570	6541903
	Control	Control	Baseline	3 Cooperabung Hill (Gum Scrub)	475838	6541962
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT FL1	473693	6542127
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT ST1	473346	6543256
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT ST2	473682	6542890
Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	1 Mingaletta-Smiths Creek	483304	6543632
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	2 Mingaletta-Smiths Creek	483444	6543585
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	3 Mingaletta-Smiths Creek	483100	6543670
	Control	Control	Baseline	1 Ballengara State Forest (Gregs Road)	477750	6543274
	Control	Control	Baseline	2 Ballengara State Forest (Gregs Road)	477644	6543623
	Control	Control	Baseline	3 Ballengara State Forest (Gregs Road)	477551	6543709
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT BR1	477010	6544693
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT BR2	476890	6544832
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT BR3	476777	6544973
Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	1 Kundabung	483095	6549036
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	2 Kundabung	482873	6549112
	Impact	No Mitigation	Baseline	3 Kundabung	483285	6549374
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	4 Kundabung	483369	6550655
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	5 Kundabung	483331	6550938
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	6 Kundabung	483083	6550608



Area	Туре	Type Sub Category	Data Source	Plot Name	Easting	Northing
	Control	Control	Baseline	1 Kumbatine National Park	476044	6549609
	Control	Control	Baseline	2 Kumbatine National Park	476165	6549738
	Control	Control	Baseline	3 Kumbatine National Park	475889	6549468
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT MAC1	476538	6552784
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT MAC2	476558	6552361
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT MAC3	476481	6552612
Maria River State Forest	Impact	Part Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	1 Maria River	483074	6554460
	Impact	Part Mitigation	Baseline	2 Maria River	482836	6554330
	Impact	Part Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	3 Maria River	482993	6554024
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	4 Maria River	482886	6552623
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	5 Maria River	482754	6552462
	Impact	Mitigation	Baseline	6 Maria River	483135	6552449
	Control	Control	Baseline	1 Maria River National Park	486965	6554366
	Control	Control	Baseline	2 Maria River National Park	486971	6554479
	Control	Control	Baseline	3 Maria River National Park	487004	6554203
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT CO1	486292	6552230
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT CO3	486811	6552227
	Control	New Control	Niche	SAT MAR 1	486811	6552454

^{*} could not be surveyed due to private landowner access restrictions.

2.2 Methods

2.2.1 Koala Spot Assessment Technique

Surveys were undertaken following the SAT methodology (Phillips and Callaghan 2011) in accordance with the EMP monitoring procedure for Koala population monitoring. The SAT method involves a radial assessment of Koala activity within the immediate area surrounding a tree that is known to have been used by the species or is considered to be of importance to the species. The following describes the application of this technique:

- 1. Locate and mark a tree that is:
 - a) A tree of any species beneath which one or more Koala faecal pellets have been observed; and/or
 - b) A tree in which a Koala has been observed; and/or
 - c) Any other tree known or considered to be important for Koalas or of interest for other assessment purposes.
- 2. Identify and mark the 29 nearest trees to the tree marked initially.
- 3. Undertake a search for Koala faecal pellets beneath each of the 30 marked trees. Visually inspect the ground surface beneath trees to a distance of one metre from the trunk. If no pellets are observed, rake the leaf litter within the prescribed search area. Two person minutes per tree should be dedicated to the search for faecal pellets. The search should be ended once a single pellet is found or the search time has expired (whichever happens first). Faecal pellets should not be removed from the site unless verification is necessary.



- 4. Calculate the activity level of a site as the percentage of surveyed trees within the site (of 30 trees) that have a Koala faecal pellet recorded within its search area. The result is used to assess whether the site supports "Low", "Medium (normal)" or "High" Koala activity.
- 5. Record the presence (or absence) of scats, along with a number of other attributes including the species of the tree under which the scat was located.

The selection criteria trees (SCTs) of each plot were marked (tagged) and have been used as the centre tree for the radial searches during each survey event.



2.2.2 Analysis

General SAT plot presence and activity results are presented for plot, cluster and area. More detailed analyses of impact vs. control sites and mitigation vs. no mitigation sites were undertaken using cluster presence/absence results. Plots within the same cluster are not independent from each other and therefore cannot be used for most statistical analyses. Between year activity levels were compared using mean plot activity results.

Based on the methods used to collect the data and the location of the plots, it was determined that a Chi-square test was the most suitable statistical test to assess differences in Koala presence between areas, treatments and years. This test compares the proportion of plots with and without Koala scats and so is suitable for presence/absence data. The Chi-square test also allows for analysis of data where sample sizes between categories may differ, as is the case here where there are an unequal number of impact and control sites.







Koala SAT plot locations 2017 Oxley Highway to Kempsey - PI 5.1 Koala report

> FIGURE 1 Imagery: (c) LPI 2012-2014



3. Results and Discussion

3.1 SAT plots

Surveys were undertaken from 31 October to 29 November 2017. Field data for each SAT plot are presented in Annex 1. It was noted that on a number of occasions the marked tree did not correspond with the previous monitoring SCT (selection criteria tree) species. As such, for clarity of results and to facilitate future monitoring, the DBH (diameter at breast height) is provided for the marked tree, and this tree will be considered as the SCT for the current and future monitoring events. All of the 93 accessible SAT plots were surveyed across the eight monitoring areas (Figure 1). The eleven plots not surveyed in 2016 due to wildfires were monitored in 2017.

3.1.1 Koala Presence

A total of 2,790 trees were assessed across the 93 plots (30 at each plot). Of the 93 surveyed plots, Koala scats were recorded from 27% (25 of 93) of the individual plots. When grouped according to cluster, Koala scats were recorded at 52% of clusters across the survey areas (16 of 31). Graph 1 shows the percentage of clusters with scats present for each monitoring period to date. Graph 2 shows the percentage of clusters within each area with scats present, for each monitoring period to date. Figure 2 shows the SAT plot cluster present/absent results (map reference ID for each cluster is listed in Table 4).

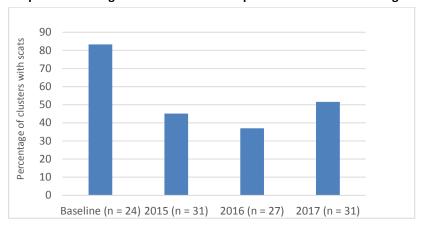
Of particular note was the presence of scats at more than half of the plots (six of 11 plots) that were not surveyed in 2016 due to wildfires that resulted in the complete loss of canopy in many areas. Two of these plots were within the Kundabung Rd to north of Pipers Ck area and nine were from Maria River State Forest area. Previously, baseline and 2015 surveys recorded presence at four and one of these plots respectively (note only eight were surveyed in these years as three of the 11 were new controls and not monitored during baseline surveys) The substantial canopy regrowth and prevalence of young leaves on the trees in these areas may have encouraged rapid re-use of these areas by Koalas after the fires. The wildfires occurred in November 2016, indicating that the Koalas have returned to these areas within a year.

Koalas were notably absent within the Cairncross State Forest (north) area. Scats have been consistently recorded within this area during previous monitoring events but were not detected at any plot during the current monitoring event.

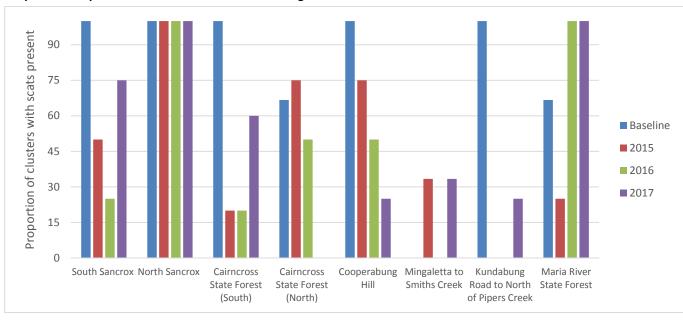
Koala presence was mainly recorded in the northern and southern areas, with activity in the northern area possibly being influenced by regenerating vegetation after the wildfire.



Graph 1: Percentage of clusters with scats present for each monitoring event to date

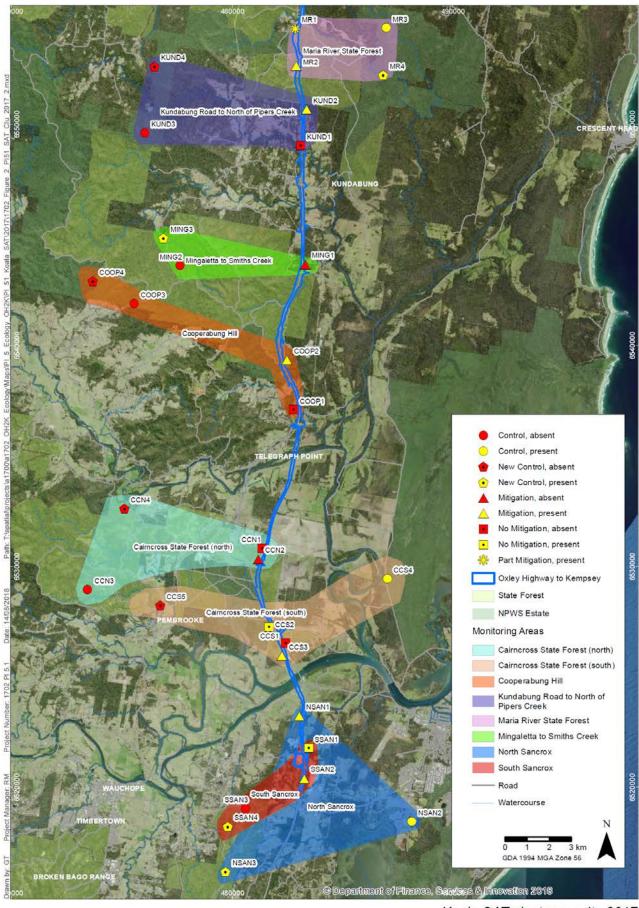


Graph 2: Koala presence in areas across all monitoring events











Koala SAT cluster results 2017 Oxley Highway to Kempsey - PI 5.1 Koala report

FIGURE 2



3.1.2 SAT Activity Levels

A summary of the SAT activity level for clusters (n = 31) and areas (n = 8) in all monitoring events is provided in Table 2 and Table 3. Results of the 2017 SAT plot surveys and activity levels are shown in Table 4.

Cluster and plot activity

The mean SAT activity level for all clusters, measured as the percentage of trees at each plot with scats present, was 1.8% (SD2.8) and ranged from 0 to 12.2%. This is higher than the mean activity recorded for clusters in 2016 (0.7% \pm SD1.1), but lower than the mean activity recorded in 2015 (2.0% \pm SD3.0) and during baseline surveys (4.9% \pm SD6.9).

Considering the activity level within active plots only, i.e. plots where scats were found to be present, the average activity level was 6.8% (SD5.3), which is higher than the mean activity recorded for active plots in 2016 ($4.0\% \pm SD1.4$), but lower than the mean activity recorded for active plots in 2015 ($8.0\% \pm SD6.3$) and during baseline surveys ($10.1\% \pm SD9.0$).

The EMP requires interpretation of site activity levels to assess areas as supporting low, medium or high Koala activity. Phillips and Callaghan (2011) used Atlas data to calculate activity levels of sites where faecal pellets were recorded. These data were then used to define categories of habitat use in populations of varying densities. The Port Macquarie-Hastings and Kempsey LGAs support a significant Koala population, including a concentrated population in the coastal areas, east of the Pacific Highway and south of Hastings River, as well as pockets of higher density/activity in surrounding areas, including Maria River National Park (BioLink 2013, PMHC 2017). While Phillips and Callaghan (2011) use an arbitrary definition of population densities (low = \leq 0.1 Koala/hectare), the study area naturally consists of areas of varying densities. Discussions with Port Macquarie-Hastings Council confirmed that population density varies throughout the region and therefore one general population density cannot be attributed to all sites. In addition, as site specific density data is not available for all sites, it is not possible to designate the sites as being low or high density populations according to Phillips and Callaghan. However, in compliance with the EMP, if we consider the habitat use category of Phillips and Callaghan (2011) for low density populations on the east coast, as per the baseline studies (Lewis 2014), using activity levels of SAT plots where faecal pellets were recorded, average SAT plot activity has consistency fallen into to the "medium (normal)" use category (3.3% - 12.6%) for populations in an east coast, low density area.

Table 2: Summary of SAT activity levels

	Baseline	2015	2016	2017
Number of clusters with scats present (n = clusters surveyed)	20 (83%, n= 24)	14 (45%, n = 31)	10 (37%, n= 27)	16 (52%, n = 31)
Average activity per cluster (n = clusters surveyed)	4.9% (SD6.9, n = 24)	2.0% (SD3.5, n = 31)	0.7% (SD1.1, n = 27)	1.8% (SD2.8, n = 31)
Average activity per active cluster (n = active clusters)	5.9% (SD7.1, n = 20)	4.4% (SD4.0, n = 14)	1.9% (SD1.1, n = 10)	3.5% (SD3.0, n = 16)
Average activity per active plot (n = plots with activity)	10.1% (SD9.0, n = 35)	8.0% (SD6.3 n = 23)	4.0% (SD1.4, n = 14)	6.8% (SD5.3, n = 25)
Average activity per area (n = 8)	4.8% (SD4.7)	2.1% (SD2.3)	0.9% (SD0.9)	1.9% (SD2.0)



Area activity

Table 3 and Graph 3 show Koala activity at each of the eight monitoring areas. Area activity is the mean activity of all surveyed plots. SAT plot activity was highest at the following locations:

- North Sancrox (5.6%): scats were recorded at all three clusters in the North Sancrox area including Fernbank Creek, Lake Innes and Cowarra State Forest, with scats being recorded at all three plots at the Fernbank Creek impact site cluster.
- Maria River State Forest (3.9%): scats were recorded at all four clusters. Three of the four clusters were recovering from the 2016 wildfires.

The 2017 SAT activity levels were relatively consistent with previous monitoring events.

North Sancrox has consistently recorded the highest activity and Mingaletta to Smiths Creek generally lower activity levels. A notable reduction in apparent activity was within the Cairncross State Forest (north) area; no scats were recorded in 2017 but scats have been recorded during each previous monitoring event.

2017 activity levels appear to have increased from the 2016 monitoring in almost all areas and are similar to that recorded during the 2015 monitoring, but remain much lower than activity levels recorded during baseline surveys.

Table 3: Area activity levels

MonitArea	Baseline	2015	2016	2017
South Sancrox	5.6% (SD5.3)	0.6% (SD1.3)	0.6% (SD1.9)	3.1% (SD6.7)
North Sancrox	14.8 (SD13.7)	4.8% (SD5.0)	2.2% (SD2.4)	5.6% (SD6.0)
Cairncross State Forest (South)	2.2% (SD3.8)	0.7% (SD1.9)	0.4% (SD1.2)	1.3% (SD2.1)
Cairncross State Forest (north)	2.2% (SD2.9)	3.6% (SD5.9)	0.6% (SD1.3)	0
Cooperabung Hill	2.6% (SD3.6)	5.8% (SD8.8)	0.8% (SD2.1)	0.8% (SD2.9)
Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	0	0.7% (SD2.2)	0	0.4% (SD1.1)
Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Ck	7.8% (SD10.9)	0	0	0.3% (SD1.0)
Maria River State Forest	3.3% (SD4.4)	0.3% (SD1.0)	2.2% (SD1.9)	3.9% (SD4.9)



Graph 3: Koala activity across the eight monitoring areas

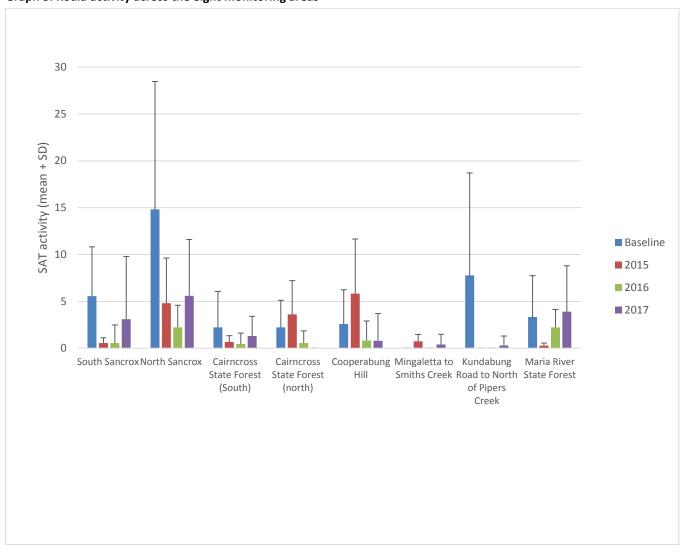




Table 4: Koala SAT plots results Baseline – 2017

Area	Туре	Data Source	Site ID	Map ref	Activity (%)				Scat presence (per cluster)			
					Baseline	2015	2016	2017	Baseline	2015	2016	2017
South	South No	Baseline	SANCROX E1	SSAN1	10.0	3.3	0.0	23.3	present	present	absent	present
Sancrox	Mitigation		SANCROX E2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			SANCROX E3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	SANCROX S1	SSAN2	13.3	0.0	0.0	3.3	present	absent	absent	present
			SANCROX S2		3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			SANCROX S3		10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Control	Baseline	COWARRA SF1	SSAN3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	present	absent	present	absent
			COWARRA SF2		3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			COWARRA SF3		10.0	0.0	6.7	0.0				
	New	Niche	SAT COWARRA NC1	SSAN4	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not .	present	absent	present
	Control		SAT COWARRA NC2		-	3.3	0.0	6.7	monitor ed			
			SAT COWARRA NC3		-	0.0	0.0	3.3				
North	No	Baseline	SANCROX N1	-	3.3	-	-	-	present	No access	No access	No access
Sancrox	Mitigation		SANCROX N2		0.0	-	-	-				
			SANCROX N3		0.0	-	-	-				
	Mitigation	Baseline	FERNBANK CK1	NSAN1	33.3	0.0	3.3	16.7	present	present	present	present
			FERNBANK CK2		30.0	0.0	6.7	6.7				
			FERNBANK CK3		23.3	6.7	3.3	13.3				
	Control	Baseline	LAKE INNES1	NSAN2	26.7	13.3	0.0	3.3	present	present	present	present
			LAKE INNES2		13.3	6.7	3.3	6.7				
			LAKE INNES3		3.3	6.7	0.0	0.0				
	New	Niche	SAT COW4	NSAN3	-	10.0	0.0	3.3	Not	present	present	present
	Control		SAT COW5		-	0.0	0.0	0.0	monitor ed			
			SAT COW6		-	0.0	3.3	0.0	- Cu			



Area	Туре	Data Source	Site ID	Map ref	Activity (%	6)			Scat prese	ence (per cli	uster)	
					Baseline	2015	2016	2017	Baseline	2015	2016	2017
Cairncross No	Baseline	CAINCROSS SF1	CCS1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	present	present	absent	absent	
State Forest (South)	Mitigation		CAINCROSS SF2		3.3	6.7	0.0	0.0				
(South)			CAINCROSS SF3		0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0				
	No	Baseline	CAINCROSS SF16	CCS2	0.0	0.0	3.3	3.3	present	absent	present	present
	Mitigation		CAINCROSS SF17		0.0	0.0	3.3	0.0				
			CAINCROSS SF18		13.3	0.0	0.0	6.7				
	Mitigation	Baseline	CAINCROSS SF4	CCS3	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.3	present	absent	absent	present
			CAINCROSS SF5		3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			CAINCROSS SF6		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Control	Baseline	LIMEBURNERS CK1	CCS4	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	present	absent	absent	present
			LIMEBURNERS CK2		3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			LIMEBURNERS CK3		0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3				
	New	Niche	SAT PEVI1	CCS5	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not	absent	absent	absent
	Control		SAT PEVI2		-	0.0	0.0	0.0	monitor ed			
			SAT PEVI3		-	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Cairncross	No	Baseline_Niche relocation	CAINCROSS SF7	CCN1	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	absent	present	absent	absent
State Forest (north)	Mitigation	Baseline	CAINCROSS SF8		0.0	20.0	0.0	0.0				
(north)		Baseline	CAINCROSS SF9		0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0				
	Mitigation	Baseline	CAINCROSS SF10	CCN2	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	present	present	present	absent
			CAINCROSS SF11		3.3	0.0	3.3	0.0				
			CAINCROSS SF12		6.7	3.3	0.0	0.0				
	Control	Baseline	CAINCROSS SF13	CCN3	6.7	3.3	3.3	0.0	present	present	present	absent
			CAINCROSS SF14		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			CAINCROSS SF15		0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0				
		Niche	SAT RR1	CCN4	-	0.0	0.0	0.0		absent	absent	absent



Area	Туре	Data Source	Site ID	Map ref	Activity (%)			Scat presence (per cluster)				
					Baseline	2015	2016	2017	Baseline	2015	2016	2017
	New		SAT RR2		-	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not			
	Control		SAT RR3		-	0.0	0.0	0.0	monitor ed			
	No	Baseline	COOPERABUNG1	COOP1	3.3	3.3	0.0	0.0	present	present	present	absent
ng Hill	Mitigation		COOPERABUNG2		0.0	23.3	3.3	0.0				
			COOPERABUNG3		10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Mitigation	Baseline_Niche relocation	COOPERABUNG4	COOP2	0.0	3.3	6.7	0.0	present	present	present	present
		Baseline_Niche relocation	COOPERABUNG5		3.3	3.3	0.0	10.0				
		Baseline	COOPERABUNG6		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Control	Baseline	COOP HILL1	COOP3	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	present	absent	absent	absent
			COOP HILL2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			COOP HILL3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	New	Niche rol	SAT FL1	COOP4	-	16.7	0.0	0.0	Not monitor ed	present	absent	absent
	Control		SAT ST1		-	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			SAT ST2		-	20.0	0.0	0.0				
	Mitigation	Baseline	MIN-SMITHS CK1	MING1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	absent	absent	absent	absent
to Smiths Creek			MIN-SMITHS CK2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
CICCK			MIN-SMITHS CK3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Control	Baseline	BALLENGARA SF1	MING2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	absent	absent	absent	absent
			BALLENGARA SF2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			BALLENGARA SF3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	New	Niche	SAT BR1	MING3	-	6.7	0.0	0.0	Not	present	absent	present
	Control	2	SAT BR2		-	0.0	0.0	3.3	monitor ed			
			SAT BR3		-	0.0	0.0	0.0	eu			
		Baseline	KUNDABUNG 1	KUND1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	present	absent	absent	absent

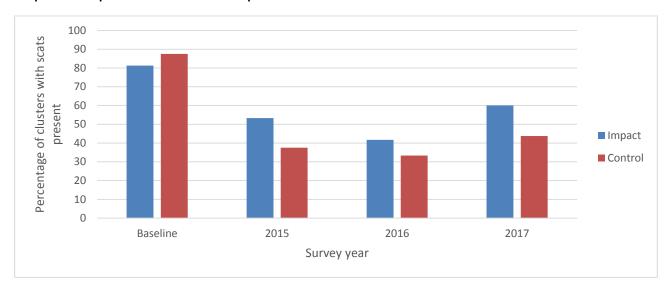


Area	Туре	Data Source	Site ID	Map ref	Activity (%	5)			Scat prese	nce (per clu	ıster)	
					Baseline	2015	2016	2017	Baseline	2015	2016	2017
Kundabung	No		KUNDABUNG 2		10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Road to North of	Mitigation		KUNDABUNG 3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Pipers Creek		Baseline	KUNDABUNG 4	KUND2	33.3	0.0	fire	0.0	present	absent	fire	present
			KUNDABUNG 5		13.3	0.0	fire	3.3			fire	
			KUNDABUNG 6		10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			absent	
	Control	Baseline	KUMBATINE NP1	KUND3	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	present	absent	absent	absent
			KUMBATINE NP2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
			KUMBATINE NP3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	New	Niche	SAT MAC1	KUND4	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not	absent	absent	absent
	Control		SAT MAC2		-	0.0	0.0	0.0	monitor ed			
			SAT MAC3		-	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Maria River	Part	Baseline_Niche relocation	MARIA RIVER 1	MR1	0.0	0.0	fire	0.0	present	absent	no access - fire	present
State Forest	Mitigation	Baseline	MARIA RIVER 2		3.3	0.0	fire	0.0				
		Baseline_Niche relocation	MARIA RIVER 3		6.7	0.0	fire	16.7				
	Mitigation	Baseline	MARIA RIVER 4	MR2	0.0	0.0	fire	6.7	absent	present	no	present
			MARIA RIVER 5		0.0	0.0	fire	0.0			access - fire	
			MARIA RIVER 6		0.0	3.3	fire	0.0				
	Control	Baseline	MARIA NP1	MR3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	present	absent	present	present
			MARIA NP2		10.0	0.0	3.3	0.0				
			MARIA NP3		10.0	0.0	3.3	3.3				
	New	Niche	SAT CO1	MR4	-	0.0	fire	6.7	Not	absent	no	present
	Control		SAT CO3		-	0.0	fire	3.3	monitor ed		access - fire	
			SAT MAR 1		-	0.0	fire	6.7	Cu		1110	



3.2 Impact v control cluster analysis

As for the previous years 2016 and 2015, a higher percentage of impact clusters had scats present than did control clusters (60% cf 44%), (Graph 4). If we compare the Koala presence/absence results between control and impact clusters there is no significant difference in Koala presence at impact and control clusters between the 2017 surveys and baseline, 2015, or 2016 surveys ($X^2 = 0.128$, df = 3, p > 0.05; $X^2 = 0.938$, df = 3, p > 0.05; and $X^2 = 0.771$, df = 3, p > 0.05 respectively).



Graph 4: Koala presence at control and impact clusters

3.3 Mitigation v no mitigation analysis

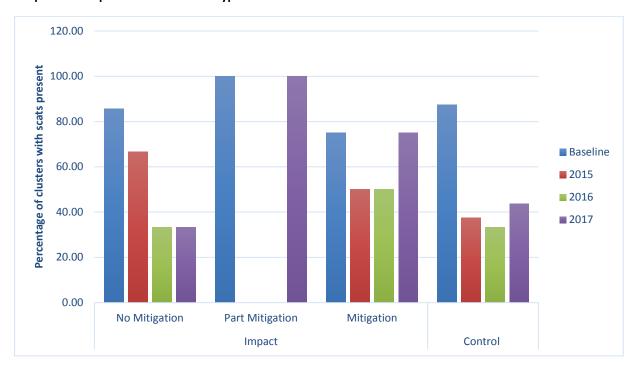
3.3.3 Presence/absence Analysis

Comparing Koala presence between mitigation and no-mitigation clusters shows no significant difference between the 2017 surveys and baseline, 2015, or 2016 surveys ($X^2 = 0.0002$, df = 3, p > 0.05; $X^2 = 0.00006$, df = 3, p > 0.05; and $X^2 = 0.185$, df = 3, p > 0.05 respectively). Graph 5 shows the percentage of clusters with scats present within different cluster types. There is no overall apparent trend between impact sites with mitigation or without mitigation. While mitigation clusters appear to have a higher presence percentage in 2016 and 2017 than no mitigation clusters, the presence percentage at clusters with no mitigation is similar to the presence percentage at control clusters during these years. This suggests that any difference is likely site specific and not related to construction activities.

The apparent increase in percentage presence in 2017 at mitigation clusters is likely due, in part, to the 11 plots that were not surveyed in 2016. Seven of these plots were mitigation plots, all of which recorded scats in 2017. In addition, North Sancrox has consistently been recorded as a high activity area and has only a mitigation cluster, without a balancing no-mitigation cluster.



Graph 5: Koala presence and cluster type



3.3.4 Activity Analysis

Koala activity (mean activity of plots) for the cluster types is provided in Table 5 and is shown for each area in Graph 6 (mean activity of all plots within each cluster type for each area). When considering all plots, average activity levels have decreased from baseline levels for all treatments, including control plots. Lewis 2014 recommends that analyses should:

"Ensure any future comparison of Koala activity levels take into account the following baseline data and with a 10% tolerance level to account for variability:

- a. Broader study area set at 5% activity;
- b. The three treatment classes of Mitigation set at 8.05%, control reference set at 4.03% and no mitigation set at 2.64%."

Activity levels for each treatment type have not decreased from the baseline surveys beyond the recommended 10% tolerance level. Nor is there a greater than 10% difference between treatment types.

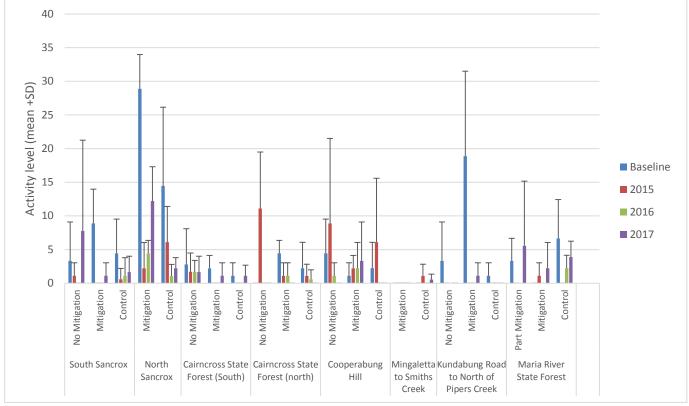
Table 5: Control, mitigation and no mitigation cluster activity levels

	Control			Mitigation				No Mitigation				
	Baseline	2015	2016	2017	Baseline	2015	2016	2017	Baseline	2015	2016	2017
Activity levels of all plots (n = plots surveyed)	4.0 (24) (SD6.4)	1.9 (38) (SD4.5)	0.5 (45) (SD1.4)	1.2 (48) (SD2.1)	8.1 (24) (SD11.0)	0.8 (24) (SD1.8)	1.2 (19) (SD2.3)	2.6 (24) (SD4.7)	2.6 (24) (SD4.2)	3.5 (21) (SD6.6)	0.6 (18) (SD1.3)	2.4 (21) (SD6.2)
Activity levels of active plots (n = active plots)	8.8 (11) (SD6.9)	9.0 (10) (SD5.9)	3.9 (6) (SD1.4)	4.4 (13) (SD1.6)	12.9 (15) (SD11.5)	4.0 (5) (SD1.5)	4.7 (5) (SD1.8)	7.9 (8) (SD5.0)	7.0 (9) (SD3.9)	9.2 (8) (SD8.1)	3.3 (3) (SD0.0)	12.5 (4) (SD9.2



40

Graph 6. Mean Koala activity for cluster type within areas (mean ± SD)



3.3.5 Tree Species Use

A total of 2,790 trees were surveyed within the 93 plots. Koala scats were recorded at 51 (1.8%) of the trees surveyed. Surveyed trees included 29 identified tree species. The most commonly surveyed tree species were Tallowwood (Eucalyptus microcorys, 20.5%), and Pink Bloodwood (Corymbia intermedia, 10.4%), together representing 31% of all trees surveyed. Koala scats were recorded at nine (31.0%) different species (Table 6). Considering the percentage of individual tree species where scats were recorded, Koala scats were most commonly recorded beneath Scribbly Gum (Eucalyptus signata, 6.0%), Prickly-leaved Tea Tree (Melaleuca styphelioides, 5.9%), Tallowwood (Eucalyptus microcorys, 4.7%), and Small-fruited Grey Gum (E. propinqua). Diameter at breast height for SCTs are provided in Annex 1.

The baseline study (Lewis 2014) suggests comparing activity levels at Tallowwood trees given that they are widespread, are frequently surveyed and yielded relatively high activity scores (i.e. 9.5%) during baseline surveys. Use of Tallowwoods (percent of surveyed Tallowwoods with scats) was recorded at 2.68%, 0.75% and 4.7% in 2015, 2016 and 2017 respectively. As such, since the baseline surveys, activity at Tallowwood trees appears to have decreased, which could be expected considering the overall decrease in observed activity since the baseline studies were undertaken.



Table 6: Summary of tree species used by Koala during the SAT surveys

Common name	Species name	Total trees assessed	No. trees with Koala scats	Proportional use (% scats per tree species)
Prickly-leaved Tea Tree	Melaleuca styphelioides	17	1	5.9
Coastal Blackbutt	Eucalyptus pilularis	262	3	1.2
Pink Bloodwood	Corymbia intermedia	290	5	1.7
Tallowwood	Eucalyptus microcorys	572	27	4.7
Turpentine	Syncarpia glomulifera	198	4	2.0
White Stringy bark	Eucalyptus globoidea	155	3	1.9
Thin-leaved Stringybark	Eucalyptus eugenioides	76	3	4.0
Red Bloodwood	Corymbia gummifera	135	1	0.7
Scribbly Gum	Eucalyptus signata	67	4	6.0

3.3.6 Weather Conditions

Weather conditions during the field surveys (Kempsey weather station 059007) are provided in Table 7.

Table 7: Weather conditions during spring-summer 2017

Time	Rainfall (mm)	Temp (°C) (max)	Temp (°C) (min)	Wind speed at 9am (km/h)
31/10/2017	0	24.4	14.9	28
2/11/2017	0	24.8	8.2	2
3/11/2017	0	28.9	11.6	7
6/11/2017	25.4	31.7	17.3	15
7/11/2017	11.4	23.3	12.1	22
8/11/2017	1.6	*	11.2	15
9/11/2017	*	23.3	*	19
22/11/2017	3.6	24.2	13.3	13
23/11/2017	11.0	25.4	14.7	2
24/11/2017	0.2	27.3	12.8	6
27/11/2017	0	27.7	15.4	0
28/11/2017	2.0	27.9	16.6	4
29/11/2017	0.2	25.5	17.8	6

^{*} no data available



4. Discussion

4.1 Performance Measures

A summary of 2017 survey results in relation to the performance measures are provided in Table 8.

Table 8. Performance measures

Performance measure	Response
Monitoring is undertaken during baseline surveys and from Year 1 – Year 6 & 8, or until mitigation measures are demonstrated to be effective.	This performance measure has been met. To date, SAT plot monitoring has been undertaken during baseline, Year 1 (2015), Year 2 (2016) and Year 3 (2017) of the Project.
Monitoring during Year 1 – Year 6 & 8 is undertaken at the Impact and Control sites where monitoring was undertaken during baseline surveys, subject to ongoing landowner agreement. Where landowner agreement cannot be obtained and the process in Section 3.1.2 of the EMP has been followed, this performance indicator will also be considered to have been met	This performance measure has been met. Monitoring was undertaken at the same sites as surveyed in 2015. In 2015, eight of the baseline plots had to be relocated to nearby locations because they had been established in the construction site itself or because they were located on private property and access was not possible. Three of the baseline monitoring plots that could not be accessed could not be relocated because there weren't any suitable sites nearby. These three plots were all part of the same cluster (impact, no mitigation) located in the North Sancrox area. Details of all 96 monitoring plots are presented in Table 1 and the location of the 93 accessible monitoring plots are shown in Figure 1.
Mitigation measures are demonstrated to be effective as defined in the EPBC approval when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.	Not applicable for Year 3.
Fauna fence is installed at a minimum in areas identified in Schedule 3 of the EPBC approval at Year 4.	Not applicable for Year 3.
No changes to densities, distribution, habitat use and movement patterns compared to baseline data during monitoring in Year 1 – 6 & 8, and then when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.	This performance measure has not been met. Distribution and habitat use While the 2017 monitoring results indicate a reduction in the presence and activity of Koalas across the Project area from the baseline surveys this result is consistent across both the impact and control sites with no significant difference in the proportion of sites with scats between the impact and control sites. Any observed decrease in Koala presence/activity cannot therefore be directly attributed to disturbance due to the Project. In addition, presence and activity levels increased in 2017 compared to 2016 are similar to those observed in 2015 and, in accordance with Lewis 2014, have not decreased from the baseline surveys beyond the recommended 10% tolerance level. As such, while changes have occurred (as specified in the performance measure), these changes cannot be attributed to the Project. Movement patterns and density SAT plots do not provide any data on movement patterns. Neither do SAT plots provide any data on density, as it is not possible to determine the number of Koalas from scat records. Supplementing the SAT surveys with a direct survey technique such as spotlighting surveys would provide more robust data on Koala density against which the performance measure relating to this variable may be



5. Recommendations

5.1 Contingency Measures

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program. Those that are considered to be relevant to the Koala monitoring program are listed and discussed in Table 9.

Table 9: Contingency measures

Potential problem	Contingency measure proposed in EMP	Discussion of proposed measure
Decline in presence of target species recorded at Impact sites after the upgrade has been completed, when compared to change in Control sites.	 Investigate cause of decline in consultation with EPA and DoTE within two weeks of results reported by ecologist. If the cause of the decline is considered most likely attributable to the upgrade of the highway, mitigation measures will be reviewed within two months of the above consultation. 	This contingency measure is not considered relevant. At this stage the potential problem outlined in the EMP cannot be assessed as the upgrade is in the final construction phase. Operational monitoring will provide insights into any changes in activity and presence at the impact and control sites. To date, no significant change has been detected in the difference in Koala presence at control and impact sites between baseline and subsequent monitoring surveys.



References

Biolink (2013). Port Macquarie-Hastings Koala Habitat and Population Assessment. Final report prepared by Biolink Ecological Consultants for Port Macquarie-Hasting Council.

Lewis, B.D (2014). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pre-construction Spring and Summer Baseline Monitoring. Report prepared for RPS-RMS by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Niche (2016). Koala Monitoring. Year 1 surveys - Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services.

Niche (2017). Koala Monitoring 2016. Year 2 surveys - Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services.

Phillips, S. and Callaghan, J. (2011). The Spot Assessment Technique: a tool for determining localised levels of habitat use by Koalas *Phascolarctos cinereus*. Australian Zoologist 35 (3), 774-780.

PMHC (2017). Draft Koala Recovery Strategy 2017. Port Macquarie-Hastings Council.

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.



Annex 1. Koala SAT results – 2017 monitoring

On a number of occasions the marked tree did not correspond with the baseline and 2015 monitoring SCT (selection criteria tree) species. As such, for clarity of results and to facilitate future monitoring, the DBH is provided for the marked tree, and this tree will be considered as the "New SCT" for the current and future monitoring events. DBH = diameter at breast height, Radial = radial distance of search area from New SCT.

Area N	Monitoring area	Treatment	Treatment sub- category	Site_ID	Easting	Northing	Activ ity	Previous SCT	New SCT	DBH (cm)	Radial (m)	Notes
1	South Sancrox	Impact	No Mitigation	SANCROX E1	483348	6521736	23.3	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	46	30	
1	South Sancrox	Impact	No Mitigation	SANCROX E2	483455	6521789	0.0	Tallowwood	Thin-leaved Stringybark	35	12	
1	South Sancrox	Impact	No Mitigation	SANCROX E3	483412	6521882	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	44	25	
1	South Sancrox	Impact	Mitigation	SANCROX S1	483299	6520671	3.3	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	53	40	
1	South Sancrox	Impact	Mitigation	SANCROX S2	483254	6520383	0.0	Tallowwood	Thin-leaved Stringybark	56	45	
1	South Sancrox	Impact	Mitigation	SANCROX S3	483196	6520217	0.0	Tallowwood	Flooded Gum	60	25	
1	South Sancrox	Control	Control	COWARRA SF1	480608	6519056	0.0	Tallowwood	Small-fruited Grey Gum	60	25	
1	South Sancrox	Control	Control	COWARRA SF2	480658	6519496	0.0	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	98	30	
1	South Sancrox	Control	Control	COWARRA SF3	481305	6519136	0.0	Tallowwood	Small-fruited Grey Gum	33	20	
1	South Sancrox	Control	New Control	SAT COWARRA NC1	479706	6518522	0.0	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	69	20	
1	South Sancrox	Control	New Control	SAT COWARRA NC2	479788	6517922	6.7	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	48	20	
1	South Sancrox	Control	New Control	SAT COWARRA NC3	479795	6518227	3.3	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	56	20	
2	North Sancrox	Impact	No Mitigation	SANCROX N1	483042	6521731		Swamp Mahogany				No access
2	North Sancrox	Impact	No Mitigation	SANCROX N2	482869	6521683		Tallowwood				No access
2	North Sancrox	Impact	No Mitigation	SANCROX N3	482999	6521818		Tallowwood				No access
2	North Sancrox	Impact	Mitigation	FERNBANK CK1	483101	6523362	16.7	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	71	30	
2	North Sancrox	Impact	Mitigation	FERNBANK CK2	483032	6523223	6.7	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	48	35	
2	North Sancrox	Impact	Mitigation	FERNBANK CK3	483056	6523123	13.3	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	45	30	
2	North Sancrox	Control	Control	LAKE INNES1	488124	6518469	3.3	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	71	35	
2	North Sancrox	Control	Control	LAKE INNES2	488047	6518398	6.7	Swamp Mahogany	Swamp Mahogany	108	45	
2	North Sancrox	Control	Control	LAKE INNES3	488228	6518390	0.0	Swamp Mahogany	Thin-leaved Paperbark	78	20	
2	North Sancrox	Control	New Control	SAT COW4	479674	6516436	3.3	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	67	20	



Area N	Monitoring area	Treatment	Treatment sub- category	Site_ID	Easting	Northing	Activ ity	Previous SCT	New SCT	DBH (cm)	Radial (m)	Notes
2	North Sancrox	Control	New Control	SAT COW5	479704	6516174	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	26	15	
2	North Sancrox	Control	New Control	SAT COW6	479667	6515913	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	53	20	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF1	482428	6526536	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	35	30	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF2	482385	6526644	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	53	25	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF3	482393	6526416	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	28	25	
3	Cairncross State Forest (south)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF16	481655	6527256	3.3	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	37	25	
3	Cairncross State Forest (south)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF17	481590	6527316	3.3	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	67	30	
3	Cairncross State Forest (south)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF18	481637	6527175	6.7	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	53	25	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Impact	Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF4	482249	6525930	3.3	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	60	35	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Impact	Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF5	482125	6526077	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	69	35	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Impact	Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF6	482488	6526226	0.0	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	73	35	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Control	Control	LIMEBURNERS CK1	487011	6529909	3.3	Scribbly Gum	Scribbly Gum	102	45	Not tagged
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Control	Control	LIMEBURNERS CK2	487014	6529455	0.0	Scribbly Gum	Scribbly Gum	11	45	Not tagged
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Control	Control	LIMEBURNERS CK3	487035	6528694	3.3	Scribbly Gum	Scribbly Gum	51	50	Not tagged
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Control	New Control	SAT PEVI1	476817	6528422	0.0	Tallowwood	Sydney Blue Gum	60	20	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Control	New Control	SAT PEVI2	476730	6528225	0.0	Tallowwood	Sydney Blue Gum	41	25	
3	Cairncross State Forest (South)	Control	New Control	SAT PEVI3	475996	6528211	0.0		Sydney Blue Gum	56	30	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF7	481346	6530835	0.0	Blackbutt	Blackbutt	66	35	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF8	481695	6530786	0.0	Forest Red Gum	Forest Red Gum	56	35	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Impact	No Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF9	481184	6530864	0.0	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	66	45	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Impact	Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF10	481238	6530264	0.0	Swamp Mahogany	Swamp Mahogany	37	40	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Impact	Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF11	481173	6530319	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	65	35	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Impact	Mitigation	CAIRNCROSS SF12	481438	6530335	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	75	35	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Control	Control	CAIRNCROSS SF13	473751	6528881	0.0	Tallowwood	Small-fruited Grey Gum	44	30	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Control	Control	CAIRNCROSS SF14	473464	6528969	0.0	Tallowwood	Sydney Blue Gum	55	35	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Control	Control	CAIRNCROSS SF15	473424	6529115	0.0	Tallowwood	Sydney Blue Gum	81	30	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Control	New Control	SAT RR1	475284	6532709	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	81	35	



Area N	Monitoring area	Treatment	Treatment sub- category	Site_ID	Easting	Northing	Activ ity	Previous SCT	New SCT	DBH (cm)	Radial (m)	Notes
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Control	New Control	SAT RR2	475113	6532603	0.0	Tallowwood	Small-fruited Grey Gum	54	40	
4	Cairncross State Forest (north)	Control	New Control	SAT RR3	474816	6532732	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	66	35	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Impact	No Mitigation	COOPERABUNG1	482793	6537012	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	69	55	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Impact	No Mitigation	COOPERABUNG2	482755	6537093	0.0	Tallowwood	Small-fruited Grey Gum	50	60	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Impact	No Mitigation	COOPERABUNG3	482876	6537115	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	52	45	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Impact	Mitigation	COOPERABUNG4	482481	6539327	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	34	35	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Impact	Mitigation	COOPERABUNG5	482364	6539761	10.0	Forest Red Gum	Tallowwood	24	40	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Impact	Mitigation	COOPERABUNG6	482364	6538610	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	76	30	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Control	Control	COOP HILL1	475489	6541854	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	42	20	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Control	Control	COOP HILL2	475570	6541903	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	35	35	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Control	Control	COOP HILL3	475838	6541962	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	43	45	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Control	New Control	SAT FL1	473693	6542127	0.0		Tallowwood	46	50	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Control	New Control	SAT ST1	473346	6543256	0.0		Tallowwood	61	20	
5	Cooperabung Hill	Control	New Control	SAT ST2	473682	6542890	0.0		Tallowwood	30	20	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Impact	Mitigation	MIN-SMITHS CK1	483304	6543632	0.0	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	41	20	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Impact	Mitigation	MIN-SMITHS CK2	483444	6543585	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	56	45	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Impact	Mitigation	MIN-SMITHS CK3	483100	6543670	0.0	Tallowwood	Small-fruited Grey Gum	38	40	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Control	Control	BALLENGARA SF1	477750	6543274	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	34	25	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Control	Control	BALLENGARA SF2	477644	6543623	0.0	Small-fruited Grey Gum	Small-fruited Grey Gum	30	25	GBC chewed cones: 1-3 mths.
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Control	Control	BALLENGARA SF3	477551	6543709	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	42	25	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Control	New Control	SAT BR1	477010	6544693	0.0	Tallowwood	Sydney Blue Gum	38	25	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Control	New Control	SAT BR2	476890	6544832	0.0	Tallowwood	Sydney Blue Gum	49	24	
6	Mingaletta to Smiths Creek	Control	New Control	SAT BR3	476777	6544973	0.0	Tallowwood	Flooded Gum	61	45	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Impact	No Mitigation	KUNDABUNG 1	483095	6549036	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	48	50	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Impact	No Mitigation	KUNDABUNG 2	482873	6549112	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	75	50	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Impact	No Mitigation	KUNDABUNG 3	483285	6549374	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	38	35	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Impact	Mitigation	KUNDABUNG 4	483369	6550655	0.0	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	78	50	Extensive post-fire



Area N	Monitoring area	Treatment	Treatment sub- category	Site_ID	Easting	Northing	Activ ity	Previous SCT	New SCT	DBH (cm)	Radial (m)	Notes
												regen. Macropod scats indicating fauna use.
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Impact	Mitigation	KUNDABUNG 5	483331	6550938	3.3	Tallowwood	Blackbutt	41	25	Post-fire regen. Macropod scats.
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Impact	Mitigation	KUNDABUNG 6	483083	6550608	0.0	Forest Red Gum	Grey Ironbark	55	80	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Control	Control	KUMBATINE NP1	476044	6549609	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	33	20	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Control	Control	KUMBATINE NP2	476165	6549738	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	37	40	GBC presence chewed cones 1-3mths.
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Control	Control	KUMBATINE NP3	475889	6549468	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	57	40	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Control	New Control	SAT MAC1	476538	6552784	0.0	Tallowwood	Red Mahogany	86	35	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Control	New Control	SAT MAC2	476558	6552361	0.0	Stringy-bark	Spotted Gum	61	45	
7	Kundabung Road to North of Pipers Creek	Control	New Control	SAT MAC3	476481	6552612	0.0	Spotted Gum	Spotted Gum	56	40	
8	Maria River State Forest	Impact	Part Mitigation	MARIA RIVER 1	483074	6554460	0.0	Tallowwood	Pink Bloodwood	33	35	Moderate native post- fire regen. Extensive lantana growth throughout.
8	Maria River State Forest	Impact	Part Mitigation	MARIA RIVER 2	482836	6554330	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	53	40	Moderate native post- fire regen. Macropod scat present.
8	Maria River State Forest	Impact	Part Mitigation	MARIA RIVER 3	482993	6554024	16.7	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	26	45	Prev. burnt. Substantial ground and canopy regen.
8	Maria River State Forest	Impact	Mitigation	MARIA RIVER 4	482886	6552623	6.7	Tallowwood	Thin-leaved Stringybark	40	35	Moderate post-fire regen. Macropod scats indicating fauna use.
8	Maria River State Forest	Impact	Mitigation	MARIA RIVER 5	482754	6552462	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	65	20	Moderate post-fire regen. Macropod scats indicating fauna use.
8	Maria River State Forest	Impact	Mitigation	MARIA RIVER 6	483135	6552449	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	39	35	Prev. burnt. Extensive groundcover and initial canopy regen.



Area N	Monitoring area	Treatment	Treatment sub- category	Site_ID	Easting	Northing	Activ ity	Previous SCT	New SCT	DBH (cm)	Radial (m)	Notes
8	Maria River State Forest	Control	Control	MARIA NP1	486965	6554366	3.3	Tallowwood	Pink Bloodwood	30	35	
8	Maria River State Forest	Control	Control	MARIA NP2	486971	6554479	0.0	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	63	45	
8	Maria River State Forest	Control	Control	MARIA NP3	487004	6554203	3.3	Tallowwood	Tallowwood	35	30	
8	Maria River State Forest	Control	New Control	SAT CO1	486292	6552230	6.7		White Stringybark	66	30	Previously burnt. Substantial native groundcover regen. Initial canopy regen.
8	Maria River State Forest	Control	New Control	SAT CO3	486811	6552227	3.3	Blackbutt	Tallowwood	73	30	Previously burnt. Extensive regen.
8	Maria River State Forest	Control	New Control	SAT MAR 1	486811	6552454	6.7		Tallowwood	89	30	Previously burnt. Substantial native groundcover regen. Initial canopy regen.



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box W36 Parramatta NSW 2150 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix B Spotted-tail Quoll						





Spotted-tailed Quoll Monitoring 2018

Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services
September 2018

Document control

Project no.: 1702

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Spotted-tailed Quoll Monitoring 2018 Report

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Jodie Danvers

Internal review: Radika Michniewicz and Amanda Griffith

Document status: R1

Local Government Area: Kempsey and Port Macquarie Hastings

Document revision status

Author	Revision number	Internal review	Date issued
Jodie Danvers	D0	Radika	22/08/2018
		Michniewicz	
Jodie Danvers	D1	Radika	1/09/2018
		Michniewicz	
Radika	D2	Amanda Griffith	10/09/2018
Michniewicz			
Radika	R0		10/09/2018
Michniewicz			
Radika	R1		17/09/2018
Michniewicz			

Niche Environment and Heritage

Excellence in your environment.

ABN: 19 137 111 721

Head Office

Level 1, 460 Church Street Parramatta NSW 2150 All mail correspondence to:

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW 1750

Phone: **02 9630 5658**Email: info@niche-eh.com

Locations

Sydney

Central Coast

Illawarra Armidale

Newcastle Mudgee

Port Macquarie

Brisbane Cairns

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2018

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian Copyright Act 1968, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Fauna captured on camera: Bandicoot recorded in Ballengarra State Forest Area (left); Koala (middle) and Brush-tailed Phascogale (right) recorded in Maria River State Forest Area.

Executive summary

Context

This report documents findings of the 2018 monitoring period, the first of three monitoring periods for the Spotted-tailed Quoll (*Dasyurus maculatus*), as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway upgrade project (the Project) and specified in the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP, RMS 2016). The NSW Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) is required to manage and monitor the effectiveness of biodiversity mitigation measures implemented as part of the Project. The Spotted-tailed Quoll is one of the threatened species identified as requiring mitigation and monitoring during the operational phase of the Project.

Aim

The aim of the Spotted-tailed Quoll monitoring program is to determine whether the Project is meeting the performance indicators for the species, and provide corrective actions where required.

Method

Monitoring was undertaken in accordance with the EMP, in three broad areas of Cairncross State Forest, Ballengarra State Forest and Maria River State Forest. Three different site types: reference, impact with mitigation and impact without mitigation, were monitored within each area. This design was replicated three times for each area, resulting in a total of nine, 100 hectare plots for each area. Within each plot there were four camera monitoring locations, resulting in 36 camera monitoring locations per area and 12 cameras per site type. Remotely triggered Scout Guard cameras were installed at the camera locations and were positioned facing a bait station and left for a minimum of 21 consecutive nights. Bait stations were baited with a mixture of fish and fish oil. Habitat attributes were recorded for each camera location, including vegetation type, hydrological and rocky features and abundance of hollows.

Key results

The Spotted-tailed Quoll was not recorded during the 2018 monitoring period. These results are consistent with baseline findings. There were a total of 688 photo records, including 578 (84.0%) native fauna (including the threatened Koala and Brush-tailed Phascogale), 79 (11.5%) introduced predators (including Domestic Dogs), 17 (2.5%) non-predatory introduced fauna and 14 (2.0%) records of cars and people.

As part of the analogous underpass monitoring program undertaken as part of the OH2K EMP, a Spotted-tailed Quoll was recorded on 28 May 2018, 02:43H traversing underpass C36.40 (combined culvert C36.40) in a westerly direction. This underpass is immediately to the west of plot MM1 (Maria River State Forest, impact with mitigation site).

Conclusion

Performance measures for the 2018 monitoring period have been met. The first round of monitoring was undertaken as per the EMP in year 4 (2018) at impact and control sites where monitoring was undertaken during baseline surveys.

Management implications

Given that no Spotted-tailed Quolls were recorded during baseline or 2018 Spotted-tailed Quoll monitoring, and that a Spotted-tailed Quoll has been recorded using a combined fauna underpass in the vicinity of site MM1 (Maria River State Forest impact with mitigation site), there are no current recommendations based on the outcomes of the 2018 monitoring period.



Table of Contents

Exec	cutive s	ummaryii						
1.	Introd	uction1						
	1.1	Context						
	1.2	Performance Measures						
	1.3	Monitoring Timing1						
	1.4	Reporting						
2.	Metho	dology3						
	2.1	Monitoring Sites						
	2.2	Survey Method4						
	2.3	Analysis4						
3.	Result	s9						
	3.1	2018 Monitoring Results9						
4.	Discus	sion13						
	4.1	Performance Measures						
5.	Recom	mendations14						
	5.1	Contingency Measures						
	5.2	Recommendations						
Refe	erences							
Ann	ex 1. Fi	eld Data – Camera Results16						
Ann	ex 2. F	ield Data - Habitat Attributes22						
List	of Fig	ures						
Figu	re 1: 0	verview of Monitoring Sites Error! Bookmark not defined.						
Figu	gure 2: Cairncross area camera locations							
Figu	re 3: Ba	llengarra area camera locations Error! Bookmark not defined.						
Eigu	ro 1 · N 1	aria Pivar area camera locations						



List of Graphs

Graph 1: Cairncross area grouped records	10
Graph 2: Ballengarra area grouped records	11
Graph 3: Maria River area grouped records	11
Graph 4: Introduced predator records within a) Cairncross, b) Ballengarra and c) Maria River areas	12
List of Tables	
Table 1: Monitoring sites and treatment	3
Table 2: Summary of fauna records	10
Table 4: Summary of performance measures for the 2018 monitoring period	13
Table 5: Contingency measures	14
Table 6: Cairncross area 2018 camera results	16
Table 7: Ballengarra area 2018 camera results	18
Table 8: Maria River area 2018 camera results	20
Table 9: Cairncross area habitat attributes	22
Table 10: Ballengarra area habitat attributes	25
Table 11: Maria River area habitat attributes	28



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1995* (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project. The Spotted-tailed Quoll (*Dasyurus maculatus*) was one threatened species identified as requiring monitoring following the completion of the Project's construction, during the operational phase.

1.1.1 Legal Status

The Spotted-tailed Quoll is listed as vulnerable under the New South Wales *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016 (BC Act) and endangered under the Commonwealth EPBC Act. Monitoring of the species is required under the Project's approval.

1.1.2 Monitoring Framework

The survey design, methodology and performance indicators that define the Spotted-tailed Quoll monitoring program are specified in the EMP. The EMP requires monitoring of the Spotted-tailed Quoll on three occasions in total: in autumn or winter (preferably between March and Mid-July) in Year 4, 6 and 8 (operational phase). This represents the first of the three monitoring periods – Year 4, autumn - winter 2018.

1.1.3 Baseline Data

No Spotted-tailed Quoll were recorded during baseline surveys conducted by Lewis Ecological in August 2013 (Lewis 2014).

1.1.4 Purpose of this Report

This report details the findings obtained from the first monitoring event for the Spotted-tailed Quoll.

The aims of this report are to summarise the methods and results of the 2018 monitoring and determine if performance measures are being met, as per the EMP.

1.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the following performance measures for the Spotted-tailed Quoll:

- Monitoring is undertaken in Year 4, 6 and 8 or until monitoring can demonstrate that mitigation measures are effective.
- Monitoring during Year 4, 6 & 8 is undertaken at the Impact and Control sites where monitoring was undertaken during baseline surveys, subject to ongoing landowner agreement.

1.3 Monitoring Timing

Monitoring is to be undertaken during autumn or winter, but preferably March – mid-July.



1.4 Reporting

As per the EMP, annual reporting of monitoring results will include:

- Detailed description of monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring period.
- Discussion of results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are required and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the Department of Planning and Environment and the Environment Protection Authority.



2. Methodology

2.1 Monitoring Sites

Monitoring was undertaken in the three broad areas identified in the EMP and included Cairncross State Forest, Ballengarra State Forest and Maria River State Forest. Three different site types (treatments) were monitored within each area:

- Reference: located greater than five kilometres from the project corridor and considered likely to be unaffected by the Project.
- Impact without mitigation: located where no specific Spotted-tailed Quoll mitigation has been proposed, i.e. no combined or dedicated fauna underpasses within 500 metres.
- Impact with mitigation: located within 500 metres of combined or dedicated fauna underpasses.

This design was replicated three times for each area, resulting in a total of nine 100 hectare plots for each area. Within each plot, four camera monitoring locations were established during baseline surveys, resulting in 36 camera monitoring locations per area and a total of 12 cameras per site type. Table 1 details the monitoring design and Figures 1 to 4 show the location of all monitoring camera locations along with bridges and underpasses in the area.

It should be noted that monitoring sites were established prior to the finalisation of the box culvert locations. This has resulted in a number of 'impact without mitigation' sites being located within 500 metres of a crossing structure. While the original classification established in the baseline study will be retained for the purpose of continuity and clarity, if a statistical comparison to detect difference between mitigation and no mitigation sites were required, the classification of these two site types would need to be re-assessed as all sites no longer fulfil their classification criteria.

Table 1: Monitoring sites and treatment

Area	Site type	Plot ID	Camera ID
Cairncross	Reference	CREF1	CREF1A, CREF1B, CREF1C, CREF1D
		CREF2	CREF2A, CREF2B, CREF2C, CREF2D
		CREF3	CREF3A, CREF3B, CREF3C, CREF3D
	Impact-no	CNM1	CNM1A, CNM1B, CNM1C, CNM1D
	mitigation	CNM2	CNM2A, CNM2B, CNM2C, CNM2D
		CNM3	CNM3A, CNM3B, CNM3C, CNM3D
	Impact-	CM1	CM1A, CM1B, CM1C, CM1D
	mitigation	CM2	CM2A, CM2B, CM2C, CM2D
		CM3	CM3A, CM3B, CM3C, CM3D
Ballengarra	Reference	BREF1	BREF1A, BREF1B, BREF1C, BREF1D
		BREF2	BREF2A, BREF2B, BREF2C, BREF2D
		BREF3	BREF3A, BREF3B, BREF3C, BREF3D
	Impact-no	BNM1	BNM1A, BNM1B, BNM1C, BNM1D
	mitigation	BNM2	BNM2A, BNM2B, BNM2C, BNM2D
		BNM3	BNM3A, BNM3B, BNM3C, BNM3D
	Impact-	BM1	BM1A, BM1B, BM1C, BM1D
	mitigation	BM2	BM2A, BM2B, BM2C, BM2D



		BM3	BM3A, BM3B, BM3C, BM3D
Maria River	Reference	MREF1	MREF1A, MREF1B, MREF1C, MREF1D
		MREF2	MREF2A, MREF2B, MREF2C, MREF2D
		MREF3	MREF3A, MREF3B, MREF3C, MREF3D
	Impact-no	MNM1	MNM1A, MNM1B, MNM1C, MNM1D
	mitigation	MNM2	MNM2A, MNM2B, MNM2C, MNM2D
		MNM3	MNM3A, MNM3B, MNM3C, MNM3D
	Impact-	MM1	MM1A, MM1B, MM1C, MM1D
	mitigation	MM2	MM2A, MM2B, MM2C, MM2D
		MM3	MM3A, MM3B, MM3C, MM3D

2.2 Survey Method

In accordance with the EMP, remotely triggered Scout Guard cameras were installed at the camera locations established during baseline surveys. Each camera location was approximately 500 metres apart, covering the 100 hectare plot. Cameras were positioned facing a bait station (PVC tubing pegged to the ground with bait cache located inside) and left operating continuously for a minimum of 21 consecutive nights. Stations were baited with a mixture of fish, flour and fish oil, with fish oil dripped on the ground directly surrounding the station as an additional attractant.

In accordance with the EMP, the following habitat attributes were recorded at each camera station:

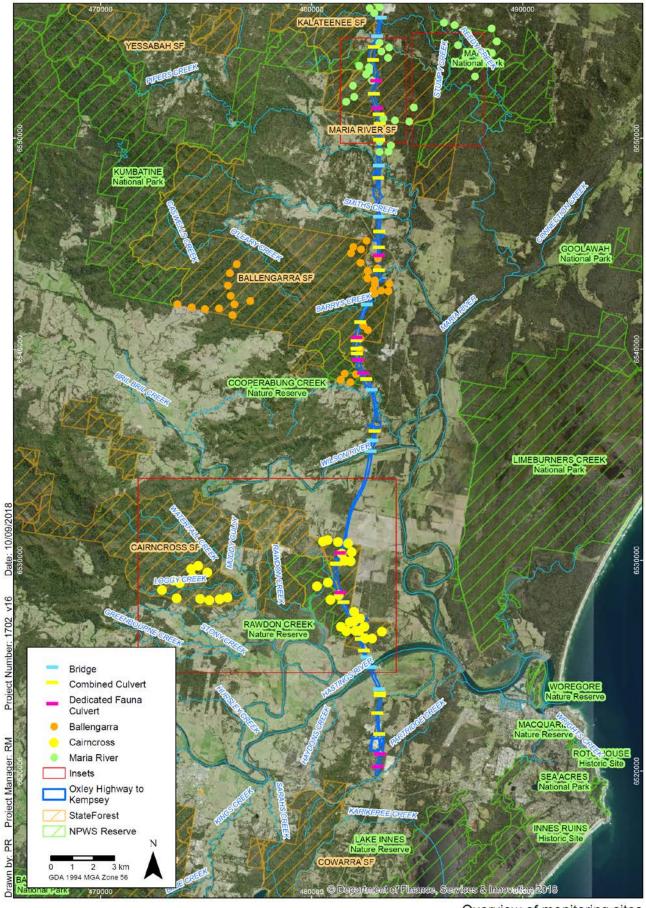
- Structure and floristics of vegetation, including dominant species of each vegetation stratum, height and per cent cover.
- Presence and type of hydrological features and surface drainage features.
- Presence and type of rocky features.
- Abundance and type of tree and log hollows.

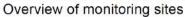
2.3 Analysis

Analysis of camera records was undertaken as for the baseline surveys (Lewis 2014). Namely, the maximum abundance or activity levels for any species within a given one hour period was one. The only exception to this was where the individuals could clearly be distinguished from another within that one hour period.

Monitoring results were analysed in accordance with the performance measures specified within the EMP. In the case of the Spotted-tailed Quoll, performance measures are based on survey completion only; they do not specifically relate to the detection of this species and statistical analysis of data is not required. However, the current assessment considers presence/absence results.







Oxley Highway to Kempsey - Spotted-tailed Quoll Monitoring sites

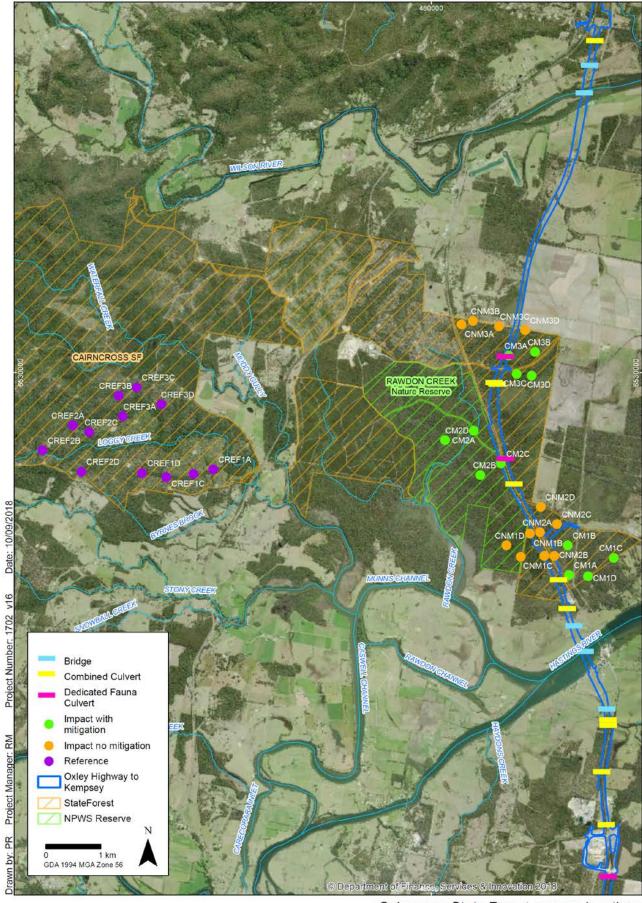
Imagery: (c) LPI NSW 2014-10-06

FIGURE 1

Path: T\spatia\projects\a1700\a1702_OH2K_Ecology\Maps\PI_5_Ecology_OH2K\PI_52_Quoll\1702_PI52_Quoll_20180312_Fig1_Overview.mxd

niche Environment and Heritage





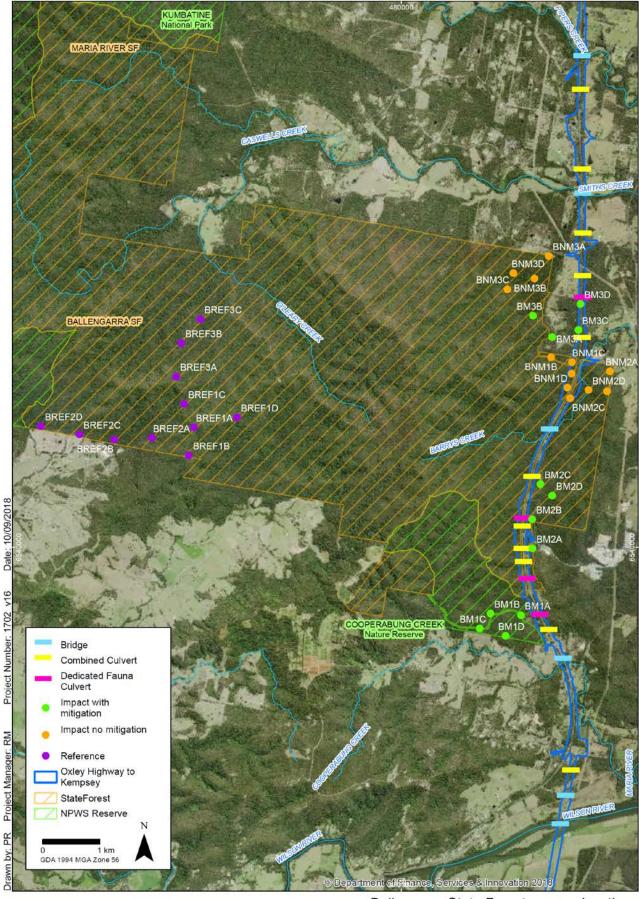


Cairncross State Forest camera locations
Oxley Highway to Kempsey - Spotted-tailed Quoll Monitoring sites

Imagery: (c) LPI NSW 2014-10-06

FIGURE 2







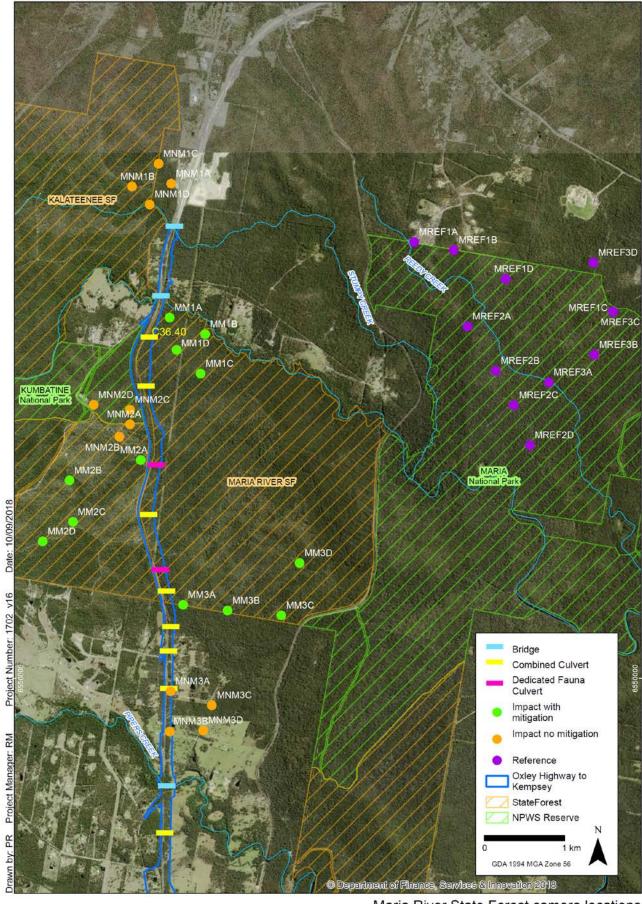
Ballengarra State Forest camera locations
Oxley Highway to Kempsey - Spotted-tailed Quoll Monitoring sites

Imagery: (c) LPI NSW 2014-10-06

FIGURE 3

Path: T\spatial\projects\a1700\a1702_OH2K_Ecology\Maps\PI_5_Ecology_OH2K\PI_52_Quoll\1702_PI52_Quoll_20180312_Fig3_Ballengar.mxd







Maria River State Forest camera locations
Oxley Highway to Kempsey - Spotted-tailed Quoll Monitoring sites

Imagery: (c) LPI NSW 2014-10-06

FIGURE 4

Path: T\spatia\projects\a1700\a1702_OH2K_Ecology\Maps\PI_5_Ecology_OH2K\PI_52_Quoll\1702_PI52_Quoll\20180312_Fig4_MariaRiver.mxd



3. Results

3.1 2018 Monitoring Results

Results of the 2018 monitoring are provided in Annex 1 and Annex 2 and a summary is provided in Table 2. There were a total of 12,329 camera triggers, resulting in 688 photo records. These included 578 (84.0%) native fauna, 79 (11.5%) introduced predators (including domestic dogs), 17 (2.5%) non-predatory introduced or domestic fauna and 14 (2.0%) records of cars and people. Graph 1 to Graph 3 show the number of records for the different groups. One camera (location CREF2C) was stolen during the surveys. Surveys were undertaken during the following periods:

Cairncross: 5 April 2018 – 3 May 2018 (27-28 survey nights)

Ballengarra: 9 May 2-18 – 5 June 2018 (21-27 survey nights)

Maria River: 14 June 2018 – 26 July 2018 (33-42 survey nights)

3.1.1 Spotted-tailed Quoll

No Spotted-tailed Quoll were recorded at any of the monitoring sites during the 2018 monitoring.

As part of monitoring of mitigation measures for the Project, remotely triggered Scout Guard cameras were deployed in a number of selected combined and dedicated fauna underpasses. A Spotted-tailed Quoll was recorded on 28 May 2018, 02:43H traversing underpass C36.40 (combined culvert C36.40) in a westerly direction. This underpass is immediately to the west of plot MM1 (Maria River impact with mitigation site 1, Figure 4).

3.1.2 Other Fauna

Native fauna

The most frequently recorded fauna from all sites were small mammals (rodents/dasyurids) and macropods, representing 32.4% and 23.5% of all records respectively. Of note was the detection of Koalas (vulnerable, BC Act and EPBC Act) at the Ballengarra mitigation and no mitigation sites, and within all three site types within the Maria River area. The threatened (vulnerable, BC Act) Brush-tailed Phascogale (*Phascogale tapoatafa*) was recorded on two occasions within Maria River National Park (MREF2).

Predatory fauna

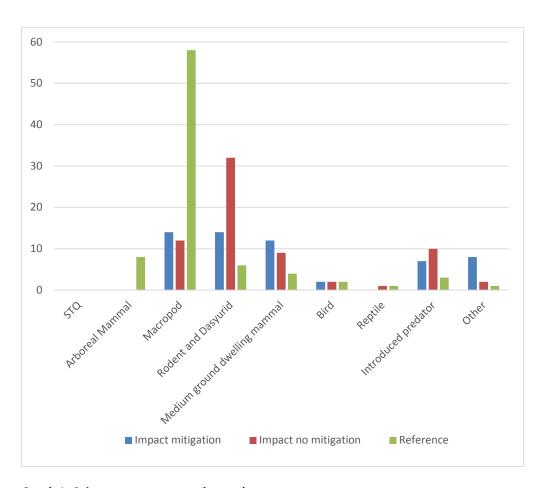
Introduced predatory fauna, which may compete with the Spotted-tailed Quoll, included the European Red Fox (*Vulpes vulpes*), Cat (*Felis catus*), Wild (including Dingoes) and Domestic Dogs (*Canis familiaris*), and represented 11.5% of all records (of which 74.7% were Fox and Cat). All sites recorded predators on more than one occasion, with the Maria River area representing 45.6% of the predator records across all site types. High visitation by predators may be considered to be where visitation by exotic predators equates to greater than 25% of visitations or as visitations by exotic predators on more than 25% of the days monitored (Niche 2018). This is relevant for 13 of the 27 sites (CM1, CM3, CNM1, CNM2, BNM2, BNM3, BREF1, BREF2, MM3, MNM1, MNM2, MNM3 and MREF2) where predator records account for 25-100% of fauna records at one or more cameras within these sites.



Table 2: Summary of fauna records

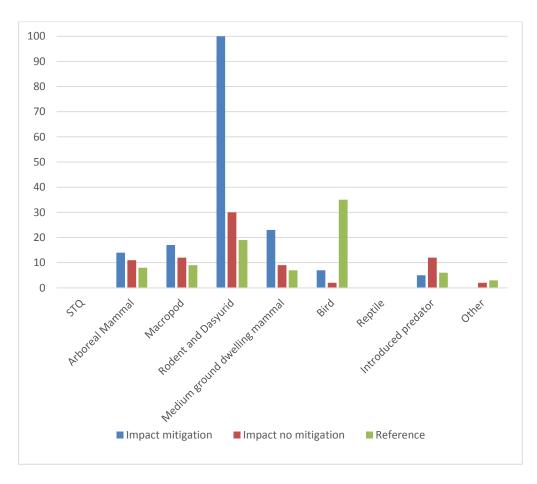
Area	Site Type	STQ	AM	М	R&D	MGD	Bird	R	IP	Other
CAIRNCROSS	Impact mitigation	0	0	14	14	12	2	0	7	8
	Impact no mitigation	0	0	12	32	9	2	1	10	2
	Reference	0	8	58	6	4	2	1	3	1
BALLENGARRA	Impact mitigation	0	14	17	100	23	7	0	5	0
	Impact no mitigation	0	11	12	30	9	2	0	12	2
	Reference	0	8	9	19	7	35	0	6	3
MARIA RIVER	Impact mitigation	0	6	26	3	4	4	0	10	0
	Impact no mitigation	0	2	4	11	1	3	0	17	15
	Reference	0	2	10	8	9	5	0	9	0
Total		0	51	162	223	78	62	2	79	31

STQ = Spotted-tailed Quoll; AM = arboreal mammals (Possums and Koala); M = macropods; R&D = rodents and dasyurids; MGD = medium ground dwelling mammals (Echidna, Bandicoot); R = reptile; IP = Introduced predator (Fox, Cat, Wild and Domestic Dog); Other= non-native and non-fauna categories such as people, cars, cows, hares and horses.

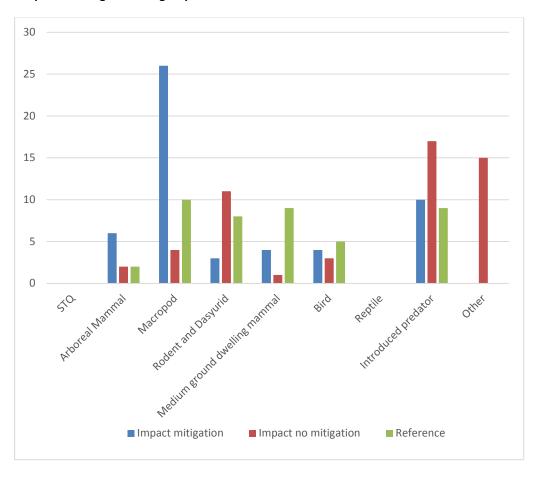


Graph 1: Cairncross area grouped records





Graph 2: Ballengarra area grouped records



Graph 3: Maria River area grouped records



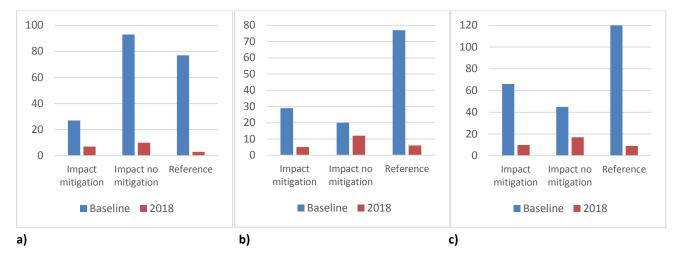
3.1.3 Comparison with Baseline

As in baseline surveys, the Spotted-tailed Quoll was not recorded at any of the monitoring sites during the 2018 monitoring.

Table 3 highlights the difference in record type between baseline and 2018 surveys. 2018 surveys resulted in a much lower false trigger rate, fewer images from the 'other' category and a much higher number of native fauna records. The number of introduced predators detected was also lower than during baseline surveys. Contrary to baseline results, introduced predator records within the reference sites were as low as or lower than impact sites for each area. Introduced predator records for each area are shown in Graph 4.

Table 3: Comparison with baseline

	Baseline	2018
Total triggers	28,270	12,329
Total records	1540	688
Native fauna records	46 (3.0%)	578 (84.0%)
Introduced predator records	554 (36.0%)	79 (11.5%)
Other	940 (61.0%)	31 (4.5%)



Graph 4: Introduced predator records within a) Cairncross, b) Ballengarra and c) Maria River areas



4. Discussion

4.1 Performance Measures

A summary of 2018 survey results in relation to the performance measures are provided in Table 4.

Table 4: Summary of performance measures for the 2018 monitoring period.

Performance measure	Discussion
Monitoring is undertaken in Year 4, 6 and 8 or until monitoring can demonstrate that mitigation measures are effective.	This performance measure has been met for 2018. Monitoring has been undertaken in year 4 (2018) as per the EMP. One Spotted-tailed Quoll was recorded using a combined underpass in the vicinity of site MM1, demonstrating the use of an underpass by this species.
Monitoring during Year 4, 6 & 8 is undertaken at Impact and Control sites where monitoring was undertaken during baseline surveys, subject to ongoing landowner consent.	This performance measure has been met for 2018. Impact and Control sites used in baseline surveys were monitored.



5. Recommendations

5.1 Contingency Measures

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program. Those relevant to the Spotted-tailed Quoll monitoring program are listed and discussed in Table 5.

Table 5: Contingency measures

Potential Problem	Contingency Measure	Discussion of proposed measure
Decline in presence of target species recorded at Impact sites after the upgrade has been complete, compared to change in Control sites.	The cause of decline in populations at impact sites will be investigated in consultation with EPA and DOTE within two weeks of results reported by ecologist. If the cause of decline is considered most likely attributed to the upgrade of the highway (and not another event such as bushfire), mitigation measures, such as the location and types of fauna crossings and fauna fencing will be reviewed within two months of the above consultation being completed.	Spotted-tailed Quolls were not recorded during baseline surveys or in the 2018 monitoring at any sites. One Spotted-tailed Quoll was however recorded during underpass monitoring using an underpass in the vicinity of site MM1. These contingency measures are not considered relevant at this stage

5.2 Recommendations

Given that no Spotted-tailed Quolls were recorded during baseline or 2018 Spotted-tailed Quoll monitoring, and that a Spotted-tailed Quoll has been recorded using a combined fauna underpass in the vicinity of site MM1 (Maria River State Forest impact with mitigation site), contingency measures are not considered relevant and, as such, there are no recommendations based on the outcomes of the 2018 monitoring period.



References

Lewis (2014). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pre-construction Spring and Summer Baseline Monitoring. Report prepared for RPS-RMS by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Niche (2018). Fauna Underpass and Associated Fauna Fence Monitoring 2016/2017. Frederickton to Eungai Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.



Annex 1. Field Data - Camera Results

Table 6: Cairncross area 2018 camera results

Site	Installation date	Retrieval date	Nights	No. Images	Spotted -tailed Quoll	Red Fox	Feral Cat	Hare	Possum Brushta il	Bandic oot	Rodent _Das	Echidna	Wallab y	Kangar oo	Bird	Lace Monito r	Unk. mamm al	Vehicle s	Persons
CM1A	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	28	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CM1B	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	24	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
CM1C	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	2573	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
CM1D	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CM2A	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
CM2B	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CM2C	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
CM2D	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
СМЗА	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	43	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
СМЗВ	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CM3C	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	42	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CM3D	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
CNM1A	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	904	0	1	1	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM1B	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	15	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM1C	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	82	0	0	0	0	0	4	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM1D	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	13	0	0	0
CNM2A	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	40	0	7	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM2B	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM2C	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM2D	06/04/2018	03/05/2018	27	18	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM3A	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM3B	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CNM3C	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0



Site	Installation date	Retrieval date	Nights	No. Images	Spotted -tailed Quoll	Red Fox	Feral Cat	Hare	Possum Brushta	Bandic oot	Rodent _Das	Echidna	Wallab y	Kangar oo	Bird	Lace Monito	Unk. mamm al	Vehicle s	Persons
									ш							•			
CNM3D	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	64	0	1	0	1	0	0	6	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
CREF1A	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CREF1B	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	50	0	0	0	0	1	0	13	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CREF1C	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	216	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	3	0	0	0	0	0
CREF1D	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	36	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
CREF2A	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	54	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0
CREF2B	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CREF2C	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	Stolen															
CREF2D	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	22	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	2	0	0	0
CREF3A	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
CREF3B	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	28	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	2	1	0	0	0	0
CREF3C	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	38	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
CREF3D	05/04/2018	03/05/2018	28	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0



Table 7: Ballengarra area 2018 camera results

Site	Installation date	Retrieval date	Nights	No. Images	Spotted- tailed Quoll	Possum Brushtail	Possum ringtail	Bandicoot	Rodent_Das	Koala	Wallaby	Kangaroo	Echidna	Bird	Red Fox	Feral Cat	Wild Dog	Unk mammal	Cow	Vehicles
BM1A	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	60	0	5	0	0	19	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
BM1B	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
BM1C	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	60	0	1	0	5	4	1	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
BM1D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	106	0	4	0	0	25	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BM2A	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	220	0	2	0	4	65	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
вм2в	11/05/2018	01/06/2018	21	40	0	0	0	4	11	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BM2C	11/05/2018	01/06/2018	21	26	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BM2D	11/05/2018	01/06/2018	21	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
вмза	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	22	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
вмзв	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	42	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
вмзс	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	94	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
BM3D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	48	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	1	1	3	0	4	0	0	0	0
BNM1A	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	38	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1
BNM1B	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	74	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
BNM1C	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	27	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BNM1D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	28	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BNM2A	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	32	0	1	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0
BNM2B	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	20	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
BNM2C	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	72	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
BNM2D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	22	0	2	0	4	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
вимза	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	12	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
вимзв	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	10	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
вимас	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	42	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0
BNM3D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF1A	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0



Site	Installation date	Retrieval date	Nights	No. Images	Spotted- tailed Quoll	Possum Brushtail	Possum ringtail	Bandicoot	Rodent_Das	Koala	Wallaby	Kangaroo	Echidna	Bird	Red Fox	Feral Cat	Wild Dog	Unk mammal	Cow	Vehicles
BREF1B	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	25	0	1	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF1C	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	29	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
BREF1D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	97	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF2A	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	54	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF2B	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	16	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
BREF2C	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	42	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	1
BREF2D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	50	0	1	0	0	14	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF3A	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF3B	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF3C	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	34	0	3	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
BREF3D	09/05/2018	05/06/2018	27	30	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0



Table 8: Maria River area 2018 camera results.

Site	Install date	Retrieval date	Nights	No. Image s	Spotte d- tailed Quoll	Possu m Brusht ail	Bandic oot	Roden t_Das	Koala	Echidn a	Walla by	Kanga roo	Bird	Dingo	Wild Dog	Dome stic Dog	Red Fox	Cat	Horse	Cow	Person
MM1A	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MM1B	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	78	0	0	0	0	3	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MM1C	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	395	0	0	3	3	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
MM1D	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MM2A	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MM2B	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	26	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MM2C	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MM2D	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	7	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ММЗА	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	8	0	0	0
ММ3В	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ммзс	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MM3D	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MNM1A	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
MNM1B	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
MNM1C	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MNM1D	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	12	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
MNM2A	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MNM2B	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MNM2C	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MNM2D	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	12	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MNM3A	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	288	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0
MNM3B	14/06/2018	18/07/2018	34	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0
MNM3C	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	4569	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MNM3D	15/06/2018	18/07/2018	33	216	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	30	0
MREF1A	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	12	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Site	Install date	Retrieval date	Nights	No. Image s	Spotte d- tailed Quoll	Possu m Brusht ail	Bandic oot	Roden t_Das	Koala	Echidn a	Walla by	Kanga roo	Bird	Dingo	Wild Dog	Dome stic Dog	Red Fox	Cat	Horse	Cow	Person
MREF1B	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF1C	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF1D	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	34	0	3	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF2A	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	12	0	0	0	3^	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF2B	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF2C	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
MREF2D	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	72	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF3A	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF3B	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	10	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF3C	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	24	0	0	4	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MREF3D	14/06/2018	26/07/2018	42	14	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{^ =} Brush-tailed phascogale



Annex 2. Field Data - Habitat Attributes

Table 9: Cairncross area habitat attributes

Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
CM1A	Ironbark sp.	30	20	Melaleuca spp.	60	8	Entolasia stricta	70	0.4	Absent	Absent	Substantial log hollows and woody debris.
CM1B	Eucalyptus eugenioides	40	25	Melaleuca linariifolia	40	10	Entolasia stricta	70	0.4	Absent	Absent	Substantial log hollows and woody debris.
CM1C	Eucalyptus pilularis	50	25	Melaleuca quinquenervia	40	15	Lomandra longifolia	70	0.6	Adjacent drainage line	Absent	Occasional log hollows, some woody debris
CM1D	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	30	Melaleuca sieberi	20	12	Entolasia stricta	20	0.3	Absent	Absent	Substantial logs with hollows
CM2A	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	30	Mixed rainforest species	40	8	Gahnia sp.	40	1	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CM2B	Eucalyptus pilularis	40	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	15	Pteridium esculentum	50	0.8	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CM2C	Corymbia intermedia	60	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	12	Lomandra spp.	30	0.4	Absent	Absent	Absent
CM2D	Eucalyptus pilularis	40	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	15	Lomandra spp.	40	0.6	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Occasional log hollows
СМЗА	Corymbia intermedia	40	25	Syncarpia glomulifera	40	15	Lomandra spp.	90	0.5	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows
СМЗВ	Eucalyptus pilularis	40	35	Melaleuca quinquenervia	60	15	Lomandra spp.	90	0.7	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CM3C	Eucalyptus pilularis	70	30	Allocasuarina littoralis	40	15	Imperata cylindrica	70	0.5	Absent	Absent	Abundant logged timber frequent hollows.
CM3D	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	35	Melaleuca linariifolia	60	10	Imperata cylindrica	10	0.4	Absent	Absent	Substantial log hollows
CNM1A	Eucalyptus pilularis	20	25	Eucalyptus saplings	60	10	Lomandra sp.	80	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows and substantial woody debris.
CNM1B	Eucalyptus pilularis	30	30	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	12	Pteridium esculentum	90	0.9	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows and woody debris.



Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
CNM1C	Eucalyptus propinqua	50	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	70	12	Imperata cylindrica	70	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows and woody debris.
CNM1D	Eucalyptus pilularis	30	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	15	Lomandra longifolia	15	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CNM2A	Corymbia intermedia	30	25	Allocasuarina torulosa	60	10	Entolasia stricta	60	0.4	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CNM2B	Eucalyptus eugeniodes	60	30	Eucalyptus saplings	30	8	Lomandra longifolia	70	0.7	Absent	Absent	Substantial log hollows
CNM2C	Corymbia gummifera	40	25	Allocasuarina torulosa			Imperata cylindrica	60	0.6	Absent	Absent	Absent
CNM2D	Eucalyptus pilularis	40	30	Allocasuarina littoralis	60	12	Pteridium esculentum	80	1	Absent	Absent	Absent
CNM3A	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	30	Eucalyptus tereticornis	40	20	Lomandra spp.	60	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows
СММЗВ	Eucalyptus robusta	50	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	50	20	Gahnia sp.	90	1.5	Absent	Absent	Absent
CNM3C	Corymbia intermedia	60	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	15	Imperata cylindrica	40	0.4	Absent	Absent	Absent
CNM3D	Eucalyptus pilularis	80	25	Melaleuca sp.	40	10	Pteridium esculentum	80	0.8	Absent	Absent	Absent
CREF1A	Eucalyptus microcorys	80	30	Melaleuca quinquenervia	40	15	Lomandra sp.	10	0.3	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Substantial log hollows
CREF1B	Corymbia intermedia	40	25	Melaleuca quinquenervia	30	15	Lomandra longifolia	30	0.3	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Substantial log hollows
CREF1C	Corymbia intermedia	20	25	Allocasuarina torulosa	15	10	Lomandra longifolia	10	0.3	20m from drainage	Absent	Abundant felled trees and logs
CREF1D	Eucalyptus grandis	60	35	Allocasuarina torulosa	30	10	Lomandra longifolia	30	0.3	Adjacent intermittent drainage line	Absent	Abundant felled trees and logs
CREF2A	Eucalyptus grandis	60	30	Persoonia sp.	50	80	Lomandra longifolia	40	0.2	Adjacent intermittent creek	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CREF2B	Eucalyptus	60	35	Lophostemon	20	20	Lomandra	50	0.5	Adjacent	Absent	Occasional log hollows



Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
	propinqua			confertus			longifolia			intermittent creek		
CREF2C	Eucalyptus siderophloia	50	30	Allocasuarina torulosa	20	20	Lomandra longifolia	15	0.3	Absent	Absent	Minimal hollows
CREF2D	Ironbark sp.	60	30	Lophostemon confertus	50	20	Blechnum sp.	20	0.2	Adjacent intermittent creek	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CREF3A	Eucalyptus grandis	40	35	Allocasuarina torulosa	40	15	Lomandra longifolia	10	0.3	Adjacent intermittent creek	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CREF3B	Eucalyptus grandis	80	30	Lophostemon confertus	30	20	Blechnum sp.	10	0.2	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Substantial fallen logs with occasional hollows
CREF3C	Mahogany sp.	40	25	Eucalyptus teretecornis	40	10	Imperata cylindrica	60	0.5	Absent	Absent	Occasional log hollows
CREF3D	Eucalyptus grandis	60	25	Eucalyptus teretecornis	60	15	Pteridium esculentum	70	0.4	Absent, low area possible pooling	Absent	Substantial fallen logs with occasional hollows



Table 10: Ballengarra area habitat attributes

Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
BM1A	Eucalyptus propinqua	70	25	Lophostemon confertus	70	10	Lomandra longifolia	30	0.6	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Substantial fallen timber and log hollows
BM1B	Eucalyptus microcorys	60	20	Allocasuarina torulosa	80	12	Imperata cylindrica	30	0.3	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Substantial fallen timber and log hollows
BM1C	Eucalyptus microcorys	70	25	Melaleuca quinquenervia	80	12	Gahnia spp.	60	0.7	Absent	Absent	Occasional fallen timber and log hollow
BM1D	Eucalyptus microcorys	40	20	Lophostemon confertus	70	12	Imperata cylindrica	20	0.3	Absent	Absent	Occasional fallen timber and log hollow
BM2A	Eucalyptus propinqua	70	25	Melaleuca sieberi	60	8	Entolasia stricta	10	0.2	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Abundant fallen timber and occasional hollow. Litter/dumping.
ВМ2В	Eucalyptus microcorys	80	25	Eucalyptus microcorys	65	5	Lomandra sp., Gahnia sp.	15	0.7	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Occasional fallen timber /logs
BM2C	Eucalyptus propinqua	60	20	Lophostemon confertus, Allocasuarina sp.	40	8	Lomandra sp., Imperata cylindrica	40	0.5	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Substantial fallen limbs and logs.
BM2D	Eucalyptus microcorys	40	18	Allocasuarina sp., Euc saplings	30	5	Lomandra sp.	10	0.4	Absent	Absent	Abundant logs and hollows
вмза	Eucalyptus microcorys	50	20	Lophostemon confertus	70	10	Lomandra longifolia	10	0.8	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Occasional fallen log hollows
вмзв	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	20	Lophostemon confertus	60	8	Imperata cylindrica	10	0.4	Adjacent moist gully	Absent	Minimal fallen timber no hollows
вмзс	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	15	Lophostemon confertus	60	8	Imperata cylindrica	70	0.8	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Minimal fallen timber no hollows
BM3D	Eucalyptus pilularis	50	20	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	10	Lomandra longifolia	80	0.9	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Minimal fallen timber no hollows
BNM1A	Eucalyptus siderophloia	60	20	Allocasuarina littoralis	50	10	Gahnia spp.	60	0.7	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Abundant fallen timber no log hollows evident
BNM1B	Eucalyptus microcorys	70	22	Melaleuca quinquenervia	60	12	Entolasia stricta	50	0.2	Adjacent moist gully and dry drainage line	Absent	Substantial fallen old logs and hollows



Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
BNM1C	Syncarpia glomulifera	60	30	Allocasuarina littoralis	70	10	Pteridium esculentum	80	0.8	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Occasional fallen timber and limited hollows
BNM1D	Corymbia gummifera	50	20	Allocasuarina littoralis	50	8	Lomandra spp.	60	0.5	Absent	Absent	Numerous log hollows
BNM2A	Eucalyptus propinqua	60	20	Lophostemon confertus	60	10	Imperata cylindrica	70	0.3	Absent	Absent	Abundant fallen timber and log hollows available
BNM2B	Eucalyptus siderophloia	40	17	Lophostemon confertus	40	8	Entolasia stricta	60	0.3	Absent	Absent	Occasional fallen timber, log hollows
BNM2C	Eucalyptus saligna	50	25	Melaleuca spp.	60	10	Lomandra longifolia	80	1	Absent	Absent	Minimal fallen timber, one log hollow
BNM2D	Syncarpia glomulifera	70	25	Mixed rainforest species	80	10	Lomandra spp.	30	1	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Numerous log hollows
BNM3A	Eucalyptus paniculata	30	20	Allocasuarina spp.	80	8	Lomandra longifolia	0.5	15	Absent	Absent	Minimal fallen timber, one log hollow
вимзв	Eucalyptus grandis	80	30	Melaleuca quinquenervia	80	10	Gahnia spp.	50	1	Adjacent dry drainage line	Absent	Occasional fallen timber and log hollows
BNM3C	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	30	Acacia spp.	60	8	Imperata cylindrica	60	0.8	Absent	Absent	Substantial fallen logs and hollows
BNM3D	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	30	Mixed rainforest species	80	8	Pteridium esculentum	70	0.9	Adjacent moist gully	Absent	Occasional log hollow
BREF1A	Eucalyptus microcorys	60	25	Allocasuarina torulosa	40	12	Imperata cylindrica	30	0.4	Absent	Absent	Substantial fallen timber and hollow logs
BREF1B	Allocasuarina torulosa	60	25	Lantana camara	70	2	Imperata cylindrica	10	0.3	Adjacent gully drainage	Absent	Occasional fallen timber, large log hollow
BREF1C	Corymbia gummifera	50	20	Allocasuarina torulosa	60	12	Lomandra spp.	30	0.4	Absent	Absent	One hollow under burnt stag
BREF1D	Eucalyptus carnea	50	25	Acacia spp.	70	6	Imperata cylindrica	50	0.4	Absent	Absent	Occasional fallen log no hollows
BREF2A	Eucalyptus propinqua	60	30	Melaleuca sieberi	8	12	Lomandra Iongifolia, Gahnia	30	0.4	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Minimal fallen timber no hollows



Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
							sp.					
BREF2B	Eucalyptus grandis	70	35	Melaleuca quinquenervia	80	13	Lantana camara	50	2	Adjacent wet creek	Absent	Occasional fallen timber no hollows
BREF2C	Mahogany spp.	50	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	60	10	Entolasia stricta	60	0.5	Absent	Absent	Substantial fallen timber no hollows
BREF2D	Eucalyptus propinqua	70	30	Melaleuca quinquenervia	70	12	Gahnia spp.	40	0.6	Absent	Absent	Abundant fallen timber and hollow logs
BREF3A	Corymbia intermedia	60	25	Allocasuarina torulosa	70	15	Imperata cylindrica	40	0.3	Absent	Absent	Substantial fallen timber and hollow logs
BREF3B	Eucalyptus carnea	40	20	Eucalyptus saplings	40	8	Lomandra longifolia	40	0.4	Absent	Absent	Substantial fallen timber and hollow logs
BREF3C	Corymbia intermedia	60	30	Allocasuarina torulosa	70	12	Lomandra spp.	30	0.4	Absent	Absent	Substantial fallen timber and hollow logs
BREF3D	Syncarpia glomulifera	70	25	Eucalyptus saplings	80	8	Imperata cylindrica	10	0.3	Absent	Absent	Occasional fallen timber no hollows



Table 11: Maria River area habitat attributes

Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
MM1A	Eucalyptus microcorys	40	25	Eucalyptus saplings	60	8	Lomandra longifolia	60	0.6	Adjacent wet drainage	Absent	Absent
MM1B	Eucalyptus pilularis	30	30	Eucalyptus saplings	60	8	Imperata cylindrica	90	0.7	Absent	Absent	Absent
MM1C	Stringybark	20	20	Eucalyptus saplings	50	10	Imperata cylindrica	90	0.4	Absent	Absent	Absent
MM1D	Eucalyptus microcorys	30	22	Eucalyptus saplings	40	10	Imperata cylindrica	80	0.4	Absent	Absent	Absent
MM2A	Eucalyptus pilularis	20	20	Eucalyptus saplings	40	8	Mixed native grasses	70	0.5	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MM2B	Syncarpia glomulifera	50	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	70	10	Imperata cylindrica	40	0.4	Absent	Absent	Numerous hollow logs
MM2C	Corymbia gummifera	10	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	20	8	Lomandra sp.	60	0.2	Absent	Absent	Substantial hollow logs
MM2D	Eucalyptus paniculata	30	20	Lophostemon confertus	60	8	Mixed native grasses	40	0.7	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
ММЗА	Mahogany sp.	30	20	Eucalyptus saplings	40	8	Xanthorrhoea sp.	80	0.8	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
ММЗВ	Eucalyptus pilularis	40	22	Melaleuca sp.	50	10	Imperata cylindrica	90	0.5	Adjacent wet drainage	Absent	Substantial hollow logs
ММЗС	Stringybark	15	22	Eucalyptus saplings	10	10	Imperata cylindrica	60	0.7	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MM3D	Stringybark	10	20	Eucalyptus saplings	60	12	Xanthorrhoea sp.	80	0.9	Adjacent wet drainage	Absent	Absent
MNM1A	Eucalyptus propinqua	20	18	Allocasuarina littoralis	70	8	Imperata cylindrica	20	0.4	Adjacent wet drainage and swampy area	Absent	Absent
MNM1B	Eucalyptus pilularis	40	28	Allocasuarina littoralis	50	8	Mixed native grasses	80	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MNM1C	Eucalyptus propinqua	30	22	Melaleuca spp.	70	15	Mixed native grasses	90	0.2	General wet area	Absent	Substantial hollow logs
MNM1D	Syncarpia glomulifera	60	30	Melaleuca stypheloides	80	12	Lomandra spp.	60	0.3	Adjacent wet Stumpy Creek	Absent	Occasional hollow log



Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
MNM2A	Eucalyptus pilularis	70	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	10	8	Imperata cylindrica	10	0.3	Absent	Absent	Absent
MNM2B	Mahogany sp.	30	22	Allocasuarina littoralis	30	8	Mixed native grasses	50	0.4	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MNM2C	Eucalyptus pilularis	60	30	Eucalyptus saplings	10	8	Mixed native grasses and Pteridium esculentum	10	0.6	Absent	Absent	Absent
MNM2D	Eucalyptus pilularis	50	20	Allocasuarina littoralis	30	8	Entolasia stricta	15	0.3	Absent	Absent	Numerous hollow logs
MNM3A	Mahogany sp.	20	20	Allocasuarina torulosa	40	8	Entolasia stricta	60	0.4	Absent	Absent	Absent
MNM3B	Mahogany sp.	10	22	Allocasuarina littoralis	5	6	Imperata cylindrica	40	0.4	Adjacent dam	Absent	Absent
MNM3C	Eucalyptus pilularis plantation	60	20	Burnt Allocasuarina littoralis	5	8	Imperata cylindrica	80	0.7	Absent	Absent	Absent
MNM3D	Eucalyptus propinqua	60	25	Melaleuca spp.	70	8	Mixed native forbs and grasses	90	0.2	Adjacent dry creek	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF1A	Eucalyptus pilularis	50	25	Allocasuarina littoralis	60	10	Entolasia stricta	70	0.5	Adjacent drainage	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF1B	Eucalyptus racemosa	30	20	Syncarpia glomulifera	80	20	Entolasia stricta	60	0.5	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF1C	Eucalyptus racemosa	30	25	Leptospermum sp.	30	8	Xanthorrhoea sp.	80	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF1D	Corymbia gummifera	50	25	Allocasuarina torulosa	30	12	Xanthorrhoea sp.	70	0.7	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF2A	Eucalyptus racemosa	60	25	Allocasuarina torulosa	80	10	Imperata cylindrica	30	0.3	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF2B	Mahogany sp.	60	25	Allocasuarina torulosa	80	10	Xanthorrhoea sp.	80	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF2C	Corymbia gummifera	15	22	Allocasuarina littoralis	30	8	Mixed native grasses	80	0.4	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log



Site	Canopy dominant species	Canopy % cover	Canopy Height (m)	Midstory dominant species	Midst % cover	Midst Height (m)	Ground dominant species	Ground % cover	Ground Height (m)	Hydrology (present/absent and type)	Rocky features (present/absent and type)	Tree and log Hollows (type and abundance)
MREF2D	Eucalyptus racemosa	40	22	Allocasuarina littoralis	80	10	Xanthorrhoea sp.	90	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF3A	Eucalyptus pilularis	50	25	Melaleuca stypheloides	80	10	Lomandra Iongifolia	20	0.6	Wet creek	Absent	Absent
MREF3B	Eucalyptus racemosa	20	22	Allocasuarina torulosa	70	8	Xanthorrhoea sp.	80	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF3C	Corymbia gummifera	15	22	Allocasuarina littoralis	30	8	Xanthorrhoea sp.	80	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log
MREF3D	Eucalyptus racemosa	30	22	Allocasuarina torulosa	70	12	Xanthorrhoea sp.	70	0.6	Absent	Absent	Occasional hollow log



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box 2443 North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix C Giant Barred Frog





Giant Barred Frog Monitoring 2017/2018

Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services

September 2018



Document control

Project no.: 1702

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Giant Barred Frog Monitoring 2017/2018 Report

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Jodie Danvers, Radika Michniewicz

Internal review: Radika Michniewicz, Amanda Griffith

Document status: R1

Local Government Area: Kempsey and Port Macquarie-Hastings

Author	Revision number	Internal review	Date issued
Jodie Danvers	D0	Radika Michniewicz	2/07/2018
Radika Michniewicz	D1	Amanda Griffth	17/09/2018
Radika Michniewicz	RO		19/09/2018
Radika Michniewicz	R1		24/09/2018

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2018

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian *Copyright Act 1968*, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Giant Barred Frog (Photos: Matthew Stanton)

Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Level 1, 460 Church Street North Parramatta NSW

1750

All mail correspondence

to

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW

1750

Email: info@niche-eh.com

Sydney

0488 224 888

Central Coast

0488 224 999

Illawarra

0488 224 777

Armidale

0488 224 094

Newcastle

0488 224 160

Mudgee

0488 224 025

Port Macquarie

0488 774 081

Brisbane

0488 224 036

Cairns

0488 284 743



Executive summary

Context

This report documents findings for the final two construction phase monitoring events, (spring 2017 and summer [January/February] 2018), and the first operational monitoring event (autumn 2018) for the Giant Barred Frog (*Mixophyes iteratus*), as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project), and specified in the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP, RMS 2016). The NSW Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) is required to manage and monitor the effectiveness of biodiversity mitigation measures implemented as part of the Project. The Giant Barred Frog is one of the threatened species identified as requiring mitigation and monitoring throughout the course of the construction and operational periods of the Project.

Aims

The aim of the Giant Barred Frog monitoring program is to determine, through evaluation of the performance indicators outlined in the EMP, if the Project is having an impact on the species and whether corrective actions are required.

Methods

Six sites (two reference and four impact) were monitored. Each monitoring location was surveyed in accordance with the monitoring method and design specified in the EMP. Surveys were undertaken after a sufficient rainfall trigger event (> 10 millimeters within a 24 hour period) and involved passive listening, call playback (upon arrival and at intervals during searches), active searching (within 20 metres of each creek bank) and habitat surveys.

Key results

Surveys were undertaken on the 4-6 October 2017 (spring), 30 January -1 February 2018 (summer) and 26 April and 30 April -1 May 2018 (autumn) after suitable rainfall. A total of 136 Giant Barred Frogs were recorded during the 2017/2018 monitoring period and 38% (n = 41) of those captured were recaptures. Frogs were recorded at all sites during all seasons with the exception of Pipers Creek impact site where no frogs were recorded during the summer and autumn surveys.

All sites showed evidence of breeding via presence of juveniles or sub-adults, gravid females or reproductive males during at least one survey event.

Chytrid fungus was detected only at Smiths Creek impact site during the 2017/2018 monitoring period, however is considered to be present at all monitoring sites, where it has been detected previously.

All sites had at least one water quality parameter for one or more monthly results for which the median downstream value exceeded the 80th percentile of the upstream value.



Conclusions

Performance measures related to undertaking monitoring, the presence of Giant Barred Frogs and habitat use have to date been met.

The performance measure related to continued presence of Giant Barred Frogs during each survey event where it was identified during baseline surveys was met for five of the six sites. Giant Barred Frogs were not recorded at Pipers Creek impact site during the summer and autumn survey, despite being recorded during baseline surveys. Only a single frog was captured at Pipers Creek impact site (during the spring surveys) in the 2017/2018 monitoring period.

The water quality performance measure was was met for all parameters except turbidity at Cooperabung Creek that exceeded the ANZECC upper limit on one occasion, which coincided with wet weather events where surface water entered the waterway through a project-specific clean water drain and construction water quality basin. Other values above the 80Th percentile trigger value were not considered to be attributable to construction activities.

Management implications

It is recommended that:

 Monitoring continue as per the EMP. If further monitoring fails to detect the species at Pipers Creek impact site, corrective actions may be required.



Table of Contents

Exe	cutive	summary	ii
1.	Intro	duction	1
	1.1	Context	1
	1.2	Performance Measures	2
	1.3	Monitoring Timing	2
	1.4	Reporting	3
	1.5	Limitations	3
2.	Meth	odology	4
	2.1	Monitoring Sites	4
	2.2	Giant Barred Frog Survey Method	4
	2.3	Water Quality	5
	2.4	Analysis	5
3.	Resul	ts	13
	3.1	2017/2018 Giant Barred Frog Monitoring Results	13
	3.2	Comparison with Previous Surveys	16
	3.3	Density and Distribution	17
	3.4	Movement	27
	3.5	Water Quality	31
4.	Discu	ssion	33
	4.1	Performance Measures	33
5.	Reco	nmendations	34
	5.1	Contingency Measures	34
	5.2	Recommendations	34
Ref	erence	5	36
Anr	nex 1 –	2017/2018 data summary for each monitoring site	37
Anr	nex 2 - (Giant Barred Frog individual capture data	43
Anr	nex 3 - \	Nater Quality data (extracted from RMS 2018)	47



List of Figures

Figure 1: Giant Barred Frog monitoring sites: overview Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 2: Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Cooperabung Creek impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 3: Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Smiths Creek impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 4: Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Pipers Creek impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 5: Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Maria River impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 6: Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Cooperabung Creek reference site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 7: Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Pipers Creek reference site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 8: Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Cooperabung Creek impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 9: Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Smiths Creek impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 10: Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Pipers Creek impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 11: Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Maria River impact site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 12: Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Cooperabung Creek reference site Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 13: Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Pipers Creek reference site. Error! Bookmark not defined.
6
List of Graphs
List of Graphs
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring
List of Graphs Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring



diapril 13. Cooperabulig creek Reference site – recapture movement patterns	30
Graph 14: Pipers Creek Reference site – recapture movement patterns	30
List of Tables	
Table 1: Giant Barred Frogs recorded at each site during 2017/2018 surveys	13
Table 2: Breeding evidence records 2017/2018	14
Table 3: Weather conditions: spring 2017, summer 2018 and autumn 2018	14
Table 4: Chytrid fungus detection/presence at each site for all surveys conducted to date	15
Table 5: Triggered water quality parameters per site	32
Table 6: Performance measures and discussion of 2017/2018 results	33
Table 7: Contingency measures	34
Table 8: Recommendations	34
Table 9: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Cooperabung Creek impact site	37
Table 10: Habitat details: Cooperabung Creek impact site	37
Table 11: Summary of captures: Cooperabung Creek impact site	37
Table 12: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Smiths Creek impact site	38
Table 13: Habitat details: Smiths Creek impact site	38
Table 14: Summary of captures: Smiths Creek impact site	38
Table 15: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Pipers Creek impact site	39
Table 16: Habitat details: Pipers Creek impact site	39
Table 17: Summary of captures: Pipers Creek impact site	39
Table 18: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Maria River impact site	40
Table 19: Habitat details: Maria River impact site	40
Table 20: Summary of captures: Maria River impact site	40
Table 21: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Cooperabung Creek reference site	41
Table 22: Habitat details: Cooperabung Creek reference site	41
Table 23: Summary of captures: Cooperabung Creek reference site	41
Table 24: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Pipers Creek reference site	42
Table 25: Habitat details: Pipers Creek reference site	42



Table 26: Summary of captures: Pipers Creek reference site	42
Table 27: Triggered water quality parameters: Cooperabung Creek	48
Table 28: Triggered water quality parameters: Smiths Creek	49
Table 29: Triggered water quality parameters: Pipers Creek	50
Table 30: Triggered water quality parameters: Maria River	51



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1995* (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project. The Giant Barred Frog (*Mixophyes iteratus*) was one threatened species identified as requiring mitigation and monitoring through the course of the Project's construction and operational period.

1.1.1 Legal status

The Giant Barred Frog is listed as endangered under the New South Wales *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016 (BC Act) and Commonwealth EPBC Act. Monitoring of the species is required under the Project's approval.

1.1.2 Monitoring framework

The design, methods and performance indicators that define the Giant Barred Frog monitoring program are specified in the EMP and Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy (GBFMS, Lewis 2013). Where there are discrepancies between the EMP and the GBFMS, the EMP takes precedence (Section 1.2 RMS 2016).

The EMP required monitoring of the Giant Barred Frog three times a year (spring, summer and autumn) in years 1, 2 and 3 once substantial construction commenced. Following completion of the Project, surveys are to be undertaken for five consecutive years, in spring, summer and autumn of year 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 (operation phase) or until mitigation measures can be demonstrated to have been effective. To date, these monitoring events have been undertaken and reported as follows:

- Construction phase monitoring:
 - Autumn 2015: Niche 2015a.
 - Spring 2015, summer and autumn 2016: Niche 2016.
 - Spring 2016, summer and autumn 2017: Niche 2017.
 - Spring 2017, summer 2018: current report.
- Operational phase monitoring:
 - Autumn 2018: current report.

This report addresses the final two monitoring events required during the construction phase of the Project and the first monitoring event of the operational phase of the Project. This report therefore represents the fourth of nine monitoring reports for the Giant Barred Frog. The next round of operational monitoring will occur in spring 2018.

1.1.3 Baseline data

The EMP specifies the following regarding the Giant Barred Frog:

"The Giant Barred Frog was recorded at Maria River and suitable habitat was identified at Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Cooperabung Creek during surveys undertaken to inform the Environmental Assessment



(GHD 2010). Targeted surveys undertaken over eight nights between late November 2012 and late January 2013, involving spotlighting, call- playback and tadpole searches, identified the Giant Barred Frog at Cooperabung Creek (south), Cooperabung Creek downstream at Haydons Wharf Road, Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Maria River. Areas of suitable habitat for the Giant Barred Frog were also identified at both Stumpy Creek and Barrys Creek"

The EMP lists six sites to be monitored:

- Four impact sites: Cooperabung Creek, Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek, and Maria River.
- Two reference sites: Sun Valley Road (where it crosses Cooperabung Creek), and Old Coast Road (where it crosses Pipers Creek).

Baseline surveys (Niche 2015b) recorded a total of 152 Giant Barred Frogs, at all six monitoring sites in spring and summer and at four sites in autumn. Frogs were absent from the Maria River impact site and Pipers Creek reference site during the autumn 2014 baseline survey.

1.1.4 Purpose of this report

This report details the findings from the final monitoring surveys for the construction phase of the Project and the first operational monitoring event.

The purpose of this report is to summarise the methods and results of the spring 2017, summer 2018 and autumn 2018 monitoring and determine if performance measures are being met, as per the EMP.

1.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the following performance measures for the Giant Barred Frog:

- Monitoring is undertaken during baseline surveys and Years 1-8 or until monitoring can demonstrate that mitigation measures are effective.
- Monitoring during Years 1 8 is undertaken at the Impact and Control sites where baseline monitoring was undertaken, subject to landowner agreement.
- Continued presence of Giant Barred Frogs during each survey event in Years 1-8 at sites where it was identified during baseline surveys, subject to access due to landowner agreement.
- Mitigation measures are effective as defined in the EPBC approval when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.
- Median values of all downstream water quality monitoring at GBF habitat or potential habitat locations during construction and operation (Year 1 – 6) is less than the 80th percentile value of the upstream site (where 80th percentile is the value at which median values at the downstream site are above 80% of the recorded background water quality records), where this change is found to be attributable to construction or operation.
- No change to densities, distribution, habitat use and movement patterns compared to baseline data during monitoring in Years 1 – 8, and then when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.

1.3 Monitoring Timing

Monitoring is to occur three times a year: spring, summer and autumn. Monitoring is to occur in the middle of the season, within one week of rainfall of 10 millimeters within a 24 hour period.



1.4 Reporting

As per the EMP, annual reporting of monitoring results is to include:

- Detailed description of monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring period.
- Discussion of results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any
 modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are required
 and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the Department of Planning and Environment and the Environment Protection Authority.

1.5 Limitations

The following limitations to the monitoring procedure were encountered:

As reported in Niche 2017, increasing density of Lantana (*Lantana camera*) at a number of sites, notably Maria River impact site and Pipers Creek impact site, is hampering survey efforts. Safe navigation of the creek lines has become difficult due to low visibility and steep creek banks. Giant Barred Frogs have become difficult to detect and impossible to access in areas due to this Lantana growth. Giant Barred Frogs were not detected during autumn and summer surveys at Pipers Creek impact site.



2. Methodology

2.1 Monitoring Sites

Monitoring was undertaken at the four impact and two reference sites. Each site consists of a one kilometre transect along the creek line.

Where possible, impact site transects extend 450 metres upstream and 450 metres downstream of the Project footprint (assumes Project boundary width of 100 metres) and are divided into 10 x 100 metre zones, resulting in four to five zones downstream of the Project footprint, one within the Project footprint, and four to five upstream of the Project footprint. As for previous monitoring events, the Cooperabung Creek impact site was not surveyed for the full kilometre as access agreements with landowners could not be obtained for the final zone downstream, and for the first two zones upstream.

The two reference sites are located several kilometres upstream of the Project footprint within Cooperabung Creek and Pipers Creek.

The location of all monitoring sites is shown in Figure 1, with detailed locations for each site transect provided in Figure 2 to Figure 7.

2.2 Giant Barred Frog Survey Method

Surveys were undertaken in accordance with the EMP after sufficient rainfall events.

A two hour minimum search time at each site was employed, however access and movement difficulties due to dense vegetation often resulted in increased survey time. Surveys involved passive listening, call playback (upon arrival and at intervals during searches), active searching (within 20 metres of creek bank) and habitat surveys. In accordance with the EMP, the following habitat data was collected within each of the 100 metre zones:

- Overstorey vegetation cover (OS, expressed as a cover percentage out of 100%).
- Shrub cover (expressed as a cover percentage out of 100%).
- Ground cover (expressed as a cover percentage out of 100%).
- Leaf litter cover (expressed as a cover percentage out of 100%).
- Bare soil/earth (expressed as a cover percentage out of 100%).
- Presence of cattle (based on hoof marks, manure and whether it is recent or aged evidence).
- Number of pools and riffles within the zone.
- Approximate depth of the deepest pool within the zone.
- Number of breaches in frog fencing, if applicable.

The position of all observed Giant Barred Frogs was recorded and, where possible, individuals were captured. Captured individuals were checked for recapture status and fitted with a Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tag if the individual was previously unknown. In accordance with the EMP, the following data were collected for captured individuals:

- Location according to demarcated survey zone.
- Distance from stream edge.
- Sex (male, female, unknown).
- Breeding condition with:
 - Males assessed on the colouration of their nuptial pads (i.e. no colour, light, moderate, dark).



- o Females based on whether they are gravid or not gravid (egg bearing).
- Snout-vent length (millimetres).
- Weight (grams).
- General condition of the frog, including a swab sample to test for the presence of Chytrid fungus.

Temperature and humidity (either by windwatch or hygrometer), % cloud cover and broad wind level (scale of 0-3 where 0 = no wind) were recorded for each survey. Rainfall (millimeters) within the previous 24 hours was recorded from the Port Macquarie Airport (BOM Station No. 060183), Maria River (BOM Station No. 560003) and Kundabung AWS (Roads and Maritime Station No. RMSN3AWS).

2.3 Water Quality

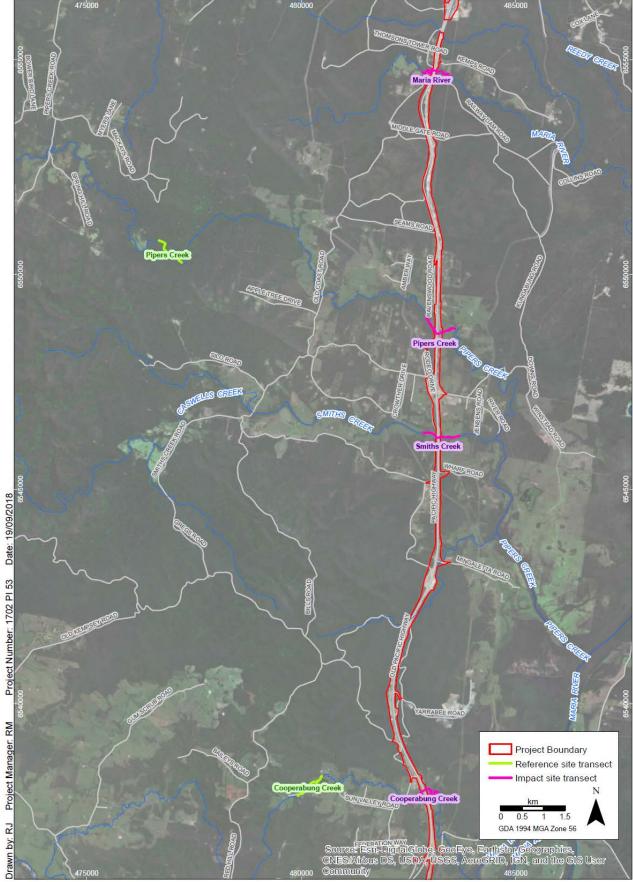
Water quality monitoring was undertaken by Roads and Maritime Services between 22 July 2017 and 29 March 2018 (RMS 2018). This report summarises water quality data from both upstream and downstream sites for Cooperabung Creek, Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek, and Maria River.

The median water quality value for downstream sites was compared with the site specific trigger values developed for the upstream site based on: the 80th percentile and, where relevant, the 20th percentile (where parameters have a lower acceptable limit e.g. EC, DO, pH, NTU), as well as the ANZECC default trigger values for physical and chemical stressors for south-east Australian slightly disturbed, freshwater ecosystems. Trigger values were derived from 24 sampling events up to and including the month indicated, where data was available.

2.4 Analysis

The Minimum Number Known Alive (MNA) (see Sutherland 2006) was calculated for each of the sites. The MNA is based on the number of new individuals encountered over multiple visits, where any new animals are summed, providing an aggregate total. As this method does not account for any migration out of the population or any death, it may over-estimate the total population size if counts are completed over a long period of time. As baseline studies were commenced in 2013 it is possible that considering cumulative records over these last five years may overestimate the actual population. Data is provided for the annual new captures and a cumulative MNA over the years is also provided, however this data should be approached with caution, as the lifespan of the Giant Barred Frog may not extend beyond four or five years (Michael Mahony unpublished data).

Changes in Giant Barrred Frog density within the zones and distribution along transects across the years were investigated by considering mean annual records within each specific zone. In addition, movement of individuals between zones was examined for recaptured frogs.





Giant Barred Frog Monitoring Sites: overview Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Cooperabung Creek impact site
Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey



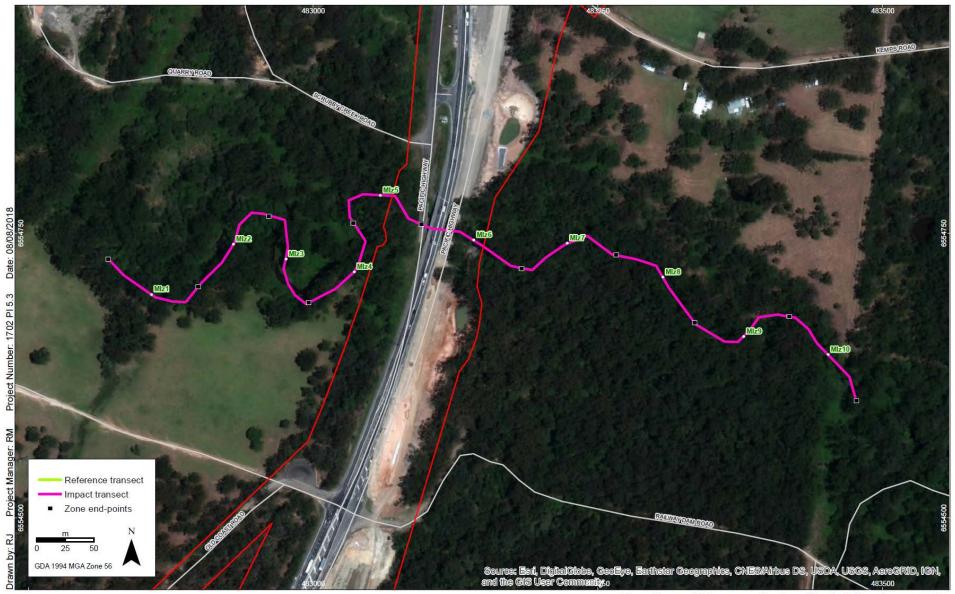


Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Smiths Creek impact site Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Pipers Creek impact site Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Maria River impact site Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Cooperabung Creek reference site Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Pipers Creek reference site Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey



3. Results

3.1 2017/2018 Giant Barred Frog Monitoring Results

Field data are presented in Annex 1 and Annex 2. Survey dates and trigger rainfall events measured at Port Macquarie Airport (060183) weather station were as follows:

- 4-6 October 2017 (spring): 15.6 millimeters.
- 30 January 1 February 2018 (summer): 9.8 millimeters.
- 26 April and 30 April 1 May 2018 (autumn): 55.4 millimeters.

3.1.1 Survey results

A total of 136 Giant Barred Frogs were recorded during the 2017/2018 monitoring surveys. Frogs were recorded at five of the six sites during all three monitoring events and were recorded at Pipers Creek impact site during spring surveys only (Table 1). Of the 136 frogs recorded, 107 were captured, of which 41 were recaptures (38%).

There were more records during spring surveys than summer and autumn at all sites. Pipers Creek reference site recorded the greatest mean number of frogs. No frogs were recorded at Pipers Creek impact site during summer and autumn and a single frog was recorded during spring.

The cumulative MNA is highest at the Pipers Creek reference site (MNA = 137) and Smiths Creek reference site (MNA = 103). As mentioned in Section 2.4, this estimate of MNA is likely an overestimate of the population as calculation of the MNA does not take dispersal or deaths into account.

Table 1: Giant Barred Frogs recorded at each site during 2017/2018 surveys

Monitoring	2017-2018	Cooperabung Creek impact	Smiths Creek impact	Pipers Creek impact	Maria River impact	Cooperabung Creek reference	Pipers Creek reference
	Spring (2017)	6	25	1	18	3	24
Construction	Summer (Jan/Feb 2018)	4	4	0	14	2	20
	Mean number of frogs per visit	10.0	14.5	0.5	16.0	2.5	22
Suo	Standard Error (SE)	1.4	14.8	0.7	2.8	0.7	2.8
ŭ	New captures	5	22	1	25	3	27
ю —	Autumnn (2018)	2	8	0	1	1	4
Opera tional	New captures	2	7	0	0	1	3
	Cumulative MNA	52	103	40	88	72	137



3.1.2 Evidence of breeding

Table 2 presents records of breeding evidence. All sites showed evidence of breeding via the presence of juveniles or sub-adults, gravid females or reproductive males during at least one survey event during 2017/2018.

Table 2: Breeding evidence records 2017/2018

		Juveniles	Sub-adults	Gravid females	Nuptial pads
Cooperabung Creek impact	Spring			3	1
	Summer			3	
	Autumn		1		
Maria River impact	Spring		2	7	2
	Summer		1	2	2
	Autumn				
Pipers Creeks impact	Spring		1		
	Summer				
	Autumn				
Smiths Creek impact	Spring		3	2	7
	Summer		1		
	Autumn	1			1
Cooperabung Creek reference	Spring			3	
	Summer	1			
	Autumn	1			
Pipers Creek reference	Spring		6	4	9
	Summer	1		5	10
	Autumn		2		

3.1.3 Weather conditions

The prevailing weather conditions encountered during the field surveys are summarised in Table 3. Additional details of the prevailing micrometeorological conditions at the six sites during the field surveys are presented in Annex 1.

Table 3: Weather conditions: spring 2017, summer 2018 and autumn 2018

Date	Min temp (°C)	Max temp (°C)	Humidity (%)	Rainfall 24 hours (mm)	Rainfall 7 days (mm)	Rainfall 30 days (mm)
04/10/2017	13.7	25.8	85	4.4	20.2	24.8
05/10/2017	12.3	25.2	92	0	20.2	24.8
06/10/2017	16.5	27.3	95	0.2	20.4	25
30/01/2018	17.9	29.1	87	0	12.4	53.2
31/01/2018	18.6	27.4	81	0	12.4	49
01/02/2018	18.6	24.1	61	0.4	12.8	48.8
26/04/2018	14.8	25.5	83	0.2	57.6	61.4
30/04/2018	14.3	21.1	91	3.8	92	97
01/05/2018	11.5	23.3	76	0.4	91.8	97.4



3.1.4 Chytrid fungus

Chytrid fungus sampling was carried out during all monitoring events. Table 4 presents current and previous monitoring event results. During the current monitoring period Chytrid fungus was detected during spring at Smiths Creek impact site only. Chytrid fungus was not detected during the summer and autumn monitoring surveys at any of the sites.

Chytrid fungus was not detected at the remaining five sites in the 2017/2018 monitoring, however it has been previously detected at these sites during either baseline surveys or previous monitoring events. It is presumed that once present, this pathogen will remain at a location on a permanent basis.

Chytrid fungus is therefore considered to be present at all monitoring sites.

Table 4: Chytrid fungus detection/presence at each site for all surveys conducted to date

	Cooperabung Creek Impact	Smiths Creek Impact	Pipers Creek Impact	Maria River Impact	Cooperabung Creek Reference	Pipers Creek Reference
Baseline	not detected	detected	not detected	not detected	detected	not detected
2015/2016	not detected	not detected	detected	detected	not detected	detected
2016/2017	detected	not detected	not detected	not detected	detected	detected
2017/2018	not detected	detected	not detected	not detected	not detected	not detected

3.1.5 Habitat use

Habitat information collected for each site is presented in Annex 1. Microhabitat use was highly variable. Frogs were recorded on and buried within leaf litter, using flood debris as shelter, within the creeks, on rocks and under logs and vegetation.

No frogs were found to have breached the frog fences at any sites (i.e observed on the wrong side of the fence). It is also noted that no exotic fish were observed at any of the sites during the 2017/2018 monitoring period.



3.2 Comparison with Previous Surveys

Both construction and operational monitoring surveys were undertaken during the 2017/2018 period, however only construction monitoring surveys (i.e. spring 2018 and summer [January/Fenruary 2018]) have been included in the comparison between baseline and previous construction surveys where means have been calculated. The autumn 2018 operational surveys will be included in furture analyses, once additional operational surveys have been completed.

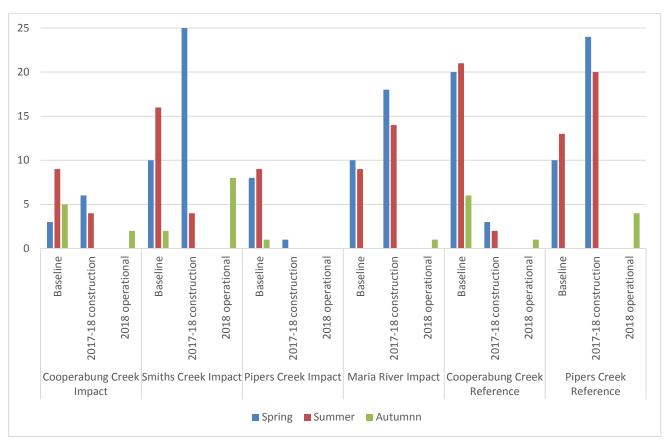
3.2.1 Baseline and 2017/2018 surveys

Graph 1 presents the Giant Barred Frog records for baseline and the 2017/2018 construction and operational monitoring surveys.

Baseline surveys recorded the Giant Barred Frog at all six monitoring sites in spring and summer and at four sites in autumn. Giant Barred Frogs were not recorded at the Maria River impact site and Pipers Creek reference site during the autumn 2014 baseline survey.

The 2017/2018 monitoring recorded Giant Barred Frogs at all six monitoring sites in spring and at five sites in summer and autumn. Giant Barred Frogs were not recorded at Pipers Creek impact site during the summer and autumn 2018 surveys.

Giant Barred Frogs were therefore recorded during all 2017/2018 surveys at the two sites (one impact site) where they were not recorded during the autumn baseline surveys (Pipers Creek reference site and Maria River impact site), however they were not recorded at the Pipers Creek impact site in the summer and autumn 2017/2018 surveys, where they were recorded during baseline surveys.

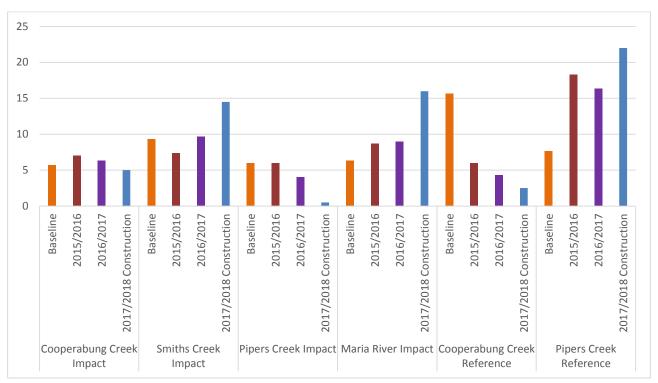


Graph 1: Giant Barred Frog records: baseline and 2017/2018 monitoring



3.2.2 Annual mean records

For the comparison of means, only 2017/2018 construction monitoring has been included (i.e. spring 2018 and summer 2018). The mean number of records each year is shown in Graph 2. Giant Barred Frog records at Smiths Creek impact, Maria River impact and Pipers Creek reference sites have all increased since baseline surveys. Cooperabung Creek impact, Pipers Creek impact and Cooperabung Creek reference sites all show a decreasing trend in mean number of frogs recorded. As this decreasing trend is evident at both impact and reference sites, it is not possible to attribute these changes to the Project.



Graph 2: Mean annual Giant Barred Frog records by site

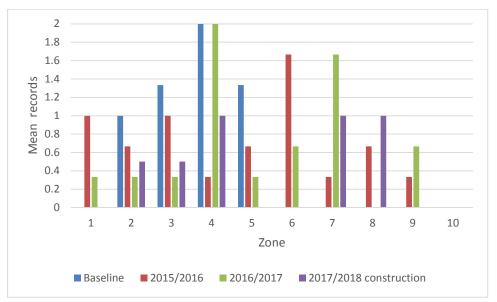
3.3 Density and Distribution

Graph 3 - Graph 8 present the density (annual mean number of Giant Barred Frog records per zone) and distribution of Giant Barred Frog records along the survey transect for each site and each monitoring period. Figure 8 - Figure 13 show the total number of captures within each zone over all monitoring periods.

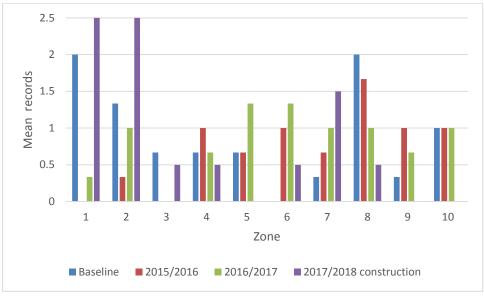
The density of Giant Barred Frogs has been considered as the mean number of records per year per zone (Graph 3 to Graph 8). While the zones may vary in size slightly due to the nature of the creek's bank formation and the non-linear nature of the creekline, the zones themselves are consistent between years. As such comparisons can be made within the same zone between years to help identify trends in changing frog numbers. There is no consistent trend evident at any site for frogs to be found in any particular zone. Density appears to be highly variable across the years and along the transect and there is no evidence of lower frog densities within zones 5 and 6, i.e. under the carriageway and immediately adjacent.



Figure 8 - Figure 13 consider all capture records, whereby capture records (including recaptures) are shown as count ranges, where larger circles indicate larger frog counts. While density data indicates that frog distribution along the transects varies from year to year, when considering all years, frogs mostly appear to be using the entire length of the transect and there is no evidence of frogs being recorded only in one particular zone. In addition, there is no evidence of frogs being absent from zones 5 and 6. While capture frequency within zones directly under the carriageway consistently fall into the lower range category (1-7 frogs), the low capture frequency range occurs regularly along transects and at all sites.

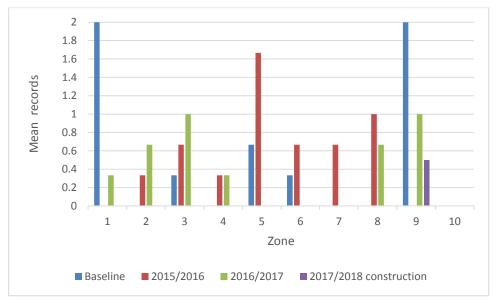


Graph 3: Cooperabung Creek impact site: mean number of Giant Barred Frogs per zone

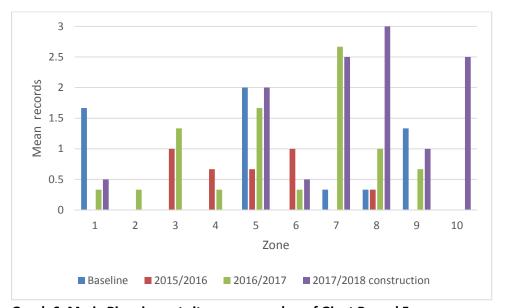


Graph 4: Smiths Creek impact site: mean number of Giant Barred Frogs per zone



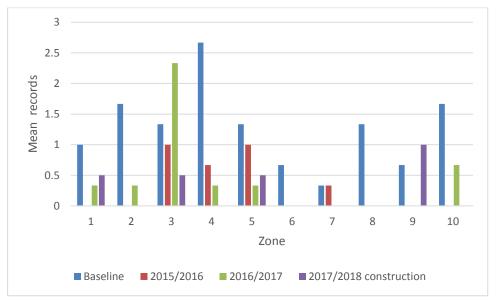


Graph 5: Pipers Creek impact site: mean number of Giant Barred Frogs per zone

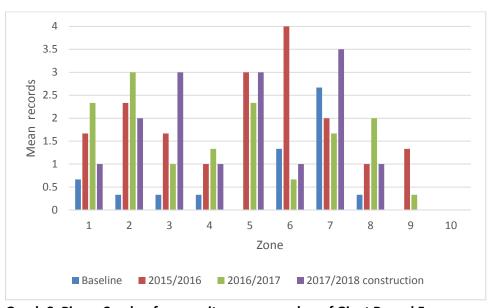


Graph 6: Maria River impact site: mean number of Giant Barred Frogs per zone





Graph 7: Cooperabung Creek reference site: mean number of Giant Barred Frogs per zone



Graph 8: Pipers Creek reference site: mean number of Giant Barred Frogs per zone



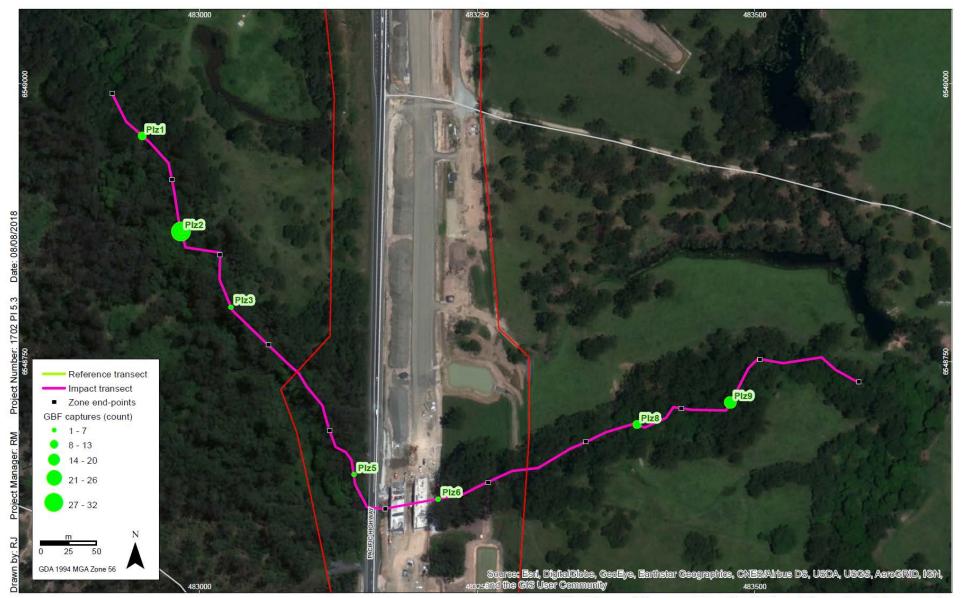


Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Cooperabung Creek impact site
Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey



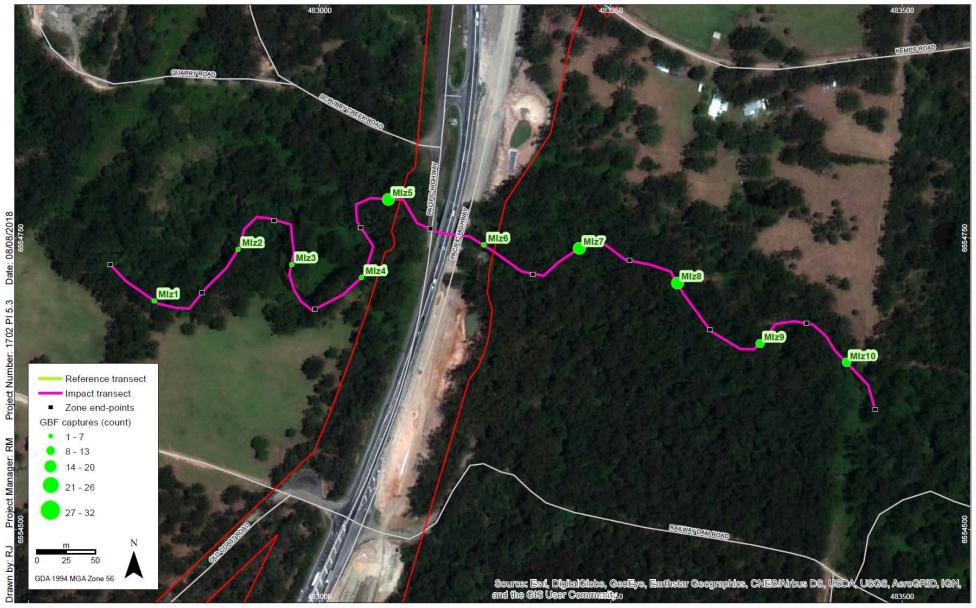


Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Smiths Creek impact site
Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Pipers Creek impact site
Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Maria River impact site
Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Cooperabung Creek reference site Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Giant Barred Frog capture distribution: Pipers Creek reference site
Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey



3.4 Movement

Recapture data of PIT tagged individuals was used to determine movements along the transects, and notably, from one side of the carriageway to the other at the impact sites. It should be noted that this analysis does not imply that individuals that have not been found on opposite sides of the carriageway have not traversed at some time. Graph 9 - Graph 14 show the movement patterns of individual recaptured Giant Barred Frogs at each site and the data is summarised for each site below. As reference sites by their nature do not traverse the carriageway, a transect midpoint has been included to provide an indication of movements along the transects and permit comparison between reference and impact sites. The reference midpoint was chosen as the arbitrary crossing location to provide similar recapture circumstances to the impact sites (i.e. equal zones on either side). It should however be noted that comparisons made between impact and reference sites do not take into account other potentially confounding factors such as site specific population ecology. Capture order is indicated by the numbers beside each capture point and a single capture point indicates recaptures within the same zone (order not indicated).

A total of 72 individuals have been recaptured on at least one occasion over all monitoring events. Of these, 43 recaptures have occurred at the impact sites. Thirteen (30%) of these individuals from impact sites have been captured on opposite sides of the carriageway over successive monitoring events.

Cooperabung Creek impact site: Nine Giant Barred Frogs have been recaptured over all monitoring periods. Of these individuals, four (44%) have been captured on opposite sides of the carriageway, including one individual (ID#7) that traversed on at least two occasions.

Smiths Creek impact site: Fourteen frogs have been recaptured over all monitoring periods. Of these individuals, three (21%) have been captured on opposite sides of the carriageway.

Pipers Creek impact site: Eleven Giant Barred Frogs have been recaptured over all monitoring periods. Of these individuals, three (27%) have been captured on opposite sides of the carriageway.

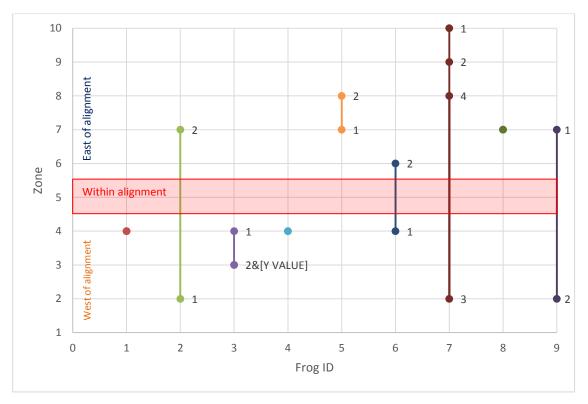
Maria River impact site: Nine Giant Barred Frogs have been recaptured over all monitoring periods. Of these individuals, four (44%) have been captured on opposite sides of the carriageway.

Cooperabung Creek reference site: Eight Giant Barred Frogs have been recaptured over all monitoring periods. Of these individuals, two (25%) have been captured on opposite sides of the transect midpoint.

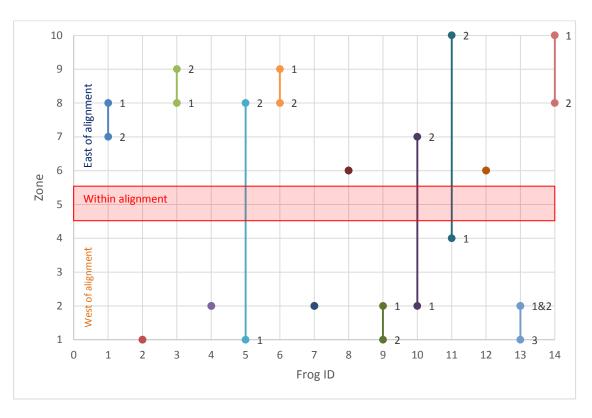
Pipers Creek reference site: Twenty-one Giant Barred Frogs have been recaptured over all monitoring periods. Of these individuals, eight (38%) have been captured on opposite sides of the transect midpoint.

At the impact sites, while the monitored waterways continue uninterrupted under the carriageway, there is a distinct change in streamside vegetation within the area immediately under the carriageway. At all impact sites streamside vegetation ranges from completely absent to very limited, represented by small clumps of shrubs and/or *Lomandra* spp. The streamside habitat in these areas is limited to the large rocks and boulders deposited during construction of the Project. Despite this abrubt change in streamside habitat immediately under the carriageway, a number of Giant Barred Frogs have been recorded traversing the carriageway. The percentages of Giant Barred Frogs found to have traversed the impact site midpoints do not appear to differ substantially from the percentages of Giant Barred Frogs found to have traversed the reference site midpoints.



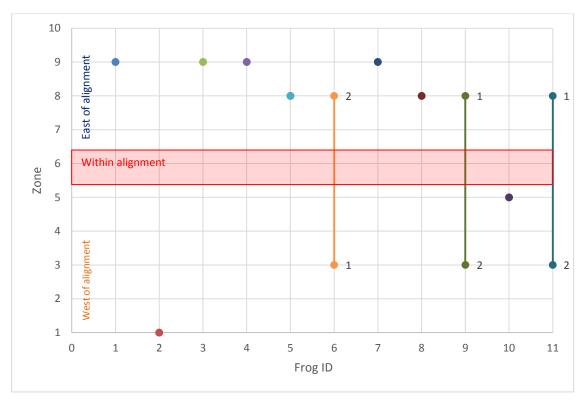


Graph 9: Cooperabung Creek Impact site: recapture movement patterns

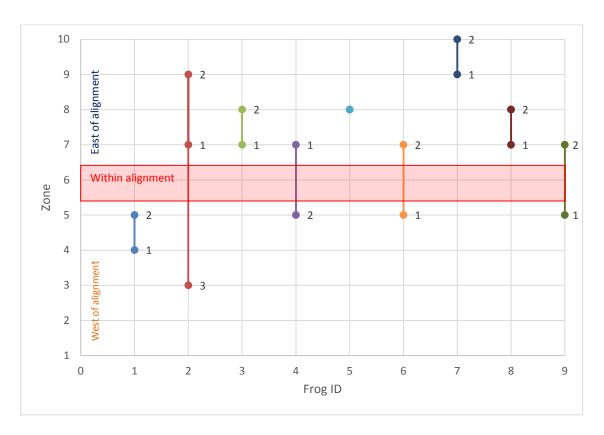


Graph 10: Smiths Creek Impact site: recapture movement patterns



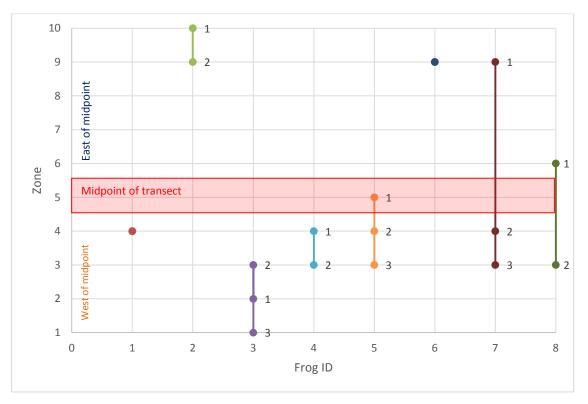


Graph 11: Pipers Creek Impact site: recapture movement patterns

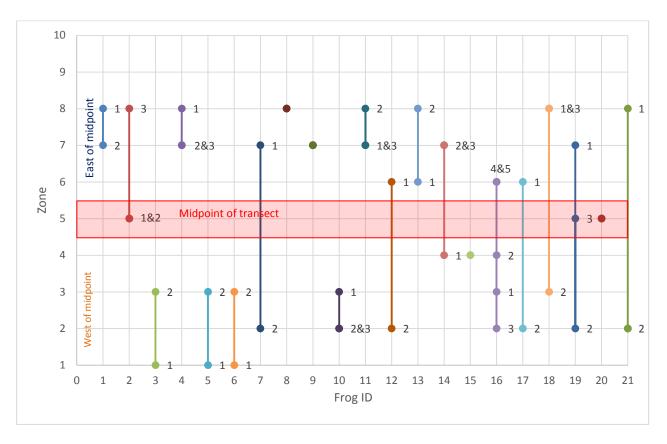


Graph 12: Maria River Impact site: recapture movement patterns





Graph 13: Cooperabung Creek Reference site: recapture movement patterns



Graph 14: Pipers Creek Reference site: recapture movement patterns



3.5 Water Quality

Water quality monitoring was undertaken by Roads and Maritime. Data included in this report represents the final construction monitoring period, from 22 July 2017 to 29 March July 2018 (RMS 2018). Presented here is a summary of the data collected for Cooperabung Creek, Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Maria River, for the purpose of assessing the water quality in relation to desired parameters and the water quality performance measures specified in the EMP. Annex 3 presents data extracted from the water quality reports. It shows only those sampling results where the calculated median downstream value exceeded (was above the 80th percentile) or was below (below the 20th percentile) desired threshold values or of the upstream site.

3.5.1 Parameters

Table 5 presents the number of occasions downstream median values were greater than the 80th percentile, and of these, the number that exceeded the ANZECC trigger value. All sites had at least one parameter for one or more monthly results, for which the median downstream value exceeded the 80th percentile of the upstream value. These are discussed below.

Electrical conductivity: Downstream median values were higher than the upstream trigger values regularly throughout the 12 months. These values, while slightly elevated, were well within ANZECC guideline trigger values. According to RMS 2018, differences between upstream and downstream values occurred when there was with no visible flow, sample points persisting as isolated ponds, or in some cases dry upstream conditions at the time of sampling. The water quality monitoring report considered impacts attributable to construction to be negligible to minor.

Dissolved oxygen: Downstream median values were below or above the calculated upstream 80th and 20th percentile trigger value only at Smiths Creek and Maria River. At Smiths Creek the variability coincided with algae outbreaks and both these sites were noted as having little to no flow or existing as isolated ponds. The water quality monitoring report considered impacts attributable to construction to be negligible.

pH: Downstream median values were generally within, or close to, the calculated upstream 80th and 20th percentile trigger values and were generally consistent between upstream and downstream sampling locations. pH levels were within the default ANZECC trigger value range. The water quality monitoring report considered impacts attributable to construction to be negligible.

Turbidity: Downstream turbidity was variable throughout the year and for sites. The ANZECC upper limit default trigger value was exceeded on one occasion at Cooperabung Creek and Pipers Creek. At Cooperabung Creek, incidences where elevated levels were recorded coincided with wet weather events where surface water entered the waterway through a project-specific clean water drain. RMS 2018 states "This area receives water from both a construction water quality basin outlet and the construction site (including an ancillary facility associated with the project) and are considered to have contributed to the elevated levels at times. It is expected the contribution of the project during subsequent operational monitoring periods would reduce as restoration and landscaping activities are completed and establish." . At Pipers Creek where exceedances occurred, levels during individual sampling events were higher upstream than downstream. Turbidity impacts from the Project are considered negligible at Smiths Creek and Maria River. RMS 2018 states: "Observations made during sampling events and the subsequent monitoring results suggested construction activities have had a minor to moderate impact on turbidity levels in some waterways. This is expected to decline substantially in the subsequent operational reporting period as landscaping and restoration across the project establishes".



Nitrogen and Phosphorus: Downstream nitrogen and phosphorus values were variable throughout the year and for sites. Levels were generally consistent with upstream values. Differences between upstream and downstream was generally when the sampling points constituted isolated ponds. The elevated level recorded at Cooperabung Creek in March 2018 appears to be an isolated occurrence and was considered likely due to contamination during the collection. Water quality monitoring reporting considered impacts attributable to construction to be negligible.

Metals: There was limited variation in the level of metals with the exception of aluminium, iron, manganese and zinc. Levels were generally consistent with upstream values. Differences between upstream and downstream values was generally when the sampling points constituted isolated ponds. The water quality monitoring report considered elevated metal parameters unlikely to be attributable to construction related activities.

The water quality monitoring report suggested that results were not inconsistent with the variability and levels experienced during the pre-construction and previous construction monitoring periods.

Table 5: Triggered water quality parameters per site

Parameter	# DS > 80th % US (# DS > ANZECC)			
	Cooperabung Creek	Smiths Creek	Pipers Creek	Maria River
Temperature °C	2	2	2	3
Electrical Conductivity uS/cm	6	4	1	5
Dissolved oxygen %	0	1 (2)	0	1 (5)
рН	0	1	0	1
Turbidity (NTU)	4 (1)	3	1 (1)	0
Total suspended solids mg/L	3	5	3	0
Aluminium mg/L	0	0	1 (1)	0
Arsenic mg/L	0	1	1	1
Cadmium mg/L	0	0	0	0
Chromium mg/L	0	0	1 (1)	1 (1)
Copper mg/L	0	1 (1)	0	1 (1)
Iron mg/L	0	2	0	0
Lead mg/L	0	0	0	0
Manganese mg/L	5	5	1	4
Mercury mg/L	0	0	0	0
Nickel mg/L	0	3	1	3
Silver mg/L	0	0	0	0
Zinc mg/L	0	4 (2)	2 (2)	4 (4)
Total nitrogen mg/L	1	1 (1)	1 (1)	0
Total phosphorus mg/L	1	0	2	1 (1)



4. Discussion

4.1 Performance Measures

A summary of Year 1 (2015/2016), Year 2 (2016/2017) and Year 3 (2017/2018) survey results in relation to the performance measures is provided in Table 6.

Table 6: Performance measures and discussion of 2017/2018 results.

Performance measure	Discussion
Monitoring is undertaken during baseline surveys and Years 1 – 8 or until monitoring can demonstrate that mitigation measures are effective.	This performance measure has been met for Baseline, Year 1 (2015/2016), Year 2 (2016/2017) and Year 3 (2017/2018). Giant Barred Frog monitoring has been undertaken at all six sites according to the EMP to date.
Monitoring during Year 1 – 8 is undertaken at the Impact and Control sites where baseline monitoring was undertaken, subject to landowner agreement.	This performance measure has been met for Year 1 (2015/2016), Year 2 (2016/2017) and Year 3 (2017/2018). Giant Barred Frog monitoring has been undertaken at all six baseline sites, where landowner agreement permitted.
Continued presence of Giant Barred Frogs during each survey event in Year 1 – 8 at sites where it was identified during baseline surveys, subject to access due to landowner agreement.	This performance measure has been met for all sites in Year 1 (2015/2016), 5 of 6 sites in Year 2 (2016/2017) and Year 3 (2017/2018). Baseline: Giant Barred Frogs were recorded at all six monitoring sites in spring and summer and at four sites in autumn. Giant Barred Frogs were not recorded at the Maria River impact site and Pipers Creek reference site during the autumn 2014 baseline survey. Year 1 (2015/2016): Giant Barred Frogs were detected at all six sites during all surveys. Year 2 (2016/2017): Giant Barred Frogs were detected at all six sites in spring and summer and five sites in autumn. Not recorded at Pipers Creek impact site during the autumn 2017 survey where it was detected during baseline surveys. Year 3 (2017/2018): Giant Barred Frogs weredetected at all six sites in spring and five sites in summer and autumn. Not recorded at Pipers Creek impact site during summer and autumn 2018.
Mitigation measures are effective as defined in the EPBC approval when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.	This performance measure is not yet applicable. Initial results (review of movement patterns of re-captured individuals) indicate that Giant Barred Frogs are moving across the road. It is unknown if they used the underpasses, however, no breaches of the frog fencing were observed during surveys.
Median values of all downstream water quality monitoring at GBF habitat or potential habitat locations during construction and operation (Year $1-6$) is less than the 80th percentile value of the upstream site (where 80th percentile is the value at which median values at the downstream site are above 80% of the recorded background water quality records), where this change is found to be attributable to construction or operation.	This performance measure has been met for all parameters except turbidity at Cooperabung Creek. RMS 2018 states: "Observations made during sampling events and the subsequent monitoring results suggested construction activities have had a minor to moderate impact on turbidity levels in some waterways. This is expected to decline substantially in the subsequent operational reporting period as landscaping and restoration across the project establishes".
No change to densities, distribution, habitat use and movement patterns compared to baseline data during monitoring in Year 1 – 8, and then when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.	This performance measure has been met for all sites except Pipers Creek impact site and Cooperabung Creek impact site. The number and location of Giant Barred Frogs recorded varied between season and year at all sites. Cooperabung Creek impact, Pipers Creek impact and Cooperabung Creek reference sites all show a decreasing trend in mean records and densities. However, as this decreasing trend is evident at both impact and reference sites, it is not possible to attribute these changes to the Project at this stage. Within-year movement patterns that would permit comparison between baseline and subsequest monitoring events is not possible due to lack of data (surveys and captures are too infrequent), however, assessment of movement patterns of recaptured individuals over all surveys show that 30%

of recaptured frogs have been found to traverse from one side of the carriageway to the other.



5. Recommendations

5.1 Contingency Measures

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program. Those that are considered relevant to the Giant Barred Frog monitoring program are listed and discussed in Table 7.

Table 7: Contingency measures

Potential problem	Contingency measure proposed in EMP	Discussion of proposed measure
Decline in presence of target species recorded at Impact sites after the upgrade has been completed, when compared to change in Control sites.	The cause of the decline in populations at impacts sites will be investigated in consultation with EPA and DoTE within two weeks of results reported by ecologist. If the cause of decline is considered most likely attributed to the upgrade of the highway (and not another event such as bushfire), mitigation measures, such as the location and types of fauna crossings and fauna fencing will be reviewed within two months of the above consultation being completed.	The mean number of Giant Barred Frogs at Smiths Creek impact site, Maria River impact site and Pipers Creek reference site have all increased since baseline surveys. Cooperabung Creek impact, Pipers Creek impact and Cooperabung Creek reference all show a decreasing trend in mean records. As this decreasing trend is evident at both impact and reference sites, it is not possible to attribute these changes to the Project. This decline however is noted and, in particular at Pipers Creek impact site, will be considered in future monitoring events. This contingency measure is not yet considered relevant.

5.2 Recommendations

A summary of those performance indicators that were not met in the 2017/2018 monitoring period, recommended corrective actions and general recommendations are provided in Table 8.

Table 8: Recommendations

Performance measure	Action
Continued presence of Giant Barred Frogs during each survey event in Year 1 – 8 at sites where it was identified during baseline surveys, subject to access due to landowner agreement.	This performance measure has been met for 5 of 6 sites in Year 3 (2017/2018). Giant Barred Frogs were not recorded at Pipers Creek impact site during the summer and autumn 2018 survey, where it was detected during baseline surveys. In addition, average frog captures at this site have declined since baseline surveys. However, as this decreasing trend is evident at both impact and reference sites, it is not possible to attribute these changes to the Project at this stage. While frog detection can vary between survey events and Pipers Creek impact site has generally recorded lower numbers of frogs relative to the other sites, only a single frog was captured during the 2017/2018 monitoring period. As above, this decline is noted and will be considered in future monitoring events. It is recommended that monitoring continue as per the EMP.
Median values of all downstream water quality monitoring at GBF habitat or potential habitat locations during construction and operation (Year 1 – 6) is less than the 80th percentile value of the upstream site, where this change is found to be attributable to construction or operation.	This performance measure has been met for all parameters except turbidity at Cooperabung Creek. Short-term elevations are reflective of environmental variability and ongoing weather conditions and are therefore considered unlikely to have an impact on Giant Barred Frogs. The water quality monitoring report (RMS 2018) considered impacts attributable to construction to be negligible to minor for all parameters excluding turbidity at Cooperabung Creek. RMS 2018 states: "Observations made during sampling events and the subsequent monitoring results suggested construction activities have had a minor to moderate impact on turbidity levels in some waterways. This is expected to decline substantially in the subsequent operational reporting period as landscaping and restoration across the project establishes". Recommendations are to continue the review of water quality results and potential impacts on the Giant Barred Frog.



Performance measure	Action
Chytrid fungus hygiene protocol	Chytrid fungus is considered to be present at all six sites. As construction is now complete construction hygiene protocols are no longer relevant to the monitoring.
Chytrid fungus swabbing	As Chytrid fungus is present at all monitoring sites, consideration should be given to discontinuing the additional swabbing process to reduce the time and handling of individuals of this species. The swabbing of frogs has been conducted to inform the presence of the fungus and implement control measures to prevent its transfer from infected sites to non-infected sites. Given that it has now been recorded from all sites and construction is complete, this attempt to control its spread within Giant Barred Frog sites is no longer relevant, and monitoring of the sites to inform where control measures need to be employed is of little value.



References

DECC 2008. Department of Environment and Climate Change (NSW). Hygiene protocol for the control of disease in frogs. Information Circular Number 6. DECC (NSW), Sydney South.

Kriger, K.M. & Hero, J.M. (2007). Large-scale seasonal variation in the prevalence and severity of chytridiomycosis. Journal of Zoology 271: 352-359.

Lend Lease (2014). Construction Flora and Fauna Management Sub-Plan: Oxley Highway to Kundabung. Prepared by Lend Lease for the Roads and Maritime Service, Sydney.

Lewis (2013). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kempsey Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy. Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

MacDonnell Dowell OHL JV (2014). Construction Flora and Fauna Management Sub-Plan: Kundabung to Kempsey. Prepared by MacDonnell Dowell OHL JV for the Roads and Maritime Service, Sydney.

Niche (2015a). Giant Barred Frog monitoring: 2015 Autumn survey — Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Report prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd.

Niche (2015b). Giant Barred Frog monitoring: Baseline Surveys – Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Report prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd.

Niche (2016). Giant Barred Frog monitoring: 2015/2016 – Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Report prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd.

Niche (2017). Giant Barred Frog monitoring: 2016/2017 – Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Report prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd.

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.

RMS (2018). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Upgrade Project Construction water quality monitoring report - 22 July 2017 to 29 March 2018. Roads and Maritime Services NSW.

Sutherland, W. (2006). Ecological Census Techniques: a Handbook, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.



Annex 1 – 2017/2018 data summary for each monitoring site

Cooperabung Creek impact site

Table 9: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Cooperabung Creek impact site

Date	Time	me		Water temp. °C	Humidity %	Stream depth (cm)	Wind (0-3, 0= no wind)	Cloud cover %	Rain (mm)
06/10/2017	Start	10:45:00 PM	17.7	17.8	73	20	0	40	0
06/10/2017	Finish	12:45:00 AM	17.6	17.8	76	20	0	60	0
30/01/2018	Start	1:35:00 AM	23	19	69	20	0	0	0
30/01/2018	Finish	3:38:00 AM	19.2	19	70	20	0	0	0
30/04/2018	Start	11:07:00 PM	17.7	18	81	40	0	40	0
30/04/2018	Finish	1:00:00 AM	18	18	80	20	0	50	0

Table 10: Habitat details: Cooperabung Creek impact site

Zone	OS %	Sh %	G %	LL %	BE %	Cattle	Pools	Riffles	DoP (cm)	FB	EF	Frogs detected*
5	60	85	90	50	10	No	1	1	40			
6	70	60	100	100	0	No	1	0	40			
7	50	20	100	95	0	No	1	0	50			2
8	85	65	50	50	50	No	1	1	20			2
9	100	60	80	80	20	No	1	0	20			
10	80	10	100	60	0	No	1	0	40			
4	70	5	100	100	0	No	1	0	40			3
3	90	10	100	95	0	No	2	1	20			1
2	90	20	100	95	0	No	1	0	20			2
1	95	20	100	95	0	No	1	0	20			

^{*}Two additional frogs were identified without locations. OS = overstorey cover, Sh = Shrub cover, G = Ground cover, LL = leaf litter cover, BE = bare earth, DoP = depth of deepest pool, FB = fence breach, EF = exotic fish

Table 11: Summary of captures: Cooperabung Creek impact site

	Spring 2017	Summer 2018	Autumn 2018
Number of frogs recorded	6	4	2
Number of adult males	3	1	0
Number of adult females	3	3	1
Number of sub-adults	0	0	1
Number of juveniles	0	0	0
Number of recaptures	3	2	0
Number of frogs with Chytrid/ swabbed	0/5	0/3	0/3

Habitat: Microhabitat within these zones included flood debris as overhang shelter, grass and leaf litter. Frogs were located on litter.



Smiths Creek impact site

Table 12: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Smiths Creek impact site

Date	Time		Air temp. °C	Water temp. °C	Humidity %	Stream depth (cm)	Wind (0- 3, 0= no wind)	Cloud cover %	Rain (mm)
06/10/2017	Start	7:10:00 PM	20.8	18.8	71	200	0	100	0
06/10/2017	Finish	10:20:00 PM	17.6	18.8	76	100	0	10	0
01/02/2018	Start	11:00:00 PM	21	20	70	10	0	90	0
01/02/2018	Finish	1:45:00 AM	21	20	70	40	0	60	0
26/04/2018	Start	6:00:00 PM	25.5	19	58	10	0	50	0
26/04/2018	Finish	8:47:00 PM	19.4	19	77	40	0	40	0

Table 13: Habitat details: Smiths Creek impact site

Zone	os %	Sh %	G %	LL %	BE %	Cattle	Pools	Riffles	DoP (cm)	FB	EF	Frogs detected*
1	70	5	90	95	10	No	1	0	200			5
2	95	45	95	95	5	No	1	1	200			8
3	95	95	50	50	60	No	1	0	200			3
4	45	50	90	90	5	No	1	0	200			2
5	90	90	100	95	0	No	1	0	200			
6	90	100	95	95	5	No	2	2	40			2
7	40	95	100	90	0	Yes	2	2	80			3
8	35	100	100	100	0	Yes	1	0	100			2
9	95	100	100	95	0	Yes	1	0	50			
10	80	10	10	10	90	Yes	1	0	50			

^{*}Twelve additional frogs were identified without locations. OS = overstorey cover, Sh = Shrub cover, G = Ground cover, LL = leaf litter cover, BE = bare earth, DoP = depth of deepest pool, FB = fence breach, EF = exotic fish

Table 14: Summary of captures: Smiths Creek impact site

	Spring 2017	Summer 2018	Autumn 2018
Number of frogs recorded	25	4	8
Number of adult males	13	2	1
Number of adult females	3	1	5
Number of sub-adults	3	1	0
Number of juveniles	0	0	1
Number of recaptures	5	2	1
Number of frogs with Chytrid/ swabbed	1/14	0/3	0/5

Habitat: Microhabitat within these zones included flood debris as overhang shelter, grass and leaf litter.



Pipers Creek impact site

Table 15: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Pipers Creek impact site

Date	Time		Air temp. °C	Water temp. °C	Humidity %	Stream depth (cm)	Wind (0- 3, 0= no wind)	Cloud cover %	Rain (mm)
05/10/2017	Start	9:46:00 PM	18.8	19.8	81	150	0	90	0
05/10/2017	Finish	11:10:00 PM	18.8	19.8	82	150	0	95	0
01/02/2018	Start	8:00:00 PM	23.1	19	70	15	1	90	1
01/02/2018	Finish	10:05:00 PM	20.9	19	70	10	0	95	0
30/04/2018	Start	8:22:00 PM	18.9	18	75	30	0	80	1
30/04/2018	Finish	10:40:00 PM	18.9	18	76	40	0	50	0

Table 16: Habitat details: Pipers Creek impact site

Zone	OS %	Sh %	G %	LL %	BE %	Cattle	Pools	Riffles	DoP (cm)	FB	EF	Frogs detected*
10	15	60	80	60	20	No	1	0	120			
9	95	5	90	85	10	Yes	2	1	40			1
8	85	15	60	20	50	Yes	2	0	50			
7	50	20	70	60	30	Yes	2	2	60			
6	30	100	100	100	0	No	1	0	50			
5	60	40	90	85	10	No	1	0	150			
4	85	30	95	80	5	No	1	0	120			
3	95	65	90	100	10	No	1	0	100			
2	95	80	100	100	0	No	1	0	120			
1	20	95	100	90	0	No	1	0	100			

OS = overstorey cover, Sh = Shrub cover, G = Ground cover, LL = leaf litter cover, BE = bare earth, DoP = depth of deepest pool, FB = fence breach, EF = exotic fish

Table 17: Summary of captures: Pipers Creek impact site

	Spring 2017	Summer 2018	Autumn 2018
Number of frogs recorded	1	0	0
Number of adult males	0	0	0
Number of adult females	0	0	0
Number of sub-adults	1	0	0
Number of juveniles	0	0	0
Number of recaptures	0	0	0
Number of frogs with Chytrid/ swabbed	0/1	0/0	0/0

Habitat: Microhabitat use included above and partially buried within leaf litter, and on bare ground.



Maria River impact site

Table 18: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Maria River impact site

Date	Time		Air temp. °C	Water temp. °C	Humidity %	Stream depth (cm)	Wind (0- 3, 0= no wind)	Cloud cover %	Rain (mm)
05/10/2017	Start	7:00:00 PM	23	19.8	71	80	0	80	0
05/10/2017	Finish	9:20:00 PM	19.1	19.8	79	110	0	90	0
31/01/2018	Start	8:00:00 PM	24.2	22	75	40	3	85	1
31/01/2018	Finish	12:30:00 AM	19	22	75	50	1	85	0
01/05/2018	Start	5:45:00 PM	20.8	18	60	30	0	30	0
01/05/2018	Finish	8:20:00 PM	17	18	60	30	0	50	0

Table 19: Habitat details: Maria River impact site

Zone	OS %	Sh %	G %	LL %	BE %	Cattle	Pools	Riffles	DoP (cm)	FB	EF	Frogs detected*
1	0	0	10	5	90	No	1	0	80			1
2	80	70	100	95	15	No	1	0	50			
3	90	10	60	90	35	No	2	2	20			
4	80	80	55	65	50	No	3	2	40			
5	25	30	90	85	25	No	2	1	100			4
6	90	40	95	95	2	No	1	1	100			1
7	20	0	10	20	90	No	1	0	100			6
8	95	100	100	100	0	No	1	0	100			6
9	60	5	50	45	50	Yes	2	1	100			2
10	95	100	100	100	0	No	1	0	100			5

^{*}Eight additional frogs were identified without locations. OS = overstorey cover, Sh = Shrub cover, G = Ground cover, LL = leaf litter cover, BE = bare earth, DoP = depth of deepest pool, FB = fence breach, EF = exotic fish

Table 20: Summary of captures: Maria River impact site

	Spring 2017	Summer 2018	Autumn 2018
Number of frogs recorded	18	14	1
Number of adult males	5	4	0
Number of adult females	10	9	1
Number of sub-adults	2	0	0
Number of juveniles	0	1	0
Number of recaptures	3	4	1
Number of frogs with Chytrid/ swabbed	0/11	0/11	0/1

Habitat: Microhabitat within these zones included flood debris as overhang shelter, grass and leaf litter. Lantana is very abundant along both side of the river banks and is the dominant vegetation from MIz1 to MIz5.



Cooperabung Creek reference site

Table 21: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Cooperabung Creek reference site

Date	Time		Air temp. °C	Water temp. °C	Humidity %	Stream depth (cm)	Wind (0- 3, 0= no wind)	Cloud cover %	Rain (mm)
04/10/2017	Start	11:32:00 PM	16.9	18.4	65	20	0	40	0
04/10/2017	Finish	1:00:00 AM	16.9	18	73	40	0	60	0
31/01/2018	Start	1:20:00 AM	20.5	20	66	20	1	90	0
31/01/2018	Finish	3:15:00 AM	19.4	20	68	20	0	80	0
30/04/2018	Start	6:13:00 PM	19.2	19	65	30	0	60	0
30/04/2018	Finish	8:02:00 PM	18.9	19	70	30	0	70	0

Table 22: Habitat details: Cooperabung Creek reference site

Zone	OS %	Sh %	G %	LL %	BE %	Cattle	Pools	Riffles	DoP (cm)	FB	EF	Frogs detected*
1	15	10	95	80	5	No	1	1	20			1
2	85	20	90	85	5	Yes	3	2	10			
3	30	5	60	70	20	Yes	3	2	30			1
4	80	15	75	60	40	Yes	3	2	10			
5	95	30	90	80	20	No	2	3	10			1
6	60	10	95	75	10	No	2	2	20			
7	80	5	80	60	20	Yes	2	2	15			
8	15	5	60	30	25	Yes	2	3	25			1
9	90	40	95	85	5	No	2	2	50			2
10	95	10	100	90	0	No	3	2	40			

OS = overstorey cover, Sh = Shrub cover, G = Ground cover, LL = leaf litter cover, BE = bare earth, DoP = depth of deepest pool, FB = fence breach, EF = exotic fish

Table 23: Summary of captures: Cooperabung Creek reference site

	Spring 2017	Summer 2018	Autumn 2018
Number of frogs recorded	3	2	1
Number of adult males	0	1	0
Number of adult females	3	1	0
Number of sub-adults	0	0	0
Number of juveniles	0	0	1
Number of recaptures	1	1	0
Number of frogs with Chytrid/ swabbed	0/4	0/1	0/1

Habitat: Microhabitat found being used included above and partially buried within leaf litter (some of which included Lomandra shelters) and on rock.



Pipers Creek reference site

Table 24: Summary of surveys and prevailing abiotic variables: Pipers Creek reference site

Date	Time		Air temp. °C	Water temp. °C	Humidity %	Stream depth (cm)	Wind (0- 3, 0= no wind)	Cloud cover %	Rain (mm)
04/10/2017	Start	7:13:00 PM	22.9	18.4	62	10	0	40	0
04/10/2017	Finish	10:40:00 PM	18.9	18.4	71	40	0	20	0
30/01/2018	Start	8:05:00 PM	28.4	18	84	10	0	0	1
30/01/2018	Finish	12:30:00 AM	21.7	18	84	30	0	0	0
01/05/2018	Start	9:15:00 PM	17.9	16	68	10	0	70	0
01/05/2018	Finish	12:30:00 AM	15.5	16	75	20	0	70	0

Table 25: Habitat details: Pipers Creek reference site

Zone	os %	Sh %	G %	LL %	BE %	Cattle	Pools	Riffles	DoP (cm)	FB	EF	Frogs detected*
5	40	20	90	30	5	No	1	2	40			2
4	60	25	95	40	5	No	2	2	20			4
3	90	15	85	45	10	No	3	2	40			7
2	85	40	90	40	5	No	2	2	60			2
1	90	20	80	55	10	No	2	1	40			7
6	95	30	95	65	5	No	1	1	40			3
7	95	65	85	75	15	No	2	1	25			7
8	90	10	90	85	5	No	2	1	45			3
9	95	60	100	95	0	No	2	2	20			
10	80	20	100	100	0	No	2	1	40			

^{*}Twelve additional frogs were identified without locations. OS = overstorey cover, Sh = Shrub cover, G = Ground cover, LL = leaf litter cover, BE = bare earth, DoP = depth of deepest pool, FB = fence breach, EF = exotic fish

Table 26: Summary of captures: Pipers Creek reference site

	Spring 2017	Summer 2018	Autumn 2018
Number of frogs recorded	23	20	4
Number of adult males	9	12	0
Number of adult females	7	5	2
Number of sub-adults	6	0	0
Number of juveniles	0	1	2
Number of recaptures	9	8	1
Number of frogs with Chytrid/ swabbed	0/16	0/17	0/3

Habitat: Microhabitat within these zones included above, partially buried and completely buried within leaf litter, sheltering under Lomandra, and within holes in the bank.



Annex 2 - Giant Barred Frog individual capture data

L = length (mm); W = weight (g); DW = distance to water (m); S = swabbed for Chytrid fungus; Z = Zone; I = impact; U = unknown; M = male; F = female; J = juvenile

	Location	Season	Sex	Age	Reproductive Status	L	W	DW	Pit_Tag_Co	First Time Capture/Recapture	S	Z	Activity	Microhabitat
1	Cooperabung Ck	Autumn	U	SA	n/a	65	55	1	00079FFFF1	First time	Υ	4	sitting	woody debris
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Autumn	F	Adult	non-gravid	92	150	4	00079EA4D8	First time	Υ	2	sitting	base of tree
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	М	Adult	no nuptials	68.0	53.0	6.0	0007A3D445	First time	Υ		sitting	on litter
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	М	Adult	no nuptials	79.0	79	4.0	0007A3D360	First time	Υ	4	sitting	on soil on bank
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	99.0	138.0	10.0	00079206F9	First time	Υ	7	sitting	Grass and leaf litter
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	M?	Adult	light nuptials	69.0	55	1.0	00079205FF	Recapture	Υ	8	sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	F	Adult	moderatley gravid	88.0	130.0	2.0	000791E8C5	Recapture	Υ	8	sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	96.0	145	10.0	00077E808F	Recapture	Υ	4	sitting	under lomandra
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Summer	F	Adult	moderatley gravid	88		5	0007A3C81C	First time	Υ	2	sitting	clearing
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Summer	М	Adult						Not captured		3	calling	
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Summer	F	Adult	gravid	102		6	00007A3B78C	Recapture	Υ		sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Cooperabung Ck	Summer	F	Adult	gravid	98		3	00079206F9	Recapture	Υ	7	sitting	on rocks
R	Cooperabung Ck	Autumn	Juv	Juv		49	25	2	too small	First time	Υ	8	jumping	grass
R	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	80	90	2	0007A3AC9A	First time	Υ	5	sitting	on leaf litter
R	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	99.1	170	2	00076345D6	First time	Υ	9	sitting	on leaf litter
R	Cooperabung Ck	Spring	F	Adult	moderatley gravid	93.1	130	6	000763550A	Recapture	Υ	1	sitting	in grass
R	Cooperabung Ck	Summer	М	Adult	non-gravid	92	115	4	00077E7E2D	Recapture		9	sitting	leaf litter
R	Cooperabung Ck	Summer	F	Adult	no nuptials			1	escape	Escaped	N	3	swimming	creek
- 1	Maria River	Autumn	F	Adult	non-gravid	97	140	4	0007AI021C	Recapture	Υ	7	sitting	leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	М	Adult	dark nuptials	62	64	2	000763528D	First time	Υ		sitting	on leaf litter/ under sticks
- 1	Maria River	Spring	М	Adult	light nuptials	65	61	5	000791RB9C	First time	Υ		sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult	moderatley gravid	110	170	3	0007A3C58C	First time	Υ	10	buried	in leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	М	Adult	no nuptials	68	88	5	0007635877	First time	Υ		sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	95	120	5	0007926104	First time	Υ	10	sitting	log
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	97	130	5	000791E94F	First time	Υ	10	sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	90	130	3	000791EBE3	First time	Υ	9	buried	under leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	U	SA		65	58	3	000791EA9B	First time	Υ	10	sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	M?	Adult	no nuptials	68	60	2	00077E6BEA	Recapture	Υ	8	sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	90	140	10	00077E7F84	Recapture	Υ	10	sitting	on leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	93	130	4	000791E955	Recapture	Υ		sitting	on dirt
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult						Not captured	N		sitting	in hole
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult						Not captured	N		sitting	steep bank
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult				2		Not captured	N	9	buried	under leaf litter
- 1	Maria River	Spring	F	Adult				2		Not captured	N	5	sitting	base of tree
- 1	Maria River	Spring	U	SA				0.5		Not captured	N	5	sitting	on dirt
- 1	Maria River	Spring	M?	Adult				1.5		Not captured	N	5	sitting	on dirt



leaf litter leaf ualfer leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter
leaf ualfer leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter
leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter
leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter
leaf litter leaf litter leaf litter
leaf litter leaf litter
leaf litter
leaf litter
under lomandra
leaf litter
leaf litter
leaf litter
lantana, lomandra, wood debris
base of tree
bare ground
edge, flood debris
on log
leaf litter
under lomandra
leaf litter
leaf litter
on debris
In lomandra
leaf litter
leaf litter
open ground
lomandra
on bank
leaf litter
leaf litter
leaf litter
open ground
on mossy bank
under lomandra
leaf litter
under lomandra
leaf litter
icai iittei



	Location	Season	Sex	Age	Reproductive Status	L	W	DW	Pit_Tag_Co	First Time Capture/Recapture	S	Z	Activity	Microhabitat
R	Pipers Ck	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	89.5	125	1	00077E6D03	Recapture	Υ	7	sitting	under leaf litter
3	Pipers Ck	Spring	F	Adult	slightly gravid	90	140	1	0007633E02	Recapture	Υ	7	sitting	under leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Spring	M	Adult	no nuptials					Not captured	N		buried	under leaf litter
3	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	dark nuptials	67		3	0007A3DF2B	First time	Υ	3	jumping	leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	F	Adult	Gravid	93		0.5	0007A2F5D0	First time	Υ	5	jumping	lomandra
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	73		1	0007A3A948	First time	Υ	2	sitting	lomandra
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	73		0.5	0007A39BC4	First time	Υ	5	sitting	open ground
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	mod. Nuptials	68		3.5	000792060E1	First time	Υ	3	sitting	leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	F	Adult	moderatley gravid	92		2	0007A3F08B	First time	Υ	4	sitting	leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	F	Adult	moderatley gravid	77		0.5	0007A3AF73	First time	Υ	7	sitting	under lomandra
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	F	Adult	slightly gravid	72		1.5	0007A3FE00	First time	Υ	2	sitting	leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult		70		0.5	00079FF851	First time	Υ	5	sitting	lomandra
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	U	Juv		37		1	too small	First time	Υ	6	sitting	lomandra
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	75		2.5	00077E7D76	Recapture	Υ	2	sitting	ground
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	67		2	0007A0138D	Recapture	Υ	2	sitting	leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	74		2	900118001375092	Recapture	Υ	3	jumping	ground
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	76		1.5	00079206C4	Recapture	Υ	5	sitting	under lomandra
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	62		4	0007922E21	Recapture	Υ	5	sitting	litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	light nuptials	77		1	000791EBA3	Recapture	Υ	6	sitting	bank
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult	no nuptials	76		1.5	900118001372640	Recapture	Υ	8	sitting	leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	F	Adult	slightly gravid	83		3	900118001373646	Recapture	Υ	7	sitting	leaf litter
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	U	Adult				1		Not captured	N	4	sitting	open ground
R	Pipers Ck	Summer	M	Adult				2	escape	Escaped	N	1	calling	under leaf litter
I	Smiths Ck	Autumn	M	Adult	light nuptials	87	122	6	0007A0E288	First time	Υ	2	sitting	leaf litter
I	Smiths Ck	Autumn	Juv	Juv	n/a	41	20	4	too small	First time	Υ	3	sitting	In log
ı	Smiths Ck	Autumn	U	Adult	no nuptials	76	70	5	0007A0CE0B	First time	Υ	3	sitting	leaf litter
l l	Smiths Ck	Autumn	F	Adult	non-gravid	84	145	3.5	0007A09A12	First time	Υ	4	sitting	leaf litter
I	Smiths Ck	Autumn	F	Adult	non-gravid	87	115	2.5	000763552D	First time	Υ	2	sitting	leaf litter
I	Smiths Ck	Autumn	F	Adult	non-gravid	88	124	3.5	0007A10A88	First time	Υ	2	sitting	leaf litter
l l	Smiths Ck	Autumn	F	Adult				0.5		Not captured	N	6	sitting	bare ground
l l	Smiths Ck	Autumn	F	Adult	non-gravid	93	169	2.5	0007D1E29B	Recapture	Υ	8	sitting	bare ground
I	Smiths Ck	Spring	M	Adult	dark nuptials	70	62	4	00077E8024	First time	Υ		sitting	on litter
I	Smiths Ck	Spring	M	Adult	light nuptials	69.0	48	2.0	0007A3AF91	First time	Υ	3	buried	undel leaf litter
ı	Smiths Ck	Spring	F	Adult	moderatley gravid	103	145	10	0007634726	First time	Υ		sitting	grass and leaf litter
	Smiths Ck	Spring	M?	Adult	no nuptials	66	50	2.5	0007A3D61A	First time	N	7	sitting	on leaf litter
ı	Smiths Ck	Spring	M	Adult	no nuptials	85	94	5	000791EC29	First time	Υ		sitting	on litter
ı	Smiths Ck	Spring	F?	Adult	slightly gravid	98	86	9	0007A2F5CD	First time	Υ		sitting	on litter
I	Smiths Ck	Spring	U							First time	Υ	1	sitting	on litter
I	Smiths Ck	Spring	U	SA		62	40	5	0007834B16	First time	Υ		sitting	on litter in tree buttress
	Smiths Ck	Spring	U	SA		68	58	13.0	0007A01C1A	First time	Υ		sitting	litter base of tree



	Location	Season	Sex	Age	Reproductive Status	L	W	DW	Pit_Tag_Co	First Time Capture/Recapture	S	Z	Activity	Microhabitat
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	U	SA	01000	66	48	5	0007A3C780	First time	Υ		sitting	on log
- 1	Smiths Ck	Spring	М	Adult	dark nuptials	81	86.0	7.0	0007A3C879	Recapture	Υ	2	sitting	on litter base of tree
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	М	Adult	light nuptials	70.0	40	11.0	00077E6A31	Recapture	Υ	2	sitting	on leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	M?	Adult	light nuptials	68	49	4.0	0007634E98	Recapture	Υ	7	sitting	on leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	М	Adult	no nuptials	72	80	15	000763394C	Recapture	Υ	2	sitting	on leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	M?	Adult	no nuptials	67	50	5.0	0007A0F7D7	Recapture	Υ	6	sitting	on leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	U							Not captured				
ı	Smiths Ck	Spring	M?	Adult	light nuptials	61.0	40.0	12.0		Not captured	Υ	1	sitting	on leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	М	Adult	light nuptials	67.0	50.0	5.0		Not captured	Υ	1	sitting	on leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	М	Adult						Not captured		2	calling	buried
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	М	Adult				3.0		Not captured	Υ		sitting	on ground
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	F	Adult				10.0		Not captured	Υ		sitting	on ground
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	U	Adult				2.0		Not captured		4	buried	under litter
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	U	Adult				2.0		Not captured	N	7	jumping	under logs
I	Smiths Ck	Spring	U					8		Not captured	N		sitting	on litter base of tree
1	Smiths Ck	Spring	U	Adult		66	50	3	not marked	First time	Υ		sitting	on litter
1	Smiths Ck	Summer	М	Adult	no nuptials	82	87	5	0007D23D8C	First time	Υ	2	sitting	tree base
1	Smiths Ck	Summer	М	Adult	no nuptials	80	85	2	0007A3C879	Recapture	Υ	1	half buried	leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Summer	F	Adult	no nuptials	87	103	20	0007634EE6	Recapture	Υ	8	sitting	leaf litter
1	Smiths Ck	Summer	U	SA				1.5		Not captured		1	sitting	on log



Annex 3 - Water Quality data (extracted from RMS 2018)



Table 27: Triggered water quality parameters: Cooperabung Creek

Parameter	ANZECC trigger value	Median DS (US 20 th % - 80 th %)							
		Aug 17	Sept 17	Oct 17	Nov 17	Dec 17	Jan 18	Feb 18	Mar 18
Temperature °C	NA	13.4 (15.0-20.8)	14.6 (15.4-20.8)			23.7 (15.6-22.7)	23.8 (15.6-23.6)		
Electrical Conductivity uS/cm	125 – 2200		299 (188.0-248.4)	333 (188.0-256.6)	371 (188.0-287.8)	356 (188.0-305.2)		488 (200.2-321.8)	371.5 (201.0-321.8)
Dissolved oxygen %	85 – 110								
рН	6.5 – 8								
Turbidity (NTU)	6 – 50	7 (8.5-17.5)			48 (8.9-18.7)	<mark>47</mark> (8.9-17.7)	8 (8.4-16.4)	21.9 (9.2-21.7)	57.8 (9.2-27.6)
Total suspended solids mg/L	-				14 (5-8)	11 (5-7)			18 (5-7)
Aluminium mg/L	0.055	0.02 (0.03-0.24)	0.01 (0.03-0.24)	0.01 (0.03-0.19)					
Arsenic mg/L	0.024								
Cadmium mg/L	0.0002								
Chromium mg/L	0.001								
Copper mg/L	0.0014								
Iron mg/L	ID		0.14 (0.37-0.71)	0.14 (0.37-0.82)				0.20 (0.37-0.98)	0.35 (0.37-0.98)
Lead mg/L	0.0034								
Manganese mg/L	1.9	0.150 (0.024-0.117)	0.156 (0.024-0.117)	0.226 (0.027-0.187)		0.336 (0.033-0.270)	0.322 (0.033-0.310)	0.770 (0.033-0.310)	0.454 (0.033-0.310)
Mercury mg/L	0.0006								
Nickel mg/L	0.011								
Silver mg/L									
Zinc mg/L	0.008								
Total nitrogen mg/L	0.5	0.1 (0.2-0.5)	0.1 (0.2-0.5)						1.2 (0.2-0.4)
Total phosphorus mg/L	0.05		0.09 (0.01-0.02)						

Values in black = $< 20^{th}$ % Values in red = $> 80^{th}$ % Shaded cells = outside/above ANZECC trigger



Table 28: Triggered water quality parameters: Smiths Creek

Parameter	ANZECC trigger value	Median DS (US 20 th % - 80 th %)							
		Aug 17	Sept 17	Oct 17	Nov 17	Dec 17	Jan 18	Feb 18	Mar 18
Temperature °C	NA	10.9 (14.6-23.9)	13.4 (14.1-23.8)			21.9 (14.1-21.5)	25.2 (14.1-22.9)		
Electrical Conductivity uS/cm	125 – 2200				326 (190.2-280.2)	511 (179.6-267.2)	270 (200.2-265.6)	642 (212.2-300.4)	
Dissolved oxygen %	85 – 110	<mark>92</mark> (17.0-84.0)						29.2 (33.3-81.9)	16.9 (31.7-81.7)
рН	6.5 – 8		7.3 (6.9-7.2)			6.8 (6.9-7.3)			
Turbidity (NTU)	6 – 50	9 (11.7-26.5)		8 (11.5-22.5)	33 (11.5-20.9)	16 (10.3-17.8)	<mark>26</mark> (10.3-20.2)	28.2 (10.3-20.8)	
Total suspended solids mg/L	-				16 (5-8)	12 (5-7)	11 (5-9)	12 (5-9)	<mark>16</mark> (5-11)
Aluminium mg/L	0.055					0.01 (0.02-0.12)			
Arsenic mg/L	0.024								0.002 (0.001-0.001)
Cadmium mg/L	0.0002								
Chromium mg/L	0.001								
Copper mg/L	0.0014				0.002 (0.001-0.001)				
Iron mg/L	ID						1.88 (0.38-1.31)		2.02 (0.38-1.14)
Lead mg/L	0.0034								
Manganese mg/L	1.9			0.319 (0.012- 0.224)	0.269 (0.012-0.268)		0.824 (0.012-0.734)	0.875 (0.012-0.499)	0.468 (0.012-0.391)
Mercury mg/L	0.0006								
Nickel mg/L	0.011								
Silver mg/L									
Zinc mg/L	0.008				0.010 (0.005-0.008)		0.008 (0.005-0.007)	0.008 (0.005-0.007)	0.011 (0.005-0.008)
Total nitrogen mg/L	0.5	0.1 (0.2-0.7)	0.1 (0.2-0.6)				0.6 (0.2-0.5)		
Total phosphorus mg/L	0.05								

Values in black = $< 20^{th}$ % Values in red = $> 80^{th}$ % Shaded cells = outside/above ANZECC trigger



Table 29: Triggered water quality parameters: Pipers Creek

Parameter	ANZECC trigger value	Median DS (US 20 th % - 80 th %)							
		Aug 17	Sept 17	Oct 17	Nov 17	Dec 17	Jan 18	Feb 18	Mar 18
Temperature °C	NA	10.9 (14.4-24.1)	13.1 (13.4-23.8)			22.5 (13.4-21.6)	24.9 (13.4-23.1)		
Electrical Conductivity uS/cm	125 – 2200						254 (254.6-404.4)	441 (273.0-430.2)	
Dissolved oxygen %	85 – 110								
рН	6.5 – 8								7.5 (6.9-7.4)
Turbidity (NTU)	6 – 50		7 (11.8-36.9)	9 (11.1-29.6)					77.7 (11.2-28.8)
Total suspended solids mg/L	-				18 (5-8)		12 (5-9)		<mark>17</mark> (5-12)
Aluminium mg/L	0.055		0.01 (0.02-0.16)				0.24 (0.02-0.16)		
Arsenic mg/L	0.024				0.002 (0.001-0.001)				
Cadmium mg/L	0.0002								
Chromium mg/L	0.001					0.003 (0.001-0.001)			
Copper mg/L	0.0014								
Iron mg/L	ID		0.14 (0.35-0.64)						0.36 (0.43-0.69)
Lead mg/L	0.0034								
Manganese mg/L	1.9					0.339 (0.036-0.328)			
Mercury mg/L	0.0006								
Nickel mg/L	0.011								0.002 (0.001-0.001)
Silver mg/L									
Zinc mg/L	0.008			0.019 (0.005-0.010)					0.021 (0.005-0.010)
Total nitrogen mg/L	0.5	0.2 (0.3-0.7)	0.1 (0.3-0.7)	0.2 (0.3-0.6)			0.8 (0.3-0.7)		
Total phosphorus mg/L	0.05					0.03 (0.01-0.02)	0.03 (0.01-0.02)		

Values in black = $< 20^{th}$ % Values in red = $> 80^{th}$ % Shaded cells = outside/above ANZECC trigger



Table 30: Triggered water quality parameters: Maria River

Parameter	ANZECC trigger value	Median DS (US 20 th % - 80 th %)							
		Aug 17	Sept 17	Oct 17	Nov 17	Dec 17	Jan 18	Feb 18	Mar 18
Temperature °C	NA	11.3 (14.8-24.2)	12.7 (13.9-24.0)			22.7 (13.9-22.2)	24.3 (13.9-22.4)	23.8 (13.9-23.6)	
Electrical Conductivity uS/cm	125 – 2200	<mark>290</mark> (192.0-274.0)	275 (192.0-274.0)	289 (192.0-279.4)	411 (220.2-356.6)		209 (212.6-412.8)	431 (204.8-412.8)	
Dissolved oxygen %	85 – 110	44 (15.9-43.2)				25 (29.4-73.0)	27 (27.1-70.5)	15.9 (25.0-70.5)	13.8 (27.1-70.5)
рН	6.5 – 8								<mark>7.4</mark> (6.6-7.3)
Turbidity (NTU)	6 – 50	11 (12.5-42.0)	9 (11.7-42.0)						8.2 (12.1-30.9)
Total suspended solids mg/L	-								
Aluminium mg/L	0.055				0.02 (0.03-0.26)	0.01 (0.02-0.26)			0.02 (0.04-0.32)
Arsenic mg/L	0.024								0.002 (0.001-0.001)
Cadmium mg/L	0.0002								
Chromium mg/L	0.001							0.004 (0.001-0.001)	
Copper mg/L	0.0014						0.002 (0.001-0.001)		
Iron mg/L	ID				0.27 (0.56-1.39)	0.43 (0.56-1.39)			
Lead mg/L	0.0034								
Manganese mg/L	1.9			0.301 (0.079-0.253)		0.336 (0.076-0.238)		0.350 (0.076-0.224)	0.302 (0.076-0.208)
Mercury mg/L	0.0006								
Nickel mg/L	0.011		0.002 (0.001-0.001)	0.002 (0.001-0.001)			0.002 (0.001-0.001)		
Silver mg/L									
Zinc mg/L	0.008		0.029 (0.005-0.008)		0.009 (0.005-0.008)		0.036 (0.005-0.009)		0.025 (0.005-0.009)
Total nitrogen mg/L	0.5		0.3 (0.5-0.9)		0.3 (0.5-0.8)	0.3 (0.5-0.7)		0.3 (0.5-0.8)	
Total phosphorus mg/L	0.05		0.08 (0.02-0.05)		0.01 (0.02-0.05)				

Values in black = < 20th % Values in red = > 80th % Shaded cells = outside/above ANZECC trigger



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box W36 Parramatta NSW 2150 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix D Squirrel Glider	





Squirrel Glider Monitoring 2018

Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services

September 2018

Document control

Project no.: 1702

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Squirrel Glider Monitoring 2018 Report

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Jodie Danvers

Internal review: Radika Michniewicz and Amanda Griffith

Document status: R0

Local Government Area: Kempsey and Port Macquarie Hastings

Document revision status

Author	Revision number	Internal review	Date issued
Jodie Danvers	D0	Radika	21/08/2018
		Michniewicz	
Jodie Danvers	D1	Amanda Griffith	10/09/2018
Radika	R0		11/09/2018
Michniewicz			

Niche Environment and Heritage

Excellence in your environment.

ABN: 19 137 111 721

Head Office

Level 1, 460 Church Street Parramatta NSW 2150 All mail correspondence to:

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW 1750

Phone: **02 9630 5658** Email: **info@niche-eh.com**

Locations

Sydney

Central Coast

Illawarra Armidale Newcastle

Mudgee

Port Macquarie

Brisbane Cairns

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2018

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian Copyright Act 1968, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Squirrel Glider in Ballengara State Forest

Executive summary

Context

This report documents findings for the 2018 monitoring period, the first of three monitoring periods for the Squirrel Glider (*Petaurus norfolcensis*), as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway upgrade project (the Project) and specified in the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP, RMS 2016). The NSW Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) is required to manage and monitor the effectiveness of biodiversity mitigation measures implemented as part of the Project. The Squirrel Glider is one of the threatened species identified as requiring monitoring during the operational phase of the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway Upgrade.

Aim

The aim of the Squirrel Glider monitoring program is to determine whether the Project is meeting the performance indicators for the species, and provide corrective actions where required.

Method

Monitoring sites were established in four broad areas. Each site consisted of an impact site with a paired control site. Surveys were undertaken in accordance with the EMP and involved arboreal trapping for four consecutive nights using 20 Elliot B traps deployed at each control and impact site over approximately two hectares of habitat. Traps were baited with a mixture of oats, honey and peanut butter.

Key Results

No Squirrel Gliders were recorded during the 2018 monitoring. Species recorded included the Black Rat (*Rattus rattus*), Bush Rat (*Rattus Fuscipes*) and Brown Antechinus (*Antechinus stuartii*).

Conclusion

Monitoring was undertaken after completion of the Project at both impact and monitoring sites and capture results revealed no difference between impact and control sites (no captures). All performance measures have been met for the 2018 monitoring period.

Management implications

Given that no Squirrel Gliders have been previously recorded within the Project area and monitoring to date has also been unsuccessful at detecting this species, there are no recommendations based on the outcomes of the 2018 monitoring period.



Table of Contents

Exe	cutive s	ummary	ii					
1.	Introd	Introduction						
	1.1	Context	. 1					
	1.2	Performance Measures	. 1					
	1.3	Monitoring Timing	. 1					
	1.4	Reporting	. 2					
	1.5	Limitations	. 2					
2.	Metho	odology	3					
	2.1	Monitoring Sites	. 3					
	2.2	Survey Method	. 3					
	2.3	Analysis	. 3					
3.	Result	S	9					
	3.1	Timing and Conditions	. 9					
	3.2	Trapping Results	. 9					
	3.3	Additional Data	10					
4.	Discus	sion	11					
	4.1	Performance Measures	11					
5.	Recon	nmendations	12					
	5.1	Contingency Measures/Recommendations	12					
Ref	erences		13					
Lis	t of Fig	jures						
Figu	ıre 1: O	verview of Monitoring Sites	. 4					
Figu	ıre 2: Ca	airncross Sate Forest: Site 1 trap locations	. 5					
Figu	ıre 3: Ba	allengarra State Forest South: Site 2 trap locations	. 6					
Figu	ıre 4: Ba	allengarra State Forest North: Site 3 trap locations	. 7					
Figu	ıre 5: M	aria River State Forest: Site 4 trap locations	. 8					



List of Tables

Table 1: Weather conditions 2018	. 9
Table 2: 2018 arboreal trapping results.	. 9
Table 3: Capture summary	10
Table 4: Summary of performance measures for the 2018 monitoring period.	11



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1995* (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project. The Squirrel Glider (*Petaurus norfolcensis*) was one threatened species identified as requiring monitoring following the completion of the Project's construction, during the operational phase.

1.1.1 Legal Status

The Squirrel Glider is listed as vulnerable under the New South Wales *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act). Monitoring of the species is required under the Project's approval.

1.1.2 Monitoring Framework

The survey design, methodology and performance indicators that define the Squirrel Glider monitoring program are specified in the EMP. The EMP requires monitoring of the Squirrel Glider on three occasions in total: between April and August in Years 4, 6 and 8, after the completion of construction. This represents the first of the three monitoring periods – year 4, winter 2018.

1.1.3 Baseline Data

While the EMP notes that the Squirrel Glider has not been identified within the Project area, the environmental assessment considered the species as highly likely to occur in the area (GHD 2010, GHD 2011). Baseline surveys (not required by the EMP) were undertaken by Niche in autumn 2014 (Niche 2015). No Squirrel Gliders were recorded during those baseline surveys.

1.1.4 Purpose of this Report

This report details the findings obtained from the first monitoring period for the Squirrel Glider. The aims of this report are to summarise the methods and results of the 2018 monitoring and determine if performance measures have been met, as per the EMP.

1.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the following performance measures for the Squirrel Glider:

- Monitoring is undertaken after the construction of the upgrade.
- Monitoring is undertaken at Impact and Control sites.
- There is no significant difference between in presence of Squirrel Glider between Impact and Control sites during the operation phase of the Project.

1.3 Monitoring Timing

Monitoring is to occur annually between April and August, ideally in gaps in flowering resource availability.



1.4 Reporting

As per the EMP, the annual reporting of monitoring results will include:

- Detailed description of monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring period.
- Discussion of results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any
 modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are required
 and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the Department of Planning and Environment and the Environment Protection Authority.

1.5 Limitations

The performance measure specifies: "no significant difference between in presence of Squirrel Glider between Impact and Control sites during the operation phase of the Project". Undertaking statistical analysis of trapping results to determine a statistically significant difference between control and impact sites would require a high trapping success rate to achieve reasonable sample sizes and sufficient statistical power. In the absence of high trapping success, statistical analyses cannot be undertaken.



2. Methodology

2.1 Monitoring Sites

Monitoring sites were established within four broad areas containing Moist Slopes Forest and Dry Ridgetop Forest habitat, where the species was considered likely to occur (GHD 2010, GHD 2011). They included:

Cairncross State Forest: Site 1

Ballengarra State Forest South: Site 2Ballengarra State Forest North: Site 3

Maria River State Forest: Site 4

Each site consisted of an impact site and a paired control site. Control sites were located a minimum of 500 metres to one kilometre, where access permitted, from the paired impact site within continuous vegetation. Trap locations are shown in Figure 1 - Figure 5.

2.2 Survey Method

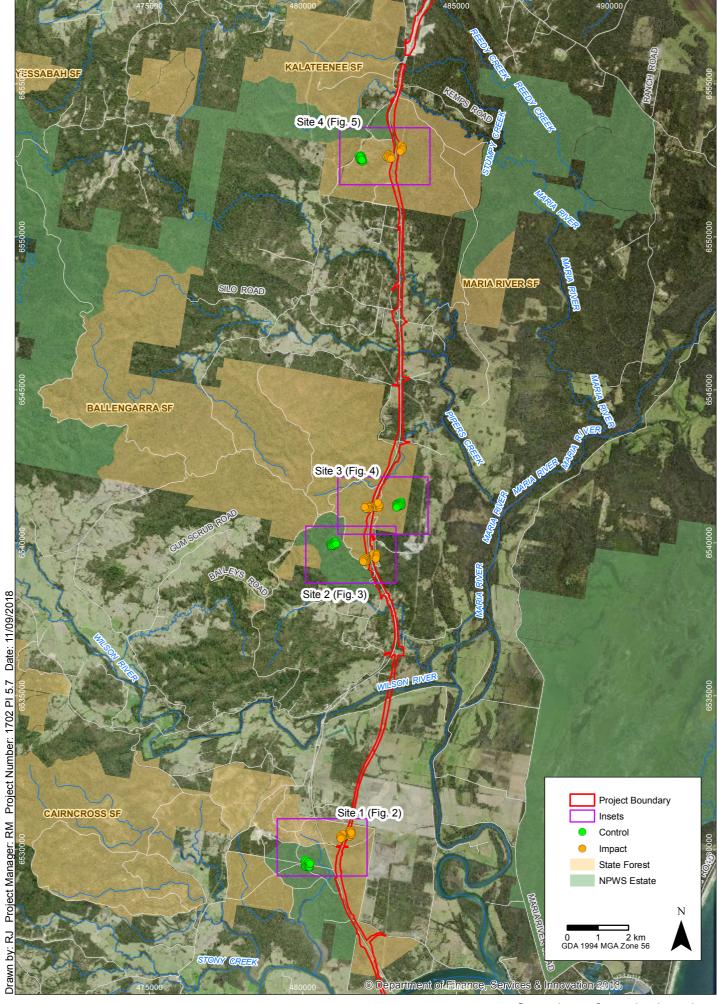
In accordance with the EMP, arboreal trapping was undertaken using a grid configuration of 20 tree-mounted Elliot B traps distributed over approximately two hectares of habitat for four consecutive nights at each control and each impact site. At impact sites, 10 traps were deployed on either side of the carriageway. Traps were positioned on brackets and installed approximately two to three metres above the ground on a range of mature canopy species and baited with a mixture of oats, peanut butter and honey. The host tree was sprayed with a mixture of honey water above the trap as an additional attractant. Traps were checked each morning and bait was replaced as necessary.

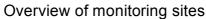
The following details were recorded for any captured fauna where this could be determined with minimal animal handling:

- Trap location
- Sex
- Age class
- Mass
- Breeding condition.

2.3 Analysis

Monitoring results were analysed in accordance with the performance indicators specified within the EMP. However, as discussed in Section 1.5, undertaking statistical analysis of trapping results to determine a statistically significant difference between control and impact sites requires a relatively high trapping success rate to achieve reasonable sample sizes and sufficient statistical power. Trapping success was not sufficient during the current surveys to allow for such analysis. As such, trapping results are presented as capture numbers in this instance.





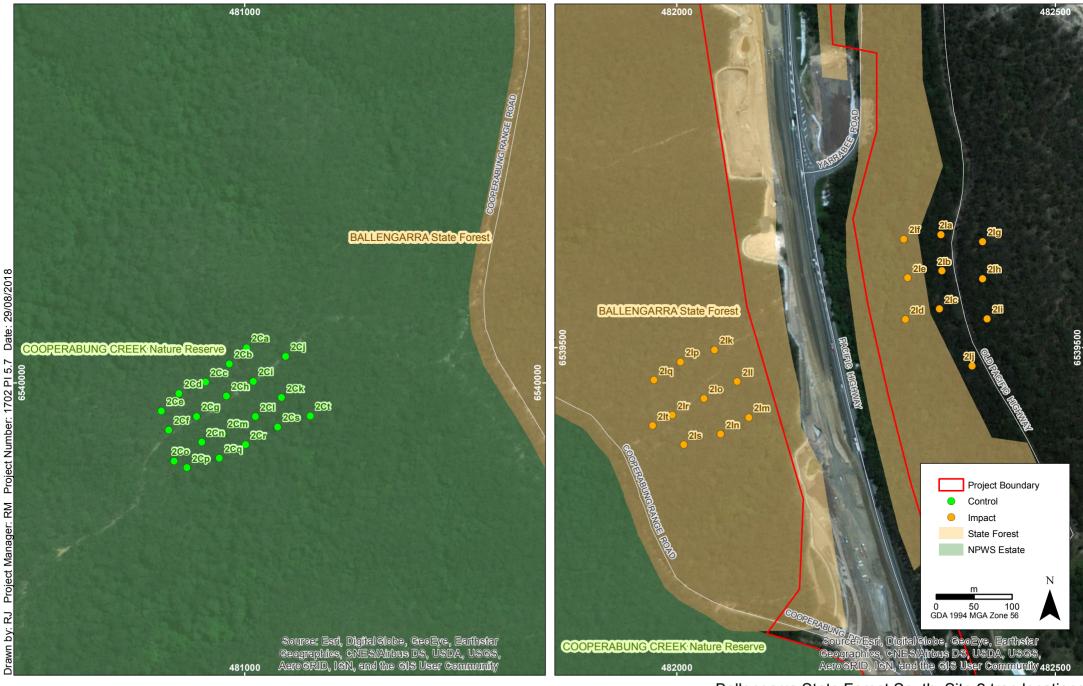
Squirrel Glider Monitoring: Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey





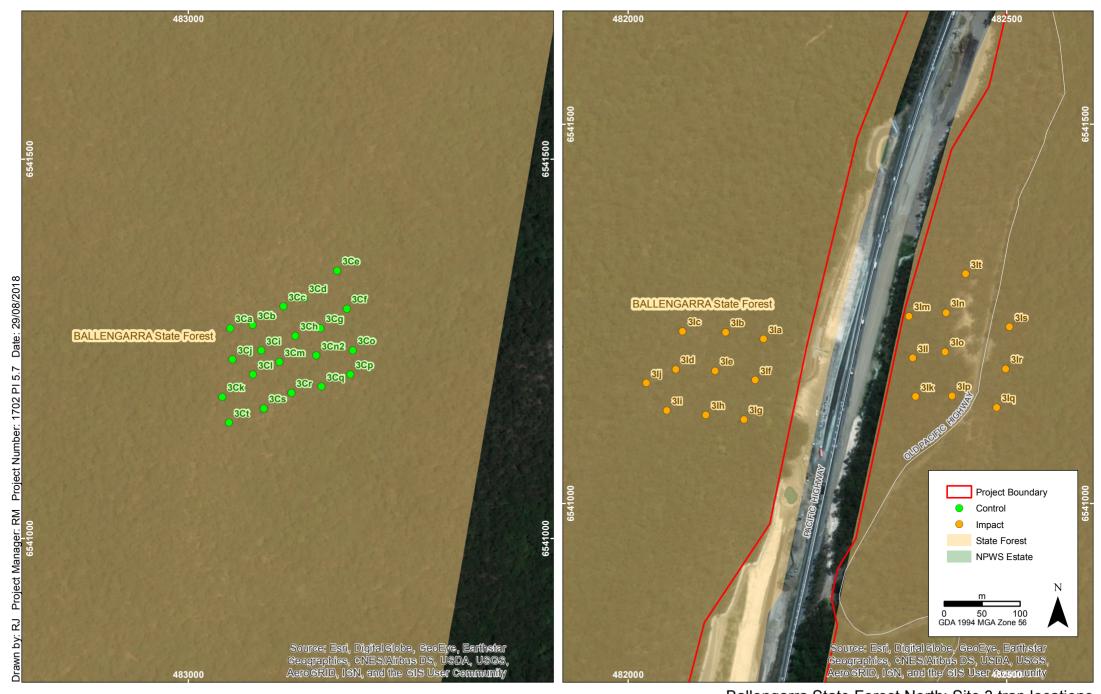


Squirrel Glider Monitoring: Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey



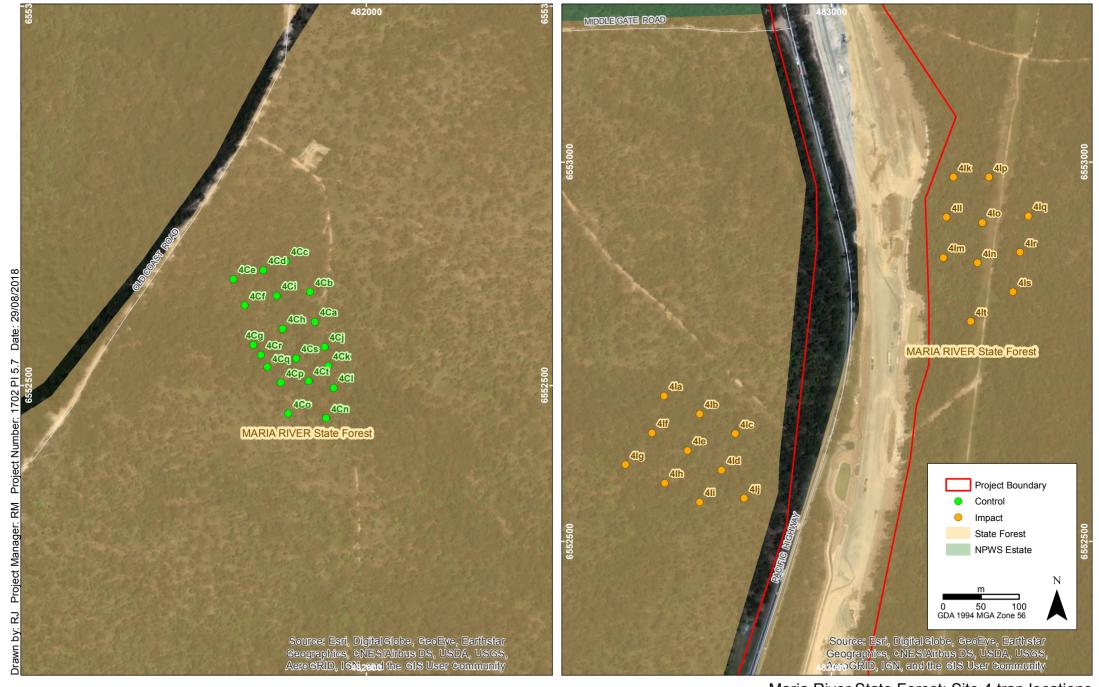


Ballengarra State Forest South: Site 2 trap locations Squirrel Glider Monitoring: Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Ballengarra State Forest North: Site 3 trap locations Squirrel Glider Monitoring: Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Maria River State Forest: Site 4 trap locations Squirrel Glider Monitoring: Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey



3. Results

3.1 Timing and Conditions

Trapping was undertaken from 2 July-7 July 2018 for Sites 1 and 4 and from 9 July-13 July 2018 for Sites 2 and 3. Due to time and weather constraints, the Site 1 control site was deployed and retrieved a day later than the impact site. Table 1 shows the weather conditions recorded at Port Macquarie Airport (station ID 060139).

Table 1: Weather conditions 2018

Date range	Min temp (°C)	Max temp (°C)	Rainfall (mm)
2/7/18 – 7/7/18	8.4	24.7	76
9/7/18 – 13/7/2018	5.3	19.7	0

3.2 Trapping Results

Results of the trapping are presented in Table 2 and are summarised in Table 3.

No Squirrel Gliders were captured during the 2018 monitoring period. A total of three species were recorded including the native Brown Antechinus (*Antechinus stuartii*), including male and female pairs in the same trap on two occasions at Site 1 (impact) and Site 2 (impact) and Bush Rat (*Rattus fuscipes*) and the introduced Black Rat (*Rattus rattus*)..

Site 1 had the highest number of captures (14), most of these (13) occurred at the impact site and consisted of eight Antechinus and five Black Rats; only one Antechinus was recorded at the control site. Five individuals were recorded at Site 3 (one at the impact site and four at the control site) all of which were native species. Sites 2 and 4 had the lowest number of captures (one each) – only one individual Black Rat at the site 4 control site and one Brown Antechinus at the Site 2 impact site.

Table 2: 2018 arboreal trapping results.

Site	Date	Site type	soc	Trap ID	Species	Sex	Age
1	07/07/2018	Control	W	1Ck	Antechinus stuartii	М	adult
1	03/07/2018	Impact	W	1lc	Rattus rattus	F	adult
1	04/07/2018	Impact	W	1lj	Rattus rattus	М	adult
1	05/07/2018	Impact	W	1lj	Rattus rattus	unk	adult
1	04/07/2018	Impact	Е	1lk	Antechinus stuartii	М	adult
1	05/07/2018	Impact	Е	1lo	Antechinus stuartii	unk	adult
1	03/07/2018	Impact	E	1lp	Antechinus stuartii	М	adult
1	04/07/2018	Impact	Е	1lp	Rattus rattus	F	adult
1	05/07/2018	Impact	Е	1lp	Antechinus stuartii	unk	adult
1	04/07/2018	Impact	Е	1lq	Antechinus stuartii	F	adult
1	06/07/2018	Impact	Е	1lq	Rattus rattus	F	adult
1	06/07/2018	Impact	E	1lr	Antechinus stuartii	M&F	adult
1	04/07/2018	Impact	E	1Is	Antechinus stuartii	М	adult
1	06/07/2018	Impact	Е	1lt	Antechinus stuartii	М	adult



2	12/07/2018	Impact	W	2lr	Antechinus stuartii	M&F	adult
3	13/07/2018	Control	Е	3Cb	Antechinus stuartii	unk	adult
3	13/07/2018	Control	E	3Co	Antechinus stuartii	unk	adult
3	13/07/2018	Control	E	3Ср	Antechinus stuartii	М	adult
3	12/07/2018	Control	E	3Cq	Antechinus stuartii	unk	adult
3	12/07/2018	Impact	Е	3le	Rattus fuscipes	unk	adult
4	04/07/2018	Control	W	4Co	Rattus rattus	М	young adult

SOC = side of carriageway; E = east of carriageway; W = west of carriageway; M = male; F = female, unk = unknown

Table 3: Capture summary

Site	Site type	Squirrel Gliders	Total Captures	Number of species
1	Impact	0	13	2
	Control	0	1	1
2	Impact	0	1	1
	Control	0	0	0
3	Impact	0	1	1
	Control	0	4	1
4	Impact	0	0	0
	Control	0	1	1

3.3 Additional Data

Hair tubes

As part of the Project's monitoring requirements for the Brush-tailed Phascogale, hair tube surveys were undertaken at the same sites during the same survey period. Hair tube results showed evidence of *Rattus* spp. (rodents) and the Common Brushtail Possum (*Trichosurus vulpecula*) (data not yet reported on).

Nest boxes

Squirrel Gliders are known to occur within about one kilometre of Sites 1, 2 and 4 having been recorded during inspections of installed nest boxes in 2017 (Niche 2018a) and 2018 (Niche 2018b). Squirrel Gliders were observed occupying nest boxes in the Maria River State Forest, approximately 700 metres south of Site 4; in Ballengarra State Forest, approximately 500 m south of Site 2; and in Cairncross State Forest, approximately one kilometre south of Site 1.



4. Discussion

4.1 Performance Measures

A summary of the 2018 survey results in relation to the performance measures are provided in Table 4.

Table 4: Summary of performance measures for the 2018 monitoring period.

Performance measure	Discussion
Monitoring is undertaken after construction of the upgrade.	This performance measure has been met for 2018. The final stage of the Project became operational on 29 March 2018. The first round of monitoring has been undertaken as per the EMP.
Monitoring is undertaken at Impact and Control sites.	This performance measure has been met for 2018. Impact and Control sites were established and monitored.
There is no significant difference in presence of Squirrel Glider between Impact and Control sites during the operation phase of the project.	This performance measure has been met for 2018. No Squirrel Gliders were recorded at either the control or impact sites in 2018, therefore there is no apparent difference between impact and control sites at this stage.



5. Recommendations

5.1 Contingency Measures/Recommendations

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program, however specific contingency measures for the Squirrel Glider have not been provided within the EMP. Given that no Squirrel Gliders have been previously recorded within the Project area and monitoring has also been unsuccessful at detecting this species at this stage, contingency measures are not considered relevant and, as such, there are no current recommendations based on the outcomes of the 2018 monitoring period.



References

GHD (2010). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Upgrading the Pacific Highway Environmental Assessment. Report prepared by GHD on behalf of RTA, September 2010.

GHD (2011). Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey. Supplementary Flora and Fauna Assessment. Report prepared by GHD on behalf of RTA, February 2011.

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.

Niche (2015). Squirrel Glider monitoring, Baseline Autumn 2014 Surveys – Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd.

Niche (2018a). Contractor Ecological Monitoring report 2017/2018 – Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW

Niche (2018b). Nest box monitoring 2017/2018 - Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box 2443 North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix E <i>Maundia triglochinodes</i>				
	_			





Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services

January 2018

Document control

Project no.: 1702

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Maundia triglochinoides Monitoring spring 2017

report

Project Director: Dr Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Radika Michniewicz

Internal review: Amanda Griffith

Document status: Rev 1

Local Government Area: Port Macquarie-Hastings and Kempsey

Document revision status

Author	Revision number	Internal review	Date issued
Radika	D0	Amanda Griffith	18/12/2017
Michniewicz			
Radika	R0		21/12/2017
Michniewicz			
Radika	R1		30/01/2018
Michniewicz			

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2017

Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Level 1, 19 Sorrell Street
Parramatta NSW 2150
All mail correspondence to:

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

Sydney

0488 224 888

Central Coast

0488 224 999

Illawarra

0488 224 777

Armidale

0488 224 094

Newcastle

0488 224 160

Mudgee

0488 224 025

Port Macquarie

0488 774 081

Brisbane

0488 224 036

Cairns

0488 284 743

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian Copyright Act 1968, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Maundia triglochinoides

Executive summary

Context

This report documents results of the spring 2017 monitoring period for *Maundia triglochinoides* (Maundia) as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway upgrade project (the Project).

Aim

The aim of the Maundia monitoring program is to determine whether the Project is meeting the performance indicators for the species, and provide corrective actions where required, as required by the Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP) (RMS 2016).

The aim of this report is to provide a summary of the results of the fourth and final monitoring event for this species and provide an overall summary and comparison of all monitoring events in order to determine if performance measures have been met, as per the EMP.

Methods

Three paired 'impact - control' monitoring sites were identified to Niche by Roads and Maritime in February 2015. The method used during the spring 2017 monitoring period was consistent with previous monitoring events. However an additional, more detailed, cover abundance estimate (5% increments) was implemented in the 2015/2016 monitoring period to permit detection of a substantial difference (15% change) in cover abundance, as required by the EMP.

Key results

Maundia was recorded at two of the three impact sites (MIO1 and MIO2) during the spring 2017 surveys.

Recruitment was observed at MI01. However, it should be noted that water depth and clarity, and density of vegetation at a monitoring site greatly impacts the ability to observe recruiting individuals of the species as the juveniles can be hidden beneath the water's surface and amongst vegetation. As such failure to detect recruiting individuals is not necessarily an indication of the absence of recruitment.

Flowering was not recorded during the 2017 spring surveys.

Conclusions

The Maundia performance measures relating to cover extent and flowering have been met for the spring 2017 monitoring period. Although comparison to pre-impact data is not possible, at the three sites where Maundia has been recorded by Niche, MI01, MC01, MI02, the percent cover abundance is relatively consistent across the monitoring periods (Niche 2015, Niche 2016, Niche 2017 and current report). The substantial differences in flowering recorded between MI01 and MC01 in previous monitoring events cannot be directly attributed to the road impact alone, but more likely are the result of varying environmental conditions between paired control and impact sites.

Sediment control, exclusion fencing and signage was reported to be absent on a number of occasions during the monitoring program.

Management implications

Monitoring of Maundia populations has found there to be no adverse impact of the Project on these populations. As such, continued monitoring is not considered necessary.

The occasional absence of mitigation measures during construction could be addressed by improving the process by which these measures are regulated during the construction process in future projects.

Table of Contents

Exe	cutive	summary	iv			
1.	Intro	duction	1			
	1.1	Context	1			
	1.2	Performance measures	2			
	1.3	Monitoring timing	2			
	1.4	Reporting	3			
	1.5	Limitations	3			
2.	Meth	nods	4			
	2.1	Monitoring sites	4			
	2.2	Survey method	4			
	2.3	Analysis	5			
3.	Results					
	3.1	Maundia presence	6			
	3.2	Recruitment	7			
	3.3	Flowering/Seeding	7			
	3.4	Mitigation measures and disturbance monitoring	7			
4.	Discu	ission	9			
5.	Reco	mmendations	10			
	5.1	Contingency Measures / Recommendations	10			
6.	Refer	rences				
Anı	nex 1 -	2016/2017 Monitoring results	13			
Anı	nex 2 -	2016/2017 Photo Monitoring	15			

List of Figures

Figure 1. OH2K Maundia Monitoring Sites	12
List of Tables	
Table 1: Maundia triglochinoides in the project area (as per Table 20 in the EMP)	2
Table 2: Paired impact –control monitoring sites	4
Table 3: Braun-Blanquet cover abundance scale	5
Table 4: Summary of Maundia presence, recruitment and flowering	7
Table 5: Performance indicators of success	9
Table 6: Performance indicators of unsuccessful mitigation	9
Table 7: Recommendations	10

1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for matters of national environmental significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act* 1995 (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project. *Maundia triglochinoides* was one threatened plant species identified as requiring mitigation and monitoring throughout the Projects' construction and post construction periods.

1.1.1 Legal status

Maundia triglochinoides (Maundia) is listed as vulnerable under the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (BC Act) (previously listed under the repealed NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 (TSC Act)). Monitoring of the species is required under the Project's approval.

1.1.2 Monitoring framework

The EMP specifies the following regarding monitoring:

"Monitoring would commence in the summer of Year 1 (construction phase) and be undertaken three times a year (summer, autumn and spring) until Year 4 (operation phase) of the Project."

To date, these monitoring events have been reported as follows:

- Summer and autumn 2015: Niche 2015.
- Spring 2015, summer and autumn 2016: Niche 2016.
- Spring 2016, summer and autumn 2017: Niche 2017.
- Spring 2017: current report.

The spring 2017 survey is the final survey for Maundia, as required by the EMP. This report therefore represents the fourth of four necessary reports for Maundia.

1.1.3 Baseline data

The EMP presents locations within the Project corridor where Maundia was recorded and details the potential impact area of these sub-populations. The EMP states the following:

"Three distinct sub-populations of M. triglochinoides were recorded in the project area (Table 20)." These populations are listed below in Table 1. Three paired 'impact-control' sites were established within the vicinity of these recorded populations and form the basis of the ongoing monitoring in accordance with the EMP. Baseline data regarding the presence of Maundia at the chosen monitoring sites is not available.

Table 1: Maundia triglochinoides in the project area (as per Table 20 in the EMP)

Location	M. triglochinoides potentially impacted by the project
Fernbank Creek (Ch.4450-5080)	0.75 ha
Wilson River Floodplain – wetlands (Ch.15,890)	0.03 ha
Wilson River Floodplain – canal (Ch.13,900-14,100)	0.09 ha
Barry's Creek	-
Total	0.87 ha

1.1.4 Purpose of this report

This report complies with the monitoring requirements described within the EMP and details the findings obtained from the final survey of the third annual monitoring period specified in the EMP following the baseline surveys. It represents the fourth and final monitoring report for the construction phase of the Project.

The aim of this report is to provide a summary of the results of the final survey of the third monitoring period for this species and provide an overall summary and comparison of all monitoring events in order to determine if performance measures have been met, as per the EMP.

1.2 Performance measures

The EMP specifies the following performance indicators for Maundia:

Indicators of success will focus on the following:

- Exclusion fencing with signage identifying these as 'no go' zones (during construction).
- Sediment control fencing in place (during construction).
- Flowering and/or seeding is consistent with paired control and/or nearest reference site.

Signs of the habitat protection procedure not working will be based on the following:

- Breached exclusion fencing.
- No signage in place identifying the sensitive nature of the location as threatened species habitat.
- A significant (if statistics are used) or substantial difference (i.e. 15% allowance) between paired monitoring sites with regard to flowering/seeding and overall extent or recruitment over subsequent monitoring events that cannot be attributed to environmental factors.

1.3 Monitoring timing

The monitoring program specifies that monitoring would commence in the summer of Year 1 (construction phase) and be undertaken three times a year in summer, autumn and spring until Year 4 (operation phase) of the Project.

1.4 Reporting

Annual reporting of monitoring results will outline:

- Detailed description of monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring period.
- Discussion of results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any
 modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are
 required and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the Department of Planning and Environment and the Environment Protection Authority.

1.5 Limitations

The following limitations to the monitoring procedure were encountered and have been noted previously (Niche 2016):

- Detection of Maundia was not possible or limited in areas where water depth was relatively high (above 5 centimetres). The number and cover abundance of seedlings and recruiting individuals could not be recorded in such areas.
- The absence of Maundia from the control sites presented difficulties in site-pair comparisons.
- The absence of abundance data for the initial three populations listed in the EMP and the selected impact-control sites, prevents pre- and post-impact comparisons. All comparisons made within the framework of this monitoring program can only be made within a post-impact timeframe.
- Other variables, including shade, soil quality, water temperature, width of the habitat at each monitoring site, flora competition or water flow rate, that may impact upon the population were not recorded as part of the monitoring program.

2. Methods

2.1 Monitoring sites

Monitoring design is consistent with that specified in the EMP. Three paired impact-control monitoring sites were established for the monitoring of Maundia. Each site includes one impact location within the Project boundary and one control location outside the Project boundary. The site locations are shown in Figure 1, with details provided in Table 2. These sites correspond to the three original sub-populations identified in the EMP. All six locations were surveyed during the three monitoring events, however the assessment of MCO1 was undertaken from the boundary fence as access to this property has not been granted.

Table 2: Paired impact -control monitoring sites

Site	Chainage (Location)	Description	Easting of Impact Plot (MI)	Northing of Impact Plot (MI)	Easting of Control Plot (MC)	Northing of Control Plot (MC)
1	4,450 - 5,080	Hastings River floodplain	483251	6523788	483113	6523992
2	13,900 – 14,100	Wilson River floodplain	481919	6532555	481900	6532520
3	15,890	Wilson River drainage channel	482762	6534479	482775	6534886

2.2 Survey method

For consistency, the survey method used in previous monitoring events was employed during the spring 2017 surveys. Due to the population structure (i.e. grouped versus linear) at some monitoring sites, a quadrat was employed as opposed to a linear transect for the surveys. The following data was collected at each of the monitoring sites:

- Current extent of cover using the Braun-Blanquet scale (20 m X 20 m quadrat or 400 m2).
- Average water depth, estimated for the quadrat.
- The extent of flowering or seeding (per cent of total number of observed plants within quadrat).
- Signs of recruitment.
- Signs of disturbance (i.e. cattle) and to what extent/area.
- Photo from installed specific photo point.

As implemented in the 2015/2016 monitoring period, cover abundance was also recorded as percent cover using smaller increments (5% increments) than that specified in the Braun-Blanquet scale. This was to allow the assessment of a "substantial difference" (i.e. 15% allowance) in cover abundance between paired monitoring sites as required in the EMP. Previously, it was not possible to determine whether a substantial difference between sites exists for sites with a Braun-Blanquet Scale score of '3' (i.e. 5-25% cover) or above, as the percent range exceeds the 15% threshold for detecting change.

In addition, to be able to address the performance measures, the following information was recorded:

- Presence of exclusion fencing and "no go" zone signage and / or sensitive zone fencing.
- Presence of sediment control fencing.

The Braun-Blanquet scale used in this monitoring program is provided in Table 3. The scale is a standard used frequently in flora assessments.

Table 3: Braun-Blanquet cover abundance scale

Score	Cover Abundance Category
1	1-5% cover - rare
2	1-5% cover - common
3	6-25% cover
4	26-50% cover
5	51-75% cover
6	76-100% cover

2.3 Analysis

The majority of the performance indicators provided in the EMP, against which the results are assessed are observation based. However the assessment of flowering/seeding and cover extent specifies:

"A significant (if statistics are used) or substantial difference (i.e. 15% allowance) between paired monitoring sites with regard to flowering/seeding and overall extent or recruitment."

The EMP recommends that impact and control sites would be paired to enable a paired t-test or a non-parametric equivalent (e.g. Mann Whitney) in order to determine if the site meets performance measures. Many of the paired impact-control sites established in the EMP are spatially close to each other and are unlikely to be independent. For example, most control sites located downstream of their paired impact site continue to be influenced by livestock grazing, while the impact site is no longer subject to this land use activity (due to Project boundary fencing) and this could be a reason for any observed changes.

Site independence is a fundamental assumption required by all statistical analyses. Additionally, the dataset is non-normal and could not be normalised with standard transformations. Therefore the use of statistical analyses for this data is not appropriate and a *substantial difference* (i.e. 15% allowance) has been used as the basis for identifying changes.

3. Results

3.1 Maundia presence

Spring 2017 field data is provided in Annex 1 and a summary of the results has been provided in Table 4. Photo monitoring is provided in Annex 2.

Maundia was recorded at two of the three impact sites (MI01 and MI02) during the spring 2017 surveys. Of the control sites, MC01 has previously recorded Maundia, however during the current survey it was noted that a recent dry period resulted in extensive grazing at this control site that resulted in the absence of detectable individuals above the water level. Maundia has not been detected at sites MC02, MI03 and MC03 during any of the monitoring surveys.

Site 1

Maundia was recorded at MI01 in spring 2017, as in 2016/2017 and 2015/2016. The Braun-Blanquet cover abundance score at MI01 was 2, with a coverage abundance (based of 5% estimate increments) of 5.0% (compared to an average abundance of $10.0 \pm 4\%$ in 2015/2016, and $7.5 \pm 2.5\%$ in 2016/2017). It was noted however that while this monitoring site recorded a relatively low cover abundance, adjacent areas (within 30 metres) contained patches of Maundia with 80 - 90% cover abundance.

At paired control site MC01, Maundia was not recorded in spring 2017. Previously, Maundia was recorded only in spring in 2016/2017 and in spring and summer 2015/2016, with a Braun-Blanquet score of 3 on each occasion. It was noted however that due to a recent dry period and the presence of cattle on this control site, this area was grazed completely to the ground prior to a heavy rainfall and the spring 2017 survey. At the time of surveys this control site had a water depth of approximately 40 cm, preventing any observation of regrowth.

Site 2

Maundia was recorded at MI02 in spring 2017 with a Braun-Blanquet cover abundance score of 2, representing a cover abundance of 10%. Previously it has been recorded at this site in spring 2016 and autumn 2017. It was first recorded at this site in autumn 2016. The Braun-Blanquet cover abundance score was 2 in both seasons in 2016/2017, representing an average cover abundance estimate of 5 ± 0 %. In 2015/2016, cover abundance was also low, with a Braun-Blanquet score of 1, representing a cover abundance estimate of 5 ± 0 %.

Maundia was not recorded at MC02, the paired control site, during surveys in the current monitoring period. Similarly, Maundia has not been recorded at this persistently dry site during any previous monitoring event by Niche.

Site 3

Maundia was not recorded at MI03 or MC03 during the spring 2017 survey, nor during the previous monitoring periods.

3.2 Recruitment

Recruitment was recorded in spring 2017 at MI01. Previously, recruitment was recorded in spring 2016 at MI01 and MI02. Recruitment has not been recorded at any of the control sites to date.

It should be noted that water depth and clarity, and density of vegetation at a monitoring site greatly impacts the ability to observe recruiting individuals of the species. Sites MC01, MI02, MI03 and MC03 all recorded depths above 35 cm.

3.3 Flowering/Seeding

Flowering was not recorded during the 2017 spring surveys. Previously, flowering has been recorded only at site 1.

Table 4: Summary of Maundia presence, recruitment and flowering

Report	Niche 2015		Niche 2016		Niche 2017			Current	
	Su2015	Aut2015	Sp2015	Su2016	Aut2016	Sp2016	Su2017	Aut2017	Sp2017
MI01	PF	Р	PF	PF	Р	PRF	Α	Р	PR
MC01	N	N	PF	PF	N	PF	N	N	N
MI02	N	N	N	N	Р	PR	N	Р	Р
MC02	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MI03	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MC03	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

P = individuals present; F = flowering recorded; R = recruitment recorded; N = Maundia not recorded

3.4 Mitigation measures and disturbance monitoring

A summary of all mitigation measures in place at each location is presented in Annex 1.

3.4.1 Mitigation measures

It should be noted that due to the stage of construction of the Project, impact sites 1 and 2 are now currently no-longer subject to direct Project-related construction activities. Site 3 (impact and control sites) are adjacent to a service road that appears to still be in use and so may still be subject to construction-related impacts

Site 1

Exclusion fencing and barbed wire fencing was present at this site. Sediment control was not observed during the current survey.

Site 2

Exclusion fencing and sediment control were not recorded at MI02. However it was noted that this site now falls into an area that is protected by a fauna fence and is therefore distanced from any construction related direct impacts.

Site 3

Exclusion fencing was in place at MI03, however this site had no sediment control during the current survey.

3.4.2 Disturbance

Site 1

- MI01: There were no observed signs of direct disturbance on the site.
- MC01: While the site was covered in water at the time of the current survey, the presence of cattle has resulted in substantial grazing of this population.

Site 2

• MI02/MC02: There were no observed signs of direct disturbance at these sites.

Site 3

- MI03: Recent activity at this sites appears to be revegetation with native plant stock around the bank edges. The water was observed to have an oily slick in areas and an accumulation of a dense film on the surface.
- MC03: The area appears to have undergone low level burning.

4. Discussion

A summary of the spring 2017 survey results and previous monitoring events in relation to the performance measures are provided in Table 5 and Table 6.

Table 5: Performance indicators of success

Performance indicators of success	Discussion
Exclusion fencing with signage identifying these as 'no go' zones (during construction)	This performance indicator has been met in spring 2017 and partially met in previous monitoring events. Exclusion fencing was present at MI01 and MI03 during the spring 2017 surveys. It is noted that a fauna fence is in place at MI02, excluding it from direct construction impacts. Exclusion fencing was reported to be absent at some sites during previous monitoring events.
Sediment control fencing in place (during construction)	This performance indicator has not been met in spring 2017 and partially met in previous monitoring events. Sediment control was absent from all impact sites. However, sediment control is no longer in place at MI01 as construction activities are now removed from this area. Sediment control at MI02 is not required due to its distance from the road verge, and construction activities adjacent to MI03 are limited as the highway is near completion and permanent stabilisation works have commenced. Sediment control was reported to be absent at some sites during previous monitoring events. The absence of or variation in sediment control (sediment retention structure as opposed to sediment control fencing) has been addressed in previous reports.
Flowering and/or seeding is consistent with paired control and/or nearest reference site.	This performance indicator has been met in spring 2017 (by considering absence of flowering individuals in both impact and control sites as consistency across paired sites) and partially met in previous monitoring events. Site 1 was the only paired impact-control site that recorded flowering/seeding. A large difference (over 15%) in flowering was recorded between MI01 and MC01 in 2016/2017 and 2015/2016. However, as discussed previously, this difference cannot be directly attributed to the Project, and is more likely the result of environmental variables between paired control and impact sites (discussed in Niche 2016).

Table 6: Performance indicators of unsuccessful mitigation

Performance indicators of unsuccessful mitigation	Discussion
Breached exclusion fencing	This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation was not met in spring 2017 or in previous monitoring events.
No signage in place identifying the sensitive nature of the location as threatened species habitat	This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation was met in spring 2017 and in previous monitoring events. The impact sites did not have signage in place identifying the sensitive nature of the locations during a number of monitoring events.
A significant (if statistics are used) or substantial difference (i.e. 15% allowance) between paired monitoring sites with regard to flowering/seeding and overall extent or recruitment over subsequent monitoring events that cannot be attributed to environmental factors.	This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation has not been met for any site in spring 2017 or in previous monitoring events. This comparison can only be made for Site 1 as it is the only site where Maundia has been detected at both the impact and control sites. During spring 2017 Maundia was only observed at the impact site and individuals were not observed flowering. Previously, higher cover abundance and higher flowering percent have been observed at the control site. However these differences were attributed to environmental factors (Niche 2016, Niche 2017). Although comparison with pre-impact data is not possible, at the three sites where Maundia has been recorded by Niche, MI01, MC01, MI02, the percent cover abundance has been relatively consistent across the monitoring periods (Niche 2015, Niche 2016, Niche 2017 and current report).

5. Recommendations

The absence of abundance data for the initial three populations listed in the EMP prevents pre- and post-impact comparisons. All comparisons made within the framework of this monitoring program can only be made within a post-impact timeframe.

5.1 Contingency Measures / Recommendations

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program, however specific contingency measures for Maundia have not been provided within the EMP. As such, problems encountered during the monitoring have been addressed by considering suitable corrective actions.

Although comparison to pre-impact data is not possible, at the three sites where Maundia was recorded by Niche, MI01, MC01, MI02, the percent cover abundance was relatively consistent across the monitoring periods (Niche 2015, Niche 2016, Niche 2017 and current report). As such, no corrective actions are considered necessary as flowering, recruitment and extent, has been consistent across the years at the same sites.

As some construction activities continue at a low level, it is suggested that consideration be given to recommended actions presented in Table 7. Recommended actions listed in Table 7 are contingent on the ongoing presence of construction activities at the specified sites.

Table 7: Recommendations

Performance indicators of success	Action
Exclusion fencing with signage identifying these as 'no go' zones	 Mitigation measures should be installed/kept in place until all construction activities have ceased. Notably, at Site 3, the continued use of the adjacent service road should be considered as necessitating
Sediment control fencing in place	the retention of such measures.
Signage identifying the sensitive nature of the location as threatened species habitat	 Apparent lapses in retention of mitigation measures encountered during construction should be addressed by reconsidering the process by which these measures are regulated / corrected during construction in future construction plans/projects.

6. References

Lend Lease (2014). Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kundabung – Construction Flora and Fauna Management Sub Plan. Prepared by Lend Lease for the Roads and Maritime Services, Sydney.

Morrison, D.A. (2002). How to improve statistical analysis in parasitology research publications. *International Journal for Parasitology* 32: 1065-1070.

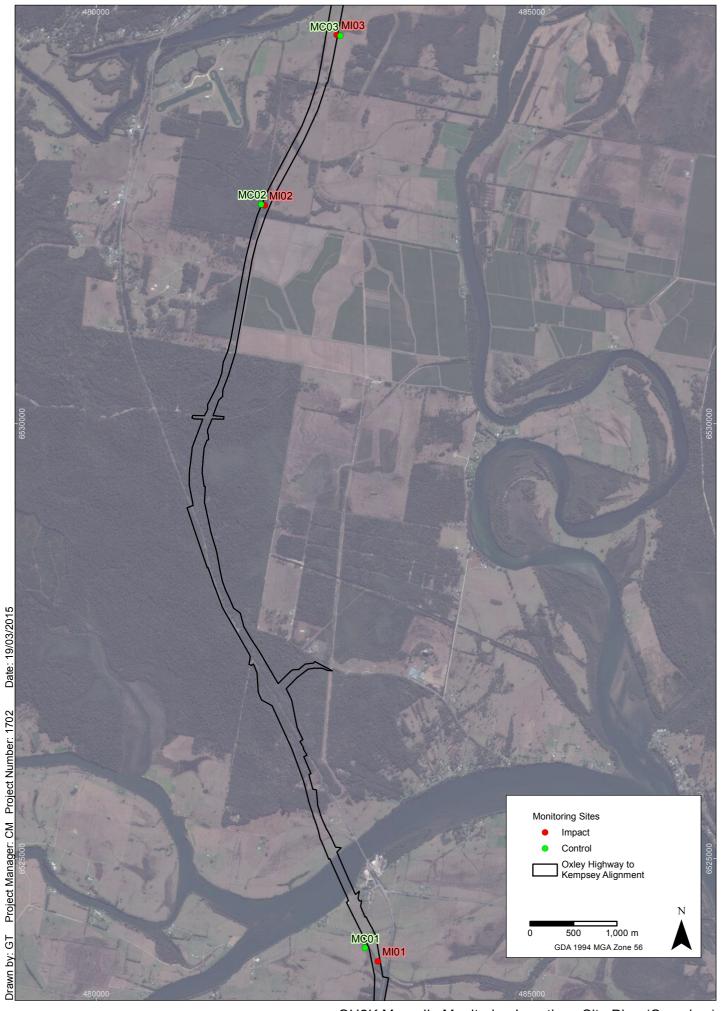
Niche (2015). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade *Maundia triglochinoides* monitoring 2015. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2016). *Maundia triglochinoides* monitoring 2015/2016 – Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2017). *Maundia triglochinoides* monitoring 2016/2017 – Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

OEH (2016). *Maundia triglochinoides* – online profile. http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/threatenedSpeciesApp/profile.aspx?id=10511

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.



OH2K Maundia Monitoring Locations Site Plan (Overview) Pacific Highway Upgrade - Oxley Highway to Kempsey & Frederickton to Eungai



Annex 1 - 2016/2017 Monitoring results

Summary of *Maundia triglochinoides* results. Results for the current (spring 2017) monitoring period are in bold. For comparative purposes, data from the previous 2016/2017 monitoring periods has be retained.

Sit e N.	Site Name	Design	Inspe	ection	Date		Mau	ındia p	resent		Brau	n-Blan	quet S	core		ver (5 ement			Water D	epth (cm)				ering/			Recr	uitmer	nt	
			Sp	S	Α	Sp	Sp	S	Α	Sp	Sp	S	Α	Sp	Sp	S	Α	Sp	Sp	S	Α	Sp	Sp	S	Α	Sp	Sp	S	Α	Sp
1	MI01	impact	07/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	2	1	3	2	5	<5	10	5	0-50	0	10-40	15	10	0	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ
1	MC01*	control	08/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	Υ	N	N	N	3	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0-50	0	>30	40	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	MI02	impact	09/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	Υ	N	Υ	Y	2	0	2	2	5	0	5	10	0-10	0	100	40	N	0	0	0	Υ	0	0	0
2	MC02	control	10/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	N	N	N	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	MI03	impact	11/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	N	N	N	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100- 200	0	>30	50	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	MC03	control	12/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	N	N	N	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100- 200	0	>30	35	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Y = Yes, N = No, * = site survey undertaken from fence boundary due to access restrictions

Summary of Mitigation Measures and Disturbance

Site	Site Name	Design	Inspection Date			ate Signs of disturbance				Exclusion	n fencing "ı	no go" zone ii	n place	Sediment control fencing in place				
			Sp	S	Α	Sp	Sp	Sum	Aut	Sp	Spr	Sum	Aut	Sp	Spr	Sum	Aut	Sp
1	MI01	impact	07/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	Salvinia spraying and shade from the bridge	Previous Salvinia spraying knocked out Maundia		None observed	N	Y	Y (barbed wire fencing)	Y(barbed wire fencing and flagging)	Υ	N	Y	N
1	MC01	control	08/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	Cattle trampling and eating Maundia	Heavily grazed paddock	Cattle	Previous cattle grazing	N	N	N	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	MI02	impact	09/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	None observed	None observed		None observed	Fauna fence	Fauna fence	Fauna fence	Fauna fence	N	N	N	N
2	MC02	control	10/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	NA	Weed spraying and slashing along fence		None observed	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	MI03	impact	11/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	Construction work on drainage line - earth movement	Prone to grazing and slashing		Oil film and accumulation of dense sediment film. Revegetation	N	Yes, around drain	Y	Y	Y	Some sediment bags	N	N (gravel mound at service road side)
3	MC03	control	12/11/2016	16/02/2017	19/05/2017	19/10/2017	None observed	Erosion, new rocks, drainage channel has been moved since last monitoring. Sprayed and slashing.	This control site is very close to construction	Low level burning across area and around drainage line	N	Some flags	Υ	Υ	Υ	Matting and rocks	Fallen down	N

NA = not applicable to control sites that are removed from construction zones, excluding site MC03 which is within 30 m of construction, **Sp** = current spring 2017 survey results



Annex 2 - 2016/2017 Photo Monitoring

Site ID	Spring (November 2016)	Summer (February 2017)	Autumn (May 2017)	Spring (October 2017)
MI01				
MC01				



Site ID	Spring (November 2016)	Summer (February 2017)	Autumn (May 2017)	Spring (October 2017)
MI02				
MC02				



Site ID	Spring (November 2016)	Summer (February 2017)	Autumn (May 2017)	Spring (October 2017)
M103				
MC03				



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box 2443 North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix F Green-thighed Frog Ponds





Green-thighed Frog Monitoring 2017/2018

Breeding Ponds

Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Road and Maritime Services

August 2018



Document control

Project no.: 1702 (5.15)

Project client: Road and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Green-thighed Frog monitoring 2017/2018:

breeding ponds report

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Radika Michniewicz , Jodie Danvers

Internal review: Simon Tweed

Document status: Rev1

Local Government Area: Port Macquarie-Hastings and Kempsey

Document revision status

Author	Revision number	Internal review	Date issued
Jodie Danvers	D0	Radika Michniewicz	23/07/2018
Jodie Danvers	D1	Radika Michniewicz	27/7/2018
Radika Michniewicz	D2	Simon Tweed	03/08/2018
Radika Michniewicz	RO		08/08/2018
Radika Michniewicz	R1		17/08/2018

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2018

Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Level 1, 460 Church Street
Parramatta NSW 2150
All mail correspondence to:

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

Sydney

0488 224 888

Central Coast

0488 224 999

Illawarra

0488 224 777

Armidale

0488 224 094

Newcastle

0488 224 160

Mudgee

0488 224 025

Port Macquarie

0488 774 081

Brisbane

0488 224 036

Cairns

0488 284 743

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian *Copyright Act 1968*, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Green-thighed Frog located at Constructed Pond Site 3W (Photo: M. Stanton)



Executive summary

Context

This report documents the 2017/2018 monitoring period, the second of five monitoring periods for the Green-thighed Frog breeding ponds, as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway upgrade project (the Project). The NSW Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) is required to manage and monitor the effectiveness of biodiversity mitigation measures implemented as part of the Project, including installation of 25 breeding ponds for the Green-thighed Frog (at five sites). Monitoring of ponds is to be performed in accordance with the methodology presented in the Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP) (RMS 2016).

Aims

The aim of the Green-thighed Frog breeding ponds monitoring is to determine if Green-thighed Frogs are using the purpose-built compensatory breeding habitat and thus determine whether the Project is meeting the performance indicators for the species. Corrective actions are also to be provided where required.

Methods

Surveys were undertaken in accordance with the EMP in two stages. Stage 1 surveys focussed on adult frog detection after a sufficient rainfall trigger, and Stage 2 surveys focussed on tadpole detection (indicating successful breeding). Stage 1 surveys involved a 30-minute nocturnal active search at the Collombatti reference site and at each of the constructed pond sites, as well as a peripheral habitat search. Stage 2 surveys involved a 20-minute active search of the ponds and adjacent vegetation and dip-netting of ponds. During Stage 2 surveys, pond depth was recorded, presence of fish and predatory larvae noted, and a photo was taken from a designated reference point.

Key results

Stage 1 surveys were undertaken on the 22nd and 23rd March 2018 after rainfall that was deemed suitable by the Project Ecologist (24 hour rainfall at sites: from 70.8-175.2 mm; cumulative rainfall over 72 hours: from 75.8-258.8 mm). Stage 2 surveys were undertaken on the 26th and 27th April 2018, 35 days after Stage 1 surveys.

Green-thighed Frogs were recorded at Site 3W only. At Site 3W individuals were observed in two ponds (ponds 2 and 4) and adjacent habitat, and were heard calling in the vicinity of all ponds. Green-thighed Frogs were not detected at the Collombatti reference site. All 25 ponds contained water, Sites 1 (E&W) and 4 (E&W) ranged from 20-50 cm, while Site 3W recorded water depth of up to 100 cm. As Stage 1 surveys were undertaken over two nights, Site 3W, where frogs were detected on the first night, was revisited on the second night to ensure continued activity. Green-thighed Frogs were still active at Site 3 on the second survey night.

During Stage 2 surveys Green-thighed Frog tadpoles were identified at Site 3W from ponds 2 (one tadpole) and 4 (three tadpoles). All ponds at Site 1 (E&W) and four ponds at Site 3W held water, while all ponds at Site 4 (E&W) were either dry or had been recently dry (holding less than 10 cm). A rainfall event just prior to Stage 2 surveys (55.4 mm over 24 hours) resulted in re-filling of ponds that would have otherwise been presumably dry or drying, somewhat confounding the water retention results of Stage 2 surveys. Due to survey limitations, conclusions could not be drawn regarding the retention of water beyond the recommended hydroperiod.



Gambusia (*Gambusia holbrooki*) was identified at the Collombatti reference site. No exotic fish were recorded at the impact sites, although a number of ponds holding water contained predatory invertebrates.

Conclusions

Performance indicators of success have been met for Site 3W only, with the continued presence of Greenthighed Frogs calling from pond edges and the presence of tadpoles, indicating a successful breeding event. The remaining sites (Sites 1 (E&W) and 4 (E&W), i.e. 20 of the 25 constructed ponds) have met the performance indicators for unsuccessful mitigation: Green-thighed Frogs continue to be absent from Sites 1 (E&W) and 4 (E&W); and Site 4 (E&W) ponds are not retaining water for a sufficient amount of time to enable tadpoles to reach metamorphosis.

Management implications

Contingency measures and corrective actions provided in the EMP and Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy respectively, are considered relevant for a number or all ponds at all three monitoring sites. A number of recommendations to meet performance criteria should be considered and include:

- Laying a semi-permeable layer within the ponds to improve water retention.
- Reviewing vegetation structure and density surrounding ponds and undertaking necessary clearing/replanting.
- Reviewing surrounding drainage.

Pond improvement works are planned for Site 4 (E&W) and are scheduled to be completed prior to the third monitoring event.



Table of Contents

Exe	cutive	summary	. iii						
1.	Intro	duction	1						
	1.1	Context	1						
	1.2	Performance measures	2						
	1.3	Monitoring timing	3						
	1.4	Reporting	3						
	1.5	Limitations	4						
2.	Surve	Survey Methods							
	2.1	Monitoring sites	5						
	2.2	Survey method	5						
	2.3	Analysis	6						
3.	Resu	ts	11						
	3.1	Frog fence monitoring	11						
	3.2	Stage 1 - determining presence and breeding activity	11						
	3.3	Stage 2 - determining the success of the breeding event	12						
	3.4	Cumulative results	16						
4.	Discu	ssion	17						
5.	Reco	Recommendations							
	5.1	Contingency Measures	18						
	5.2	Recommendations	18						
Ref	erence	S	20						
Anı	nex 1. 2	2017/2018 monitoring results	21						
Anı	nex 2. F	Photo monitoring	25						
List	of Figu	ures							
Fig	ure 1: 6	Green-thighed Frog monitoring: sites	7						
Fig	ure 2: 0	Green-thighed Frog Ponds Site 1	8						
Fig	ure 3: 0	Green-thighed Frog Ponds Site 3	9						
Fig	ire 1. G	Green-thighed Frog Ponds Site 1	10						



List of Tables

Table 1: Performance indicators	3
Table 2: Survey sites	5
Table 3: Pond water retention assessment	14
Table 4: Cumulative monitoring results	16
Table 5: Performance indicators of success	17
Table 6: Signs of the mitigation being unsuccessful	17
Table 7: Contingency Measures	18
Table 8: Signs of the mitigation being unsuccessful and corrective actions	19
Table 9: Stage 1 Results	21
Table 10: Stage 2 Results	23
Table 11: Individual pond photos	25
Table 12: Site photos	29



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012, subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1995* (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (RMS 2016) (hereafter referred to as the EMP) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project. The Green-thighed Frog (*Litoria brevipalmata*) was identified as requiring mitigation and monitoring through the course of the Projects' construction and post-construction period.

1.1.1 Legal Status

The Green-thighed Frog is listed as vulnerable under the New South Wales *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016 (BC Act). Monitoring of the species is required under the Project's approval.

1.1.2 Monitoring Framework

Green-thighed Frog monitoring is to be performed in accordance with the EMP and the Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013), with the EMP taking precedence where inconsistencies occur. Construction involved direct and indirect impacts on known Green-thighed Frog habitat areas, which prevented post-construction monitoring. Therefore monitoring is of purpose-built constructed breeding ponds, as per the EMP.

The EMP states: "Monitoring will be undertaken on five occasions commencing in Years 3-7 (construction and operation phase). Each monitoring event should be at least 10-12 months apart but ultimately dependant on rainfall events.", and that "The first round of monitoring (Year 3) is to commence once the vegetation on the edges of the constructed ponds is considered sufficient (>20% groundcover), to be determined by a suitably qualified Ecologist."

The Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy requires a two-component approach to Green-thighed Frog monitoring:

- monitoring of breeding ponds, and
- monitoring the integrity of the frog fences.

The monitoring of frog fencing will be undertaken as part of the fauna fence monitoring (in conjunction with underpass monitoring periods). These results will be detailed in the reporting for the fauna fence monitoring component of the Project and are summarised in this report.

The 2017/2018 monitoring represents the second of five monitoring events. To date, these monitoring events have been reported as follows:

- 2016/2017: Niche 2017.
- 2017/2018: current report.



1.1.3 Baseline Data

Green-thighed Frogs were identified from seven locations during baseline surveys (Lewis 2013), however no tadpoles, metamorphs or juvenile Green-thighed Frogs were recorded at identified breeding sites 57 days after rain events enabled identification of adult frogs. As construction of the Project directly or indirectly impacted seven known habitat areas, frog breeding ponds were proposed at these locations. The Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013) states:

"Frog breeding ponds will be constructed at four locations, two within the Oxley Highway to Kundabung Upgrade section and two within the Kundabung to Kempsey section."

The EMP provides a summary of the location of the proposed breeding ponds:

- "Ch.9050-9350. Five ponds to be constructed on each side of the carriageway.
- Ch.11550. Five ponds to be constructed on each side of the carriageway (Project Ecologist to investigate the suitability of ponds in consultation with RMS and the EPA and be guided by the results of preclearing surveys).
- Ch.30660. Five ponds to be constructed on the western side of the carriageway.
- Ch.33650. Five ponds to be constructed on each side of the carriageway."

It was determined in consultation with the EPA that the construction of 10 ponds at Ch. 11550 was not warranted due to several surveys finding no record of Green-thighed Frogs in the area around Ch. 11550. In addition, it was determined that breeding habitat remained available locally outside the project boundary. As such, monitoring has been undertaken of ponds constructed at the remaining three areas.

1.1.4 Purpose of this Report

This report complies with the monitoring requirements described within the approved EMP and the Greenthighed Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013), and details the findings from the second monitoring period. It represents the second of five monitoring events.

The aims of this report are to summarise the methods and results of the 2017/2018 monitoring, determine if performance measures are being met, and to comment on the need for contingency measures, as per the EMP.

1.2 Performance measures

The Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy and the EMP specify a number of performance indicators against which the success of the compensatory habitat will be measured. These are listed in Table 1 along with their inclusion in the relevant document.



Table 1: Performance indicators

	GThF MS	EMP
Performance indicators of success	•	
Continued presence of Green-thighed Frog at two/three or more of the three/four breeding pond sites.	✓	✓
Green-thighed Frogs calling from the edge of the constructed ponds.	✓	✓
The presence of tadpoles, juveniles or metamorphs at the frog breeding ponds during Stage 2 surveys.	✓	✓
Signs of the mitigation being unsuccessful		
Absence of Green-thighed Frogs from one or more of the four sites (GThF MS) Absence of Green-thighed Frogs from the area (EMP)	✓	✓
Ponds not holding water for a sufficient time to enable tadpoles to reach metamorphosis.	✓	✓
Ponds holding water for too long and representing unsuitable habitat (i.e. permanent versus ephemeral).	✓	✓
Exotic fish fauna recorded in breeding ponds.	✓	

GThF MS = Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013); EMP = Ecological Monitoring Program (RMS 2016).

1.3 Monitoring timing

The EMP specifies that:

"Monitoring will be undertaken on five occasions commencing in Years 3-7 (construction and operation phase). Each monitoring event should be at least 10-12 months apart but ultimately dependant on rainfall events. On each occasion the site would be surveyed for 30 minutes during Stage 1 and for 20 minutes during stage 2 (see section 4.9.3). Four of the five monitoring events are to occur during the operational phase of the Project (Years 4-7). The first round of monitoring (Year 3) is to commence once the vegetation on the edges of the constructed ponds is considered sufficient (>20% groundcover), to be determined by a suitably qualified Ecologist. The timing would be staggered accordingly for either stage of the Upgrade."

1.4 Reporting

Annual reporting of monitoring results are required to include:

- Detailed description of monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring period.
- Discussion of results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are required and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the Department of Planning and Environment and the Environment Protection Authority.



1.5 Limitations

The following limitations to the monitoring procedure were encountered:

A definitive statement as to the fulfilment of performance indicators relating to ponds drying too soon
or holding water for too long cannot be made for some or all of the ponds, due to surveys requiring
Stage 2 surveys to be undertaken 30-40 days after Stage 1 and the minimum water retention period of
30 days and maximum water retention period of 60 days. As such, data concerning the presence of
water in the ponds prior to or after Stage 2 surveys cannot be captured without additional surveys,
which are beyond the identified scope.



2. Survey Methods

2.1 Monitoring sites

The monitoring site locations are shown in Figures 1 to 4. These sites correspond to the proposed pond locations as required by the EMP and are described in Table 2. The Collombatti site was used as the reference site.

Table 2: Survey sites

Site Name (map ID)	Proposed frog pond sites (EMP)					
Collombatti Reference (Ref)	As required by Stage 1 surveys: "Upon the study area receiving the required rainfall, a reference site would be visited to determine the extent of Green-thighed Frog activity"					
1E	Ch.9050-9350. Five ponds to be constructed on each side of the carriageway (10 in					
1W	total)					
3W	Ch.30660. Five ponds to be constructed on the western side of the carriageway					
4E	Ch.33650. Five ponds to be constructed on each side of the carriageway (10 in total)					
4W						

2.2 Survey method

The survey method described within the EMP (extracted from the Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy) was employed for all surveys and is provided below.

"Monitoring of the constructed breeding ponds would ideally be undertaken on a rainfall event basis when 24-hour rainfall totals exceed 75 millilitres or a cumulative total of 150 millilitres over a 72-hour period. Such rainfall events would be monitored via the Bureau of Meteorology (BOM) website, specifically the Port Macquarie (Station No. 060183) and/or Kempsey (Station No. 059017) weather stations. Where sufficient rainfall is unlikely to occur during the monitoring period, the Project Ecologist will determine whether smaller rainfall events are suitable to conduct a monitoring event. The suitability of the rainfall trigger chosen would be subject to the reference site visit outlined in Stage 1 below. Surveys would be performed using a two-stage process outlined below.

a) Stage 1 – Determining Presence and Breeding Activity

Upon the study area receiving the required rainfall, a reference site would be visited to determine the extent of Green-thighed Frog activity.

The survey would comprise a 30 minute nocturnal active search at each of the four breeding pond areas (sites) using a hand held spotlight. Peripheral habitats (i.e. <50 m) would also be surveyed at this time. Upon the completion of Stage 1 surveys the next stage would be implemented.



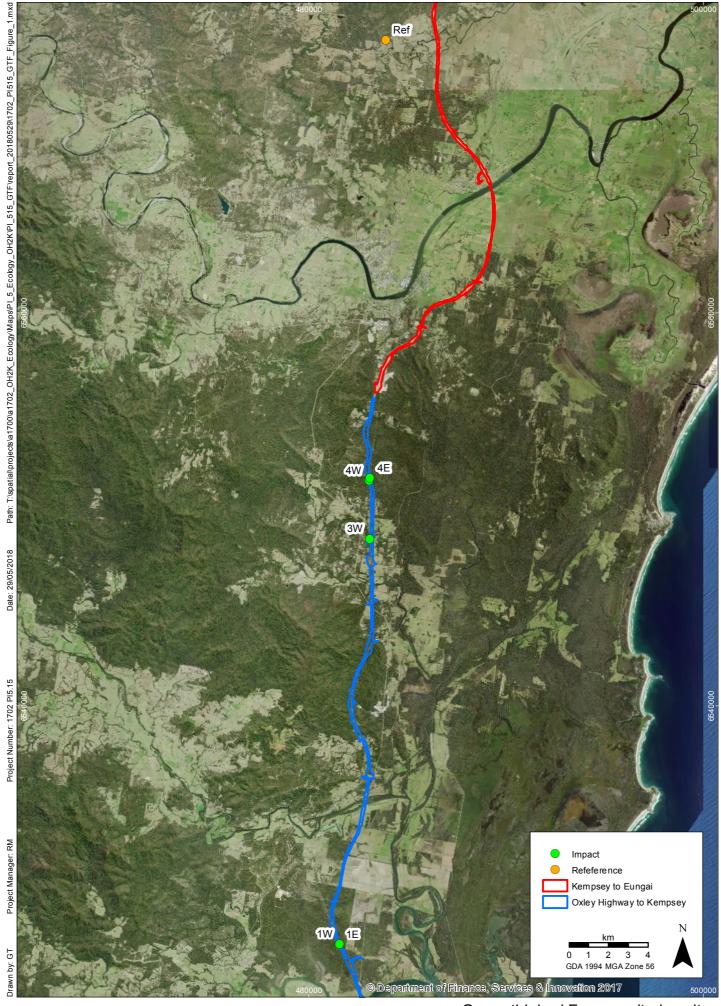
b) Stage 2 – Determining the Success of the Breeding Event

All sites would be subject to follow-up surveys between 30-40 days after the initial census to assess the outcome of the breeding event. This follow up survey will comprise:

- A 20 minute active search for metamorphs and juvenile frogs around the pond edge and vegetation immediately adjacent to the pond (i.e. <10 m).
- Dip-netting of the constructed pond and subsequent tadpole identification. Specific attention will be given toward identifying the presence of fish (both native and exotic) along with predatory invertebrates such as dytiscid larvae.
- The depth of the ponds would be measured from the permanently installed water staff.
- Photo taken from a designated photo point (to be established during the first Stage 2 survey)."

2.3 Analysis

Monitoring results are to be analysed in accordance with the performance indicators specified within the EMP. In the case of the Green-thighed Frog, performance measures are based on presence/absence results and pond habitat quality and do not require statistical comparison between survey events.





Green-thighed Frog monitoring sites Oxley Highway to Kempsey - PI 5.15 GTF Ponds





Green-thighed Frog monitoring Site 1 Oxley Highway to Kempsey - PI 5.15 GTF Ponds





Green-thighed Frog monitoring Site 3 Oxley Highway to Kempsey - PI 5.15 GTF Ponds





Green-thighed Frog monitoring Site 4 Oxley Highway to Kempsey - PI 5.15 GTF Ponds



3. Results

Field data from Stage 1 and Stage 2 monitoring for all sites are provided in Annex 1. Photo monitoring results are provided in Annex 2.

3.1 Frog fence monitoring

As mentioned, frog fence monitoring is detailed within the fauna fence reporting of the Project. Minor maintenance issues, such as small gaps under sections of the fence and around rocks and vegetation growth encroaching on fences, were identified where wire mesh fences had been installed. More notably, where neoprene fences were installed, a number of substantial issues were identified. At a number of locations neoprene fences had begun tearing at screw attachment points, joins in the neoprene were not holding (screws coming out or neoprene tearing away) resulting in areas of neoprene fences falling away from the fauna fence completely. These issues will be detailed and discussed within the fauna fence monitoring report. Roads and Maritime has advised that the neoprene sheeting will be removed and replaced with vermin-proof mesh, as approved on the Pacific Highway Upgrade between Woolgoolga and Ballina.

3.2 Stage 1 - determining presence and breeding activity

3.2.1 Conditions

Suitable rainfall, as specified within the EMP, did not occur until March 2018. As such, Stage 1 surveys were undertaken on the 22nd and 23rd March 2018, when rainfall was deemed suitable by the Project Ecologist. Rainfall at the sites in the previous 24 hours ranged from 70.8 mm to 175.2 mm with cumulative rainfall over 72 hours ranging from 75.8 mm to 258.8 mm. Air temperatures ranged from 19°C to 22°C. As Stage 1 surveys were undertaken over two nights, Site 3W, where frogs were detected on the first night, was revisited on the second night to ensure continued activity. Green-thighed Frogs were still active at this site on the second survey night.

It is important to note that the ponds at Site 4E were being modified to improve water retention at the time of the rainfall trigger event. The bases of the ponds had been excavated and were in the process of having clay / bentonite liners installed. These works were not completed prior to the rainfall, but are scheduled to be completed prior to the next monitoring event.

3.2.2 Nocturnal active searches

Adult Green-thighed Frogs were identified at Site 3W only. Numerous Green-thighed Frogs were heard calling within the vicinity of ponds 1 to 5 and individual frogs were observed in ponds 2 and 4. Two additional individuals were observed in adjoining habitat, within 10 metres of pond 5. Overall, approximately 20 individuals were heard calling at Site 3W, with the majority calling from the adjacent swamplands.

A number of frog species were heard calling at all sites visited, including the Collombatti reference site, Site 1, Site 3W and Site 4. Other species identified include the Striped Marsh Frog (*Limnodynastes peronii*), Common Froglet (*Crinia signifera*), Whirring Tree Frog (*Litoria revelata*), Eastern Dwarf Tree Frog (*Litoria fallax*), Rocket Frog (*Litoria nasuta*), Peron's Tree Frog (*Litoria peronii*), Great Barred Frog (*Myxophyes fasciolatus*) and Dainty Tree Frog (*Litoria gracilenta*).



3.2.3 Pond depth during Stage 1

There was a range of water depths observed in the ponds during Stage 1 surveys. Site 1W ponds contained 30-40cm of water, Site 1E (E&W) and Site 4 (E&W) recorded depths between 20-50 cm, and Site 3W ponds held 80-100 cm of water. Table 3 presents Stage 1 water depths.

3.2.4 Vegetation structure and other observations

All Green-thighed Frogs were found on/in proximity to *Lomandra* spp. Site 3W appears to have a more established vegetation structure than other sites, with differences in cover or complexity of canopy and ground covering vegetation layers, including presence of *Lomandra* spp. within the ground layer. It is possible that invasive grass species present at many ponds is too dense and possibly unsuitable for Greenthighed Frogs, a species that requires leaf litter for foraging (OEH 2018) and a more open low ground vegetation (Hero 2004), such as ferns and mat rushes.

3.3 Stage 2 - determining the success of the breeding event

Stage 2 surveys were undertaken on the 26th and 27th April 2018, 35 days after Stage 1 surveys.

3.3.1 Active searches and dip-netting

A number of tadpoles were caught at the Collombatti reference site, Site 1 (E&W) and Site 3W, while the majority of ponds at Site 4 (E&W) were either dry or judged to have been recently dry. Four tadpoles from Site 3W (ponds 2 and 4) were identified as Green-thighed Frog tadpoles. The remaining tadpoles were identified as either *Limnodynastes* spp., Whirring Tree Frogs, Dainty Tree Frogs or *Crinia* spp. Thus, Site 3W was the only site where Green-thighed Frog tadpoles were recorded.

3.3.2 Predatory fish and invertebrates

Gambusia (*Gambusia holbrooki*) was identified at the Collombatti reference site. Predatory beetles and beetle larvae were detected at Sites 1 (E&W, 2 ponds) and 3W (3 ponds) while dragonfly nymph were detected at Site 1 (E&W, 4 ponds). Predator presence is summarised as follows:

- Site 1E: two of five ponds with at least one predator type.
- Site 1W: four of five ponds with at least one predator type.
- Site 3W: three of five ponds with at least one predator type, including ponds 2 and 4 where Greenthighed Frog tadpoles were found.
- Site 4E: no predators detected (ponds dry or recently dry).
- Site 4W: no predators detected (ponds dry or recently dry).

3.3.3 Pond depth during Stage 2

Table 3 provides the Stage 1 and Stage 2 water levels, including the hydroperiod requirements according to Lewis 2013. According to Lewis 2013, ponds should have a maximum depth of 400 mm and hold water for between 30-40 days at sunny exposed sites or 50-60 days at shaded locations. The constructed ponds can be classed as both sunny exposed sites and shaded sites (see Table 3). Water should therefore be retained up to 40 days in exposed ponds or 60 days in shaded ponds. Stage 2 surveys were undertaken 35 days after Stage 1.



Water levels during Stage 2 surveys were as follows:

- Site 1E all five constructed ponds held water (23-30 cm deep).
- Site 1W all five constructed ponds held water (35-40 cm deep).
- Site 3W four of five constructed ponds held water (15 40 cm deep).
- Site 4E four of five constructed ponds held water (2-5 cm deep).
- Site 4W one of five constructed ponds held water (10 cm deep).

Minimum water retention period – 30 days

As surveys were undertaken 35 days after Stage 1, the presence of water at 30 days cannot be stated for those ponds that were dry during Stage 2 surveys. As such, conclusions as to the likelihood of water presence at 30 days have been drawn based on individual pond conditions, weather and recent rainfall. Stage 2 water depth was impacted by rainfall immediately prior to surveys. Port Macquarie Airport Weather Station recorded 55.4 mm of rainfall over 24 hours, the day prior to surveys. It was evident that Site 4 (E&W) ponds and Site 3W pond 5, which were either dry or held 10 cm or less and contained no predatory fish or invertebrates, had been recently dry. It is therefore considered likely that these ponds did not hold water for the minimum required 30 or 50 days (depending on sun exposure; Lewis 2013 and see Table 7). All Site 1 (E&W) ponds and four Site 3W ponds retained water for the minimum required period (i.e. more than 30 days).

Maximum water retention period – 40-60 days

Given that Stage 2 surveys were undertaken 35 days after Stage 1 surveys and Lewis 2013 states a suitable hydroperiod of up to 40 days for exposed sites or up to 60 days for shaded sites, it is not possible to state if ponds held water beyond the suggested hydroperiod. In addition, as water retention is dependent not only on pond permeability but on weather conditions and local rainfall, it is difficult to draw conclusions regarding the likelihood of ponds to dry within the recommended hydroperiod.

While assessment of water levels after Stage 2 was not possible due to survey limitations, it was considered likely that ponds with water levels of 30 cm or above during Stage 2 monitoring would have retained water for periods beyond 40 days, but this is difficult to estimate beyond 60 days (maximum hydroperiod prescribed by Lewis 2013). Research has shown that an extended hydroperiod is unlikely to impact the breeding of this species, as long as the pond is ephemeral (Lemckert *et al.* 2006, and Lemckert pers. comm.). Therefore, water retention within ponds somewhat beyond the preferred hydroperiod is not considered as important to the survival of this species as the retention of water for long enough to allow for metamorphosis.



Table 3: Pond water retention assessment

Site	Hydroperiod (Lewis 2013)	Site condition	Pond	Stage 1 water depth (cm)	Stage 2 water depth (cm) at 35 days	Minimum water retention period assessment	Maximum water retention period assessment					
1W			1	30-40	40	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
		Sunny exposed	2	30-40	35	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
		ponds. Established vegetation	3	30-40	40	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
	Daniela ka	surrounding ponds.	4	30-40	40	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
	Ponds to support		5	30-40	40	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
1E	water for up	Sunny ponds with	1	20-50	30	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
	to 30-40 days	vegetation immediately	2	20-50	30	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
	,.	adjacent to east.	3	20-50	24	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
		Established vegetation	4	20-50	23	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
		immediately surrounding ponds.	5	20-50	30	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
3W	Ponds to		1	100+	30	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
	support water for up to 30-60	Sunny ponds with vegetation immediately	2	100+	26	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
			3	100	17	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
	days depending		4	100	20	Water retention for minimum required period successful	NA					
	on whether the location is shaded or unshaded.	adjacent to the west	5	100	0	Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded					
4W		Mostly exposed ponds with limited	1	20	10	Water presence considered to be from recent rainfall. Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded					
	Ponds to support	canopy cover. Minimal ground	2	20	0	Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded					
	water for 30	cover immediately	3	20	0	Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded					
	days.*	currounding ponds	surrounding pends	surrounding pends	surrounding pends	surrounding pends	surrounding ponds	4	50	0	Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded
			5	50	0	Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded					



Site	Hydroperiod (Lewis 2013)	Site condition	Pond	Stage 1 water depth (cm)	Stage 2 water depth (cm) at 35 days	Minimum water retention period assessment	Maximum water retention period assessment	
4E	Ponds to support	Shaded ponds amongst	1	50	Water presence considered to be from recent rainfall. Water retentio minimum required period considered unsuccessful		Not exceeded	
	water for 30 days.*	surrounding open woodland. Little to no ground cover immediately	2	20	0	Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful		
			3	40	5	Water presence considered to be from recent rainfall. Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded	
		surrounding ponds.	4	30	5	Water presence considered to be from recent rainfall. Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded	
			5	20	2	Water presence considered to be from recent rainfall. Water retention for minimum required period considered unsuccessful	Not exceeded	

NA = data not available due to survey limitations; *As per Lewis 2013, ponds at sunny exposed sites should hold surface water for between 30-40 days, and between 50-60 days at shaded locations. Discussions with Roads and Maritime concluded that Site 4 (E&W) ponds should be classified as shaded or only partly shaded. Metamorphosis may occur within 28 days (Lewis 2013) and field records show metamorphosis occurring at an exposed site within 40 days (Lemckert *et al.* 2006). As such, in accordance with Table 3-1 of the Greenthighed Frog Management Plan (Lewis 2013; as suggested for Site 2 ponds), it is considered that ponds at site 4 (E&W) should support water for 30-60 days to allow for a range of sunny and shaded locations, to provide enough time for metamorphosis to occur.



3.4 Cumulative results

Summary results of monitoring events to date are provided in Table 4. To date, Green-thighed Frogs have not been detected at Site 1 (E&W) or Site 4(E&W), while Site 3W has shown success in both monitoring periods. Site 4 ponds are considered to have shown insufficient water retention in both monitoring periods. "Water retention post-survey is however difficult to determine due to the survey design and is considered less important than detection of insufficient water retention, and is not included in the cumulative results.

Table 4: Cumulative monitoring results

Site (pond)		2016/2017	7	2017/2018				
	# GTF	#GTF TP	Pond WR	# GTF	#GTF TP	Pond WR		
Ref	1	0	-	0	0	-		
1W(1)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1W(2)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1W(3)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1W(4)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1W(5)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1E(1)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1E(2)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1E(3)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1E(4)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
1E(5)	0	0	Υ	0	0	Υ		
3W(1)	0	0	Υ	С	0	Υ		
3W(2)	0	0	Υ	1, C	1	Υ		
3W(3)	0	0	Υ	С	0	Υ		
3W(4)	1	0	Υ	1, C	3	Υ		
3W(5)	1	0	Υ	С	0	TS		
4W(1)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4W(2)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4W(3)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4W(4)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4W(5)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4E(1)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4E(2)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4E(3)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4E(4)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		
4E(5)	0	0	TS	0	0	TS		

C = heard calling in vicinity of pond; #GTF TP = number of Green-thighed Frog tadpoles; Pond WR = minimum water retention period met; Y = Yes; TS = water not retained for the minimum period.



4. Discussion

A discussion of the 2017/2018 monitoring results in relation to the performance measures detailed in the EMP and the Green-thighed Frog management Strategy (Lewis 2013) is provided in Table 5 and Table 6.

Table 5: Performance indicators of success

Performance indicators of success	Discussion
Continued presence of Green-thighed Frog at two or more of the three breeding pond sites.	This performance measure has not been met. Green-thighed Frogs were heard calling and identified at only one (Site 3W) of the three breeding pond sites.
Green-thighed Frogs calling from the edge of the constructed ponds.	This performance measure has been met for one of the three sites. Green-thighed Frogs were heard calling at Site 3W only.
The presence of tadpoles, juveniles or metamorphs at the frog breeding ponds during Stage 2 surveys.	This performance measure has been met for one of the three sites. Green-thighed Frog tadpoles were observed in two constructed ponds at Site 3W.

Table 6: Signs of the mitigation being unsuccessful

Performance indicators of unsuccessful mitigation	Discussion
Absence of Green-thighed Frogs from one or more of the three sites (GThF MS). Absence of Green-thighed Frogs from the area (EMP).	This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation has been met. Green-thighed Frogs were not recorded at two of the three breeding pond sites or within the broader area.
Ponds not holding water for a sufficient time to enable tadpoles to reach metamorphosis.	This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation has been met for 11 of the 25 constructed ponds. According to Lewis 2013, ponds should have a maximum depth of 400 mm and hold water for between 30-40 days at sunny exposed sites or 50-60 days at shaded locations. Water should therefore be retained for at least 30 and up to 60 days in these ponds. Stage 2 surveys were undertaken 35 days after Stage 1. The majority of Site 1 and Site 3 ponds (14 ponds) contained water during Stage 1 and Stage 2 surveys, i.e. they held water long enough for breeding cycles to occur as per Lewis 2013. This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation has therefore not been met for these sites. However during Stage 2 surveys, Site 4W and 4E ponds, and pond 5 at Site 3W, were found to be dry or only holding 10 cm or less, likely due to recent rain. It is therefore considered likely that these ponds did not hold water for the minimum required 30 or 50 days (depending on sun exposure; Lewis 2013). This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation has therefore been met for these 11 ponds.
Ponds holding water for too long and representing unsuitable habitat (i.e. permanent versus ephemeral).	This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation cannot be assessed due to survey limitations. Given that Stage 2 surveys were undertaken 35 days after Stage 1 surveys and Lewis 2013 states a suitable hydroperiod of up to 40 days for exposed sites or up to 60 days for shaded sites, it is not possible to state if ponds have held water beyond the suggested hydroperiod.
Exotic fish fauna recorded in breeding ponds (GThF MS).	This performance indicator of unsuccessful mitigation has been not been met. No exotic fish were recorded in constructed ponds for the 2018 monitoring period. Other predatory invertebrates were however recorded in a number of ponds.

GThF MS = Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013); EMP = Ecological Monitoring Program (RMS 2016).



5. Recommendations

5.1 Contingency Measures

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program. Those considered relevant to the Green-thighed Frog monitoring program are listed and discussed in Table 7.

Table 7: Contingency Measures

Potential Problem	Contingency Measure proposed in EMP	Discussion of proposed measure
Ponds not used by Green- thighed frog.	Survey adjacent areas to confirm frogs remain in area. Review/modify ponds to improve potential site suitability problems.	Green-thighed Frogs have not been recorded at Site 1 (E&W) or Site 4 (E&W) during any surveys. This contingency measure is considered relevant.
Ponds not holding water long enough to enable breeding to succeed.	Review/modify ponds either by placing a semi permeable layer or further excavation.	A number of ponds were dry at Stage 2 surveys, as per Table 6 Table 6. This contingency measure is considered relevant.
Ponds holding water for too long encouraging competition from non-target frog fauna.	Improve drainage.	This cannot be assessed due to survey limitations.
Exotic fish species recorded in breeding ponds.	Modify pond to ensure it dries out.	No exotic fish were observed. This contingency measure is considered not relevant.

5.2 Recommendations

Recommendations in Table 8 below are provided to address the proposed contingency measures identified in the EMP and corrective actions provided in the Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy. The recommended actions and considerations below were also made in the 2016/2017 monitoring report (Niche 2017) and were taken into consideration by Roads and Maritime.

Following recommendations in the previous report, works to improve water retention of the ponds at Site 4 (E&W) were commenced on the 18th August 2017. Initial works to decrease the permeability of the material forming the ponds proved unsuccessful. As a result, works were again commenced at Site 4E mid-March 2018. This work was put on hold following the trigger rainfall of the 2018 monitoring event. Similar works are planned for Site 4W. These amelioration works are scheduled to be completed prior to the 2018/2019 monitoring period. To ensure the provision of functional ponds prior to the next monitoring event, Roads and Maritime plan to monitor water retention in the Site 4 (E&W) ponds after rainfall events until the amelioration works are deemed successful (i.e. holding water for a minimum of 30 days at sunny exposed sites and 50 days at shaded sites).



Table 8: Signs of the mitigation being unsuccessful and corrective actions

Performance indicators of unsuccessful mitigation	Action described in GThF MS	Recommendation					
Absence of Green-thighed Frogs from one or more of the four sites (GThF MS) Absence of Green-thighed Frogs from the area (EMP).	The corrective action for this would be to firstly, implement additional surveys of adjacent areas to confirm Green-thighed Frogs remain in that general area, and secondly, undertake a review and if deemed necessary modify the ponds to improve any site suitability problems.	Applies to: Site 1 (E&W) and Site 4 (E&W) Consider additional surveys in habitat that is adjacent to monitoring sites and that is deemed suitable for Greenthighed Frogs by the project ecologist to assist in determining the continued presence and activity of the Green-thighed Frog in the general area. Consider necessary modifications to ponds as described in Niche 2017. Consider reviewing vegetation structure in and around ponds and undertaking necessary clearing/replanting.					
Ponds not holding water for a sufficient time to enable tadpoles to reach metamorphosis.	The corrective action for this would involve a review and if deemed necessary, modify the ponds by placing a semi permeable layer or further excavation.	Applies to: all ponds at Site 4E and Site 4W Roads and Maritime should continue planned amelioration works at these sites with consideration of previously recommended mitigations (Niche 2017), in conjunction with site visits to monitor the success of these works prior to the next monitoring event. Applies to: All ponds at Site 1. Install water staff with graduated water depth indicators to permit accurate assessment of water depth.					
Ponds holding water for too long and representing unsuitable habitat (i.e. permanent versus ephemeral).	The corrective action for this would be to improve drainage to ensure the pond dries out.	Cannot be accurately assessed due to survey limitations. Consider interim site visits to determine water presence in constructed ponds. An extended hydroperiod may be acceptable, providing the pond dries at least once each year to prevent the build up of predators (Lemckert et al. 2006; Lemckert pers. comm.).					

GThF MS = Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013); EMP = Ecological Monitoring Program (RMS 2016)



References

Hero J-M., Hines H., Meyer E., Lemckert F., Newell D., Clarke J. (2004). *Litoria brevipalmata*. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2004: e.T12144A3325725.

http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2004.RLTS.T12144A3325725.en. Downloaded on 27 July 2018

Ledlin, D. (1997). Ecology of the Green-thighed Frog (*Litoria brevipalmata*). B. Env. Sc (Honours) Thesis. The University of Newcastle.

Lemckert F., Mahony M., Brassil T., Slatyer C. (2006). The Biology of the threatened Green-thighed frog *Litoria brevipalmata* (Anura: Hylidae) in the central and mid-north coastal areas of New South Wales. Australian Zoologist, Vol. 33, p.337-344.

Lewis (2013). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kempsey Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy. Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Niche (2017). Green-thighed Frog Monitoring 2017 Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche for Roads and Maritime Services.

OEH (2018). Green-thighed Frog –profile. Office of Environment and Heritage threatened species profiles. http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/threatenedSpeciesApp/profile.aspx?id=10485

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.



Annex 1. 2017/2018 monitoring results

Table 9: Stage 1 Results

Site	Pond	Date	Time	GTF observed from pond	GTF calling from pond	GTF observed 10-100 m from pond	GTF calling 10-100 m from pond	Comments/ Other species/ Habitat notes	Water Depth (cm)	Rainfall mm (24hrs)	Rainfall mm (72hrs)	Air Temp (C)	Humidity	Wind	Cloud Cover %	
Collombatti Ref site		23/03/2018	19:22	0	N	0		Whirring Tree Frog, Striped Marsh Frog, Great Barred frog, Green tree Frog, Clicking Froglet, Emerald-spotted Tree frog	100	175.2	258.8	21	82	0	80	
1 W	1	22/03/2018 20:30	20:30	0	N	0		Froglet, Rocket Frog	30-40	70.8 75	75.8	22	82	3	100	
	2			0	N	0			30-40							
	3			0	N	0			30-40							
	4			0	N	0			30-40							
	5			0	N	0			30-40							
1 E	1	22/03/2018 21:00	22/03/2018 21:00	21:00	0	N	0		Striped Marsh Frog, Eastern Froglet, Rocket Frog, Dainty	20-50	70.8	75.8	22	82	2	100
	2		0	N	0		Tree Frog	20-50								
	3			0	N	0			20-50							
	4			0	N	0			20-50							



Site	Pond	Date	Time	GTF observed from pond	GTF calling from pond	GTF observed 10-100 m from pond	GTF calling 10-100 m from pond	Comments/ Other species/ Habitat notes	Water Depth (cm)	Rainfall mm (24hrs)	Rainfall mm (72hrs)	Air Temp (C)	Humidity	Wind	Cloud Cover %
	5			0	N	0			20-50						
3 W	1	22/03/2018	21:49	0	Y	0	Y (1)	Other species heard: Common Froglet, Dainty Tree Frog,	100+	91.6	98.2	20	82	1	100
	Marsh Frog, Eastern Dward Froglet. Around 20 individu	Person's tree Frog, Striped Marsh Frog, Eastern Dwarf Tree Froglet. Around 20 individuals	100+												
	3			0	Y	0	Y (3)	total heard calling at site (10- 100 m from ponds). Water	100						
	4			1	Υ	0	Y	adjacent habitat.	100						
	5			0	N	2	Y		100						
4 W	1	22/03/2018	23:00	0	N	0	N	No frogs calling.	20	80.6	83.6 2	21	80	1	90
	2			0	N	0	N		20						
	3			0	N	0	N		20						
	4			0	N	0	N		50						
	5			0	N	0	N		50						
4 E	1	23/03/2018	0:30	0	N	0	N	No frogs calling near ponds. 100 m north other frog species were	50	175.2	258.8	19	80	0	5
	2			0	N	0	N	heard calling, e.g. Striped Marsh Frog.	20						
	3			0	N	0	N	4	40						
	4			0	N	0	N	30							
	5			0	N	0	N		20						



Table 10: Stage 2 Results

Site	Pond	Water Depth (cm)	Site Photo	Pond Photo	No. GTF (juv)	No. of tadpoles caught	Tadpoles identified	Presence of Fish	Predatory Invertebrates	Comments
Reference	Collombatti	30-40	2293		0	50	Striped Marsh Frog, Dainty Tree Frog & Whirring Tree Frog	Yes - Gambusia	Beetle larvae	
1W	1	40	2264	2264 2263		1	Unidentified call	No	Beetles	Ponds 1-5 from north to south.
	2	35		2265	0	0		No	Dragonfly nymph	
	3	40		2266	0	0		No	Dragonfly nymph	
	4	40		2267	0	0		No	Dragonfly nymph	Macroalgae issue (stonewart)
	5	40	2269	2268	0	4	Striped Marsh Frog	No	Nil	
1E	1	30	2271 – facing N	2270	0	0		No	Dragonfly nymph	Algae present. Adult Striped Marsh Frog in pond.
	2	30		2272	0	0		No	Nil	
	3	24		2275	0	6	Crinia sp.	No	Nil	
	4	23		2276	0	1	Crinia sp.	No	Nil	
	5	30	2278 - facing S	2277	0	0		No	Beetles	Part shade and no shade at other ponds.
3W	1	30	2280 - facing N	2279	0	15	Tree frog possible Whirring Tree Frog	No	Flat beetles	Roadside has been mown right to drainage line.
	2	26		2281	1	20+	Crinia sp. Green-thighed Frog	No	Diving beetle larvae	

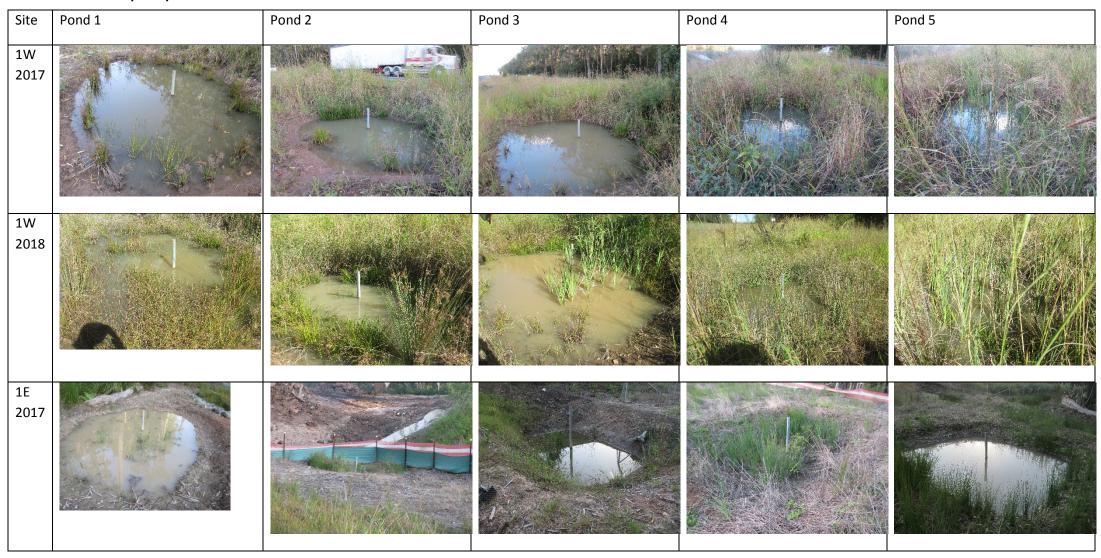


C:to	Pond	Water	Cita Dhata	Donal	No CTF	No of	Environment and Haritage	Dunganga of	Duadatam	Comments
Site	Pond	Water Depth (cm)	Site Photo	Pond Photo	No. GTF (juv)	No. of tadpoles caught	Tadpoles identified	Presence of Fish	Predatory Invertebrates	Comments
	3	17		2282	0	15+	Crinia sp. and unidentified	No	Nil	
	4	20		2283	3	50	Crinia sp., Green-thighed Frog	No	Beetles	
	5	0	2285- facing S	2284	0	0		No	Nil	Adjacent habitat where GTF found Stage 1 was also dry.
4W	1	10	2287- facing N	2286	0	0		No	Nil	Water most likely from recent rain.
	2	0		2288	0	0		No	Nil	
	3	0		2289	0	0		No	Nil	
	4	0		2290	0	0		No	Nil	
	5	0	2292- facing S	2291	0	0		No	Nil	
4E	1	5	2338	2239	0	0		No	Nil	
	2	0		2340	0	0		No	Nil	
	3	5		2341	0	0		No	Nil	
	4	5		2343	0	0		No	Nil	
	5	2	2344	2342	0	0		No	Nil	



Annex 2. Photo monitoring

Table 11: Individual pond photos





Site	Pond 1	Pond 2	Pond 3	Pond 4	Pond 5
1E 2018					
3W 2017					
3W 2018					



Site	Pond 1	Pond 2	Pond 3	Pond 4	Pond 5
4E 2017		*	*	*	*
4E 2018					
4W 2017				*	*

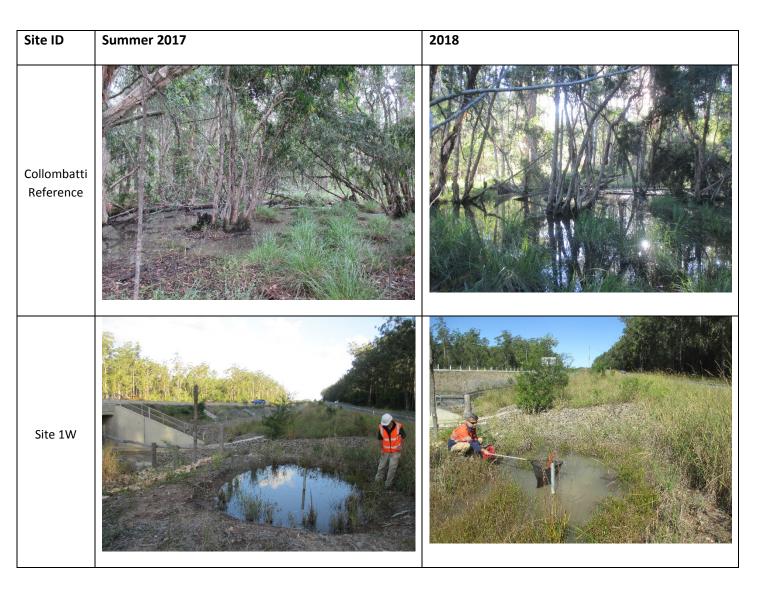


Site	Pond 1 Pond 2 F		Pond 3	Pond 4	Pond 5	
4W 2018						

NA = not applicable, * group pond photos provided in Table 12.



Table 12: Site photos

















Site 4E



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box W36 Parramatta NSW 2150

Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix G Nest Box		





Nest Box Monitoring 2017/2018

Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services

October 2018



Document control

Project no.: 1702 (PI5.13)

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Nest Box Monitoring 2017/2018 Report

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Jodie Danvers, Radika Michniewicz

Internal review: Radika Michniewicz, Amanda Griffith

Document status: R1

Local Government Area: Port Macquarie-Hastings and Kempsey

Document revision status

Author	Revision number	Internal review	Date issued
Jodie Danvers	D0	Radika	24/09/2018
		Michniewicz	
Jodie Danvers	D1	Radika	27/09/2018
		Michniewicz	
Radika	D2	Amanda Griffith	22/10/2018
Michniewicz			
Radika	R0		22/10/2018
Michniewicz			
Radika	R1		5/11/2018
Michniewicz			

Niche Environment and Heritage

Excellence in your environment.

ABN: 19 137 111 721

Head Office

Level 1, 460 Church Street Parramatta NSW 2150 All mail correspondence to:

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW 1750

Phone: **02 9630 5658** Email: **info@niche-eh.com**

Locations

Sydney

Central Coast

Illawarra

Armidale Newcastle

Mudgee

Port Macquarie

Brisbane

Cairns

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2018

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian Copyright Act 1968, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Sugar Gliders in small glider nest box (left) and Common Brushtail Possum in large glider nest box (right) recorded during winter 2018 surveys.



Executive Summary

Context

This report documents findings for the 2017/2018 monitoring period, the first of three operational monitoring periods for nest boxes, as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) and specified in the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP, RMS 2016). The NSW Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) is required to manage and monitor the effectiveness of biodiversity mitigation measures implemented as part of the Project.

Aims

The aim of this report is to summarise the methods and results of the summer 2017/2018 and winter 2018 monitoring and determine if performance measures have been met, as per the EMP.

Methods

Monitoring was undertaken in accordance with the EMP, in summer from 16 January 2018 – 28 February 2018 and in winter from 28 June 2018 – 30 August 2018. Each nest box was visually inspected using a wireless camera attached to the end of an extendable pole, or by a tree climber when inspection from the ground was not possible. Details recorded for each box included: occupation by fauna, species if present, signs of use by fauna, box condition, any maintenance required, changes to surrounding landscape and daily weather conditions.

Key Results

There were a total of 514 nest boxes monitored in summer and winter during the 2017/2018 monitoring period. A total of 273 nest boxes in summer (53.1%) and 292 (56.9%) in winter were occupied or showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna.

Eighteen species of native fauna have been identified using nest boxes to date, including three threatened species; the Yellow-bellied Glider (*Petaurus australis*), Greater Glider (*Petauroides volans*) and Squirrel Glider (*Petaurus norfolcensis*).

Pest species were recorded using 5.4% and 2.9% of boxes in winter and summer respectively. Only 3.5% of boxes required maintenance. Maintenance work included replacement due to deterioration or falling from the tree and fixing broken/damaged lids. However, installation issues were observed during inspections, namely the use of a wiring system that could damage the host tree or reduce the longevity of the boxes.

Conclusions

All performance measures excluding design-specific use have been met. These include use of nest boxes by a wide range of native fauna, low rates of use by pest species and low rates of required box maintenance. Design-specific use was met by five of the nine nest box types, with Scan, SG, LG, Poss and MB boxes all recording use by target species. Nest box types Parr, Co, SO and LFO have not shown signs of use by target fauna.

Management Implications

A number of recommendations have been made, including maintenance or replacement of damaged and lost boxes.



Table of Contents

Exec	cutive S	ummary	. iii
1.	Introd	uction	1
	1.1	Context	1
2.	Survey	Methods	3
	2.1	Nest Boxes Monitored	3
	2.2	Methods	3
3.	Result	s	12
	3.1	2017/2018 Seasonal Results	12
	3.2	2017/2018 Native Fauna Use	12
	3.3	2017/2018 Design Specific Use	12
	3.4	2017/2018 Use by Invasive/Exotic Species	13
	3.5	2017/2018 Maintenance	14
	3.6	All Monitoring Events	15
4.	Discus	sion	18
	4.1	Performance Measures	18
5.	Recom	nmendations	19
	5.1	Contingency Measures and Recommendations	19
Refe	erences		21
Ann	ex 1 – 9	Summer 2018 nest box monitoring	22
Ann	ex 2 – \	Winter 2018 nest box monitoring	46
Ann	ex 3 – \	Weather	68
List	of Fig	ures	
Figu	re 1: Ne	est Box Locations	5



List of Tables

Table 1: Nest boxes installed and monitored	3
Table 2: 2017/2018 nest box use by target species	13
Table 3: 2017/2018 box maintenance	14
Table 4: Nest box fauna	16
Table 5: Cumulative nest box use by target species	17
Table 6: Performance measures and discussion	18
Table 7: Contingency measures	19
Table 8: Recommendations	20



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1995* (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project.

1.1.1 Monitoring framework

The EMP specifies that nest boxes were to be installed in Year 1 (2015) and Year 2 (2016) (construction phase), with monitoring to commence in summer and winter shortly after the installation period (2016) and continue in Year 4 (2018), Year 6 (2020) and Year 8 (2022). For the Nest Box Monitoring the Project has been divided into two sections:

- Oxley Highway to Kundabung (Ch. 0 24040), hereafter referred to as OH2Ku.
- Kundabung to Kempsey (Ch. 24040 37850), hereafter referred to as Ku2K.

To date, five monitoring events have been undertaken and reported on as follows:

- Construction monitoring:
 - Event 1-winter 2016: Niche 2017 (and see Lewis 2017a and Sandpiper 2017a).
 - Event 2-summer 2017: Niche 2017 (and see Lewis 2017a and Sandpiper 2017b).
 - Event 3-winter 2017: Niche 2018a (and see Lewis 2017b and Sandpiper 2017c).
- Operational monitoring:
 - Event 4-summer 2018: current report.
 - Event 5-winter 2018: current report.

Events 1 and 2 were the first biannual inspections after installation. Event 3 (winter 2017) was an additional biannual monitoring event due to the installation of nest boxes occurring six months ahead of the scheduled first monitoring event, and was the last construction monitoring event. Event 4 (summer 2018) and Event 5 (winter 2018) represent the first of three years (Years 4, 6 and 8) of biannual operational monitoring.

1.1.2 Purpose of this report

This report complies with the monitoring requirements described within the EMP and details the findings obtained from the first two operational monitoring events, summer 2017/2018 and winter 2018.

The aim of this report is to summarise the methods and results of the summer 2017/2018 and winter 2018 monitoring and determine if performance measures are being met, as per the EMP.



1.1.3 Performance measures

The EMP specifies the performance measures for nest boxes as follows:

Indicators of success of nest boxes include:

- Use of nest boxes by a wide range of native fauna species.
- Use of nest boxes designed for specific species by those same species.
- Low rate of use of nest boxes by introduced fauna species.
- Low level of maintenance of nest boxes.

1.1.4 Monitoring timing

As per the EMP, monitoring is to be undertaken in summer and winter of 2018, 2020 and 2022. The EMP states the following regarding monitoring timing:

"Nest boxes will be installed in Year 1 and 2 (construction phase). Monitoring will commence in summer and winter shortly after the installation period (Year 2) and will continue in summer and winter of Year 4, Year 6, Year 8. A pre-handover maintenance inspection will be undertaken at Year 8."

1.1.5 Reporting

As per the EMP, annual reporting of monitoring results is to include:

- Detailed description of monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring period.
- Discussion of results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any
 modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are
 required and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the Department of Planning and Environment and the Environment Protection Authority.



2. Survey Methods

2.1 Nest Boxes Monitored

The Nest Box Plan of Management (NBPoM, Lewis 2013a) describes the number, type and distribution of nest boxes required to mitigate the loss of hollows, and the ongoing management of the nest boxes. The boxes were installed in two phases: 60% prior to or during clearing to provide temporal refuge habitat and the remaining 40% once a final count of functional tree hollows was made during the clearing supervision. Phase 2 calculations required an additional four boxes for OH2Ku and 101 for Ku2K. The number of nest boxes installed and monitored are provided in Table 1. Phase 2 installations for OH2Ku were undertaken prior to Event 2, and are now complete for Ku2K, with the final 101 boxes installed in winter 2017.

In Event 4 and 5, eight boxes from the Ku2K section of the Project were not located and four boxes were replaced (after being burnt) with new box numbers, however the old (burnt) box numbers were still included in the total nest box count of 257, but these no longer exist, i.e. only 97 boxes (including those eight not found) were installed, instead of the required 101.

The nest boxes were installed in zones to provide clusters of nest boxes in areas requiring mitigation for the loss of hollows. Figure 1 shows the location of nest boxes.

Table 1: Nest boxes installed and monitored

	Specified in the NBPoM	Phase 1 installation Event 1 (winter 2016)	Phase 2 calculation	Boxes required	Event 2	Event 3	Event 4	Event 5
OH2Ku	469	263	4	267	269*	269	269	269
Ku2K	254	156	101	257	156^	205+	245#	245#
	723	419		524	425	474	514	514

^{* =} two extra boxes were installed due to Masked Owl observations during clearing; † = this excludes the four boxes that were burnt and discontinued and replaced with new boxes and box numbers; ^ = 53 of the phase 2 nest boxes were installed after Event 2, prior to Event 3 monitoring, the remaining 48 were installed after Event 3 and were monitored for the first time during summer 2018 (Event 4). # = eight boxes were not located and four boxes that had been burnt had been included in the total required nest box count of 257 but do not exist.

2.2 Methods

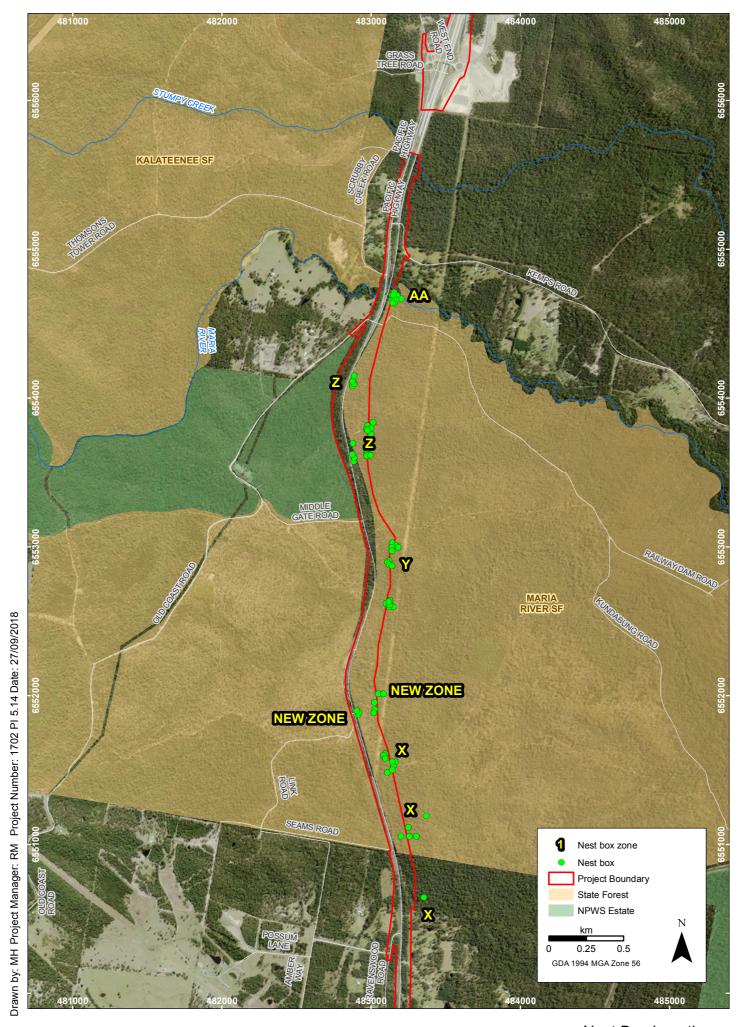
The EMP, in accordance with the NBPoM, states that monitoring will involve a visual inspection of each nest box, and at each monitoring period, the following information will be collected:

- Inspection date, weather conditions (rain, wind, cloud cover, ambient temperature) and time each nest box was inspected.
- Nest box identification number.
- If the nest box is occupied by native fauna, and if so, the species. If the nest box is not occupied by a native species, record any signs of use by native species, such as feathers, droppings, scats, hair or nesting material.
- If the nest box is occupied by a pest species such as European bees, or Common Myna.
- Deterioration of the nest box and if any maintenance required.
- Any changes to the surrounding habitats, such as clearing or installation of wildlife crossing structures.



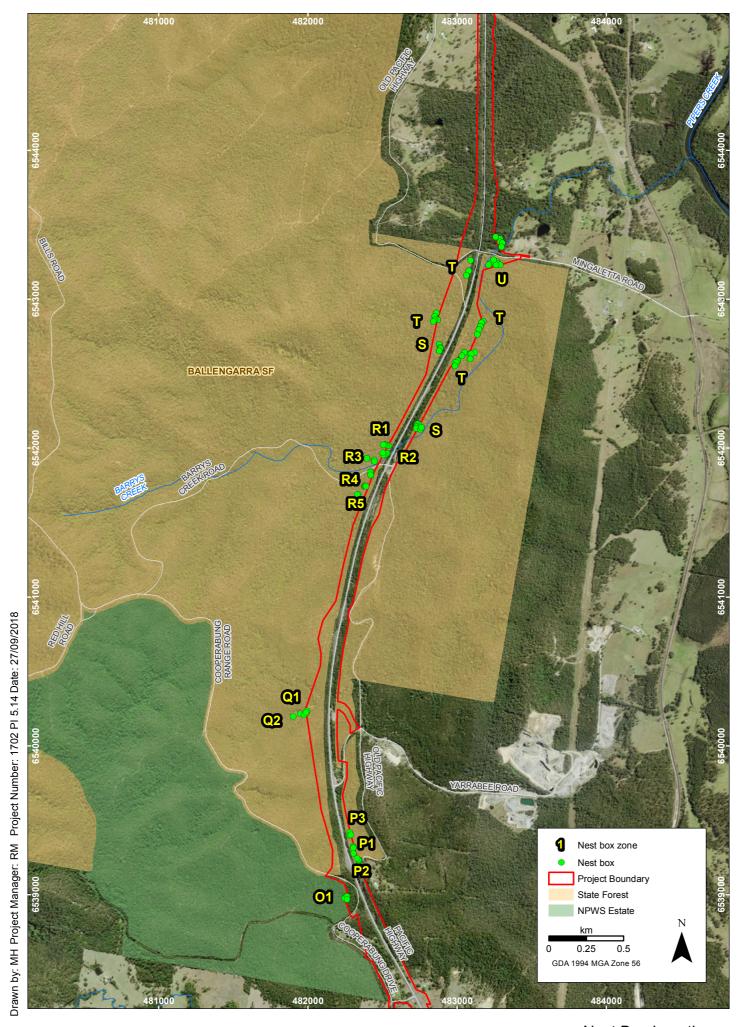
The maintenance regime will involve:

- The removal of pest species such as Common Myna, Common Starlings and European Bees.
- The replacement of fallen, damaged or deteriorated nest boxes.
- The repositioning or relocation of nest boxes that show no sign of use after several successive monitoring periods
- The removal of excess nesting material that may block access to the nest box over time.



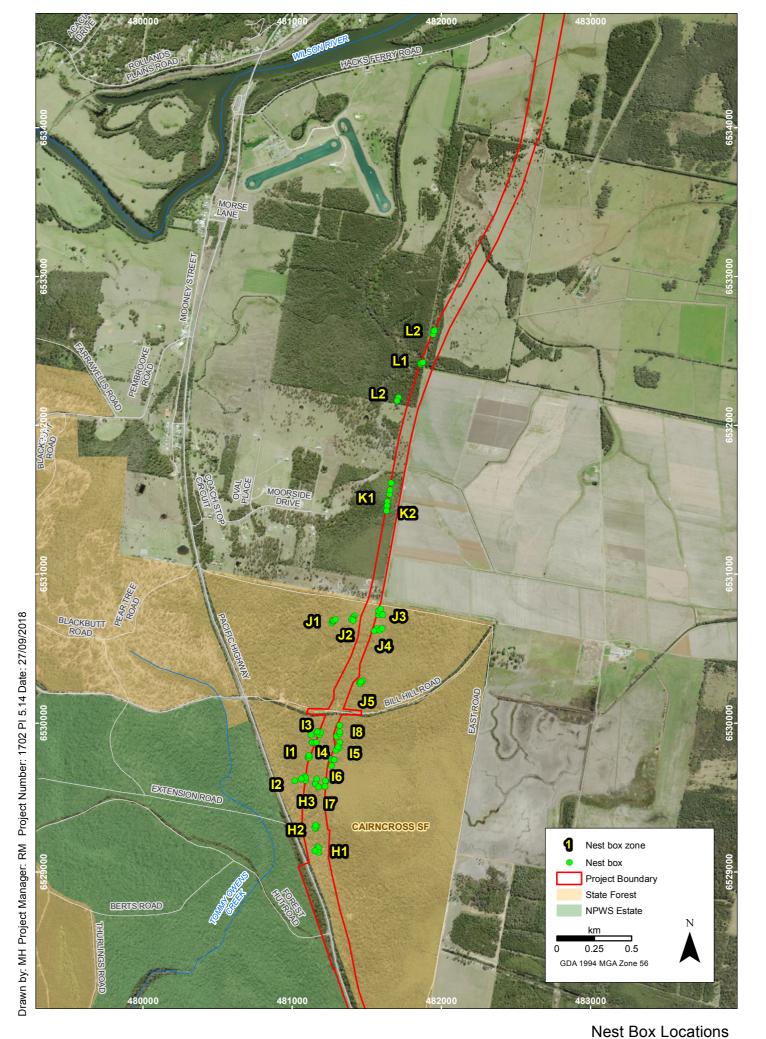






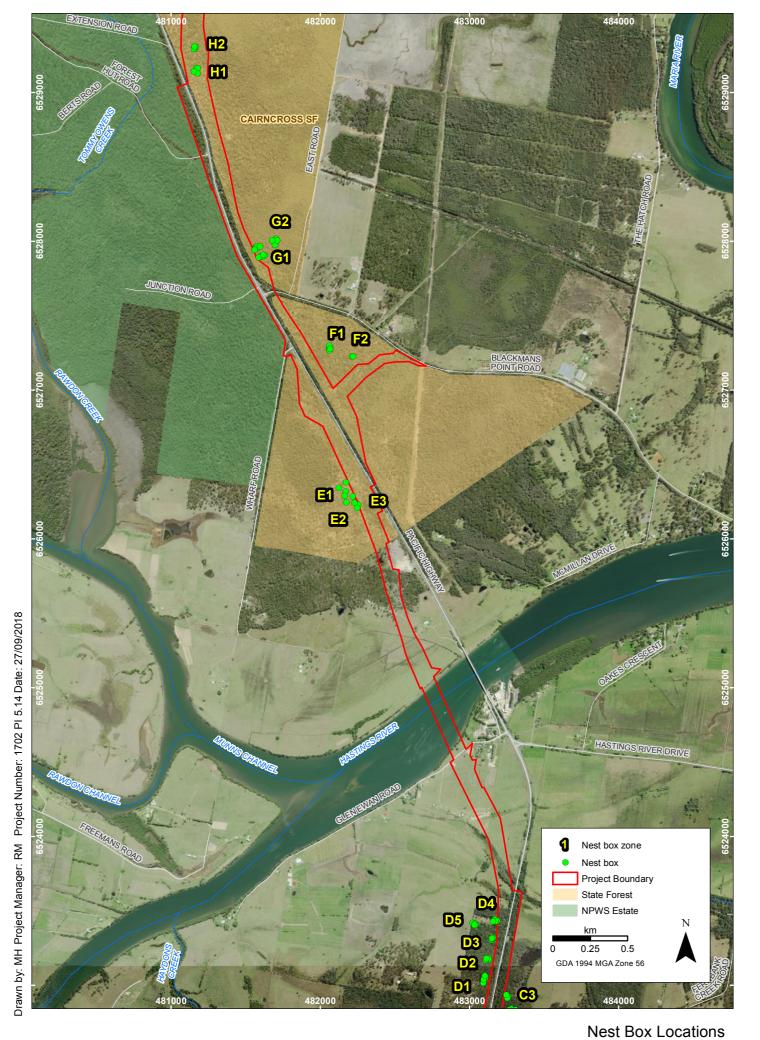








Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey





3. Results

3.1 2017/2018 Seasonal Results

Summer and winter inspection results and survey weather conditions are provided in Annex 1, Annex 2 and Annex 3, respectively. To provide an overall representation of nest box results for the entire Project, OH2Ku and Ku2K results have been combined.

3.1.1 Event 4 – summer 2018

Summer surveys were undertaken between 16 January 2018 and 28 February 2018. A total of 514 nest boxes were monitored. Of these, 38 (7.4%) were occupied by native vertebrate fauna at the time of surveys and a further 235 (45.7%) showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna. A total of 273 nest boxes (53.1%) were therefore either occupied or showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna during the 2018 summer surveys.

3.1.2 Event 5 - winter 2018

Winter surveys were undertaken between 28 June 2018 and 30 August 2018. A total of 514 nest boxes were monitored. Of these, 48 (9.4%) were occupied by native vertebrate fauna at the time of surveys and a further 244 (47.6%) showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna. A total of 292 nest boxes (56.9%) were therefore either occupied or showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna during the 2018 winter surveys.

3.2 2017/2018 Native Fauna Use

Eleven species from three fauna groups were recorded occupying nest boxes during Event 4 and Event 5. These included:

- Mammals:
 - Arboreal mammals: Common Brushtail Possum (*Trichosurus vulpecula*), Yellow-bellied Glider (*Petaurus australis*), Sugar Glider (*Petaurus breviceps*), Squirrel Glider (*Petaurus norfolcensis*) and Common Ringtail Possum (*Pseudocheirus peregrinus*).
 - Scansorial mammals: Antechinus (Antechinus sp.).
- Birds: Australian Owlet Nightjar (*Aegotheles chrisoptus*), White-throated Treecreeper (*Cormobates leucophaea*) and Scaly-breasted Lorikeet (*Trichoglossus chlorolepidotus*).
- Reptiles: Lace Monitor (Varanus varius) and Carpet Python (Morelia spilota).

Of particular note was the detection of the Yellow-bellied Glider recorded on two occasions in a small owl and a large glider type box, and Squirrel Glider in small glider and scansorial type boxes. Both of these species are listed as vulnerable under the NSW *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act). Use of nest boxes by native fauna is further discussed in Section 3.6.2.

3.3 2017/2018 Design Specific Use

The NBPoM proposed the installation of the following types of species-specific nest boxes:

- Scansorial fauna (Antechinus) (Scan)
- Small gliders (Feathertail Glider and Sugar Glider) (SG)
- Larger gliders (Squirrel Glider, Yellow-bellied Glider, Greater Glider) (LG)
- Possums (Common Brushtail Possum, Short-eared Possum and Common Ringtail Possum) (Poss)
- Microchiropteran bats (fluttering and direct flying species that utilise tree hollows) (MB)



- Medium sized parrots/lorikeets (Parr)
- Cockatoo (Black Cockatoos)(Co)
- Small Owls (Southern Boobook and Barn Owl) (SO)
- Large Forest Owls (Masked Owl, Sooty Owl, Powerful Owl) (LFO)

Fauna observed to be occupying nest boxes at the time of monitoring have been grouped into the above target groups and their nest box use is provided in Table 2.

Possums and reptiles were recorded in a variety of nest box types and sizes. Scansorial fauna were found only in SG boxes while the majority of small gliders (Sugar Gliders) were found in Scan and SG boxes. Large gliders (Squirrel Gliders and Yellow-bellied Gliders) were recorded in Scan, SG, LG and SO boxes, with Squirrel Gliders only occupying the smaller Scan and SG boxes, and Yellow-bellied Gliders occupying the larger LG and SO boxes. Cockatoo, small owl and large forest owl nest boxes were not used by their target fauna in Event 4 or Event 5. These species were also not recorded using nest boxes during the current monitoring events. Cumulative design-specific use is discussed in Section 3.8.4

Table 2: 2017/2018 nest box use by target species

		Nest box type								
Fauna group	Scansorial Fauna (Scan)	Small Glider (SG)	Large Glider (LG)	Possum (Poss)	Microbat (MB)	Parrot/ Lorikeet (Parr)	Cockatoo (Co)	Small Owl (SO)	Large Forest Owl (LFO)	
Scansorial fauna		6								
Small gliders	11	7	1	1		1				
Large gliders	3	2	1					1		
Possums			8	20		1	3		2	
Microbats					1					
Parrots/lorikeets		2								
Cockatoos										
Small owls										
Large forest owls										
Other birds				2		1		2		
Reptiles		2	2	1		3		1		

3.4 2017/2018 Use by Invasive/Exotic Species

The NBPoM identifies native and non-native pest species including the European Bee (*Apis mellifera*), exotic birds including Common Myna (*Acridotheres tristis*) and Common Starling (*Sturnus vulgaris*), and termites and ants. These fauna are considered pests for the nest box program as they compete with native/target fauna for nesting resources, create nests/hives that exclude target fauna, and introduce maintenance and longevity issues.

Evidence of exotic bird use was recorded in Zone W, within three adjacent possum boxes (Box 129, 130 and 131). These boxes contained untidy nests with rubbish (pieces of plastic and food packaging) and various feathers and were considered likely to be nests of the Common Myna. European Bees were recorded in six boxes (1.2%) in summer and four boxes (0.8%) in winter. Including ant species, a total of 28 boxes (5.4%) in summer (Event 4) and 15 boxes (2.9%) in winter (Event 5) were occupied by pest species.



3.5 2017/2018 Maintenance

3.5.1 Box condition

Overall, boxes were found to be in good condition with a total of 18 boxes requiring maintenance after Event 4 or Event 5 (3.5%), four of which were attended to in July 2018. Maintenance actions included fixing broken lids and replacing boxes that had been damaged by fire or had substantially deteriorated. A number of potential installation issues that were observed during inspections are currently being discussed with Roads and Maritime. In collaboration with Niche, Roads and Maritime are currently endeavouring to find the best approach for amendment. Table 3 lists the structural maintenance issues encountered during Event 4 and Event 5.

Table 3: 2017/2018 box maintenance

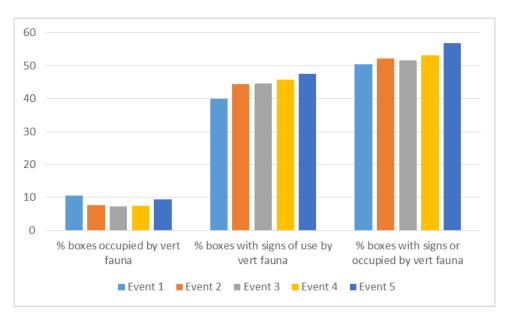
Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #/ NBT	Box type	season of maintenance note	Box condition	Maintenance action required	Notes	Action taken
Ku2K	AA	6	Parr	Event 4 and 5	Burnt bottom	Replace		
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	90	Scan	Event 4	Lid held closed	Clear branches		
Ku2K	S	75	Scan	Event 4 and 5	Lid stuck	Fix lid		
Ku2K	Т	67	LFO	Event 5	Broken	Replace	Box had fallen from the tree	
Ku2K	V	34	SG	Event 5	Lid stuck unable to inspect	Fix lid		
Ku2K	X	83	Parr	Event 5	Lid not straight	Fix lid		
Ku2K	Υ	24	Poss	Event 4	Poor - rotten on inside	Replace	Wood decay fungi inside the box.	
Ku2K	Z	109	LG	Event 4 and 5	Broken hinges	Fix lid		
Ku2K	Z	124	LG	Event 5	Lid screwed shut	Fix lid		
OH2Ku	A1	180	SG	Event 4	Lid stuck closed	Fix lid		July 2018. Lid opened but may be re-occurring due to native bee hive
OH2Ku	A2	173	SG	Event 5	Poor - lid fell off	Fix lid	Lid hinges rusted off and lid fell down.	
OH2Ku	A4	187	Parr	Event 5	Poor - lid fell off	Fix lid	Lid fell to ground.	
OH2Ku	A5	188	Scan	Event 5	Lid broken	Fix lid		
OH2Ku	A5	189	SG	Event 5	Hinge broken	Fix lid		
OH2Ku	A5	191	Poss	Event 5	Lid loose	Fix lid		
OH2Ku	E3	196	Scan	Event 4	Hanging at an angle	Straighten		July 2018. Box straightened
OH2Ku	M2	250	Poss	Event 4	Lid stuck closed	Fix lid		July 2018. Lid freed.
OH2Ku	R1	322	LFO	Event 4	Lid stuck closed	Fix lid		July 2018. Lid freed.



3.6 All Monitoring Events

3.6.1 Occupation rate

Graph 1 shows the rate of occupation and signs of use by native vertebrate fauna for all individual monitoring events to date, while Graph 2 shows the cumulative occupation for all monitoring events. The highest occupation rate by vertebrate fauna was recorded during Event 1 (10.5%), however there has been a gradual increase from Event 1 in the percentage of boxes that have shown signs of use by native vertebrate fauna. While the recorded occupancy during any one monitoring event appears to be consistently around 10%, Graph 2 shows that over 25% of boxes have been occupied on at least one occasion during inspections and that over 75% of boxes have been occupied or have shown signs of use on at least one occasion during inspections.



Graph 1: Nest box occupation and signs of use by native fauna



Graph 2: Cumulative occupation of nest boxes by native fauna



3.6.2 Native fauna use

Table 4 lists the native vertebrate fauna recorded during the current and previous surveys, with threatened species highlighted in bold. Two threatened species were recorded during Event 4 and 5: the Yellow-bellied Glider and the Squirrel Glider, both listed as vulnerable under the BC Act.

The Yellow-bellied Glider was recorded in zone AA NBT03 (small owl box) in Event 3 and Event 4; and zone AA NBT08 (large glider box) in Event 2. The Yellow-bellied Glider was also recorded during Event 4 in a new location, zone R3 NBT330 (large glider box).

The Squirrel Glider was detected during Event 3 in zone NEW ZONE NBT96 (possum box) and Event 4 in zone C2 NBT219 (small glider box) and G3 NBT209 (scansorial box). A number of additional glider records during Event 4 and 5 were recorded as possible Squirrel Gliders, however identification could not be confirmed.

The threatened Greater Glider (listed as vulnerable under the EPBC Act) has not been detected since Event 2 (zone R1 box 322, large forest owl box, and zone R3 box 334, large glider box).

Table 4: Nest box fauna

Fauna Group	Species	Event 1	Event 2	Event 3	Event 4	Event 5
Arboreal mammals	Short-eared Possum (<i>Trichosurus caninus</i>)		✓			
	Common Brushtail Possum (<i>Trichosurus vulpecula</i>)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Yellow-bellied Glider (Petaurus australis)		✓	✓	✓	
	Sugar Glider (Petaurus breviceps)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Greater Glider (Petauroides volans)		✓			
	Common Ringtail Possum (Pseudocheirus peregrinus)	✓	✓			✓
	Feathertail Glider (Acrobates pygmaeus)	✓	✓	✓		
	Squirrel Glider (Petaurus norfolcensis)			✓	✓	
Scansorial mammals	Brown Antechinus (Antechinus stuartii)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Flying mammals	Gould's Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus gouldi)	✓	✓	✓		
	Chocolate Wattled Bat (Chalinolobus morio)		✓			
	Lesser Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus geoffroyi)			✓		
Birds	Australian Owlet Nightjar (Aegotheles chrisoptus)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Scaly-breasted Lorikeet (<i>Trichoglossus chlorolepidotus</i>)		✓	✓	✓	✓
	Eastern Rosella (<i>Platycercus eximius</i>)			✓		
	White-throated Treecreeper (Cormobates leucophaea)			✓		✓
Reptiles	Lace Monitor (Varanus varius)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Carpet Python (Morelia spilota)		✓		✓	✓



3.6.3 Cumulative design-specific use

The cumulative fauna records (Events 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5) and their nest box use are provided in Table 5.

Scansorial fauna have been recorded occupying the smaller Scan, SG and MB boxes, while small gliders have been found occupying all box types except for the largest cockatoo and owl boxes. Large gliders (Squirrel Gliders and Yellow-bellied Gliders) have been recorded in Scan, SG, Poss, LG and SO boxes, with Squirrel Gliders only occupying the smaller Scan and SG boxes, with one record in a Poss box, and Yellow-bellied Gliders occupying the larger LG and SO boxes. Possums have been recorded occupying all but the smallest nest boxes. The two Lorikeet records were from the same SG box, and other birds (White-throated Treecreeper and Owlet Nightjars) have been found occupying a range of box types. Similarly, reptiles have been found occupying a range of nest box types.

Overall, box types Scan, SG, LG, Poss and MB have all recorded occupancy by their target fauna group. Parr type boxes were used by non-target fauna, with the two Lorikeet records occurring in SG boxes, which are similar in dimensions to, but with a smaller entrance and shallower, than the Parr boxes. Box types Co, SO and LFO were not used by their target fauna, and as mentioned previously, these bird groups have not been recorded using nest boxes.

Table 5: Cumulative nest box use by target species

	Nest box type								
Fauna group	Scansorial Fauna (Scan)	Small Glider (SG)	Large Glider (LG)	Possum (Poss)	Microbat (MB)	Parrot/ Lorikeet (Parr)	Cockatoo (Co)	Small Owl (SO)	Large Forest Owl (LFO)
Scansorial fauna	1	8			1			1	
Small gliders	23	24	1	1	2	5			
Large gliders	3	2	3	1				2	1
Possums			17	33		2	4	1	4
Microbats					6				
Parrots/lorikeets		4							
Cockatoos									
Small owls									
Large forest owls									
Other birds	1		1	2		4		6	1
Reptiles	1	2	3	1		7	1	3	



4. Discussion

4.1 Performance Measures

A summary of Event 4 and Event 5 monitoring results in relation to the performance indicators are provided in Table 6. Cumulative results have also been used in the assessment of results against performance indicators due to the expected gradual uptake of nest boxes by fauna.

Table 6: Performance measures and discussion

Performance indicators of success	Discussion					
Use of nest boxes by a wide range of native fauna species.	This performance indicator has been met. Eleven species were identified during Event 4 and 5 and 18 native vertebrate fauna species, including three threatened species, have been recorded occupying boxes to date. Notable absentees were larger forest birds. Hollow-dependant hylid tree frogs were not observed, however some of these species may prefer hollows that retain water, which nest boxes are designed not to do.					
Use of nest boxes designed for specific species by those same species.	This performance indicator has been met by 5 of the 9 nest box types to date. Nest box types Scan, SG, LG, Poss and MB boxes have all recorded use by target species. Nest box types Parr, Co, SO and LFO have not shown signs of use by target fauna (however these nest box types were used by other vertebrate fauna groups). The target fauna of these boxes were not recorded using any nest box type, with the exception of two Lorikeet records from the same SG box in consecutive inspections. This is discussed further in Table 8.					
Low rate of use of nest boxes by introduced fauna species.*	This performance indicator has been met. Exotic birds were recorded using three nest boxes (0.6%) and 1.2% of nest boxes in winter and 0.8% in summer showed signs of use by European Bees.					
Low level of maintenance of nest boxes.*	This performance indicator has been met. Only 3.5% of boxes required maintenance/replacement.					

^{*=} as per the bat roost boxes (Niche 2015), these levels/rates were not specified in the EMP, as such an arbitrary level/rate of ≤10% has been assigned.



5. Recommendations

5.1 Contingency Measures and Recommendations

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program. Those that are considered to be relevant to the nest box monitoring program are listed and discussed in Table 7 and recommendations are discussed in Table 8.

Table 7: Contingency measures

Potential Problem	Contingency Measure proposed in EMP	Discussion of proposed measure
Nest box being used by non-target species.	Review number and design of next boxes.	All nest box types showed use by non-target vertebrate fauna. As generalists, reptiles were expected, and observed to use a range of nest box types. LG boxes showed a relatively high use by possums which may exclude/compete with the targeted large gliders. Additional monitoring events are required to determine a trend or an increase in use of other box types by possums. Future consideration of exclusion methods for Brushtail Possums, such as installing metal guards around trees, to prevent predation and resource competition may be required, but at this stage is not considered necessary. At this stage, the level of use by non-target native vertebrate fauna is not considered to warrant contingency measures. At this stage, the use of 5.4% of nest boxes in summer and 2.9% in winter by non-target pests is not considered to warrant contingency measures. However should future monitoring observe ongoing and/or increasing use by these species, contingency measures may be required. This contingency measure is not considered relevant.
Nest boxes become occupied by exotic or invasive fauna such as European Bees.	Review/modify nest box design to exclude undesirable species, treat nest boxes to deter/eradicate pest species, or relocate nest boxes.	Exotic birds were recorded using three adjacent nest boxes (0.6%) and less than 2% of nest boxes currently show signs of use by European Bees. This contingency measure is not considered relevant.
Poor uptake or usage by native fauna species.	Review the types and numbers of nest box designs, their location or positioning within the tree.	Eighteen native vertebrate fauna species, including three threatened species, have been recorded occupying nest boxes to date. 78% of nest boxes have been occupied during inspections or shown signs of use by native vertebrate fauna on at least one occasion to date. However, as discussed in Table 8 large forest birds have not been recorded using nest boxes. This contingency measure is not considered relevant for the majority of target native species.
Nest boxes deteriorating rapidly and requiring maintenance.	Identify causes of nest box failure, modify design and construct accordingly.	Only 3.5% of boxes required maintenance/replacement. Maintenance included replacement due to deterioration or falling from the tree and fixing broken/damaged lids. This contingency measure is not considered relevant.



Table 8: Recommendations

Table 6. Recommend	
Issue to be addressed	Recommendation
Ku2K nest box numbers	It is recommended that nest boxes be installed to meet the minimum required number based on Phase 2 calculations, taking into consideration boxes that have been burnt or cannot be located.
Absence of large forest birds from nest boxes (Cockatoos and Owls)	The NBPoM notes that there is limited evidence to suggest that black cockatoos will use artificial nest boxes and that evidence of artificial nest boxes by owl species is also limited. Anecdotal observations and literature, such as Goldingay and Stevens (2009), indicates that research regarding artificial hollow use by native bat and bird species is limited. In addition, nest box monitoring of nearby sections of the Pacific Highway Upgrade have not recorded use of nest boxes by cockatoos or owls (Niche 2018b, Sandpiper 2017d). Nest boxes have been installed and monitored for two years. It is possible that, with time, use of nest boxes by these previously unrecorded species may occur. As such, at this stage specific corrective actions have not been recommended. However, it is noted that given the apparent low likelihood of use, discussions with the NSW EPA to address the suitability of nest boxes as a mitigation measure and possible alternative mitigation measures for these birds groups may be required in time. These discussions should consider: • A review of recent literature regarding the use of nest boxes by these bird groups to determine their effectiveness as compensatory habitat and likelihood of uptake. • A review of literature regarding alternative habitat compensation measures for these bird groups, including the installation of suitable felled natural hollows or chainsaw hollows (Griffiths et al. 2017). • A review of the NBPOM data to assess the species-specific habitat lost and the required level of habitat compensation.
In accordance with the EMF	P's maintenance regime:
The removal of pest species such as Common Myna, Common Starlings and European Bees.	It is recommended that three boxes that recorded use by the Common Myna during Event 4 and Event 5 (Zone W, Poss boxes 129, 130 and 131) be cleared of nest material.
The replacement of fallen, damaged or deteriorated nest boxes	Box replacement and/or maintenance required for a total of 14 boxes as listed in Table 3.
The repositioning or relocation of nest boxes that show no sign of use after several successive monitoring periods	The overall use rate of the nest boxes after Event 5 monitoring is similar to other Pacific Highway Upgrade Projects (Sandpiper 2017d), and to date, 74.9% of boxes have shown signs of use on at least one occasion. Of the 514 boxes inspected, 130 have shown no signs of use to date. However, of these 130, 60 were installed during Phase 2 installations in 2017. Given the increasing rate of use of nest boxes, and that this rate is expected to further increase with time since installation, relocation of unused nest boxes is not yet recommended.
The removal of excess nesting material that may block access to the nest box over time	At this stage there are no nest boxes requiring removal of nest material.



References

Goldingay, R.L. and Stevens, J.R. (2009). Use of artificial tree hollows by Australian birds and bats. *Wildlife Research* 36: 81 – 97.

Griffiths, S.R., Lentini, P.E., Semmens, K., Watson, S.J., Lumsden, L.F. and Robert, K.A. (2018). Chainsaw-Carved Cavities Better Mimic the Thermal Properties of Natural Tree Hollows than Nest Boxes and Log Hollows. *Forests* 9: 235.

Lewis, B.D. (2017a). Kundabung to Kempsey Nest Box Monitoring: Year 1. Report prepared for the K2K Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Lewis, B.D. (2017b). Kundabung to Kempsey Nest Box Monitoring: Year 2 Winter. Report prepared for the K2K Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Niche (2015). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2015. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2017). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2017. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2018a). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Contractor Ecological Monitoring Report 2018. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2018b). Nest Box Monitoring 2016/2017. Frederickton to Eungai Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.

Sandpiper (2017a). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kundabung Nest box monitoring – winter 2016. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017b). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kundabung Nest box monitoring – summer 2017. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017c). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kundabung Nest box monitoring – winter 2017. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017d). Nest Box Monitoring Report. Pacific Highway Upgrade: Woolgoolga to Ballina Section 1 – Autumn 2017 (Year 2). Report prepared by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.



Annex 1 – Summer 2018 nest box monitoring

Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	AA	1	Scan	07/02/2018	9:27	Camera	Р			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	1	МВ	07/02/2018	9:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	2	SG	07/02/2018	9:20	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Previous fire regen	ant nest
Ku2K	AA	2	Parr	07/02/2018	9:22	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	3	SO	26/02/2018	11:11	Tree climber	Υ	Yellow-bellied Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	YBG fled box
Ku2K	AA	3	Poss	07/02/2018	9:37	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	4	Scan	07/02/2018	9:18	Camera	Р			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	4	Poss	07/02/2018	9:15	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Previous fire regen	Active ant nest
Ku2K	AA	5	LFO	26/02/2018	11:22	Tree climber	N			Leaves and bird droppings	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	5	Poss	26/02/2018	11:22	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Continue to monitor	Nil	Water getting into the box and pooling causing wood decay.
Ku2K	AA	6	МВ	07/02/2018	9:08	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	6	Parr	07/02/2018	9:07	Camera	N			Nil	Burnt	Replace	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	6	Scan	07/02/2018	9:06	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	7	SG	07/02/2018	8:38	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	7	Poss	07/02/2018	8:40	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum x 2	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	AA	8	LG	26/02/2018	10:50	Tree climber	N			Fresh leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	9	Poss	07/02/2018	not located		not located				Unk		Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	9	Scan	07/02/2018	not located		not located				Unk		Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	94	Scan	26/02/2018	10:10	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Appears to be insufficient wiring to support the box. No protective hose on the wire.
Ku2K	AA	94	SG	07/02/2018	9:00	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Previous fire regen	
Ku2K	AA	95	Scan	07/02/2018			not located				Unk			Appears to have been burnt as hanging mark on tree
Ku2K	AA	95	Scan	07/02/2018			not located				Unk			Appears to have been burnt as hanging mark on tree
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	90	Scan	06/02/2018	13:01	Camera	Υ	Sugar or Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Clear branches	Nil	Branches holding lid closed.
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	90	Poss	06/02/2018	13:22	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	91	Scan	06/02/2018	13:23	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	91	Poss	06/02/2018	13:26	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	92	LG	26/02/2018	8:30	Tree climber	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	92	Scan	06/02/2018	13:30	Camera	Р			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	96	Co	26/02/2018	16:58	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Appears to be insufficient wiring to support the box and the box is not correctly aligned/positioned.
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	96	Poss	26/02/2018	16:58	Tree climber	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	Appears to be insufficient wiring to support the box and the box is not correctly aligned/positioned.
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	97	LFO	26/02/2018	17:20	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	97	Poss	26/02/2018	17:20	Tree climber	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	Box appears to have been installed with soil inside which will potentially rot the timber.



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	98	Scan	26/02/2018	15:55	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	98	LG	26/02/2018	15:55	Tree climber	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	99	SG	06/02/2018	15:21	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	99	Poss	06/02/2018	15:25	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	100	LG	26/02/2018	16:22	Tree climber	N			Leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	100	Poss	26/02/2018	16:22	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	The box is not correctly aligned/positioned and there is no hose on the hanging wire. The wire appears to have some sharp edges/ends.
Ku2K	S	58	LG	05/02/2018	9:06	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	58	Scan	05/02/2018	8:54	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clean out	Nil	Ant nest
Ku2K	S	59	SG	05/02/2018	9:15	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clean out	Nil	Ant nest
Ku2K	S	59	Poss	05/02/2018	9:10	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	60	LG	05/02/2018	9:20	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	60	Poss	05/02/2018	9:16	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	61	Poss	05/02/2018	9:36	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	61	SO	05/02/2018	9:40	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	72	LG	08/02/2018	16:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	72	Poss	08/02/2018	16:25	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	73	LG	08/02/2018	16:09	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Honeycomb
Ku2K	S	73	Poss	08/02/2018	16:15	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	74	Со	28/02/2018	10:48	Tree climber	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Active ants
Ku2K	S	75	Parr	08/02/2018	15:45	Camera	N			Leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	75	Scan	08/02/2018	15:46	Camera	N	Insects	Р	Nil	Good	Lid wedged shut - clear out	Nil	Infested with insects
Ku2K	S	76	Scan	08/02/2018	16:07	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Insect debris



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	S	76	Poss	08/02/2018	16:04	Camera	N			Leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	77	LFO	28/02/2018	10:37	Tree climber	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	Occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	77	Poss	08/02/2018	16:00	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	78	SG	08/02/2018	15:48	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Insect debris
Ku2K	S	78	Parr	08/02/2018	15:50	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	79	Scan	08/02/2018	15:38	Camera	N			Old euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	79	SG	08/02/2018	15:39	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	48	Poss	05/02/2018	10:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	48	MB	05/02/2018	10:26	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	49	MB	05/02/2018	10:14	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	49	LG	05/02/2018	10:18	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	50	Scan	05/02/2018	10:19	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	50	Poss	05/02/2018	10:22	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	51	Poss	05/02/2018	10:02	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	51	LG	05/02/2018	10:03	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Infested
Ku2K	Т	52	Parr	05/02/2018	9:54	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	52	SG	05/02/2018	9:58	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Ants nest
Ku2K	Т	53	Scan	05/02/2018	16:19	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	53	SG	05/02/2018	16:21	Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	54	SG	05/02/2018	16:13	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Ants nest
Ku2K	Т	54	LG	05/02/2018	16:15	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	55	Scan	05/02/2018	16:04	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	55	Parr	05/02/2018	16:06	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	56	Scan	05/02/2018	15:56	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	56	SG	05/02/2018	15:54	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Active ant nest
Ku2K	Т	57	MB	05/02/2018	16:00	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	57	LG	05/02/2018	16:01	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	T	62	Co	28/02/2018	9:49	Tree climber	N			Leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	Limited tree growth room in wire
Ku2K	Т	63	SG	08/02/2018	16:15	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Active ant nest
Ku2K	Т	63	LG	08/02/2018	16:17	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	64	LG	08/02/2018	13:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	64	SG	08/02/2018	13:55	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	65	SO	08/02/2018	14:02	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	66	SG	08/02/2018	14:22	Camera	N	Ants	P	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Active ants no nest
Ku2K	Т	66	Parr	08/02/2018	14:25	Camera	N	Ants	P	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Active ants no nest
Ku2K	Т	67	Poss	08/02/2018	14:29	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	67	LFO	08/02/2018	14:33	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	68	LG	08/02/2018	15:02	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	68	SG	08/02/2018	16:50	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	69	MB	08/02/2018	16:47	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	70	SO	28/02/2018	10:07	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	71	MB	08/02/2018	14:44	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	71	LG	08/02/2018	14:52	Camera	Υ			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Active ants no nest
Ku2K	Т	119	LG	26/02/2018	7:25	Tree climber	N			fresh leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	The box is sitting in fork of branch instead of hanging from the wire and the wire does not appear to be securely fastened.
Ku2K	Т	119	Poss	05/02/2018	10:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	120	Poss	05/02/2018	10:51	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	120	Scan	05/02/2018	10:50	Camera	N			Euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	121	Scan	05/02/2018	10:40	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	121	LG	05/02/2018	10:48	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	37	Poss	28/02/2018	9:26	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	37	LFO	28/02/2018	9:21	Tree climber	Υ	Common Brushtail	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
								Possum						
Ku2K	U	38	Scan	05/02/2018	15:50	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	38	SG	05/02/2018	14:56	Camera	Р			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	39	LG	05/02/2018	14:32	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	39	Poss	05/02/2018	14:38	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	40	SG	05/02/2018	14:59	Camera	Р			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	40	Parr	05/02/2018	15:03	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	41	MB	05/02/2018	13:55	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	41	Poss	05/02/2018	13:51	Camera	N			Euc leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	42	MB	05/02/2018	12:04	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	42	SO	05/02/2018	12:06	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	43	Parr	05/02/2018	12:15	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	43	MB	05/02/2018	12:10	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	44	Scan	05/02/2018	12:35	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Active ants nest
Ku2K	U	44	SG	05/02/2018	12:35	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	45	SG	05/02/2018	12:38	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	45	LG	05/02/2018	12:40	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	46	LG	05/02/2018	12:26	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	46	Scan	05/02/2018	12:20	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	47	Scan	05/02/2018	12:28	Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	47	Poss	05/02/2018	12:30	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Active ant nest
Ku2K	U	93	Scan	05/02/2018	11:57	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Active ant nest
Ku2K	U	93	Poss	05/02/2018	12:00	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	31	Scan	06/02/2018	9:25	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	31	SG	06/02/2018	9:20	Camera	Y	Scaly Breasted Lorikeet chicks	N	occupied - adult returned after inspection	Good	Nil	Nil	Ants in nest
Ku2K	V	32	SG	06/02/2018	9:32	Camera	N			shells, feathers (Scaly Breasted Lorikeet)	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	32	Parr	06/02/2018	9:30	Camera	Р			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	V	33	Scan	06/02/2018	9:35	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	33	MB	06/02/2018	9:37	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	34	SG	06/02/2018	9:41	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	34	Poss	06/02/2018	9:39	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	35	MB	06/02/2018	9:48	Camera	Р			Fresh euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	35	Parr	06/02/2018	9:50	Camera	N			Shredded barks	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	36	Scan	06/02/2018	9:54	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	36	Poss	06/02/2018	9:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	126	LG	06/02/2018	8:47	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	126	Poss	06/02/2018	8:45	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	127	LG	06/02/2018	8:38	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	lid was open
Ku2K	V	127	Scan	06/02/2018	8:35	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	128	Scan	06/02/2018	9:08	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	128	Poss	06/02/2018	9:10	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	112	Scan	06/02/2018	12:11	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	112	MB	06/02/2018	12:13	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	113	LG	06/02/2018	12:09	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	113	Scan	06/02/2018	12:02	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	114	Poss	06/02/2018	11:59	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	114	Scan	06/02/2018	11:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	115	Poss	06/02/2018	11:51	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	115	Parr	06/02/2018	11:51	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	116	Scan	06/02/2018	11:43	Camera	N			Euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	116	Poss	06/02/2018	11:46	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	117	Poss	06/02/2018	11:40	Camera	N			Old bird nest, possible dead bird, debris, ants	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	117	SG	06/02/2018	11:36	Camera	N			Fresh euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	W	118	Scan	06/02/2018	11:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	118	MB	06/02/2018	11:26	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	129	Poss	06/02/2018	16:42	Camera	N			Nest with rubbish and various feathers. Likely Common Myna nest.	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	129	MB	06/02/2018	16:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	130	Poss	06/02/2018	16:27	Camera	N			Nest with rubbish and various feathers. Likely Common Myna nest.	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	130	MB	06/02/2018	16:28	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	131	Poss	06/02/2018	16:32	Camera	N			Nest with rubbish and various feathers. Likely Common Myna nest.	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	131	MB	06/02/2018	16:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	26	SG	08/02/2018	10:12	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Χ	26	Parr	08/02/2018	10:14	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Χ	27	Scan	08/02/2018	10:10	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	27	Parr	08/02/2018	10:11	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Mud wasp nest
Ku2K	X	28	Poss	08/02/2018	10:06	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	28	MB	08/02/2018	10:04	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	29	Co	08/02/2018	not located		not located				Unk			
Ku2K	X	30	Poss	08/02/2018	not located		not located				Unk			
Ku2K	X	30	LFO	08/02/2018	not located		not located				Unk			
Ku2K	X	80	SG	08/02/2018	9:12	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	80	LG	08/02/2018	9:15	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	81	MB	08/02/2018	8:50	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Х	81	Parr	08/02/2018	8:52	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	82	SG	08/02/2018	9:02	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	82	Poss	08/02/2018	9:05	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	83	LG	08/02/2018	9:43	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	83	Parr	08/02/2018	9:33	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	84	Scan	08/02/2018	9:18	Camera	N			Conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	84	Parr	08/02/2018	9:22	Camera	N			Few fresh euc leaves and entrance hole chewed	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	101	Poss	26/02/2018	7:34	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	101	Co	26/02/2018	7:14	Tree climber	N			leaves and dirt	Good	Nil	Post fire regeneration	
Ku2K	X	102	Poss	26/02/2018	7:45	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regeneration	
Ku2K	X	102	LFO	26/02/2018	7:45	Tree climber	N			fresh leaves	Good	Nil	Post fire regeneration	
Ku2K	X	103	Poss	26/02/2018	8:37	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regeneration	
Ku2K	X	103	Co	26/02/2018	8:27	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regeneration	
Ku2K	X	132	Co	08/02/2018	not located		not located				Unk			
Ku2K	Υ	16	MB	07/02/2018	14:22	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	post fire regen	
Ku2K	Υ	16	Parr	07/02/2018	14:25	Camera	N			Leaf litter	Good	Nil	post fire regen	
Ku2K	Υ	17	Scan	07/02/2018	14:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	post fire regen	
Ku2K	Υ	17	Parr	07/02/2018	14:34	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	post fire regen	
Ku2K	Υ	18	LG	07/02/2018	14:19	Camera	N	European Honey Bees	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Infested beehive
Ku2K	Υ	18	Scan	07/02/2018	14:17	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	19	Scan	07/02/2018	14:11	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	19	SO	07/02/2018	14:14	Camera	N			Leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Υ	20	SG	07/02/2018	14:05	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Mud wasp nest
Ku2K	Υ	20	Scan	07/02/2018	14:03	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	21	SG	NA										This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 86
Ku2K	Υ	21	Poss	NA										This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 86
Ku2K	Υ	22	Scan	07/02/2018	13:54	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	22	Parr	07/02/2018	13:56	Camera	N			Euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	23	LG	NA										This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 89
Ku2K	Υ	23	Poss	NA										This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 89
Ku2K	Υ	24	Poss	26/02/2018	15:02	Tree climber	N			Nil	Poor	Replace. See notes	Nil	Wood decay fungi inside the box.
Ku2K	Υ	24	Co	26/02/2018	15:02	Tree climber	N			egg shells	Ok	Nil	Nil	There appears to be insufficient wiring to secure a large box and there is no hose on the wire.
Ku2K	Υ	25	Poss	07/02/2018	13:31	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	25	LFO	07/02/2018	13:33	Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	85	Poss	26/02/2018	14:06	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	85	Scan	26/02/2018	14:06	Tree climber	N			fresh leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	86	MB	26/02/2018	14:22	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	86	LG	26/02/2018	14:22	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	87	MB	07/02/2018	13:18	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	87	SG	07/02/2018	13:14	Camera	Υ	Sugar or Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	88	LG	07/02/2018	13:02	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	88	SG	07/02/2018	13:04	Camera	N			Euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Υ	89	LG	26/02/2018	14:42	Tree climber	N	European Honey Bees	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	Bee hive
Ku2K	Υ	89	Poss	26/02/2018	14:42	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	The wiring appears to be tangled and tied off on a dead limb. Protective hose is absent.
Ku2K	Z	10	Parr	26/02/2018	12:18	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Some Plywood delaminating allowing water into the box
Ku2K	Z	10	LG	26/02/2018	12:18	Tree climber	N			fresh leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	11	MB	07/02/2018	11:23	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	11	Poss	07/02/2018	11:25	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	12	Scan	07/02/2018	12:02	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	12	Parr	07/02/2018	12:04	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	13	Poss	07/02/2018	11:51	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	13	SG	07/02/2018	11:58	Camera	N			Euc leaves	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	14	LG	07/02/2018	11:40	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	14	MB	07/02/2018	11:31	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	15	Scan	07/02/2018	11:45	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	15	Parr	07/02/2018	11:48	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	104	LG	06/02/2018	14:00	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	104	Scan	06/02/2018	13:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	105	Poss	06/02/2018	13:56	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	105	Scan	06/02/2018	13:52	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	106	Poss	06/02/2018	13:47	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	106	SG	06/02/2018	13:50	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	107	Poss	26/02/2018	8:58	Tree climber	N				Good	Nil	Nil	Protective hose absent from wire. Tying of wire appears hazardous. Nest box appears to be held by inadequate wiring.
Ku2K	Z	107	LG	26/02/2018	8:58	Tree climber	Y	unidentified skink	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	Box appears to be resting on branches. Protective hose is absent. Appears to be limited room in the wire to allow



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
														for tree growth. Wire appears to have sharp edges/ends and appears to be incorrectly tied.
Ku2K	Z	108	SG	07/02/2018	11:07	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	108	Poss	07/02/2018	11:09	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	109	Scan	26/02/2018	12:32	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Wiring appears inadequate.
Ku2K	Z	109	LG	26/02/2018	12:32	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Fix lid	Nil	Inadequate wiring to support box. The box has broken hinges and the lid is wired shut. Bee hive.
Ku2K	Z	110	SG	07/02/2018	11:14	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	110	Poss	07/02/2018	11:15	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Post fire regen	
Ku2K	Z	111	LG	26/02/2018	13:09	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Wiring appears inadequate.
Ku2K	Z	111	SG	26/02/2018	13:09	Tree climber	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	Wiring appears inadequate.
Ku2K	Z	122	Poss	06/02/2018	14:22	Camera	N			Leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	122	Scan	06/02/2018	14:20	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	123	LG	26/02/2018	9:19	Tree climber	Υ	Lace Monitor	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	123	SG	26/02/2018	9:19	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	124	LG	26/02/2018	9:34	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Fix lid	Nil	The alignment of the box excludes larger fauna from entering the box. Lid hinges are broken and the lid is screwed shut. Box resting in fork of tree. Appears to be insufficient loops in the wire.
Ku2K	Z	124	Scan	26/02/2018	9:34	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	125	SG	26/02/2018	9:55	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	125	Scan	26/02/2018	9:55	Tree	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
						climber								
OH2Ku	A1	165	Scan	23/01/2018	14:49	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A1	180	SG	23/01/2018	14:38	Camera	Unk			Unk	Good	Fix lid	Nil	Lid jammed shut.
OH2Ku	A1	181	Poss	23/01/2018	14:47	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A1	182	Poss	23/01/2018	14:57	Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A1	380	LG	23/01/2018	14:41	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	172	Scan	23/01/2018	15:31	Camera	N			few euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	173	SG	23/01/2018	15:17	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	174	LG	23/01/2018	15:24	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	176	Parr	23/01/2018	15:39	Camera	N			leaf litter and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	178	SO	23/01/2018	15:30	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	186	Poss	23/01/2018	15:33	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	179	Scan	19/01/2018	8:35	Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	380	Scan	19/01/2018	8:33	Camera	Υ	2x Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	381	SG	19/01/2018	8:25	Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	А3	382	Parr	19/01/2018	8:10	Camera	N			woody debris and chewed entrance	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	383	Poss	19/01/2018	8:30	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	384	Со	28/02/2018	1453	Tree climber	N			old leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	183	Scan	23/01/2018	15:50	Camera	N			euc leaf and ant nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	184	SG	23/01/2018	16:10	Camera	N			euc leaf and ant nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	185	Poss	23/01/2018	15:56	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	186	LG	23/01/2018	15:53	Camera	N			wood shavings and debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	187	Parr	23/01/2018	16:00	Camera	N			ant nest and euc leaf	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	A5	168	LG	23/01/2018	17:05	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A5	171	Small owl	28/02/2018	15:15	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Honeycomb



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	A5	188	Scan	23/01/2018	17:03	Camera	N			ant nest and leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A5	189	SG	23/01/2018	16:57	Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A5	191	Poss	23/01/2018	16:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	B1	397	SG	24/01/2018	9:58	Camera	P			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Fauna fence installed to east	Installed on trees that fall on western side of property boundary but can be inspected from RMS alignment
OH2Ku	B1	398	Poss	24/01/2018	9:57	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Fauna fence installed to east	Installed on trees that fall on western side of property boundary but can be inspected from RMS alignment
OH2Ku	B1	399	Scan	24/01/2018	9:55	Camera	Y	Multiple Sugar Gliders	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Fauna fence installed to east	Installed on trees that fall on western side of property boundary but can be inspected from RMS alignment
OH2Ku	B1	400	Parr	24/01/2018	9:50	Camera	Р			leaf and bark nest	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	B1	401	Scan	24/01/2018	9:52	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	B1	402	Poss	24/01/2018	9:49	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	B1	403	MB	24/01/2018	9:47	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	B2	167	SG	24/01/2018	9:30	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest and chewed bark	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east - parrot box not SG
OH2Ku	B2	404	SG	24/01/2018	9:45	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	B2	405	Scan	24/01/2018	9:12	Camera	N			euc leaf litter	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed -this box on hwy side of fence
OH2Ku	B2	406	LG	24/01/2018	9:40	Camera	N			leaf litter and bark	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	B2	407	Cock	28/02/2018	16:23	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	B2	408	Poss Add	24/01/2018	9:17	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	Native	occupied	Good	Nil		Fauna fence installed to east
OH2Ku	C1	222	SG	19/01/2018	9:31	Camera	Р			old euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C1	223	Poss	19/01/2018	9:34	Camera	N			melaleuca leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C1	224	Scan	19/01/2018	9:27	Camera	Υ	2x Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C1	225	LG	19/01/2018	9:18	Camera	N			grass and melaleuca nest	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	C1	226	Parr	19/01/2018	9:48	Camera	N			leaf litter and mud wasp nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	216	LG	19/01/2018	10:11	Camera	N			leaves and honeycomb	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	217	Parr	19/01/2018	10:07	Camera	N			old leaves	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	218	Poss	19/01/2018	10:56	Camera	Р			full of grass nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	219	SG	19/01/2018	10:14	Camera	Υ	Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	220	Scan	19/01/2018	11:00	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	221	LG	19/01/2018	9:56	Camera	Υ	Ringtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C3	227	Poss	19/01/2018	8:59	Camera	Υ	Ringtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C3	228	SG	19/01/2018	9:02	Camera	Р			euc leaf and other leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C3	229	Scan	19/01/2018	8:56	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	355	LG	19/01/2018	13:23	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	356	Poss	19/01/2018	13:40	Camera	N			melaleuca leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	357	SG	19/01/2018	13:33	Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	358	PARR	19/01/2018	13:28	Camera	N			melaleuca leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	359	Scan	19/01/2018	13:40	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	360	SG	19/01/2018	14:00	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	361	Poss	19/01/2018	13:49	Camera	Y	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	362	Scan	19/01/2018	14:02	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	363	MB	19/01/2018	13:55	Camera	Υ	Unidentified microbat	N	occupied flew out just prior to inspection	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	364	SG	19/01/2018	13:54	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	365	SG	19/01/2018	14:06	Camera	N			Nil	Good	clear out	Nil	Pest activity
OH2Ku	D3	366	Scan	19/01/2018	14:13	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	D3	367	Parr	19/01/2018	14:16	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	368	Poss	19/01/2018	14:24	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	378	SG	19/01/2018	14:22	Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	369	Parr	19/01/2018	14:40	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	371	Scan	19/01/2018	14:41	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	372	LG	19/01/2018	14:45	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	373	Poss	19/01/2018	14:53	Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	376	SG	19/01/2018	14:34	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	374	Poss	19/01/2018	15:20	Camera	N			minimal leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	375	Scan	19/01/2018	15:25	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	377	LG	19/01/2018	15:15	Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum x2	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	378	MB	19/01/2018	15:05	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	379	Parr	19/01/2018	15:10	Camera	N			melaleuca leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E1	200	SO	16/01/2018	10:34	Camera	N			leaf litter and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E1	201	SG	16/01/2018	10:21	Camera	N			leaf nest and empty wasp nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E2	198	Parr	16/01/2018	10:43	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Clear ants	Nil	infested
OH2Ku	E2	199	Poss	16/01/2018	11:00	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	193	SG	16/01/2018	11:09	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	194	MB	16/01/2018	11:13	Camera	N			Nil	Lid stuck	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	195	Poss add	16/01/2018	11:04	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	196	Scan	16/01/2018	11:10	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	needs straightening	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	274	Co	28/02/2018	13:14	Tree climber	Y	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F1	160	SO	16/01/2018	12:14	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	F1	161	Poss	16/01/2018	12:10	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F1	162	LFO	28/02/2018	14:02	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Honeycomb
OH2Ku	F1	166	Scan	16/01/2018	12:20	Camera	N	Euro bees	P	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	infested
OH2Ku	F1	504	SG	16/01/2018	12:10	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F2	163	Poss	16/01/2018	12:28	Camera	Υ	Owlet Nightjar	N	pair sighted, head protruding from hole.	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F2	164	SG	16/01/2018	12:30	Camera	N	Euro bees	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	bees swarming
OH2Ku	G1	197	LG	16/01/2018	14:39	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	honeycomb
OH2Ku	G1	202	MB	16/01/2018	13:43	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G1	203	Poss	16/01/2018	13:42	Camera	N			leaf litter and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G1	204	Scan	16/01/2018	13:29	Camera	N			leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G1	206	SG	16/01/2018	13:36	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	211	LG	16/01/2018	15:02	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	212	Poss	16/01/2018	14:26	Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	213	Parr	16/01/2018	14:30	Camera	N			bark and leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	214	SG	16/01/2018	14:59	Camera	N			leaf and bark nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	215	Scan	16/01/2018	14:29	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G3	206	Poss	16/01/2018	14:09	Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G3	207	SG	16/01/2018	14:04	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	fresh honeycomb
OH2Ku	G3	208	LG	16/01/2018	14:10	Camera	N			leaf litter full	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G3	209	Scan	16/01/2018	13:55	Camera	Υ	Squirrel Glider	N	Occupied (multiple individual likely).	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G3	210	SO	16/01/2018	14:18	Camera	N	Euro bees	Р	Nil	Good	Clear out	Nil	bees swarming
OH2Ku	H1	385	LG	17/01/2018	11:07	Camera	N			bark shredded	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H1	386	SG	17/01/2018	11:10	Camera	Υ	Antechinus sp.	N	leaf litter- occupied ran out on inspection	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H1	387	Parr	17/01/2018	11:20	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H1	388	Poss	17/01/2018	11:17	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H2	389	MB	17/01/2018	11:01	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	H2	390	SG	17/01/2018	10:52	Camera	N			leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H2	391	LG	17/01/2018	10:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H2	392	SG	17/01/2018	10:56	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	393	Cock	28/02/2018	12:04	Tree climber	N			Leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	394	Poss	28/02/2018	12:05	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	395	SG	17/01/2018	10:42	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	396	LG	17/01/2018	10:35	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	I1	290	Scan	17/01/2018	13:18	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	I1	292	SG	17/01/2018	13:02	Camera	N			Nil	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	I1	293	SG	17/01/2018	13:27	Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	I1	294	Poss	17/01/2018	13:06	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	288	LG	17/01/2018	13:35	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	289	Parr	17/01/2018	13:46	Camera	N			leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	291	MB	17/01/2018	13:51	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	295	SG	17/01/2018	13:33	Camera	N			old conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	296	Scan	17/01/2018	13:43	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	283	SO	17/01/2018	12:40	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	284	Poss	17/01/2018	12:40	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	285	LG	17/01/2018	12:36	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	286	SG	17/01/2018	12:47	Camera	N			lots of leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	287	Scan	17/01/2018	12:53	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	14	279	LG	17/01/2018	12:26	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	14	280	MB	17/01/2018	12:24	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	14	281	Parr	17/01/2018	12:20	Camera	N			leaf litter, old wasp nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	14	282	Poss	17/01/2018	12:30	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	297	SG	17/01/2018	9:01	Camera	N			pest debris, old honeycomb	Good	clear out	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	15	298	Poss	17/01/2018	8:57	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	299	Add. Poss	17/01/2018	9:04	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	300	SO	17/01/2018	8:47	Camera	N			euc leaves and honeycomb	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	301	LG	17/01/2018	8:55	Camera	N			few scattered leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	307	Poss	17/01/2018	9:26	Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	308	SG	17/01/2018	9:23	Camera	Р			leaf nest and honeycomb	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	309	Parr	17/01/2018	9:17	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	310	Scan	17/01/2018	9:13	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	311	LG	17/01/2018	9:37	Camera	N			pest activity, woody debris	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	17	312	Parr	17/01/2018	10:04	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	17	313	LG	17/01/2018	10:00	Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	17	314	LG	17/01/2018	9:55	Camera	N			pest activity and old honeycomb	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	17	315	MB	17/01/2018	10:15	Camera	N			Nil	deteriorated	Nil	Nil	slight deterioration of back chamber
OH2Ku	18	316	LG	17/01/2018	8:41	Camera	N	Ants	Р	leaf, debris, ants nest	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	18	317	Poss	17/01/2018	8:36	Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	18	318	Parr	17/01/2018	8:33	Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	18	319	Co	28/02/2018	11:26	Tree climber	Y	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	253	Poss add	16/01/2018	16:06	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	254	Mb	16/01/2018	15:56	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	255	SO	16/01/2018	16:01	Camera	N			Nil	deteriorated	clear out	Nil	pest use - wasp nest debris. Box replaced 21/2/2018. Old box left in place, new one installed above.



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	J1	256	LG	16/01/2018	16:11	Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	257	Scan	16/01/2018	16:09	Camera	N			Nil	deteriorated	clear out	Nil	pest use - bee hive
OH2Ku	J1	258	Poss	16/01/2018	16:15	Camera	N			leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	259	LG	16/01/2018	16:46	Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	260	Poss	16/01/2018	16:35	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	261	Scan	16/01/2018	16:30	Camera	N			Leaf, honeycomb, saw dust	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	262	SG	16/01/2018	16:25	Camera	Р			leaf nest and old honeycomb	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	263	Parr	16/01/2018	16:32	Camera	N			leaf and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J3	264	LG	17/01/2018	15:40	Camera	N			Nil	Good	clear out	Nil	wasp nest
OH2Ku	J3	265	SG	17/01/2018	15:32	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J3	266	SG	17/01/2018	15:48	Camera	N	Euro bees	Р	Nil	Good	clear out	Nil	Active bee hive
OH2Ku	J3	267	Scan	17/01/2018	15:52	Camera	N			melaleuca leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J3	268	Poss	17/01/2018	16:00	Camera	N			melaleuca leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	269	LG	17/01/2018	15:08	Camera	N			leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	270	Poss	17/01/2018	13:13	Camera	N			melaleuca leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	271	Parr	17/01/2018	15:05	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	272	SG	17/01/2018	15:28	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	273	Scan	17/01/2018	15:19	Camera	N			euc leaves and honeycomb	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	275	LG	17/01/2018	14:49	Camera	N			minimal leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	276	LG	17/01/2018	14:45	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	277	Scan	17/01/2018	14:44	Camera	Р			full of leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	276B	MB	17/01/2018	14:34	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K1	302	SG	21/02/2018		visual	N			Nil	Reinstalled in new location	Nil	New location	Inspection data received from RMS
OH2Ku	K1	303	Scan	21/02/2018		visual	N			reptile scat, tree snake	Reinstalled	Nil	New location	Inspection data received from RMS



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box#	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
		NBT					Y/N							
											in new location			
OH2Ku	K1	304	Scan	21/02/2018		visual	N			Antechinus den	Reinstalled in new location	Nil	New location	Inspection data received from RMS
OH2Ku	K1	305	Poss	21/02/2018		visual	N			Possum scats	Reinstalled in new location	Nil	New location	Inspection data received from RMS
OH2Ku	K1	306	SG	21/02/2018		visual	N			Nil	Reinstalled in new location	Nil	New location	Inspection data received from RMS. Old European Bee hive
OH2Ku	K2	502	Scan	28/02/2018	12:00	Camera	N			Old dry leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K2	503	Scan	28/02/2018	12:10	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K2	505	Poss	28/02/2018	12:20	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L1	347	SG	24/01/2018	11:20	Camera	Υ	Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L1	348	MB	24/01/2018	11:25	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L1	349	Poss	24/01/2018	11:31	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L1	350	Scan	24/01/2018	11:35	Camera	Р			leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	351	LG	24/01/2018	11:46	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	352	Parr	24/01/2018	11:55	Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	353	SG	24/01/2018	11:50	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	354	Poss	24/01/2018	11:52	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	500	LFO	24/01/2018	12:20	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	501	Poss	24/01/2018	12:13	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum x2	N	occupied - with young possum.	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	246	LG	22/01/2018	8:33	Camera	N			melaleuca leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	248	Scan	22/01/2018	8:49	Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	249	SG	22/01/2018	8:42	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	251	Poss	22/01/2018	8:36	Camera	N			melaleuca leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M2	247	SG	22/01/2018	8:58	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M2	250	Poss	22/01/2018	9:00	Camera	N			melaleuca leaf nest	Good	lid stuck closed	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
										and bark				
OH2Ku	M2	252	MB	22/01/2018	8:54	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	355b	Scan	22/01/2018	11:14	Camera	N			full of leaf litter and scats in corner	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	356b	Poss	22/01/2018	11:16	Camera	N			full of leaf and bark	Good	Needs Veg removal and clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	357b	Parr	22/01/2018	10:59	Camera	N			chewed entrance and conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	358b	SG	22/01/2018	11:04	Camera	Υ	Carpet python	N	occupied- conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	361b	Poss add	22/01/2018	10:52	Camera	N			bark shredded	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	362b	SO	22/01/2018	10:52	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Box replaced 21/2/2018. Old box removed, new one installed in place.
OH2Ku	N2	359b	Scan	22/01/2018	11:22	Camera	N			bark shredded	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N2	360b	LG	22/01/2018	11:19	Camera	Υ	Common Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N3	363	Scan	22/01/2018	9:58	Camera	N			old euc leaf nest and muss wasp	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	N3	364	Poss	22/01/2018	9:55	Camera	N			old euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N3	366	Sg	22/01/2018	9:41	Camera	N			old euc and melaleuca leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N3	365b	LG	22/01/2018	9:47	Camera	N			latrine stick and leaf nest, dead animal?	Good	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	230	SG	22/01/2018	12:19	Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	231	LG	22/01/2018	12:14	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	232	SG	22/01/2018	12:16	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	233	Poss	22/01/2018	11:52	Camera	Υ	Fledgling Bird probable owlet nightjar chick x2	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	234	Scan	22/01/2018	12:13	Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	P1	235	Poss	22/01/2018	14:27	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P1	236	Parr	22/01/2018	14:14	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P1	237	SG	22/01/2018	14:30	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P1	238	Scan	22/01/2018	14:33	Camera	Υ	Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P2	239	LG	22/01/2018	14:55	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P2	240	SG	22/01/2018	15:05	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P2	242	Parr	22/01/2018	15:02	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	clear out	Nil	Infested
OH2Ku	P2	243	Scan	22/01/2018	14:57	Camera	Р			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Р3	241	Scan	22/01/2018	15:20	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	clear out	Nil	Infested
OH2Ku	Р3	244	Poss	22/01/2018	15:12	Camera	N			Bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Р3	245	Scan	22/01/2018	15:16	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	367	LG	23/01/2018	8:54	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	368	Scan	23/01/2018	8:58	Camera	N			leaves, insect debris	Deteriorating	clear out	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	369	Ро	23/01/2018	9:00	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	370	LFO	28/02/2018	17:00	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	371	Poss	23/01/2018	8:48	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q2	372	LG	23/01/2018	9:05	Camera	N			woody debris/ saw dust	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	320	Poss	23/01/2018	12:41	Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	321	MB	23/01/2018	12:34	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	322	LFO	23/01/2018	12:30	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Fix lid - stuck	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	323	Add poss.	23/01/2018	12:31	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	324	Scan	23/01/2018	12:14	Camera	N			leaves, bark and scats	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	325	SG	23/01/2018	12:48	Camera	N			leaves, bracken fern	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	326	Scan	23/01/2018	12:52	Camera	N			fresh leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	327	MB	23/01/2018	12:58	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	328	Parr	23/01/2018	13:00	Camera	N			tallow bark	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box # / NBT	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert signs of use	Box Cond	Box maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	R2	329	Poss	23/01/2018	13:01	Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	330	LG	23/01/2018	11:18	Camera	Υ	Yellow-bellied Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	331	Poss	23/01/2018	11:13	Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	332	Со	28/02/2018	17:30	Tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	333	add Poss	23/01/2018	11:37	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	334	LG	23/01/2018	11:05	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R4	335	Scan	23/01/2018	10:53	Camera	N			leaf and bark nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R4	336	SG	23/01/2018	10:56	Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R4	337	Parr	23/01/2018	11:00	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R4	338	LG	23/01/2018	10:45	Camera	N			empty	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R4	339	Poss	23/01/2018	10:50	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	340	LG	23/01/2018	10:00	Camera	N			Nil	Good	clear out	Nil	insect debris
OH2Ku	R5	341	Poss	23/01/2018	10:03	Camera	N			woody debris and nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	342	Parr	23/01/2018	9:57	Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Ants and leaves
OH2Ku	R5	343	MB	23/01/2018	10:05	Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	344	SG	23/01/2018	10:10	Camera	N			old leaf nest and insect debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R6	345	Scan	23/01/2018	10:29	Camera	N			euc leaf and mud wasp	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R6	346	LG	23/01/2018	10:25	Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	



Annex 2 – Winter 2018 nest box monitoring

Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	AA	1	Scan	30/07/2018	9:40	GoPro Camera	Р			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	1	MB	30/07/2018	9:37	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	2	SG	30/07/2018	9:33	GoPro Camera	N			old euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	2	Parr	30/07/2018	9:31	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	3	SO	28/08/2018	9:18	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	only two turns to connect wire
Ku2K	AA	3	Poss	28/08/2018	9:16	Tree Climber	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	honeycomb
Ku2K	AA	4	Scan	30/07/2018	9:26	GoPro Camera	N			old euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	4	Poss	30/07/2018	9:27	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	5	LFO	28/08/2018	9:01	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire almost fully stretched
Ku2K	AA	5	Poss	28/08/2018	8:58	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire almost fully stretched
Ku2K	AA	6	MB	30/07/2018	9:22	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	6	Parr	30/07/2018	9:21	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	burnt bottom	replace box	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	6	Scan	30/07/2018	9:20	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	7	SG	30/07/2018	9:15	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	7	Poss	30/07/2018	9:16	GoPro Camera	N			old euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	8	LG	28/08/2018	8:40	Tree Climber	N	Bees	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	active Beehive
Ku2K	AA	9	Poss				Not located					replace		awaiting replacement
Ku2K	AA	9	Scan				Not located					replace		awaiting replacement
Ku2K	AA	94	Scan	28/08/2018	8:31	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	94	SG	28/08/2018	8:32	Tree Climber	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	AA	95	Scan				Not located					replace		awaiting replacement
Ku2K	AA	95	Scan				Not located					replace		awaiting replacement
Ku2K	NEW	90	Scan	30/07/2018	12:16	GoPro Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
	ZONE													
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	90	Poss	30/07/2018	12:14	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	91	Scan	30/07/2018	12:21	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	91	Poss	30/07/2018	12:20	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	92	LG	29/08/2018	11:01	Tree Climber	Υ	Sugar or Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	92	Scan	30/07/2018	12:23	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	96	Со	28/08/2018	15:31	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	96	Poss	28/08/2018	15:20	Tree Climber	Υ	Sugar or Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	fled Box
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	97	LFO	28/08/2018	15:49	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	box sitting in fork.
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	97	Poss	28/08/2018	15:52	Tree Climber	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	98	Scan	28/08/2018	15:08	Tree Climber	Υ	Sugar or Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	98	LG	28/08/2018	15:06	Tree Climber	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	99	SG	28/08/2018	14:30	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	insect nest
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	99	Poss	28/08/2018	14:28	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	100	LG	28/08/2018	14:44	Tree Climber	N			euc leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	NEW ZONE	100	Poss	28/08/2018	14:36	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	loosely hanging, wire around limb
Ku2K	S	58	LG	02/08/2018	10:24	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	insect debris



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	S	58	Scan	02/08/2018	9:14	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	insect debris
Ku2K	S	59	SG	02/08/2018	9:00	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	59	Poss	02/08/2018	9:01	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	60	LG	02/08/2018	10:21	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old ant nest
Ku2K	S	60	Poss	02/08/2018	9:03	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	61	Poss	02/08/2018	9:06	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	61	SO	02/08/2018	9:05	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	72	LG	02/08/2018	14:42	BullAnt Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	72	Poss	02/08/2018	13:24	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	73	LG	02/08/2018	14:44	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	73	Poss	02/08/2018	13:21	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	74	Co	30/08/2018	11:16	Tree Climber	N			few leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	75	Parr	02/08/2018	13:28	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	75	Scan	02/08/2018	13:25	GoPro Camera	unk			unk	lid stuck	fix lid	Nil	
Ku2K	S	76	Scan	02/08/2018	13:36	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	76	Poss	02/08/2018	13:38	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	77	LFO	30/08/2018	11:34	Tree Climber	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose
Ku2K	S	77	Poss	02/08/2018	13:39	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire tied off completely with stick. No room for expansion.
Ku2K	S	78	SG	02/08/2018	15:30	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	78	Parr	02/08/2018	15:31	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	79	Scan	02/08/2018	13:43	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	S	79	SG	02/08/2018	13:45	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	48	Poss	02/08/2018	9:32	GoPro Camera	Υ	Lace Monitor	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	48	MB	02/08/2018	9:31	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	T	49	MB	02/08/2018	9:27	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	T	49	LG	02/08/2018	9:29	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	50	Scan	02/08/2018	9:26	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	ant nest



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Т	50	Poss	02/08/2018	9:25	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	51	Poss	02/08/2018	9:22	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	51	LG	02/08/2018	10:11	BullAnt Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	ant nest
Ku2K	Т	52	Parr	02/08/2018	9:21	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	ant debris
Ku2K	Т	52	SG	02/08/2018	9:20	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	53	Scan	02/08/2018	12:45	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	53	SG	02/08/2018	12:44	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	54	SG	02/08/2018	12:41	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	54	LG	02/08/2018	11:27	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	55	Scan	02/08/2018	12:38	GoPro Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	55	Parr	02/08/2018	12:37	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	56	Scan	02/08/2018	12:36	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	56	SG	02/08/2018	12:35	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	ant nest
Ku2K	Т	57	MB	02/08/2018	11:30	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	57	LG	02/08/2018	11:33	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	62	Со	30/08/2018	10:06	Tree Climber	N			few leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	no apparent room for tree expansion in wiring
Ku2K	Т	63	SG	02/08/2018	12:17	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	63	LG	02/08/2018	11:45	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	insect debris
Ku2K	Т	64	LG	02/08/2018	11:41	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	64	SG	02/08/2018	12:26	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	65	SO	02/08/2018	12:29	GoPro Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	66	SG	02/08/2018	12:12	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	66	Parr	02/08/2018	12:14	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	insect debris. wired around dead limb
Ku2K	Т	67	Poss	02/08/2018	12:21	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	67	LFO	02/08/2018	12:20	Box fallen	Not avail			not avail	broken fell down	replace	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	68	LG	02/08/2018	11:48	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Т	68	SG	02/08/2018	12:08	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	69	MB	02/08/2018	12:06	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	70	SO	30/08/2018	10:36	Tree Climber	N			few leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	71	MB	02/08/2018	12:01	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	71	LG	02/08/2018	11:58	BullAnt Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Т	119	LG	29/08/2018	10:13	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose
Ku2K	Т	119	Poss	29/08/2018	10:11	Tree Climber	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose
Ku2K	Т	120	Poss	02/08/2018	9:46	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	Т	120	Scan	02/08/2018	9:47	GoPro Camera	N			fresh conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	Т	121	Scan	02/08/2018	9:42	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	Т	121	LG	02/08/2018	9:57	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	U	37	Poss	29/08/2018	16:00	Tree Climber	Y	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	37	LFO	29/08/2018	15:58	Tree Climber	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	38	Scan	31/07/2018	14:32	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	38	SG	31/07/2018	14:30	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	39	LG	31/07/2018	14:16	BullAnt Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	39	Poss	31/07/2018	14:22	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	40	SG	31/07/2018	14:35	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	40	Parr	31/07/2018	14:36	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	41	MB	31/07/2018	14:43	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	41	Poss	31/07/2018	14:45	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	42	MB	31/07/2018	14:58	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	42	SO	31/07/2018	14:56	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	43	Parr	31/07/2018	14:53	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	43	MB	31/07/2018	14:54	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	44	Scan	31/07/2018	15:05	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	44	SG	31/07/2018	15:06	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	U	45	SG	31/07/2018	15:12	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	45	LG	31/07/2018	15:22	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	46	LG	29/08/2018	16:20	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	insect debris
Ku2K	U	46	Scan	31/07/2018	14:50	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	47	Scan	31/07/2018	15:03	GoPro Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	47	Poss	31/07/2018	15:01	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	U	93	Scan	31/07/2018	15:08	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	water markings inside box.
Ku2K	U	93	Poss	31/07/2018	15:09	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	31	Scan	30/07/2018	14:03	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	31	SG	30/07/2018	14:04	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	32	SG	30/07/2018	14:06	GoPro Camera	Υ	Lorikeet possible	N	eggs	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	32	Parr	30/07/2018	14:05	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	33	Scan	30/07/2018	14:08	GoPro Camera	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	33	МВ	30/07/2018	14:09	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	34	SG	30/07/2018	14:11	GoPro Camera	unk			unk	unk	fix lid	Nil	lid stuck unable to inspect
Ku2K	V	34	Poss	30/07/2018	14:12	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wiring may not have allowance for expansion - unclear knotting
Ku2K	V	35	MB	30/07/2018	14:17	GoPro Camera	Р			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	35	Parr	30/07/2018	14:18	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	36	Scan	30/07/2018	14:22	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	36	Poss	30/07/2018	14:21	GoPro Camera	Y	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	126	LG	30/07/2018	14:49	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	V	126	Poss	30/07/2018	13:49	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	V	127	LG	30/07/2018	13:53	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	V	127	Scan	30/07/2018	13:54	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	V	128	Scan	30/07/2018	13:27	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	V	128	Poss	30/07/2018	13:55	GoPro Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	W	112	Scan	30/07/2018	13:27	GoPro Camera	Y	No ID- dead possible glider.	N	no nest	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	112	MB	30/07/2018	13:24	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	113	LG	30/07/2018	15:47	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	113	Scan	30/07/2018	13:21	GoPro Camera	N			fresh conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	114	Poss	30/07/2018	13:17	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire and sitting in fork of tree instead of hanging
Ku2K	W	114	Scan	30/07/2018	13:19	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	115	Poss	30/07/2018	13:15	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	115	Parr	30/07/2018	13:13	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	116	Scan	30/07/2018	13:03	GoPro Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	116	Poss	30/07/2018	13:09	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	117	Poss	30/07/2018	12:58	GoPro Camera	N			grass nest with feather and plastic	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	117	SG	30/07/2018	13:00	GoPro Camera	Р			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	118	Scan	30/07/2018	12:54	GoPro Camera	N			old euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	118	MB	30/07/2018	12:51	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	129	Poss	31/07/2018	12:36	BullAnt Camera	N			melaleuca leaf or grass	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	129	MB	31/07/2018	12:40	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	130	Poss	31/07/2018	12:31	BullAnt Camera	N			old bird nest	Good	Nil	Nil	wiring wrapped around limb
Ku2K	W	130	MB	31/07/2018	12:30	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	W	131	Poss	31/07/2018	12:34	BullAnt Camera	N			rubbish and leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	W	131	MB	31/07/2018	12:33	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose on hanging wire
Ku2K	Χ	26	SG	31/07/2018	11:40	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Χ	26	Parr	31/07/2018	11:37	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Χ	27	Scan	31/07/2018	11:42	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	27	Parr	31/07/2018	11:41	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	х	28	Poss	31/07/2018	11:44	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	28	MB	31/07/2018	11:43	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	29	Co		Not located		Not located							awaiting replacement
Ku2K	X	30	Poss		Not located		Not located							awaiting replacement
Ku2K	X	30	LFO		Not located		Not located							awaiting replacement
Ku2K	X	80	SG	31/07/2018	12:13	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree and Wire from burnt box has been left around tree
Ku2K	X	80	LG	31/07/2018	12:12	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	X	81	MB	31/07/2018	11:51	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	81	Parr	31/07/2018	11:50	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	82	SG	31/07/2018	11:49	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire from burnt box has been left around tree
Ku2K	Х	82	Poss	31/07/2018	11:48	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire from burnt box has been left around tree
Ku2K	X	83	LG	31/07/2018	12:00	BullAnt Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	83	Parr	31/07/2018	12:08	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	lid not straigh t	fix lid	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	X	84	Scan	31/07/2018	11:54	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	84	Parr	31/07/2018	11:52	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	Х	101	Poss	29/08/2018	14:57	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	101	Со	29/08/2018	14:53	Tree Climber	N			leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	102	Poss	29/08/2018	14:37	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	102	LFO	29/08/2018	14:35	Tree Climber	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	103	Poss	29/08/2018	15:15	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Х	103	Со	29/08/2018	15:13	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	X	132	Co		Not located		Not located							awaiting replacement



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Υ	16	МВ	31/07/2018	10:26	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	difficult to see wiring because of regrowth
Ku2K	Υ	16	Parr	31/07/2018	10:24	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	wiring obscured by regrowth
Ku2K	Υ	17	Scan	31/07/2018	10:31	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	17	Parr	31/07/2018	10:29	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	18	LG	31/07/2018	9:46	BullAnt Camera	N	Euro bees	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Active Beehive
Ku2K	Υ	18	Scan	31/07/2018	9:47	BullAnt Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	19	Scan	31/07/2018	10:00	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	19	SO	31/07/2018	9:58	GoPro Camera	N			few euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	20	SG	31/07/2018	10:06	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	sitting in tree fork
Ku2K	Υ	20	Scan	31/07/2018	10:08	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	Υ	21	SG	Does not exist		This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 86								
Ku2K	Υ	21	Poss	Does not exist		This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 86								
Ku2K	Υ	22	Scan	31/07/2018	10:15	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	Υ	22	Parr	31/07/2018	10:10	GoPro Camera	N			mud wasps and euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Y	23	LG	This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 89		This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 89								
Ku2K	Y	23	Poss	This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 89		This NBT was discontinued and became NBT 89								
Ku2K	Υ	24	Poss	28/08/2018	13:10	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	24	Со	28/08/2018	13:08	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	25	Poss	31/07/2018	10:52	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	25	LFO	31/07/2018	10:51	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Υ	85	Poss	28/08/2018	11:53	Tree Climber	N			leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	85	Scan	28/08/2018	11:55	Tree Climber	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	86	MB	28/08/2018	12:19	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	86	LG	28/08/2018	12:18	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	87	MB	31/07/2018	10:56	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	87	SG	31/07/2018	10:58	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	88	LG	28/08/2018	12:28	tree climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	sitting in fork
Ku2K	Υ	88	SG	31/07/2018	10:46	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Υ	89	LG	28/08/2018	13:32	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old honeycomb and old wasp nest. In fork
Ku2K	Υ	89	Poss	28/08/2018	13:33	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire around dead limb
Ku2K	Z	10	Parr	28/08/2018	9:57	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	10	LG	28/08/2018	9:54	Tree Climber	N			fresh euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	tree may not live (tree climber note)
Ku2K	Z	11	MB	30/07/2018	11:36	GoPro Camera	N			nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	11	Poss	30/07/2018	11:35	GoPro Camera	N			nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wired incorrectly
Ku2K	Z	12	Scan	30/07/2018	11:48	GoPro Camera	N			nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	Z	12	Parr	30/07/2018	11:47	GoPro Camera	N			nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	Z	13	Poss	30/07/2018	11:52	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	wiring questionable
Ku2K	Z	13	SG	30/07/2018	11:54	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	wiring questionable
Ku2K	Z	14	LG	31/07/2018	9:20	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	14	MB	31/07/2018	11:40	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire encircling tree
Ku2K	Z	15	Scan	31/07/2018	11:42	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	15	Parr	31/07/2018	11:44	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	104	LG	02/08/2018	10:46	BullAnt Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	104	Scan	30/07/2018	10:56	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	105	Poss	30/07/2018	11:01	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	105	Scan	30/07/2018	10:58	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
Ku2K	Z	106	Poss	30/07/2018	11:08	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	106	SG	30/07/2018	11:06	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	107	Poss	29/08/2018	12:06	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	Lace Monitor on tree
Ku2K	Z	107	LG	29/08/2018	12:01	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	108	SG	30/07/2018	11:19	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	108	Poss	30/07/2018	11:17	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	109	Scan	28/08/2018	10:35	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	sitting in fork
Ku2K	Z	109	LG	28/08/2018	10:33	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Lid broken	fix lid	Nil	bad wiring could fall and lid broken.
Ku2K	Z	110	SG	30/07/2018	11:23	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	wire almost fully stretched
Ku2K	Z	110	Poss	30/07/2018	11:24	GoPro Camera	Y	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	wire almost fully stretched
Ku2K	Z	111	LG	28/08/2018	10:58	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	111	SG	28/08/2018	11:00	Tree Climber	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	122	Poss	30/07/2018	10:44	GoPro Camera	N			old leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	122	Scan	30/07/2018	10:45	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	123	LG	29/08/2018	12:28	Tree Climber	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	123	SG	29/08/2018	12:29	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
Ku2K	Z	124	LG	29/08/2018	12:41	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	fix lid	Nil	lid screwed shut and no hose
Ku2K	Z	124	Scan	29/08/2018	12:46	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose
Ku2K	Z	125	SG	29/08/2018	13:01	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose
Ku2K	Z	125	Scan	29/08/2018	13:06	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no hose
OH2Ku	A1	165	Scan	14/08/2018	12:40	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A1	180	SG	14/08/2018	12:44	unable to inspect	unk			unk	lid stuck closed	Nil	Nil	spring not attached to wire, insects swarming - beehive
OH2Ku	A1	181	Poss	14/08/2018	12:47	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	spring not attached to wire
OH2Ku	A1	182	Poss	14/08/2018	12:36	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A1	380	LG	14/08/2018	12:46	GoPro Camera	N			wood shavings and gravel	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	A2	172	Scan	14/08/2018	13:09	GoPro Camera	N			few euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	173	SG	14/08/2018	12:57	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	poor - lid fell off	reattach lid	Nil	lid hinges rusted off and lid fell down.
OH2Ku	A2	174	LG	30/08/2018	15:15	Tree Climber	N			few leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	rear opening lid difficult to inspect with pole.
OH2Ku	A2	176	Parr	14/08/2018	13:15	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	178	SO	14/08/2018	13:07	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A2	186	Poss	14/08/2018	13:12	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	179	Scan	07/08/2018	14:16	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	380	Scan	07/08/2018	14:20	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Gliders	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	multiple gliders
OH2Ku	A3	381	SG	07/08/2018	14:15	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	382	Parr	07/08/2018	14:13	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves, entrance chewed	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	383	Poss	07/08/2018	14:18	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A3	384	Со	30/08/2018	16:00	Tree Climber	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	183	Scan	14/08/2018	13:19	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	hose is at side of wire.
OH2Ku	A4	184	SG	14/08/2018	13:27	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	185	Poss	14/08/2018	13:24	GoPro Camera	N			wood shavings	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	186	LG	14/08/2018	13:22	GoPro Camera	N			wood shavings	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A4	187	Parr	14/08/2018	13:29	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves and wood shavings	poor - lid fell off	reattach lid	Nil	lid fell to ground.
OH2Ku	A5	168	LG	14/08/2018	13:40	visual	N	Euro bees	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	bees swarming
OH2Ku	A5	171	Small owl	14/08/2018	13:54	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	A5	188	Scan	14/08/2018	13:42	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	lid broken	repair lid	Nil	
OH2Ku	A5	189	SG	14/08/2018	13:48	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	hinge broken	repair lid	Nil	
OH2Ku	A5	191	Poss	14/08/2018	13:46	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	lid lose	repair lid	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	B1	397	SG	15/08/2018	14:04	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	B1	398	Poss	15/08/2018	14:02	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	B1	399	Scan	15/08/2018	14:03	GoPro Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	no room in wire for tree growth
OH2Ku	B1	400	Parr	15/08/2018	13:57	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no room in wire for tree growth
OH2Ku	B1	401	Scan	15/08/2018	13:59	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	no room in wire for tree growth
OH2Ku	B1	402	Poss	15/08/2018	13:56	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	no room in wire for tree growth
OH2Ku	B1	403	MB	15/08/2018	13:55	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	B2	167	SG	15/08/2018	14:07	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	B2	404	SG	15/08/2018	13:54	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	no room in wire for tree growth
OH2Ku	B2	405	Scan	15/08/2018	13:53	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	no room in wire for tree growth
OH2Ku	B2	406	LG	15/08/2018	13:51	GoPro Camera	N			chewed bark	Good	Nil	Nil	no room in wire for tree growth
OH2Ku	B2	407	Cock	29/08/2018	8:08	Tree Climber	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	B2	408	Poss Add	15/08/2018	13:49	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C1	222	SG	14/08/2018	11:28	GoPro Camera	Υ	Antechinus sp.	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C1	223	Poss	14/08/2018	11:32	GoPro Camera	N	Euro bees	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	bee hive
OH2Ku	C1	224	Scan	14/08/2018	11:26	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C1	225	LG	14/08/2018	11:24	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C1	226	Parr	14/08/2018	11:36	GoPro Camera	Υ	Lace Monitor	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	216	LG	14/08/2018	11:49	GoPro Camera	N			bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	217	Parr	14/08/2018	11:42	GoPro Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	218	Poss	14/08/2018	11:58	GoPro Camera	Y	Ringtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	219	SG	14/08/2018	11:50	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	220	Scan	14/08/2018	12:01	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Gliders	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C2	221	LG	14/08/2018	11:40	GoPro Camera	Υ	Ringtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	С3	227	Poss	14/08/2018	11:14	GoPro Camera	Υ	Ringtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	melaleuca bark, Allocas leaf nest
OH2Ku	C3	228	SG	14/08/2018	11:18	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Gliders	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	C3	229	Scan	14/08/2018	11:12	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	scats on side
OH2Ku	D1	355	LG	14/08/2018	10:23	GoPro Camera	N			chewed bark, wasp nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	356	Poss	14/08/2018	10:19	GoPro Camera	N			chewed bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	357	SG	14/08/2018	10:21	GoPro Camera	Р			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	358	PARR	14/08/2018	10:23	GoPro Camera	N			Allocasuarina leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D1	359	Scan	14/08/2018	10:18	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	360	SG	14/08/2018	10:14	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	scats in corner
OH2Ku	D2	361	Poss	14/08/2018	10:11	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	362	Scan	14/08/2018	10:09	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	363	MB	14/08/2018	10:13	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D2	364	SG	14/08/2018	10:12	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	365	SG	14/08/2018	10:03	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	366	Scan	14/08/2018	10:01	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	367	Parr	14/08/2018	9:58	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and chewed entrance	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	368	Poss	14/08/2018	9:55	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D3	378	SG	14/08/2018	9:59	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	369	Parr	14/08/2018	9:21	GoPro Camera	N			leaf and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	entrance chewed
OH2Ku	D4	371	Scan	14/08/2018	9:19	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	372	LG	14/08/2018	9:17	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	373	Poss	14/08/2018	9:28	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D4	376	SG	14/08/2018	9:23	GoPro Camera	Y	Possible Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	374	Poss	14/08/2018	9:39	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
								Possum						
OH2Ku	D5	375	Scan	14/08/2018	9:47	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	377	LG	14/08/2018	9:35	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	378	MB	14/08/2018	9:33	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	D5	379	Parr	14/08/2018	9:40	Visual	Υ	White- throated Tree Creeper	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	pair observed entering box
OH2Ku	E1	200	SO	16/08/2018	11:02	GoPro Camera	Υ	Lace Monitor	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E1	201	SG	16/08/2018	10:58	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E2	198	Parr	16/08/2018	11:07	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old honeycomb
OH2Ku	E2	199	Poss	16/08/2018	11:05	GoPro Camera	N			flattened euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	193	SG	16/08/2018	11:13	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	194	MB	16/08/2018	11:12	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	195	Poss add	16/08/2018	11:16	GoPro Camera	N			flattened euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	196	Scan	16/08/2018	11:22	GoPro Camera	N			Allocasuarina leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	E3	274	Co	30/08/2018	13:55	Tree Climber	N			few leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	Box sitting in fork.
OH2Ku	F1	160	SO	09/08/2018	14:26	GoPro Camera	Υ	Owlet Nightjar	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F1	161	Poss	09/08/2018	14:24	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F1	162	LFO	30/08/2018	14:39	Tree Climber	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	honeycomb
OH2Ku	F1	166	Scan	09/08/2018	14:28	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old honeycomb
OH2Ku	F1	504	SG	09/08/2018	14:25	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F2	163	Poss	09/08/2018	14:20	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	F2	164	SG	09/08/2018	14:17	GoPro Camera	Υ	Lace Monitor	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G1	197	LG	16/08/2018	11:54	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf, bark, old honeycomb	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G1	202	MB	16/08/2018	11:50	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G1	203	Poss	16/08/2018	11:46	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G1	204	Scan	16/08/2018	11:48	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	G1	206	SG	16/08/2018	11:52	GoPro Camera	N			deep euc leaf with latrine	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	211	LG	16/08/2018	12:09	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	212	Poss	16/08/2018	12:05	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	213	Parr	16/08/2018	11:59	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest and shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G2	214	SG	16/08/2018	12:01	GoPro Camera	Υ	Antechinus sp.	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	multiple individuals
OH2Ku	G2	215	Scan	16/08/2018	12:10	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G3	206	Poss	16/08/2018	12:20	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	multiple
OH2Ku	G3	207	SG	16/08/2018	12:22	GoPro Camera	Υ	Antechinus sp.	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G3	208	LG	16/08/2018	12:18	GoPro Camera	N			old honeycomb and shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	G3	209	Scan	16/08/2018	12:24	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	multiple
OH2Ku	G3	210	SO	16/08/2018	12:15	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves and debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H1	385	LG	28/06/2018	11:44	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H1	386	SG	28/06/2018	11:51	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H1	387	Parr	28/06/2018	11:53	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H1	388	Poss	28/06/2018	11:47	GoPro Camera	Р			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H2	389	МВ	28/06/2018	12:10	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H2	390	SG	28/06/2018	12:03	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest.	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H2	391	LG	28/06/2018	12:06	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	H2	392	SG	28/06/2018	12:09	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	393	Cock	30/08/2018	13:12	Tree Climber	N			euc leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	394	Poss	28/06/2018	12:19	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	395	SG	09/08/2018	10:14	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Н3	396	LG	09/08/2018	10:17	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	I1	290	Scan	28/06/2018	9:58	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	I1	292	SG	28/06/2018	9:52	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	I1	293	SG	28/06/2018	10:02	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and latrine	Needs clearin g	clear out box	Nil	photo - old hose and debris in box
OH2Ku	I1	294	Poss	28/06/2018	9:54	GoPro Camera	N			leaf and bark debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	288	LG	28/06/2018	10:42	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	289	Parr	28/06/2018	10:33	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	291	MB	28/06/2018	10:21	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	295	SG	28/06/2018	10:37	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	12	296	Scan	28/06/2018	10:27	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	283	SO	28/06/2018	9:37	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	284	Poss	28/06/2018	9:39	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	285	LG	28/06/2018	9:28	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	286	SG	28/06/2018	9:42	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	13	287	Scan	28/06/2018	9:46	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Gliders	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	multiple
OH2Ku	14	279	LG	28/06/2018	9:22	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	14	280	MB	28/06/2018	9:21	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	14	281	Parr	28/06/2018	9:19	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	14	282	Poss	28/06/2018	9:25	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	297	SG	09/08/2018	11:31	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old beehive
OH2Ku	15	298	Poss	09/08/2018	11:38	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	299	Add. Poss	09/08/2018	11:30	GoPro Camera	N			bark, old wasp nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	300	SO	09/08/2018	11:40	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	15	301	LG	09/08/2018	11:34	GoPro Camera	N			old euc leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	307	Poss	09/08/2018	11:24	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	308	SG	09/08/2018	11:15	GoPro Camera	N			Allocasuarina leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	309	Parr	09/08/2018	11:18	GoPro Camera	N			bark and saw dust	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	310	Scan	09/08/2018	11:21	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	16	311	LG	09/08/2018	11:10	GoPro Camera	N			bark and insect debris	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
	ciuster	#	type				Y/N		/ Pest		Cond	requirea	surrounds	
OH2Ku	17	312	Parr	09/08/2018	10:50	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	17	313	LG	09/08/2018	10:53	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	water damag e	Nil	Nil	monitor box state
OH2Ku	17	314	LG	09/08/2018	10:57	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	water damag e	Nil	Nil	monitor box state
OH2Ku	17	315	MB	09/08/2018	10:47	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	18	316	LG	09/08/2018	11:50	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	18	317	Poss	09/08/2018	11:52	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	18	318	Parr	09/08/2018	11:54	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	bee hive
OH2Ku	18	319	Cockat oo	30/08/2018	12:57	Tree Climber	N			Euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	253	Poss add	07/08/2018	13:04	GoPro Camera	N			chewed bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	254	Mb	07/08/2018	13:02	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	255	SO	07/08/2018	13:01	GoPro Camera	Υ	Owlet Nightjar	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	replaces lower box which has active bee hive.
OH2Ku	J1	256	LG	07/08/2018	13:10	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J1	257	Scan	07/08/2018	13:08	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old ant nest
OH2Ku	J1	258	Poss	07/08/2018	13:20	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	259	LG	07/08/2018	13:38	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	260	Poss	07/08/2018	13:41	GoPro Camera	N			leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	261	Scan	07/08/2018	13:50	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	262	SG	07/08/2018	13:47	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest and insect debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J2	263	Parr	07/08/2018	13:45	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Gliders	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	multiple
OH2Ku	J3	264	LG	09/08/2018	13:07	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	water damage inside
OH2Ku	J3	265	SG	09/08/2018	13:00	GoPro Camera	N			fresh conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J3	266	SG	09/08/2018	13:02	GoPro Camera	N			leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	J3	267	Scan	09/08/2018	13:05	GoPro Camera	N			scats	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J3	268	Poss	09/08/2018	12:55	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	269	LG	09/08/2018	13:14	GoPro Camera	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	270	Poss	09/08/2018	13:17	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	271	Parr	09/08/2018	13:26	GoPro Camera	Υ	Lace Monitor	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	272	SG	09/08/2018	13:24	GoPro Camera	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J4	273	Scan	09/08/2018	13:22	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	275	LG	09/08/2018	13:51	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	276	LG	09/08/2018	13:55	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	277	Scan	09/08/2018	13:58	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	J5	276B	MB	09/08/2018	13:47	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K1	302	SG	15/08/2018	9:07	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K1	303	Scan	15/08/2018	9:04	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K1	304	Scan	15/08/2018	9:01	GoPro Camera	N			leaves and wasp nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K1	305	Poss	15/08/2018	9:00	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K1	306	SG	15/08/2018	9:03	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old honeycomb
OH2Ku	K2	502	Scan	15/08/2018	9:10	GoPro Camera	N			old leaves and scats	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K2	503	Scan	15/08/2018	9:09	GoPro Camera	N			old leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	K2	505	Poss	15/08/2018	9:10	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	old honeycomb
OH2Ku	L1	347	SG	15/08/2018	9:29	GoPro Camera	Υ	Sugar Gliders	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L1	348	MB	15/08/2018	9:35	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L1	349	Poss	15/08/2018	9:36	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L1	350	Scan	15/08/2018	9:39	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	351	LG	15/08/2018	9:55	GoPro Camera	Υ	Brushtail Possum	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	352	Parr	15/08/2018	9:48	GoPro Camera	N			leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	353	SG	15/08/2018	9:51	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	354	Poss	15/08/2018	9:52	GoPro Camera	N			feathers, egg shell and	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
										leaves				
OH2Ku	L2	500	LFO	15/08/2018	13:15	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	L2	501	Poss	15/08/2018	13:18	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	246	LG	07/08/2018	12:12	GoPro Camera	N			leaf and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	248	Scan	07/08/2018	12:19	GoPro Camera	N			old leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	249	SG	07/08/2018	12:15	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M1	251	Poss	07/08/2018	12:07	GoPro Camera	N			leaf, bark, feathers	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M2	247	SG	07/08/2018	12:25	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M2	250	Poss	07/08/2018	12:57	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	M2	252	MB	07/08/2018	12:31	Torch	N			chewed bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	355b	Scan	03/08/2018	11:32	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves and insect nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	356b	Poss	03/08/2018	11:35	GoPro Camera	Р			leaf and melaleuca bark	Good	Nil	Nil	box full to entry hole
OH2Ku	N1	357b	Parr	03/08/2018	11:21	GoPro Camera	Y	Carpet Python	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	Carpet Python basking on box and moved inside
OH2Ku	N1	358b	SG	03/08/2018	11:19	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	361b	Poss ad	03/08/2018	11:14	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N1	362b	SO	03/08/2018	11:17	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N2	359b	Scan	03/08/2018	11:40	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves and wasp nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N2	360b	LG	03/08/2018	11:39	GoPro Camera	N			shredded leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N3	363	Scan	07/08/2018	11:20	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	wasp nest
OH2Ku	N3	364	Poss	07/08/2018	11:18	GoPro Camera	N			old euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N3	366	Sg	07/08/2018	11:15	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	N3	365b	LG	07/08/2018	11:23	GoPro Camera	N			old bird nest	Good	Nil	Nil	latrine in corner
OH2Ku	01	230	SG	07/08/2018	9:06	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	231	LG	07/08/2018	9:01	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	01	232	SG	07/08/2018	9:03	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	233	Poss	07/08/2018	9:08	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	01	234	Scan	07/08/2018	8:59	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P1	235	Poss	02/08/2018	16:22	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P1	236	Parr	02/08/2018	16:17	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P1	237	SG	02/08/2018	16:15	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P1	238	Scan	02/08/2018	16:09	GoPro Camera	Υ	Possible Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P2	239	LG	02/08/2018	15:52	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P2	240	SG	02/08/2018	16:05	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	P2	242	Parr	02/08/2018	16:02	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	ant nest
OH2Ku	P2	243	Scan	02/08/2018	15:57	GoPro Camera	Υ	Possible Squirrel Glider	N	occupied	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Р3	241	Scan	07/08/2018	10:09	GoPro Camera	N	Ants	Р	Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	active ant nest
OH2Ku	P3	244	Poss	07/08/2018	10:12	GoPro Camera	N			pieces of landscape wood	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Р3	245	Scan	07/08/2018	10:10	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	367	LG	07/08/2018	9:33	GoPro Camera	N			leaves in corner	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	368	Scan	07/08/2018	9:50	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	insect debris. monitor condition
OH2Ku	Q1	369	Po	07/08/2018	9:39	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	370	LFO	30/8//18	9:21	Tree Climber	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q1	371	Poss	07/08/2018	9:34	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	Q2	372	LG	07/08/2018	9:42	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves, wasp nest, old beehive	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	320	Poss	03/08/2018	10:33	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	321	MB	03/08/2018	10:30	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	322	LFO	03/08/2018	10:21	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	



Section	Zone/ cluster	Box #	Box type	Check Date	Time	Inspect type	Vert Fauna Y/N	Species	Native /Pest	Vert Signs of use	Box Cond	Maintenance required	Changes in surrounds	Notes
OH2Ku	R1	323	Add poss.	03/08/2018	10:25	GoPro Camera	N			leaf and woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R1	324	Scan	03/08/2018	10:28	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaf	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	325	SG	03/08/2018	10:37	GoPro Camera	N			leaf and bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	326	Scan	03/08/2018	10:36	GoPro Camera	N			conical euc leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	327	MB	03/08/2018	10:39	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R2	328	Parr	03/08/2018	10:40	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	damp
OH2Ku	R2	329	Poss	03/08/2018	10:42	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	330	LG	03/08/2018	9:44	GoPro Camera	N			leaf litter	Good	Nil	Nil	monitor rot
OH2Ku	R3	331	Poss	03/08/2018	9:58	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	Good	Nil	Nil	damp marks
OH2Ku	R3	332	Co	29/08/2018	9:00	Tree Climber	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	333	add Poss	03/08/2018	9:53	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	bottom rot	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R3	334	LG	03/08/2018	9:42	GoPro Camera	N			bark and leaf	rotting	Nil	Nil	monitor rot
OH2Ku	R4	335	Scan	03/08/2018	9:29	GoPro Camera	N			rotting leaves	damp	Nil	Nil	monitor rot
OH2Ku	R4	336	SG	03/08/2018	9:31	GoPro Camera	N			conical leaf nest	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R4	337	Parr	03/08/2018	9:33	GoPro Camera	N			woody debris	rotting, lid coming off	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R4	338	LG	03/08/2018	9:24	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	damp	Nil	Nil	monitor rot
OH2Ku	R4	339	Poss	03/08/2018	9:25	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark and leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	340	LG	03/08/2018	8:58	GoPro Camera	N			Nil	damp	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	341	Poss	03/08/2018	8:57	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	342	Parr	03/08/2018	9:00	GoPro Camera	N			shredded bark	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	343	MB	03/08/2018	8:56	Torch	N			Nil	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R5	344	SG	03/08/2018	8:52	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	Good	Nil	Nil	
OH2Ku	R6	345	Scan	03/08/2018	9:04	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	damp	Nil	Nil	monitor rot
OH2Ku	R6	346	LG	03/08/2018	9:07	GoPro Camera	N			euc leaves	damp	Nil	Nil	monitor rot



Annex 3 – Weather

Date	Temperature (C)	Rainfall	Cloud cover (%)	Wind (km/hr)
16/01/2018	26	0	20	22
17/01/2018	27	0	0	17
19/01/2018	30	0	0	7
22/01/2018	29	0	0	13
23/01/2017	31	0	0	4
24/01/2018	31	0	0	6
05/02/2018	27	0	0	11
06/02/2018	27	0	0	13
07/02/2018	27	0.8	90	4
08/02/2018	28	0	20	11
26/02/2018	24	8.2	80	17
28/02/2018	30	0	0	7
30/07/2018	21	0	0	7
31/07/2018	21	0	0	13
02/08/2018	21	0	0	11
03/08/2018	23	0	0	13
07/08/2018	20	0	0	0
09/08/2018	20	0	0	9
14/08/2018	20	0	0	9
16/08/2018	24	0	0	2
28/08/2018	18	0	20	13
29/08/2018	19	0	0	11
30/08/2018	20	0	0	15

Climate Data Sourced form BOM app for current location and Kempsey weather station (station number 0590007).



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

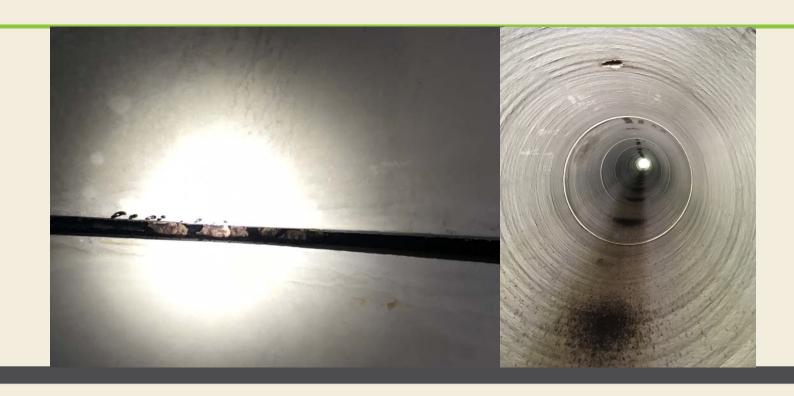
Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box 2443 North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix H Bat Box		





Microbat Roost Box Monitoring 2018

Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services

September 2018

Document control

Project no.: 1702

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Microbat Roost Box Monitoring 2018 Report

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Jodie Danvers

Internal review: Radika Michniewicz, Amanda Griffith

Document status: R0

Local Government Area: Kempsey and Port Macquarie Hastings

Document revision status

Author	Revision number	Internal review	Date issued
Jodie Danvers	D0	Radika	05/09/18
		Michniewicz	
Jodie Danvers,	D1	Amanda Griffith	25/09/2018
Radika			
Michniewicz			
Radika Michniewicz	RO		25/09/2018

Niche Environment and Heritage

Excellence in your environment.

ABN: 19 137 111 721

Head Office

Level 1, 460 Church Street
Parramatta NSW 2150
All mail correspondence to:

PO Box 2443

North Parramatta NSW 1750

Phone: **02 9630 5658** Email: **info@niche-eh.com**

Locations

Sydney

Central Coast

Illawarra Armidale

Newcastle Mudgee

Port Macquarie

Brisbane

Cairns

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2018

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian Copyright Act 1968, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: Microbat use of pipe culvert immediately south of dedicated fauna culvert 26.4 (right) and culvert C35.7 (left).

Executive summary

Context

This report documents findings for the 2018 monitoring period, the first of three operational monitoring periods for the Microbat Roost Boxes, as required for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) and specified in the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP, RMS 2016). The NSW Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) is required to manage and monitor the effectiveness of biodiversity mitigation measures implemented as part of the Project.

Aims

The aims of this report are to summarise the methods and results of the summer and winter 2018 roost box inspections and determine if performance measures have been met, as per the EMP.

Methods

Monitoring was undertaken in accordance with the EMP, in summer from 19 January 2018 – 8 February 2018 and in winter from 30 July 2018 – 14 August 2018. Each roost box was visually inspected using a wireless camera attached to the end of an extendable pole, or a hand held torch. Details recorded for each roost box included occupation by fauna, species if present, signs of use by fauna, box condition, any maintenance required, changes to surrounding landscape and daily weather conditions.

Key Results

Microbats were not recorded using any of the 141 inspected roost boxes during the 2018 monitoring period. Mud wasp nests were recorded in four (2.8%) roost boxes in summer and in six (4.3%) in winter. Leaf nests were recorded in 24 (17%) roost boxes in summer and in 25 (17.7%) in winter. The use of roost boxes by non-target fauna is not considered to be influencing the uptake by Microbat species as Microbats have exhibited a very limited overall use of roost boxes regardless of the presence or absence of non-target fauna. Only four (2.8%) boxes required maintenance, including the replacement of one deteriorated box.

As part of Fauna Underpass Monitoring for the Project, fourteen culverts were monitored in autumn for fauna activity. Of these, three were noted as being occupied by or showing signs of use by Microbats. Opportunistic observations of Microbat activity within culverts and under bridges were also made during other Project monitoring programs.

Conclusions

The installation of roost boxes as a management measure for the target species has been unsuccessful. However, additional structure monitoring in the Ku2K section of the Project has found that newly installed bridges and culverts have provided additional roost habitat for these species and that these structures are rapidly colonised (within four months of construction). Incidental observations on the OH2Ku section of the Project have recorded use of at least one bridge and two culverts by Microbats.

Management Implications

Continued monitoring of additional structures for the Ku2K section of the Project is not considered necessary as a number of structures have been classified as high conservation habitat value with probable ongoing use. A number of culvert and bridge structures are present within the OH2Ku section of the Project and are also likely to provide roosting habitat, as supported by incidental observations. Inspection of additional structures should however be conducted to confirm use of these structures and determine their use by target species prior to consideration of relocation of roost boxes to culverts.



Table of Contents

Fve	cutive	summary	ii
1.		duction	
	1.1	Context	
	1.2	Performance Measures	
	1.3	Monitoring Timing	
	1.4	Reporting	
2.		ey Methods	
	2.1	Boxes Monitored	
	2.2	Methods	
3.		lts	
	3.1	2018 Monitoring Results	
	3.2	Additional Roost Structures	
	3.3	Comparison with Previous Monitoring Events	
4.		ussion	
	4.1	Performance Measures	
	4.2	Recommendations	12
Ref	erence	<u>2</u> \$	
Anr	nex 1.	Field Data	14
Anr	nex 2.	Weather	29
Lis	t of F	igures	
Figu	ıre 1: I	Roost box locations	4
Lis	t of T	ables	
Tab	le 1: N	Nicrobat use of additional structures	10
Tab	le 2: N	Aicrobat use of roost boxes for all monitoring events	10
Tab	le 3: P	erformance indicators	11
Tab	le 4: 2	018 roost box recommendations	12
Tab	le 6: S	ummer 2018 roost box results	14
Tab	le 7: V	Vinter 2018 roost box results	21
Tah	le 8: 2	018 survey conditions	29



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1995* (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project.

1.1.1 Monitoring framework

The EMP states the following regarding monitoring timing:

"Monitoring of bat boxes will commence six months after their installation (Year 1), followed by quarterly inspections (each season) for two years (Years 2 and 3), before addressing corrective actions. After the first two years of monitoring, monitoring of the bat roost boxes will continue twice a year (summer and winter of Year 4, 6 and 8) up until Year 8."

Roost boxes were installed prior to the commencement of construction (Year 0) in 2013, which was 6-12 months prior to the planned exclusion of Microbats from existing structures. Due to the installation of roost boxes occurring in 2013 instead of 2014, an additional three biannual construction monitoring events were undertaken (Events 9-11). Biannual operational monitoring commenced in summer 2018. For the Microbat Roost Box Monitoring the Project has been divided into two sections:

- Oxley Highway to Kundabung (Ch. 0 24040), hereafter referred to as OH2Ku.
- Kundabung to Kempsey (Ch. 24040 37850), hereafter referred to as Ku2K.

To date, the monitoring events have been conducted and reported on as follows:

- Construction monitoring: quarterly inspections
 - Event 1 winter 2014, Event 2 spring 2014, Event 3 summer 2015, Event 4 autumn 2015, Event 5 winter 2015 (Niche 2015).
 - Event 6 spring 2015, Event 7 summer 2016, Event 8 autumn 2016 (Niche 2016).
- Construction monitoring: biannual inspections
 - Event 9 (Niche 2017) including:
 - winter 2016 Ku2K: 4 22 August 2016 (Lewis 2016).
 - spring 2016 OH2Ku: 26 27 September (Sandpiper 2016).
 - Event 10 summer 2017 (Niche 2017) including:
 - OH2Ku: 11 January 2017 (Sandpiper 2017a).
 - Ku2K: 27 28 February 2017 (Lewis 2017a).
 - Event 11 winter 2017 (Niche 2018) including:
 - OH2Ku: 5 September 2017 (Sandpiper 2017b).
 - Ku2K: 31 July and 1 August 2017 (Lewis 2017b).
- Operational monitoring: biannual inspections
 - Event 12 (summer 2018) and Event 13 (winter 2018): current report



1.1.2 Purpose of this report

The aims of this report are to summarise the methods and results of the 2018 summer and winter Microbat roost box monitoring, and determine if performance measures have been met, as per the EMP.

1.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the following Indicators of success for the installation of Microbat Roost Boxes as a mitigation measure:

- Use of bat roost boxes by microbats.
- Low rate of use of roost boxes by introduced fauna species.
- Low level of maintenance of roost boxes

1.3 Monitoring Timing

Operational monitoring is to occur in summer and winter of Year 4, 6 and 8.

1.4 Reporting

As per the EMP, annual reporting of monitoring results is to include:

- Detailed description of monitoring methodology employed.
- Results of the monitoring period.
- Discussion of results, including how the results compare against performance measures, if any modifications to timing or frequency of monitoring periods or monitoring methodology are required and any other recommendations.
- If contingency measures should be implemented.

All reports prepared under the EMP will be submitted to the Director General of the Department of Planning and Environment and the Environment Protection Authority.



2. Survey Methods

2.1 Boxes Monitored

Monitoring was undertaken by Niche ecologists in summer between 19 January and 8 February 2018 and in winter between 30 July and 14 August 2018. **Error! Reference source not found.** shows the location of Microbat roost boxes. It also includes underpasses monitored as part of the Fauna Underpass Monitoring for the Project.

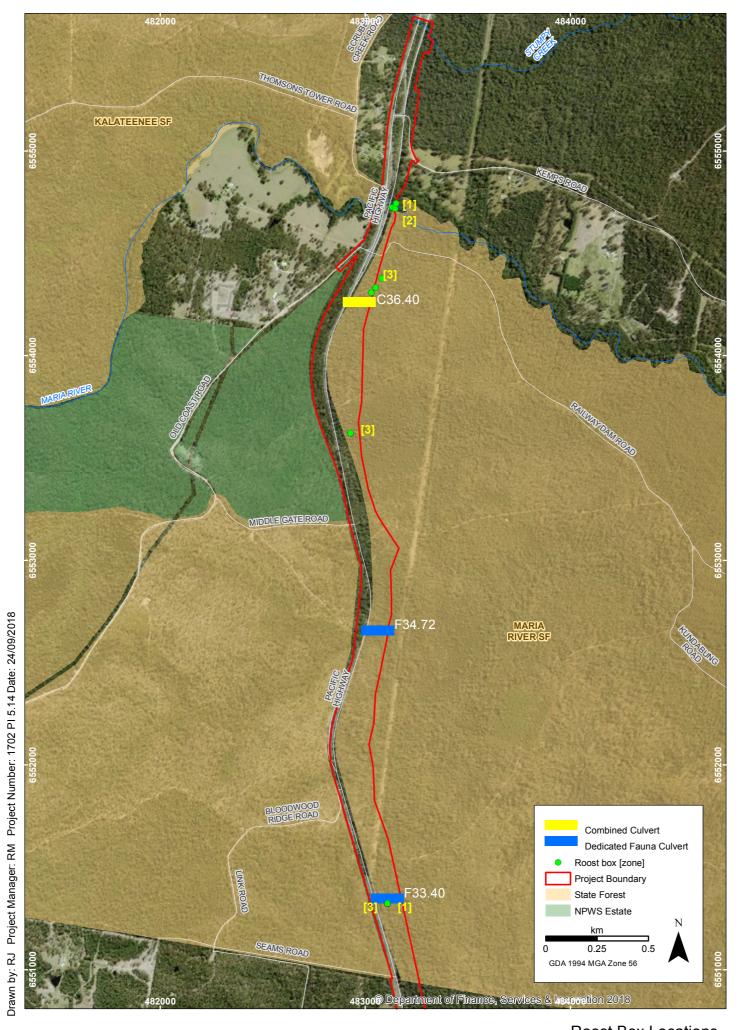
A total of 158 bat roost boxes were installed in late September/early October 2013. All installed boxes were initially tree mounted. Four boxes were destroyed in a wildfire in November 2016 and were replaced but relocated to adjacent culverts in January 2018. Since summer 2017 monitoring, a further 12 boxes (zones 49, 50 and 51) were removed from private property by the landowner. One roost box (zone 47, box 120) could not be located in Event 12 or 13. A total of 141 boxes were therefore monitored during Event 12 and 13 in 2018.

In addition to the roost boxes, a number of newly installed structures (including culverts and bridges) that may be used as roost habitat were identified during Event 9 and monitored during Event 10 and 11 as part of the recommended corrective actions (Niche 2018). The monitoring of these structures was not determined to be an ongoing monitoring requirement, as such, targeted monitoring of additional structures was not undertaken during the current monitoring period.

2.2 Methods

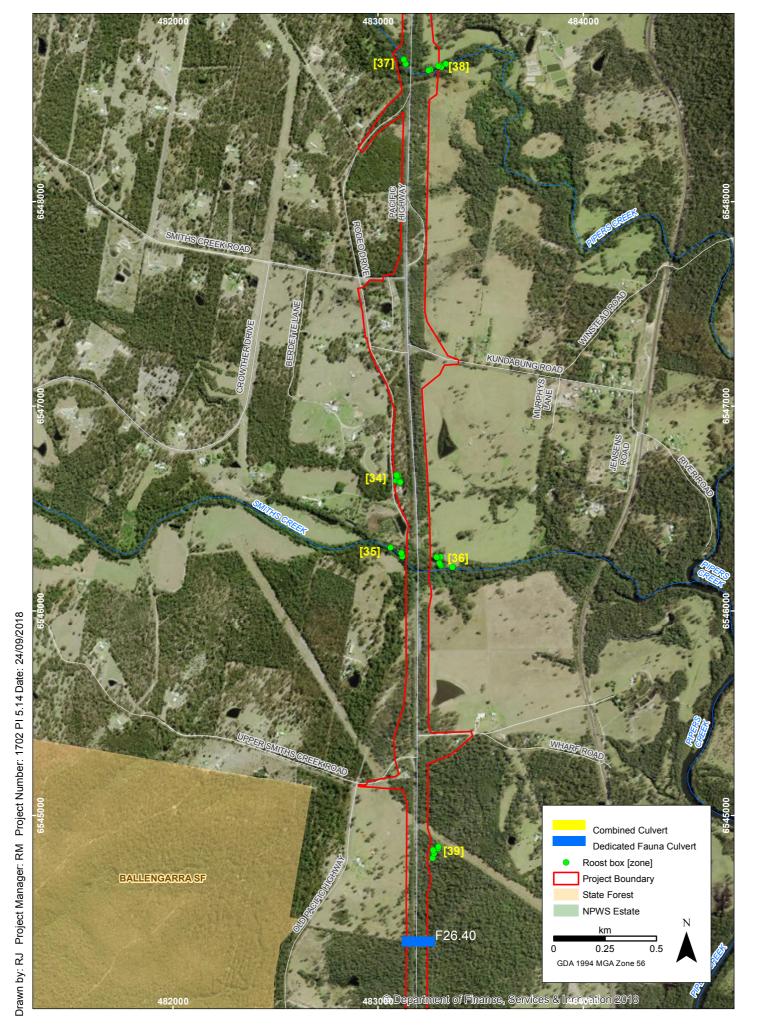
The EMP, in accordance with the *Microchiropteran Bat Management Strategy* (MBMS) (Lewis 2013), states that roost box monitoring is to involve a visual inspection of each roost box, and at each monitoring period the following information will be collected for each roost box:

- Inspection date, weather conditions (rain, wind, cloud cover, ambient temperature) and time each bat roost box was inspected.
- Bat roost box identification number.
- If the bat roost box is occupied by microbats, and if so, the species present. If the bat roost box is not occupied by a native species, record any signs of use by microbats.
- Presence of pest species such as European Bees.
- Deterioration of the bat roost box and if any maintenance required.
- Any changes to the surrounding habitats, such as changes to flyways or vegetation structure.



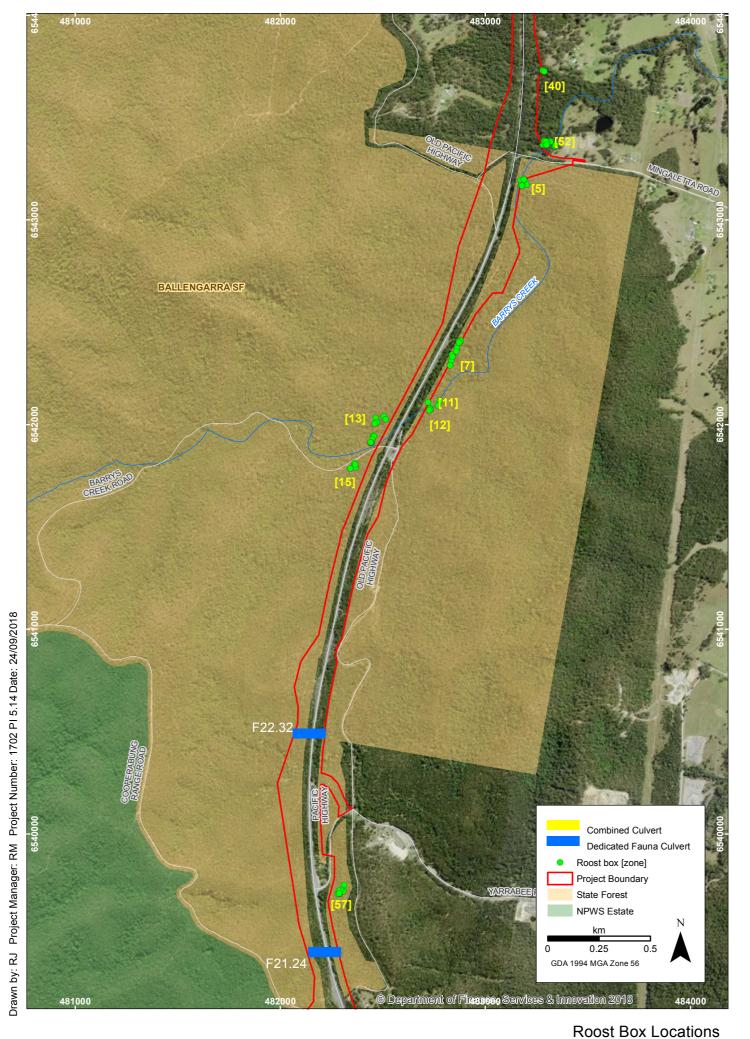


Roost Box Locations



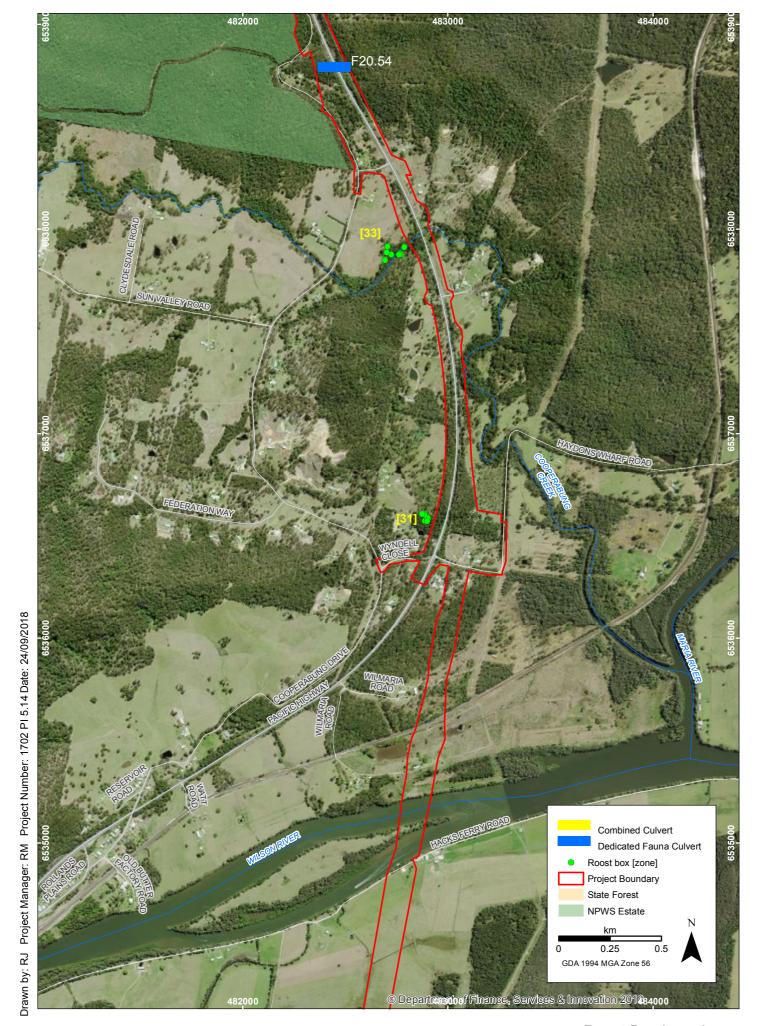


Roost Box Locations



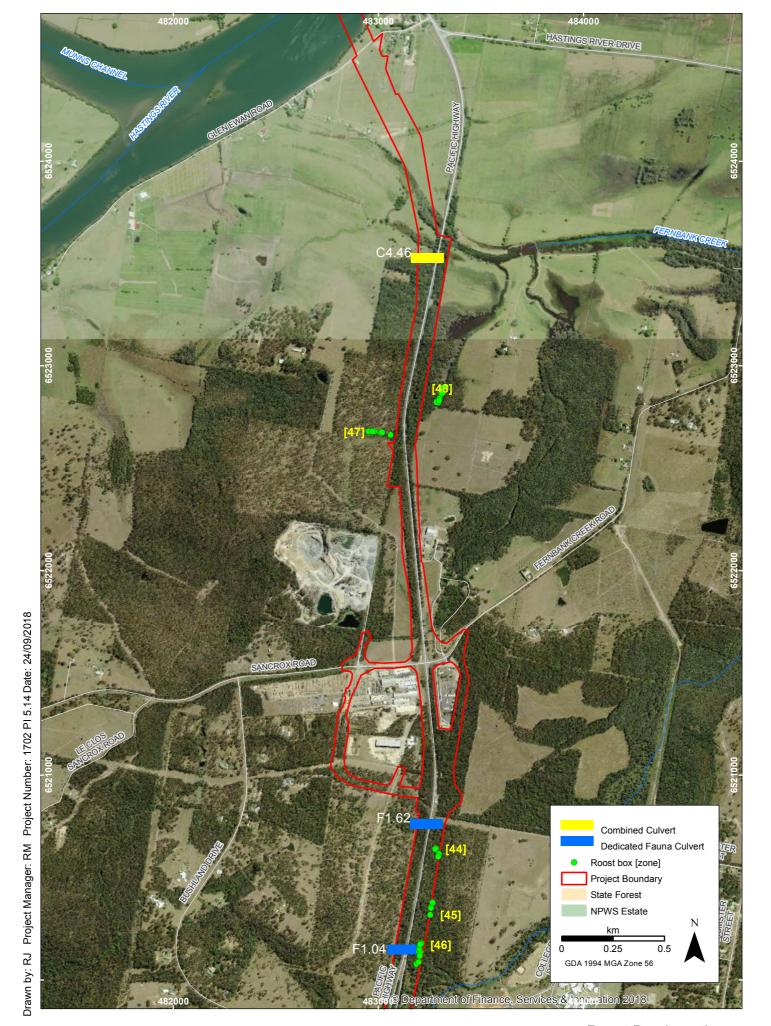


Microbat Roost Boxes: Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey





Roost Box Locations





Roost Box Locations

Microbat Roost Boxes: Pacific Highway Upgrade – Oxley Highway to Kempsey



3. Results

3.1 2018 Monitoring Results

Field data are provided in Annex 1 and Annex 2.

3.1.1 Use by Microbats

A total of 141 roost boxes were monitored in Events 12 and 13 (summer and winter 2018) and no Microbats were recorded using the roost boxes.

3.1.2 Use by introduced/ non-target species

During the 2018 monitoring event 33 (23.4%) and 34 (24.1%) roost boxes in summer and winter respectively were found to show evidence of use by mud wasps, insects and likely use by small gliders or *Antechinus* spp. Mud wasp nests were recorded in four (2.8%) roost boxes in summer and in six (4.3%) in winter and leaf nests were recorded in 24 (17%) roost boxes in summer and in 25 (17.7%) in winter. The use of roost boxes by non-target fauna is not considered to be influencing the uptake by Microbat species as Microbats have exhibited a very limited overall use of roost boxes regardless of the presence or absence of non-target fauna.

3.1.3 Fauna recorded

To date (including all previous monitoring events) the following species have been recorded occupying the roost boxes:

- Gould's Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus gouldi)
- Lesser Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus geoffroyi)
- Peron's Tree Frog (Litoria peronii)
- Lace monitor (Varanus varius)
- Brown Antechinus (Antechinus stuartii)

No additional fauna species were identified during the 2018 monitoring.

3.1.4 Maintenance

A total of four (2.8%) boxes were identified as requiring the following maintenance:

- Box 13 (zone 34, Ku2K): requires rubber hose to be added to the wiring.
- Box 8 (zone 36, Ku2K): requires removal of vegetation blocking the entrance.
- Box 119 (zone 47, OH2Ku): has fallen to the ground and needs to be re-installed.
- Box 126 (zone 33, OH2Ku): has deteriorated and needs replacing.

As mentioned, a number of roost boxes have been filled with leaf litter and are likely being used by native species including small gliders and *Antechinus* spp. The preclusion of Microbat uptake of roost boxes by non-target fauna is not considered to warrant maintenance due to the very limited overall occupation rate by Microbats.



3.2 Additional Roost Structures

In addition to the roost boxes, 34 newly installed structures in the Ku2K section of the Project were monitored during Event 10 and 11 as part of the recommended corrective actions (Lewis 2017c). Of the 34 structures monitored, Microbats were recorded using 24 (70.5%) (Niche 2018). While continued monitoring of these structures for Microbat use is not required, a number of incidental observations of Microbats were made whilst undertaking other monitoring components of the Project and are listed in Table 1.

As part of Fauna Underpass Monitoring for the Project, fourteen culverts were monitored in autumn for fauna activity. Of these, three were noted as being occupied by or showing signs of use by Microbats. As these were incidental observations, data regarding species and number of individuals were not recorded.

Table 1: Microbat use of additional structures

Project Monitoring component	Season	Туре	Location	Section	Observation
Fauna Underpass	Autumn	Box culvert	Underpass C7.26	OH2Ku	guano
Fauna Underpass	Autumn	Box culvert	Underpass C32.35	Ku2K	guano
Fauna Underpass	Autumn	Box culvert	Underpass C36.4	Ku2K	occupied
Quoll	Autumn	Pipe culvert	South of C26.4	Ku2K	occupied
Microbat roost box	Winter	Box culvert	Underpass F33.4	Ku2K	occupied
Multiple	Summer/autumn	Bridge	Maria River twin bridges	Ku2K	occupied
Multiple	Winter	Bridge	Cooperabung Bridge	OH2Ku	occupied
Roads and Maritime	Autumn	Box culvert	Underpass C17.70	OH2Ku	occupied

3.3 Comparison with Previous Monitoring Events

The use of roost boxes by Microbats for all survey events is provided in Table 2. Microbats have not been recorded using roost boxes since autumn 2016. The highest occupation rate (3.8%) by Microbats was recorded in summer 2015 and summer 2016. The Microbat species recorded included two species of Longeared Bats (*Nyctophilus* spp.), which were not identified in the MBMS as inhabiting the mitigated structures. The target species for mitigation efforts, i.e. those identified during MBMS surveys: Little Bentwing Bat (*Miniopterus australis*), Eastern Horseshoe Bat (*Rhinolophus megaphyllus*), Southern Myotis (*Myotis macropus*) and Eastern Bent-wing Bat (*Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis*), have to date not been recorded using the installed roost boxes.

Table 2: Microbat use of roost boxes for all monitoring events.

Monitoring period	Event	Season	% Use by Microbats (# roost boxes occupied)
2018	12 and 13	summer, winter	0
2017	11	winter	0
2016/2017	9 and 10	winter, spring, summer	0
2015/2016	8	autumn	1.9 (3)
	7	summer	3.8 (6)
	6	spring	1.3 (2)
2014/2015	5	winter	2.5 (4)
	4	spring	0
	3	summer	3.8 (6)
	2	autumn	0.63 (1)
	1	Winter	3.6 (5)



4. Discussion

4.1 Performance Measures

A summary of 2018 survey results in relation to the performance measures is provided in Table 3. Given none of the target species has been recorded using the roost boxes to date, the use of roost boxes as a mitigation measure for the target species is considered unsuccessful. However, additional structure monitoring in the Ku2K section of the Project has found that newly installed bridges and culverts have provided additional roost habitat for these species and that these structures are rapidly colonised (within four months of construction). Incidental observations on the OH2Ku section of the Project have recorded use of at least one bridge and two culverts by Microbats.

Table 3: Performance indicators

Indicators of success	Discussion
Use of bat roost boxes by microbats	This performance measure has not been met. Microbats were not detected using roost boxes during Event 12 and 13. The absence of target species and the very low rate of use by Microbat species indicates that the use of timber roost boxes as a management measure for the target species has to date been unsuccessful. Four species of Microbats, including three threatened MBMS target species, have been detected using newly installed culverts and bridges along the Project alignment (Lewis 2017c).
Low rate of use of roost boxes by introduced fauna species	This performance measure has been met. Whilst 23.4% and 24% were found to show evidence of use by non-target species these are likely to be native fauna. The use of the roost boxes by non-target fauna is not considered a limiting factor in the occupation of the roost boxes by Microbat species.
Low level of maintenance of roost boxes	This performance measure has been met. Only four (2.85%) boxes required maintenance. Due to the low overall occupation of roost boxes by Microbats, the replacement of the missing/removed roost boxes is not considered necessary.

^{*=} as per Niche 2015, these levels/rates were not specified in the EMP, as such an arbitrary level/rate of ≤10% has been assigned.



4.2 Recommendations

In order to address the ongoing lack of use of the roost boxes by Microbats, several recommendations were made at the conclusion of the previous (2016/2017) monitoring period (Niche 2017). These included preliminary and ongoing inspection of additional structures, relocation of roost boxes, provision of supplementary roost habitat in culverts and under bridges, and the enhancement of habitat within artificial structures. The outcome of those recommendations have been addressed and discussed in Niche (2018). The general determination was that continued monitoring of additional structures for the Ku2K section of the Project is not necessary as Microbats (including the MBMS target species: Little Bent-wing Bat (*Miniopterus australis*), Southern Myotis (*Myotis macropus*) and Eastern Bent-wing Bat (*Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis*)) have been recorded using a number of these structures, with a number of them being classified as high conservation habitat value with probable ongoing use. Recommendations for ongoing monitoring are discussed in Table 4.

Table 4: 2018 roost box recommendations

Recommendation	Action
Inspection of additional structures within the Project with the potential to be used by Microbats.	Ku2K: microbats have been recorded using 24 of the 34 inspected additional structures. These structures are considered to provide a combination of low, medium and high conservation value habitat (Lewis 2017c). Continued monitoring of these structures is not considered necessary. OH2Ku: To date an inspection of the structures in the OH2Ku section of the Project has not been undertaken. A number of culvert and bridge structures are present within this section of the Project and may provide roosting habitat. This is supported by the outcome of Ku2K additional structure surveys and incidental records by Niche and Roads and Maritime (current report). In addition, Sandpiper 2017b report that "newly constructed culverts and bridges along the OH2K alignment provide greater and more suitable roosting habitat for target species". An inspection of additional structures should be conducted to confirm use of these structures and determine their use by target species.
Relocation of bat roost boxes into adjacent culverts and under bridges.	Ku2K: not considered necessary as target microbat species have been recorded using the existing features of the additional structures. OH2Ku: Sandpiper 2017b suggest that consideration be given to relocating a subset of bat roost boxes from forested areas to culverts and bridges. As use of the existing features of culverts and bridges by microbats has been shown in the Ku2K section of the Project, relocation of roost boxes may not be necessary and should be considered once microbat use of construction features within additional structures can be confirmed.
Assessment of adequacy of the new bridge/culvert structures as suitable and alternative mitigation for the Project.	The provision of roost boxes was recommended in the MBMS to provide the opportunity for passive relocation of Microbats displaced by the proposed alteration/removal/replacement of existing bridges/culverts, which provided known roost habitat for the target species (Lewis 2013). As roost boxes have been unsuccessful in providing alternative roost habitat, it is recommended that, once Microbat use of artificial structures for the entire Project is determined, an assessment be undertaken that considers the number and type of artificial structures inspected and used by Microbats during surveys for the MBMS, against the number and type of artificial structures associated with the Project that are now available and being used by the MBMS target species post-construction. This comparison would provide the necessary information to determine the need for ongoing monitoring and to determine if further corrective actions are required to mitigate against any determined loss of Microbat roost habitat.



References

Lewis, B. D. (2013). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kempsey Microchiropteran Bat Management Strategy. Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Lewis, B. (2016). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 9 Winter (2016). Letter Report by Lewis Ecological Surveys to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2017a). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 10 Summer (2017). Letter Report by Lewis Ecological Surveys to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2017b). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 11 Winter (2017). Letter Report by Lewis Ecological Surveys to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2017c). Micro bat monitoring of newly installed structures on the Kundabung to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade. Letter report prepared by Lewis Ecological Surveys for the Kundabung to Kempsey Joint Venture.

Niche (2015). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2015. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2016). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2016. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2017). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2017. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2018). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Contractor Ecological Monitoring Report 2018. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.

Sandpiper (2016). Pacific Highway Upgrade: OH2K bat box monitoring and corrective action assessment–spring 2016. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017a). Pacific Highway Upgrade: OH2K bat box monitoring—summer 2016. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017b). Pacific Highway Upgrade: OH2K bat box monitoring—winter 2017. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.



Annex 1. Field Data

Table 5: Summer 2018 roost box results

Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	1	Box 46	Light green box	4	North-west	Flooded Gum	07/02/2018	9:49	Cam			leaves and insect activity	good	nil	previous fire
Ku2K	1	Box 49	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North-west	Lost in fire									replaced Jan 2018 and relocated to culvert 33.4
Ku2K	2	Box 47	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North-west	Lophostemon	07/02/2018	9:46	Cam			nil	good	nil	previous fire
Ku2K	2	Box 51	Hollow home standard box	4	North	Flooded Gum	07/02/2018	9:52	Cam			nil	good	nil	previous fire
Ku2K	3	Box 50	Dark green slot box	3.4	North	Melaleuca sp.	07/02/2018	10:30	Cam			nil	good	nil	previous fire
Ku2K	3	Box 52	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North-west	Lost in fire									replaced Jan 2018 and relocated to culvert 33.4
Ku2K	3	Box 53	Dark green box	3.3	North	Mahogany sp.	07/02/2018	10:34	Cam			nil	good	nil	previous fire
Ku2K	3	Box 54	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	Lost in fire									replaced Jan 2018 and relocated to culvert 35.7
Ku2K	3	Box 55	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	07/02/2018	10:26	Cam			nil	good	nil	previous fire
Ku2K	3	Box 56	Black wedge box	3.7	North-west	Lost in fire									replaced Jan 2018 and relocated to culvert 35.7
Ku2K	5	Box 100	Light green slot box	3.4	North-east	Flooded Gum	05/02/2018	12:47	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 101	Black slot box	3.5	North	Blackbutt	05/02/2018	13:20	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 95	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North-west	Lophostemon	05/02/2018	12:50	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 96	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	Lophostemon	05/02/2018	12:59	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 97	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	Blackbutt	05/02/2018	13:25	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil



Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	5	Box 98	Dark green wedge box	4	North-west	Blackbutt	05/02/2018	13:29	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 99	Black box	3.1	North-east	Bloodwood	05/02/2018	13:22	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 31	Dark green wedge box	3.4	North-east	Lophostemon	08/02/2018	15:03	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 36	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North-west	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	15:00	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 37	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	15:02	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 38	Light green box	3.6	North-west	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	15:05	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 64	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North-west	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	15:06	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 65	Hollow home standard box	3.5	North	Bloodwood	08/02/2018	15:10	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 66	Dark green box	3.2	North	Lophostemon	08/02/2018	15:07	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 67	Black box	3.3	North-east	Bloodwood	08/02/2018	15:09	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 68	Black wedge box	3.5	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	08/02/2018	15:11	Visual			leaves and insect nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	11	Box 63	Black box	3.1	North	Ironbark	08/02/2018	15:21	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 57	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North	Stringybark	08/02/2018	15:29	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 58	Black slot box	3.1	North	Stringybark	08/02/2018	15:30	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 59	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North-west	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	15:22	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 61	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-west	Stringybark	08/02/2018	15:25	Cam			wasp nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 62	Light green wedge box	3.2	North	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	15:27	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 10	Dark green slot box	3.6	North-east	Scribbly Gum	06/02/2018	10:06	Visual			nil	good	rehang	on ground
Ku2K	34	Box 11	Light green wedge box	3	North	Tallowwood	06/02/2018	10:03	Cam			full of leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 12	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Scribbly Gum	06/02/2018	10:02	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 13	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Tallowwood	06/02/2018	10:05	Cam			scats on roof	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 14	Black wedge box	3.6	North-west	Scribbly Gum	06/02/2018	9:00	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 15	Dark green box	3.4	North-west	Mahogany sp.	06/02/2018	9:58	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	35	Box 30	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Lophostemon	08/02/2018	13:06	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil



Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	35	Box 32	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-west	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	13:10	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	35	Box 35	Light green slot box	3	North	Bloodwood	08/02/2018	12:12	Visual			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 2	Dark green wedge box	3.3	North-east	Lophostemon	08/02/2018	12:43	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 3	Light green box	3.2	North		08/02/2018								missing-hanging mark on tree.
Ku2K	36	Box 4	Black slot box	3.1	North	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	12:45	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 5	Light green wedge box	3.3	North-east	Bloodwood	08/02/2018	12:55	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 6	Light green box	3.3	North-east	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	12:57	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 7	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	12:59	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 8	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North-west	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	12:50	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 9	Black wedge box	3.6	North	Flooded Gum	08/02/2018	12:52	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	37	Box 28	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North-west	Flooded Gum	06/02/2018	10:40	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	37	Box 28b	Black wedge box	3.4	North	Tallowwood	06/02/2018	10:38	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	37	Box 29	Dark green slot box	3	North	Tallowwood	06/02/2018	10:37	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 22	Black slot box	3	North-west	Flooded Gum	06/02/2018	10:54	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 23	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North-west	Flooded Gum	06/02/2018	10:58	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 24	Light green wedge box	3.5	North-west	Flooded Gum	06/02/2018	11:00	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 25	Light green wedge box	3.7	North	Flooded Gum	06/02/2018	10:48	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 26	Black box	3	North	Flooded Gum	06/02/2018	10:47	Cam			leaves and insect nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 27	Hollow home slot box	3	North	Flooded Gum	06/02/2018	10:53	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 16	Light green slot box	2.9	North	River Red Gum	07/02/2018	15:49	Cam			nil	good	nil	recent adjacent vegetation clearing
Ku2K	39	Box 17	Black wedge box	3.1	North	River Red Gum	07/02/2018	15:51	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	recent adjacent vegetation clearing
Ku2K	39	Box 18	Dark green box	3.5	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	07/02/2018	15:40	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	recent adjacent vegetation clearing



Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	39	Box 19	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North-west	River Red Gum	07/02/2018	15:44	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 20	Light green wedge box	3.1	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	07/02/2018	13:46	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 21	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North-west	River Red Gum	07/02/2018	15:52	Cam			melaleuca leaf	good	nil	recent adjacent vegetation clearing
Ku2K	40	Box 139	Hollow homes standard box	3.9	North	Blackbutt	05/02/2018	15:32	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	40	Box 140	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North-west	Blackbutt	05/02/2018	15:34	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 130	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Bloodwood	05/02/2018	15:12	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 131	Dark green slot box	3.6	North-west	Bloodwood	05/02/2018	14:25	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 132	Hollow home slot box	3.7	North	Lophostemon	05/02/2018	14:02	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 133	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North-east	Melaleuca sp.	05/02/2018	14:16	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 134	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North-east	Lophostemon	05/02/2018	13:58	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 135	Black slot box	3.2	North	Tallowwood	05/02/2018	14:17	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 136	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	Blue Gum	05/02/2018	14:20	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 137	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North-west	Tallowwood	05/02/2018	15:13	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 138	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	Lophostemon	05/02/2018	14:28	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 73	Black slot box	3.1	North	Lophostemon	23/01/2018	12:19	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 74	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North-east	Tallowwood	23/01/2018	12:09	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 75	Hollow home standard box	3.5	North	Tallowwood	23/01/2018	12:17	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 76	Light green box	3.6	North	Tallowwood	23/01/2018	12:07	Cam	Ants	pest	infested	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 77	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-west	Flooded Gum	23/01/2018	12:06	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 153	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	23/01/2018	11:46	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 154	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	23/01/2018	11:51	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 155	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North	Tallowwood	23/01/2018	11:48	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil



Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
OH2KU	15	Box 157	Hollow home slot box	3.5	North	Bloodwood	23/01/2018	11:29	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 158	Black slot box	3.5	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	23/01/2018	11:28	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 159	Light green box	3.3	North	Lophostemon	23/01/2018	11:33	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 69	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North-west	Turpentine	23/01/2018	9:39	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 70	Dark green box	3.2	North-east	Lophostemon	23/01/2018	9:43	Cam			leaves	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 71	Light green slot box	3	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	23/01/2018	9:42	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 72	Light green box	3.5	North	Turpentine	23/01/2018	9:41	Cam			leaf and insect nest	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 73	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Lophostemon	23/01/2018	9:47	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 78	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North	Casuarina	22/01/2018	10:13	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 79	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North-west	Casuarina	22/01/2018	10:15	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 80	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North	Casuarina	22/01/2018	10:20	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 81	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North-west	Casuarina	22/01/2018	10:22	Cam			insect nest	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 82	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Casuarina	22/01/2018	10:29	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 83	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North-east	Casuarina	22/01/2018	10:21	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 121	Light green slot box	3.6	North	No ID	22/01/2018	14:32	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 122	Hollow home slot box	3.4	North-west	No ID	22/01/2018	16:16	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 124	Black slot box	3	North-west	Flooded Gum	22/01/2018	16:30	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 125	Hollow-home slot box	3.5	North	Flooded Gum	22/01/2018	16:30	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 126	Black box	4.9	North-west		22/01/2018	16:25	Visual			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
ОН2КИ	33	Box 127	Hollow home slot box	4	North-west	Bloodwood	22/01/2018	16:10	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 128	Black box	3.3	North	Flooded Gum	22/01/2018	16:14	Cam			leaf litter	poor	replace soon	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 129	Black slot box	3.1	North	Bloodwood	22/01/2018	16:20	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 84	Light green box	3.7	North	Blackbutt	23/01/2018	14:29	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil



Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
OH2Ku	44	Box 85	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	Tallowwood	23/01/2018	14:32	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 86	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North-west	Blackbutt	23/01/2018	14:52	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 87	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Blackbutt	23/01/2018	14:55	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 88	Dark green slot box	3.7	North	Melaleuca sp.	23/01/2018	14:45	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 146	Hollow home slot box	3.2	North	Turpentine	23/01/2018	15:46	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 147	Dark green slot box	3.2	North	Stringybark	23/01/2018	15:59	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 148	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North	Turpentine	23/01/2018	15:47	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 149	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Stringybark	23/01/2018	15:42	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 150	Light green slot box	3.2	North	Bloodwood	23/01/2018	16:17	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 151	Black wedge box	3.7	North-east	Bloodwood	23/01/2018	16:30	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 152	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Turpentine	23/01/2018	16:29	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 89	Hollow home slot box	3.4	North	Stringybark	23/01/2018	16:24	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 90	Black wedge box	3.4	North-west	Bloodwood	23/01/2018	16:22	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 91	Dark green box	3.5	North	Swamp mahogany	23/01/2018	16:15	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 92	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-east	Tallowwood	23/01/2018	16:20	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 93	Hollow home narrow box	3.2	North-east	Turpentine	23/01/2018	16:27	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 94	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Bloodwood	23/01/2018	16:19	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 115	Dark green slot box	3.7	North	Tallowwood	19/01/2018	13:15	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 116	Dark green box	3.8	North-east	Mahogany sp.	19/01/2018	13:05	Cam			leaves, spider web	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 117	Light green wedge box	3.7	North	Mahogany sp.	19/01/2018	13:00	Cam			mud wasp, cocoon	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 118	Black box	3.2	North	Mahogany sp.	19/01/2018	12:56	Cam			mud wasp, cocoon	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 119	Hollow home slot box	3.5	North	Mahogany sp.	19/01/2018	13:10	Cam			mud wasp	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 120	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North		19/01/2018								not located
OH2Ku	48	Box 156	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North-west	Swamp mahogany	19/01/2018	10:43	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil



Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
OH2Ku	48	Box 33	Dark green box	3.9	North	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	10:30	Cam			full of leaf litter	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 39	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	11:28	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 40	Black wedge box	3.5	North	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	11:23	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 41	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	10:52	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 42	Light green wedge box	3.4	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	10:37	Cam			leaves	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 43	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	11:36	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 44	Light green wedge box	3.3	North	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	10:00	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 45	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	11:04	Cam			leaves	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 48	Dark green slot box	3.1	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	19/01/2018	10:23	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	49	Box 112	Light green box	3.9	North		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	49	Box 113	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North-west		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	49	Box 114	Hollow home standard box	3.9	North-east		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	50	Box 109	Hollow home slot box	3.2	North		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	50	Box 110	Light green wedge box	3.7	North		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	50	Box 111	Black box	3.7	North		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 102	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North-east		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 103	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 104	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North-east		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 106	Light green slot box	3.2	North		Removed by								



Section	Zo ne	ID	Roost box type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native /Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Maintena nce	Changes in landscape/other
							landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 107	Black box	3.7	North-east		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 108	Light green wedge box	3.6	North		Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	57	Box 1	Light green slot box	3.6	North-east	Small-fruited Grey Gum	22/01/2018	13:54	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 123	Light green slot box	3.4	North-west	Bloodwood	22/01/2018	14:00	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 141	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North	Tallowwood	22/01/2018	13:46	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 142	Light green slot box	3.4	North-west	Bloodwood	22/01/2018	13:43	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 143	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	22/01/2018	13:52	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 144	Hollow home slot box	3.4	North-east	Tallowwood	22/01/2018	13:50	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 145	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Tallowwood	22/01/2018	13:53	Cam			insect nest	good	nil	nil

Table 6: Winter 2018 roost box results

Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	1	Box 46	Light green box	4	North-west	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	9:46	Visual			leaf litter & debris	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	1	Box 49	Hollow home standard box	na	East - West	Culvert F33.4	27/08/2018	13:25	Torch			nil	good	nil	Microbats roosting in culvert joins
Ku2K	2	Box 47	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North-west	Lophostemon	30/07/2018	9:44	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	2	Box 51	Hollow home standard box	4	North	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	9:51	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	3	Box 50	Dark green slot box	3.4	North	Melaleuca sp.	30/07/2018	10:24	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	3	Box 52	Hollow home standard box	na	East - West	Culvert F33.4	27/08/2018	13:27	Torch			nil	good	nil	Microbats roosting in culvert joins



Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	3	Box 53	Dark green box	3.3	North	Mahogany sp.	30/07/2018	10:18	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	3	Box 54	Hollow home standard box	na	East - West	Culvert C35.7	27/08/2018	13:30	Torch			nil	Good	nil	nil
Ku2K	3	Box 55	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	30/07/2018	10:23	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	3	Box 56	Hollow home standard box	na	East - West	Culvert C35.7	27/08/2018	13:30	Torch			nil	Good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 100	Light green slot box	3.4	North-east	Flooded Gum	31/07/2018	15:33	Visual			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 101	Black slot box	3.5	North	Blackbutt	31/07/2018	15:55	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 95	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North-west	Lophostemon	31/07/2018	15:32	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 96	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	Lophostemon	31/07/2018	15:30	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 97	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	Blackbutt	31/07/2018	15:48	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 98	Dark green wedge box	4	North-west	Blackbutt	31/07/2018	15:52	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	5	Box 99	Black box	3.1	North-east	Bloodwood	31/07/2018	15:50	Torch			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 31	Dark green wedge box	3.4	North-east	Lophostemon	02/08/2018	15:08	Cam			leaves	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 36	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North-west	Flooded Gum	02/08/2018	15:05	Torch			insect nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 37	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North	Flooded Gum	02/08/2018	15:07	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 38	Light green box	3.6	North-west	Flooded Gum	02/08/2018	15:03	Cam			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 64	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North-west	Flooded Gum	02/08/2018	15:02	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 65	Hollow home standard box	3.5	North	Bloodwood	02/08/2018	14:58	Torch			wasp nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 66	Dark green box	3.2	North	Lophostemon	02/08/2018	15:00	Cam			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 67	Black box	3.3	North-east	Bloodwood	02/08/2018	14:59	Cam			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	7	Box 68	Black wedge box	3.5	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	02/08/2018	14:56	Cam			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	11	Box 63	Black box	3.1	North	Ironbark	02/08/2018	14:14	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 57	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North	Stringybark	02/08/2018	13:57	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 58	Black slot box	3.1	North	Stringybark	02/08/2018	13:55	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 59	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North-west	Flooded Gum	02/08/2018	14:12	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil



Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	12	Box 61	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-west	Stringybark	02/08/2018	14:07	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	12	Box 62	Light green wedge box	3.2	North	Flooded Gum	02/08/2018	14:09	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 10	Dark green slot box	3.6	North-east	Scribbly Gum	30/07/2018	14:57	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 11	Light green wedge box	3	North	Tallowwood	30/07/2018	14:35	Cam			leaf litter	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 12	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Scribbly Gum	30/07/2018	14:25	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 13	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Tallowwood	30/07/2018	14:55	Torch			nil	good	add hose	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 14	Black wedge box	3.6	North-west	Scribbly Gum	30/07/2018	14:27	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	34	Box 15	Dark green box	3.4	North-west	Mahogany sp.	30/07/2018	14:28	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	35	Box 30	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Lophostemon	30/07/2018	16:30	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	35	Box 32	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-west	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	16:32	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	35	Box 35	Light green slot box	3	North	Bloodwood	30/07/2018	16:33	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 2	Dark green wedge box	3.3	North-east	Lophostemon	30/07/2018	16:12	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 3	Light green box	3.2	North		30/07/2018	16:14	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 4	Black slot box	3.1	North	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	16:13	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 5	Light green wedge box	3.3	North-east	Bloodwood	30/07/2018	16:22	Visual			full of leaf	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 6	Light green box	3.3	North-east	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	16:25	Cam			full of leaf	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 7	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	16:26	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	36	Box 8	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North-west	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	16:19	Cam			nil	good	clear vine	vine blocking entrance
Ku2K	36	Box 9	Black wedge box	3.6	North	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	16:18	Cam			full of leaf	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	37	Box 28	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North-west	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	15:32	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	37	Box 28b	Black wedge box	3.4	North	Tallowwood	30/07/2018	15:31	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	37	Box 29	Dark green slot box	3	North	Tallowwood	30/07/2018	15:30	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 22	Black slot box	3	North-west	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	15:17	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 23	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North-west	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	15:18	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 24	Light green wedge box	3.5	North-west	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	15:20	Cam			full of leaf	good	nil	nil



Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
Ku2K	38	Box 25	Light green wedge box	3.7	North	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	15:11	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 26	Black box	3	North	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	15:09	Cam			full of leaf	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	38	Box 27	Hollow home slot box	3	North	Flooded Gum	30/07/2018	15:16	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 16	Light green slot box	2.9	North	River Red Gum	31/07/2018	13:17	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 17	Black wedge box	3.1	North	River Red Gum	31/07/2018	13:18	Torch			melaleuca leaf nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 18	Dark green box	3.5	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	31/07/2018	13:24	Cam			leaf debris	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 19	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North-west	River Red Gum	31/07/2018	13:21	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 20	Light green wedge box	3.1	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	31/07/2018	13:32	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	39	Box 21	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North-west	River Red Gum	31/07/2018	13:16	Torch			melaleuca leaf nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	40	Box 139	Hollow home standard box	3.9	North	Blackbutt	31/07/2018	13:42	Torch			wasp nest	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	40	Box 140	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North-west	Blackbutt	31/07/2018	13:40	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 130	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Bloodwood	31/07/2018	13:57	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 131	Dark green slot box	3.6	North-west	Bloodwood	31/07/2018	14:07	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 132	Hollow home slot box	3.7	North	Lophostemon	31/07/2018	14:11	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 133	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North-east	Melaleuca sp.	31/07/2018	14:02	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 134	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North-east	Lophostemon	31/07/2018	14:00	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 135	Black slot box	3.2	North	Tallowwood	31/07/2018	14:06	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 136	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	Blue Gum	31/07/2018	14:05	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 137	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North-west	Tallowwood	31/07/2018	13:56	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
Ku2K	52	Box 138	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	Lophostemon	31/07/2018	14:01	Torch			wasp nest	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 73	Black slot box	3.1	North	Lophostemon	03/08/2018	10:18	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 74	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North-east	Tallowwood	03/08/2018	10:14	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 75	Hollow home standard box	3.5	North	Tallowwood	03/08/2018	10:19	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 76	Light green box	3.6	North	Tallowwood	03/08/2018	10:12	Cam			leaves	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	13	Box 77	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-west	Flooded Gum	03/08/2018	10:13	Torch			nil	damp	nil	nil



Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
OH2KU	15	Box 153	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	03/08/2018	10:08	Torch			old wasp nest	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 154	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	03/08/2018	10:09	Torch			wasp nest	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 155	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North	Tallowwood	03/08/2018	10:07	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 157	Hollow home slot box	3.5	North	Bloodwood	03/08/2018	9:48	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 158	Black slot box	3.5	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	03/08/2018	9:47	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 159	Light green box	3.3	North	Lophostemon	03/08/2018	9:49	Cam			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 69	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North-west	Turpentine	03/08/2018	9:17	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 70	Dark green box	3.2	North-east	Lophostemon	03/08/2018	9:16	Cam			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 71	Light green slot box	3	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	03/08/2018	9:15	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 72	Light green box	3.5	North	Turpentine	03/08/2018	9:15	Cam			euc leaves	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	15	Box 73	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Lophostemon	03/08/2018	9:14	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 78	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North	Casuarina	07/08/2018	11:31	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 79	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North-west	Casuarina	07/08/2018	11:34	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 80	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North	Casuarina	07/08/2018	11:35	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 81	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North-west	Casuarina	07/08/2018	11:37	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 82	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Casuarina	07/08/2018	11:32	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	31	Box 83	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North-east	Casuarina	07/08/2018	11:36	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 121	Light green slot box	3.6	North	No ID	07/08/2018	10:55	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 122	Hollow home slot box	3.4	North-west	No ID	07/08/2018	10:39	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 124	Black slot box	3	North-west	Flooded Gum	07/08/2018	10:41	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 125	Hollow-home slot box	3.5	North	Flooded Gum	07/08/2018	10:42	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 126	Black box	4.9	North-west		07/08/2018	10:43	Torch			leaves	poor	replace	deteriorated, split open



Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
OH2KU	33	Box 127	Hollow home slot box	4	North-west	Bloodwood	07/08/2018	10:35	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2KU	33	Box 128	Black box	3.3	North	Flooded Gum	07/08/2018	10:37	Visual			leaves	good	nil	nil
ОН2КИ	33	Box 129	Black slot box	3.1	North	Bloodwood	07/08/2018	10:38	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 84	Light green box	3.7	North	Blackbutt	14/08/2018	12:42	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 85	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	Tallowwood	14/08/2018	12:41	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 86	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North-west	Blackbutt	14/08/2018	12:38	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 87	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Blackbutt	14/08/2018	12:39	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	44	Box 88	Dark green slot box	3.7	North	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	12:41	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 146	Hollow home slot box	3.2	North	Turpentine	14/08/2018	13:17	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 147	Dark green slot box	3.2	North	Stringybark	14/08/2018	13:25	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 148	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North	Turpentine	14/08/2018	13:18	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	45	Box 149	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Stringybark	14/08/2018	13:13	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 150	Light green slot box	3.2	North	Bloodwood	14/08/2018	13:34	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 151	Black wedge box	3.7	North-east	Bloodwood	14/08/2018	13:56	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 152	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Turpentine	14/08/2018	13:58	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 89	Hollow home slot box	3.4	North	Stringybark	14/08/2018	13:38	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 90	Black wedge box	3.4	North-west	Bloodwood	14/08/2018	13:37	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 91	Dark green box	3.5	North	Swamp mahogany	14/08/2018	13:33	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 92	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North-east	Tallowwood	14/08/2018	13:36	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 93	Hollow home narrow box	3.2	North-east	Turpentine	14/08/2018	13:44	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	46	Box 94	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Bloodwood	14/08/2018	13:35	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 115	Dark green slot box	3.7	North	Tallowwood	14/08/2018	10:32	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 116	Dark green box	3.8	North-east	Mahogany sp.	14/08/2018	10:34	Cam			full of leaf	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 117	Light green wedge box	3.7	North	Mahogany sp.	14/08/2018	10:35	Cam			wasp nest	good	nil	nil



Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
OH2Ku	47	Box 118	Black box	3.2	North	Mahogany sp.	14/08/2018	10:36	Cam			insect nest	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 119	Hollow home slot box	3.5	North	Mahogany sp.	14/08/2018	10:33	Torch			nil	poor	rehang, fallen down	nil
OH2Ku	47	Box 120	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North		Not found								
OH2Ku	48	Box 156	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North-west	Swamp mahogany	14/08/2018	11:46	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 33	Dark green box	3.9	North	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:51	Cam			full of leaf	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 39	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:54	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 40	Black wedge box	3.5	North	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:53	Cam			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 41	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:47	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 42	Light green wedge box	3.4	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:52	Cam			full of leaf	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 43	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:45	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 44	Light green wedge box	3.3	North	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:44	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 45	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:45	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	48	Box 48	Dark green slot box	3.1	North-west	Melaleuca sp.	14/08/2018	11:47	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	49	Box 112	Light green box	3.9	North	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	49	Box 113	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North-west	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	49	Box 114	Hollow home standard box	3.9	North-east	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	50	Box 109	Hollow home slot box	3.2	North	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	50	Box 110	Light green wedge box	3.7	North	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	50	Box 111	Black box	3.7	North	Removed by	Removed by								



Stage	Zo ne	ID	Roost Box Type	H (m)	Aspect	Tree species	Date	Time	Inspect type	Species	Native/ Pest	Signs of use	Box conditi on	Mainten ance	Changes in landscape/other
						landowner	landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 102	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North-east	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 103	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 104	Hollow home standard box	3.4	North-east	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 106	Light green slot box	3.2	North	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 107	Black box	3.7	North-east	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	51	Box 108	Light green wedge box	3.6	North	Removed by landowner	Removed by landowner								
OH2Ku	57	Box 1	Light green slot box	3.6	North-east	Small-fruited Grey Gum	02/08/2018	15:37	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 123	Light green slot box	3.4	North-west	Bloodwood	02/08/2018	15:33	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 141	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North	Tallowwood	02/08/2018	15:34	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 142	Light green slot box	3.4	North-west	Bloodwood	02/08/2018	15:30	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 143	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North	Small-fruited Grey Gum	02/08/2018	15:38	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 144	Hollow home slot box	3.4	North-east	Tallowwood	02/08/2018	15:36	Torch			nil	good	nil	nil
OH2Ku	57	Box 145	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North	Tallowwood	02/08/2018	15:39	Torch			insect nest	good	nil	nil



Annex 2. Weather

Table 7: 2018 survey conditions

Date	Temperature (°C)	Rainfall (mm)	Cloud cover (%)	Wind (km/hr)
19/01/2018	30	0	0	7
22/01/2018	29	0	0	13
23/01/2018	31	0	0	4
05/02/2018	27	0	0	11
06/02/2018	27	0	0	13
07/02/2018	27	0.8	90	4
08/02/2018	28	0	20	11
30/07/2018	21	0	0	7
31/07/2018	21	0	0	13
02/08/2018	21	0	0	11
03/08/2018	23	0	0	13
07/08/2018	20	0	0	0
14/08/2018	20	0	0	9

Data source: BOM app for current location and Kempsey Weather Station 0590007.



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box 2443 North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix I Contractor's Ecological Monitoring (including nest box, bat box, road kill and landscape monitoring undertaken by the Contractor's Project Ecologists during the construction period)





Contractor Ecological Monitoring Report 2017/2018

Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade

Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services
September 2018



Document control

Project no.: 1702 (PI7)

Project client: Roads and Maritime Services

Project office: Port Macquarie

Document description: Contractor Ecological Monitoring Report

2017/2018

Project Director: Rhidian Harrington

Project Manager: Radika Michniewicz

Authors: Radika Michniewicz

Internal review: Amanda Griffith

Document status: R1

Local Government Area: Port Macquarie-Hastings and Kempsey

Author	Revision	Internal review	Date issued
Radika Michniewicz	D0	Amanda Griffith	12/09/2018
Radika Michniewicz	R0		18/09/2018
Radika Michniewicz	R1		24/09/2018

© Niche Environment and Heritage, 2018

Copyright protects this publication. Except for purposes permitted by the Australian *Copyright Act 1968*, reproduction, adaptation, electronic storage, and communication to the public is prohibited without prior written permission. Enquiries should be addressed to Niche Environment and Heritage, PO Box 2443, Parramatta NSW 1750, Australia, email: info@niche-eh.com.

Any third party material, including images, contained in this publication remains the property of the specified copyright owner unless otherwise indicated, and is used subject to their licensing conditions.

Cover photograph: OH2K dual carriageway and widened median.



Executive summary

Context

This report documents findings for the 2017/2018 contractor ecological monitoring associated with the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Pacific Highway Upgrade (the Project), as required by the Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) Ecological Monitoring Program (EMP, RMS 2016).

The EMP details the schedule of ecological monitoring requirements for the life of the Project. Those monitoring components that were undertaken during the 2017/2018 monitoring period by contractors and that are reported on in this document are listed below.

- Road kill monitoring
- Pre-clearing and clearing procedures
- Nest boxes
- Microbat roost boxes
- Landscaping and revegetation

Key results and implications

- Road kill:
 - Construction monitoring was undertaken from 4 August 2017 28 March 2018. As the Project opened in three stages, construction monitoring involved surveys of gradually reducing sections of the Project. Construction monitoring surveys covering the entire length of the Project were undertaken weekly for 13 weeks from 4 August 2017 30 October 2017 and were used for comparison with baseline surveys. There were a total of 39 road kill records, including 12 identifiable species and an average weekly road kill of 3.0, in comparison to an average weekly road kill rate of 8.0 for baseline surveys.
 - No threatened fauna were identified as road kill during the 2017/2018 construction monitoring surveys.
 - Twelve week post-opening surveys were undertaken during different twelve week periods for the three sections of the Project due to a staged opening. Pooled road kill records for the 12-week post-opening monitoring period from all sections, revealed a total of 54 road kill records, resulting in an average weekly post-opening survey road kill of 4.5.
 - Performance indicators of success relating to reduced road kill incidence from baseline and the
 installation of required fauna fence have been met. The performance indicator relating to
 mitigation measures (rope bridges and underpasses) will be assessed after operational
 monitoring has commenced.
- Pre-clearing and clearing procedures:
 - A total of 432 individual animals, comprising 32 species, were captured and relocated.
 - Stop work and unexpected find procedures were implemented for a Koala and Stephen's Banded Snake.
 - Reported mortality of native fauna resulting from clearing operations was low at 3.5 % of the recorded number of successfully relocated individuals.
 - No aquatic fauna mortalities were reported.



- No threatened fauna mortalities due to clearing operations were reported.
- An additional 46 hollow-bearing trees were removed (due mainly to changes in design footprint and clearing limit) but there was a 39% reduction in the number of functional hollows removed from the predicted number.
- All performance indicators of success were met.

Nest boxes:

- Of the 474 nest boxes inspected, 34 (7%) were occupied and 211 (45%) showed signs of use.
 Therefore, a total of 245 nest boxes (52%) were occupied or showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna at least once during winter 2017 (Event 3).
- One threatened species (Squirrel Glider (*Petaurus norfolcensis*)), not recorded in monitoring events undertaken to date, was recorded.
- Eighteen species of native fauna have been identified using nest boxes to date, including three threatened species, the Yellow-bellied Glider (*Petaurus australis*), Greater Glider (*Petauroides volans*) and Squirrel Glider.
- Non-native species: exotic birds were not recorded using nest boxes and 7% of nest boxes showed signs of use by European Bees.
- Only 1.3% of boxes (six boxes) required maintenance/replacement.
- All performance indicators of success have been met except for design-specific use of 4 of the 9 nest box types. Nest box types P/L (medium parrots/lorikeets), Co (cockatoos), SO (small owls) and LFO (large forest owls) did not show signs of use by target fauna, however these nest box types were used by other vertebrate fauna groups. The target fauna of these boxes were not recorded using any nest box type, with the exception of two Lorikeet records from the same SG (small glider) box. Additional monitoring events are required to evaluate the success of these box types for the target species.

Microbat roost boxes:

- No bats were recorded using the 152 roost boxes inspected during winter 2017 (Event 11).
- Microbats were recorded using 70% of the inspected additional structures (culverts and bridges) in the Ku2K section.
- 31% of roost boxes showed evidence of use by mud wasps and other native non-target vertebrate
- All inspected boxes were in good condition, excluding one that required replacement.
- The performance indicator relating to use of roost boxes by microbats has not been met. The use of bat roost boxes as a management measure for the target species has been unsuccessful to date. However, additional structure monitoring in the Ku2K section of the Project has found that newly installed bridges and culverts have provided additional roost habitat for these species and that these structures have been rapidly colonised (within four months of construction).
- Corrective actions are not required for the Ku2K section of the Project.
- An inspection of additional structures in the OH2Ku section of the Project has not been undertaken to date.



- Landscaping and revegetation:
 - Of the 148 native seeding sites that have undergone a 12 month assessment to date, 105 (70.9%) have met the minimum 12 month criteria.
 - Of the 201 native planting sites that have undergone a 12 month assessment to date, 145 (72.1%) have met the minimum 12 month criteria.
 - It is recommended that those sites that have not yet met minimum criteria should continue to be monitored and all actions deemed appropriate, such as replanting, herbicide treatment, respraying or reworking, should be undertaken.



Table of Contents

Exe	cutive	summary	ii i
1.	Intro	duction	1
	1.1	Context	1
	1.2	Purpose of this Report	1
2.	Road	Kill	3
	2.1	Monitoring Framework and Timing	3
	2.2	Performance Measures	3
	2.3	Monitoring Sites	4
	2.4	Methods	4
	2.5	Key Results	5
	2.6	Discussion	9
	2.7	Recommendations	10
3.	Pre-c	learing and Clearing Procedures	14
	3.1	Monitoring Framework and Timing	14
	3.2	Performance Measures	14
	3.3	Monitoring Sites	14
	3.4	Key Results	14
	3.5	Discussion	16
	3.6	Recommendations	17
4.	Nest	Boxes	18
	4.1	Monitoring Framework and Timing	18
	4.2	Performance Measures	18
	4.3	Nest Boxes Monitored	19
	4.4	Methods	19
	4.5	Key Results	20
	4.6	Discussion	2 3
	4.7	Recommendations	24
5.	Micro	obat Roost Boxes	25



	5.1	Monitoring Framework and Timing	25
	5.2	Performance Measures	26
	5.3	Roost Boxes and Additional Roost Structures Monitored	26
	5.4	Methods	26
	5.5	Key results	. 27
	5.6	Discussion	28
	5.7	Recommendations	29
6.	Landso	cape Monitoring	. 31
	6.1	Monitoring Framework and Timing	31
	6.2	Performance Measures	31
	6.3	Monitoring Sites	32
	6.4	Methods	32
	6.5	Native Seeding Results	33
	6.6	Native Planting Results	38
	6.7	Discussion	38
	6.8	Recommendations	39
Ref	erences		. 40

- Annex 1. Road Kill monitoring 2017/2018
- Annex 2. Pre-clearing and Clearing monitoring Ku2K (Lewis 2018)
- Annex 3. Nest box monitoring winter 2017
- Annex 4. Microbat roost box monitoring winter 2017
- Annex 5. Landscape and revegetation monitoring 2017/2018

List of Figures

- Figure 1: Distribution of road kill records: all construction monitoring 2017/2018 Error! Bookmark not defined.
- Figure 2: Distribution of road kill records: 12-week post-opening monitoring 2017/2018..... Error! Bookmark not defined.



Figure 3: Distribution of road kill records: baseline vs 2017/2018 construction monitoring (entire alignment) Error! Bookmark not defined.
List of Graphs
Graph 1: Comparison of road kill fauna categories for each monitoring period
Graph 2: Average (±SD, n = 4) weekly road kill per season, for baseline and construction monitoring 9
List of Tables
Table 1: Summary and schedule of monitoring requirements outlined in the EMP (RMS 2016) 2
Table 2: Road kill monitoring
Table 3: Threatened species
Table 4: 12-week post-opening monitoring
Table 5: Weekly road kill rates for baseline, construction and 12-week post-opening monitoring for monitoring undertaken along the entire Project alignment
Table 6: Performance measures
Table 7: Pre-clearing and clearing procedures performance measures
Table 8: Pre-clearing and clearing procedures contingency measures
Table 9: Nest box installation and monitoring
Table 10: Nest box use by native vertebrate fauna
Table 11: Nest box fauna
Table 12: Nest box use
Table 13: Nest box performance indicators of success
Table 14: Nest box contingency measures
Table 15: Roost box monitoring
Table 16: Roost box performance indicators of success
Table 17: Roost box 2016/2017 recommendations discussion
Table 18: Roost box recommendations
Table 19: Landscaping and revegetation monitoring stage



Table 20: Landscaping and revegetation – 12 month inspection data OH2Ku	. 33
Table 21: Landscaping and revegetation –12 month inspection data Ku2K	34
Table 22: Post 12 month sites requiring completion	36
Table 23: Native planting site and result summary	. 38
Table 24: Landscaping and revegetation performance measures	38



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

The Oxley Highway to Kempsey (OH2K) section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project (the Project) was approved in 2012 subject to various Ministers Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and a Statement of Commitments (SoC). A subsequent approval with additional conditions of consent (CoA) was granted in 2014 by the Commonwealth Department of Environment (DoE) for Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES) listed under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1995* (EPBC Act). The Ecological Monitoring Program (hereafter referred to as the EMP) (RMS 2016) combines these approval conditions and defines the mitigation and offsetting requirements for threatened species and ecological communities impacted by the Project.

Note that threatened species identified within the EMP that were listed under the repealed NSW *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* (TSC Act) are now listed under the NSW *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act). References made to TSC Act listed species within the EMP are therefore taken as referring to BC Act listed species.

For a number of the monitoring components the Project has been divided into two sections:

- Oxley Highway to Kundabung (Ch. 0 24040), hereafter referred to as OH2Ku.
- Kundabung to Kempsey (Ch. 24040 37850), hereafter referred to as Ku2K.

1.2 Purpose of this Report

This report summarises the findings of the 2017/2018 construction contractor ecological monitoring surveys undertaken as part of the OH2K section of the Pacific Highway Upgrade Project. These were undertaken in accordance with the EMP from July 2017 to July 2018 (the current reporting period).

The EMP details the schedule of ecological monitoring requirements for the life of the Project. These are shown in Table 1. Monitoring components of the EMP that were undertaken by the construction contractors during the 2017/2018 monitoring period that are reported on in this document are:

- Road kill (construction and 12-week post-opening surveys encompassing July 2017 June 2018)
- Pre-clearing and clearing procedures (Ku2K November 2014 May 2018)
- Nest boxes (Event 3: winter 2017)
- Microbat roost boxes (Event 11: winter 2017)
- Landscaping and revegetation (July 2017 July 2018)



Table 1: Summary and schedule of monitoring requirements outlined in the EMP (RMS 2016)

	Bas	eline	Survey	S			Cor	nstru	ıctio	n Pha	ase												(Oper	ation I	Phas	e																					
Mitigation	Yea	ar O (2	013-20	014)			Year	r 1 (2	015)			Υ	ear 2	(201	5)			Year 3	3 (201	7)			Y	ear 4	(2018)				Year	5 (201	.9)			Year	r 6 (20	20)			Yea	r 7 (20	21)		_	Year	8 (202	2)		
Measure	S	Su	A	w	S	Su	Su	A	W	s	Su	u S	Su /	A	w	s	Su	Su	Α	w	s	Su	ı S	iu .	A V	v :	S	Su	Su	Α	w	S	Su	Su	A	w	s	Su	Su	A	w	s	Su	Su	A	w	S	Si
Koala																																							,									
Spotted-tail Quoll																																																
Giant Barred Frog																																																
Green-thighed Frog																																																
Yellow-bellied Glider																										,																						
Brush-tailed Phascogale																																							,,									
Squirrel Glider																																																
Road Kill																																																
Pre-clearing / clearing																																																
Fauna underpasses																																																
Rope Bridges																																						,	,									
Glider Poles																																																
Fauna Fencing																																							,									
Widened Median																																																
Nest boxes*															4					13/				9		5 //																						
Bat Roost Boxes*							/3/								9			29/		14				4	1	9																						\perp
Maundia Habitat Protection																																																
Green-thighed frog ponds																												#					#					#										
Landscape monitoring																																																
• Su A W																									Co	ompl	eted								•	· [Lev	is Eco	logic	al		-	-		-	-	
• * numb							mber	S																	1		g Nic	he Co	ontra	ict						Į,												
# timing	g is d	leper	ndent	on r	ainta	II																									nnlo+	ad a	s part	of Er	DBC			Cor	struct	tion (Contra	ctor						



2. Road Kill

The road kill monitoring results for the 2017/2018 monitoring period are based on data collected by Roads and Maritime Services. Monitoring data is provided in Annex 1.

2.1 Monitoring Framework and Timing

The monitoring framework provided within the EMP and the reporting status is shown in Table 2. The 2017/2018 monitoring period encompassed both construction monitoring (weekly) and 12-week post-opening monitoring (12 weekly surveys once the road had been opened to traffic). As the Project opened in three stages, weekly monitoring continued along the entire length of the Project to fulfil both weekly post-opening monitoring requirements (opened sections) and weekly construction monitoring requirements (un-opened sections), with monitoring of opened sections of the Project discontinuing upon completion of the 12-week post-opening monitoring period for that section. Monitoring ceased, as per the EMP, 12 weeks after the opening of the final stage of the Project. The opening dates and 12-week post-opening monitoring periods for the three stages were as follows:

- Ku2K (opened 31 October 2017): 3 November 2017 25 January 2018.
- OH2Ku Stage 1 (opened 17 November 2017): 17 November 2017 9 February 2018.
- OH2Ku Stage 2 (opened 29 March 2018): 30 March 2018 15 June 2018.

Table 2: Road kill monitoring

Project Phase	Monitoring event: report	Timing of survey	Location
Baseline	spring 2013, summer 2014, autumn 2014: Niche 2015	Weekly during October (spring), January (summer) and April (autumn) prior to commencement of construction (12 weeks)	Entire length of existing highway in Project area
During clearing operations			Portion of existing highway adjacent
One month following clearing operations	November 2014- July 2015: Niche 2015	Daily	to clearing operations
For the duration of construction	8 August 2015 – 22 July 2016: Niche 2016a 27 July 2016 – 28 July 2017: Niche 2017a 4 August 2017 – March 29 2018: current report	Weekly (Note: as the opening of the Project occurred in three stages, weekly monitoring of the Project continued in the unopened sections of the Project to satisfy construction monitoring requirements.)	-
Within one month of opening of the Project	Twelve week post-opening periods were as follows: • Ku2K: from 3 November 2017 • OH2Ku Stage 1: from 17 November 2017 • OH2Ku Stage 2: from 30 March 2018 All in current report.	Weekly for 12 weeks. If this period does not coincide with the season (i.e. October (spring), January (summer) and April (autumn) in which baseline surveys were undertaken, also undertake weekly surveys during the first survey period (April, October or January) to occur after the opening of the Project (to allow for comparison to baseline results).	Entire length of completed Project
Upon completion of the Project (operation phase)		Weekly during October (spring), January (summer) and April (autumn (12 weeks) in Year 4, 5, 6 and 8, or until mitigation measures can be demonstrated to have been effective as defined in the EPBC approval.	Entire length of completed Project

2.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the following performance indicators for road kill monitoring:



- "Lower rates of road kill in proximity (i.e. areas of the main carriageways within areas adjacent to installed fauna fencing, and within 100m of rope bridges and fauna underpasses) to fauna fencing, rope bridges and fauna underpasses than in sections of the upgrade not near wildlife crossing structures or fauna fences in Years 1 6 & 8 monitoring events.
- Reduced incidence of road kill from baseline conditions during monitoring events in Years 1-6 & 8 and when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.
- Fauna exclusion fencing is installed at a minimum in the locations identified in Schedule 3 of the EPBC approval at Year 4."

2.3 Monitoring Sites

The entire length of the OH2K section of the existing highway was monitored during construction. Once sections of the Project became operational, these sections were progressively removed from monitoring upon completion of the 12-week post-opening surveys of each opened section.

2.4 Methods

The survey method described within the EMP was employed for all surveys and is provided below.

"Baseline road kill surveys will involve a vehicle being driven along the entire length of the existing highway in the Project area and identifying dead wildlife (road kill) seen on the roads and within three metres of the road edge. Both driver and passenger will search the left-hand side of the road and its verge for road kill. When a road kill is observed from the vehicle, a closer inspection of the carcass will be undertaken where access is possible and where safely limitations permit. If safe access is not possible, due to local traffic conditions, binoculars will be used to try to identify carcasses. Road kill fauna will be identified to species level where possible, with reference to field guides. Those too seriously damaged to be accurately identified will be recorded as "unknown". Upon identification of the road kill, the animal should be removed if safe to do so, so as to avoid double counting during subsequent surveys".

For each road kill observed, the following attributes were recorded:

- Geographic coordinates of the road kill location.
- Species of road kill where possible.

The EMP also notes that: "If the animal is identified as a TSC Act or EPBC Act threatened species, the following information will also be recorded:

- Sex and age class (juvenile or adult) where possible and safety limitations permit.
- Presence of pouch young (for marsupials) where possible and safety limitations permit.



In addition, for TSC Act or EPBC Act threatened species, local habitat attributes will be recorded at a point five metres from the road verge at the road kill location, including:

- Structure and floristics of vegetation, including dominant species of each vegetation stratum, height and per cent cover
- Presence and type of hydrological and surface drainage features
- Presence and type of rocky features
- Abundance and type of tree and log hollows
- Presence, type and abundance of foraging resources
- Presence and type of microhabitats."

2.5 Key Results

As the 2017/2018 monitoring period included both construction and post-opening monitoring, results are presented and discussed separately for these two types of data.

2.5.1 2017/2018 construction monitoring

Construction monitoring was undertaken from 4 August 2017 – 28 March 2018. Construction monitoring surveys included the entire length of the Project for the period of 4 August 2017 – 30 October 2017, after which construction monitoring surveys continued on those sections of the Project that remained unopened, until the final section became operational on 29 March 2018. As the road length subject to construction monitoring decreased over the monitoring timeframe, the collected data have been considered separately to account for the three different road lengths monitored. Only the construction data considering the entire length of the Project (i.e. 4 August 2017 – 30 October 2017) have been used in comparisons with previous road kill rates. Figure 1 shows the location of all road kill records for the entire 2017/2018 construction monitoring period (i.e. 4 August 2017 – 28 March 2018). A summary of road kill rates for all monitoring periods is provided in Table 5.

Construction monitoring – entire Project (4 August 2017 – 30 October 2017)

There were a total of 39 road kill records from 4 August 2017 - 30 October 2017, including 12 identifiable species and an average weekly road kill of 3.0 (number of weeks = 13). For this period, monitoring occurred in winter and spring only, with an average weekly road kill of 3.3 (13 road kill over 4 weeks) in winter and 2.9 (26 road kill over 9 weeks) in spring.

Construction monitoring – OH2Ku Stage 1 and OH2Ku Stage2 (1 November 2017 – 16 November 2017)

There were a total of seven road kill records from 1 November 2017 – 16 November 2017 in these sections of the Project, including three identified species and an average weekly road kill of 3.5 (number of weeks = 2). Seasonal averages have not been considered due to the limited time frame of this monitoring period.

Construction monitoring – OH2Ku Stage2 (November 17 2017 - 28 March 2018)

There were a total of nine road kill records from November 17 2017 - 28 March 2018 in this section of the Project, including three identified species and an average weekly road kill of 0.5 (number of weeks = 19). For this period, monitoring occurred in spring, summer and autumn, with an average weekly road kill of 0 (0 road kill over two weeks) in spring, 0.5 (seven road kill over 13 weeks) in summer and 0.5 (two road kill over four weeks) in autumn.



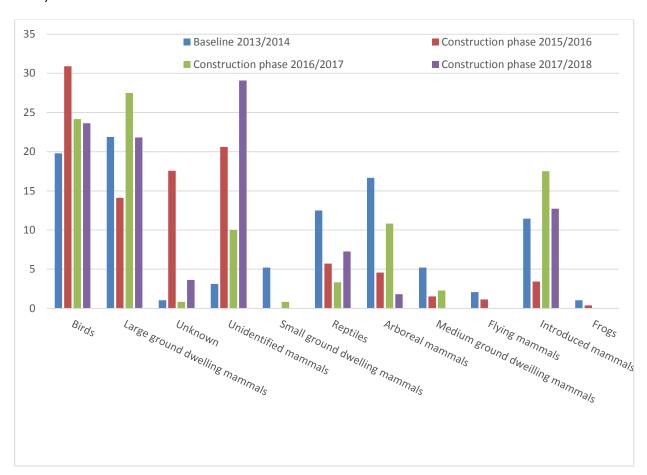
Fauna results

The baseline report (Lewis 2014) defined fauna categories for analysis as follows:

- Arboreal mammals
- Flying mammals (i.e. bats)
- Introduced mammals
- Small ground dwelling mammals
- Medium ground dwelling mammals

- Large ground dwelling mammals
- Frogs
- Reptiles
- Birds

'Unknown' and 'unidentified mammal' categories were included to account for those species that could not be identified. The percentage of road kill records for each category for the current and previous monitoring periods are presented in Graph 1. Birds (24% of road kill, n = 13), large ground dwelling mammals (Kangaroos and Wallabies) (22% of road kill, n = 12), and introduced mammals (13%, n = 7) were the most commonly recorded fauna groups (excluding unidentified mammals) in 2017/2018, which is similar to previous monitoring periods. A high proportion of road kill could not be identified to species level (33% of road kill, n = 18). There is no clear trend that demonstrates a change in the percentage of records for each category over the monitoring periods. All construction monitoring data (i.e. 4 August 2017 – 28 March 2018) have been included.



Graph 1: Comparison of road kill fauna categories for each monitoring period



Threatened fauna

There were no threatened fauna identified as road kill during the 2017/2018 construction monitoring surveys. A dead male Koala was located behind the temporary fauna fence in the vicinity of Cooperabung Range Road in April 2018. This individual was considered to be the victim of a predatory attack, most likely a dog. Table 3 lists the threatened species identified as road kill throughout the Project to date.

Table 3: Threatened species

Monitoring type (report)	Monitoring period	Threatened species identified as road kill (number recorded)
Baseline (Lewis 2014)	2013-2014	KoalaGrey-headed Flying Fox (2)
Clearing (Niche 2015)	2014-2015	 Koala (4) Grey-headed Flying Fox Masked Owl (2) Spotted-tail Quoll
Construction (Niche 2016b)	2015-2016	Koala (3)
Construction (Niche 2017b)	2016-2017	Koala (2)
Construction (current)	2017-2018	Nil

2.5.2 2017/2018 12-week post-opening monitoring

Results for the 12-week post-opening surveys for each of the three sections are presented separately in Table 4. There were a total of 54 road kill records during the 12-week post-opening surveys when considering all sections together. OH2Ku Stage 1 reported the highest weekly road kill rate and the highest per kilometre road kill rate. Condensing the road kill records into 12 weekly results for the entire length of the Project (i.e. all week 1 records, all week 2 records, etc.) resulted in a weekly road kill rate of 4.5. This rate is lower than baseline rate of 8.0. Figure 2 shows the distribution of road kill records during the 12-week post-opening monitoring.

Table 4: 12-week post-opening monitoring

Section	Approximate section length (km)	Number of road kill	Number of identified species	Weekly road kill rate	Per kilometre road kill rate
Ku2K	14	10	6	0.8	0.71
OH2Ku Stage 1	18	38	12	3.2	2.11
OH2Ku Stage 2	5	6	4	0.5	1.2

2.5.3 Road kill and mitigation measures

While the entire length of the Project is now operational, operational road kill monitoring is due to commence in spring 2018. Operational data is required to effectively assess road kill patterns in relation to fauna crossings. As such, an assessment of road kill with regards to mitigation measures has not been undertaken for the 2017/2018 monitoring period.



2.5.4 Comparison with baseline and previous monitoring

Baseline surveys were undertaken prior to the commencement of construction for 12 weeks in spring 2013, summer 2014 and autumn 2014. Monitoring took place weekly for four weeks in each of the seasons as required by the EMP. Baseline surveys recorded 96 animals as road kill during the three monitoring events, representing 33 species and an average weekly road kill for spring, summer and autumn of 9.5, 11.7 and 3.3 respectively.

The average weekly road kill for the baseline surveys and construction monitoring periods for all survey events is presented in Table 5. Graph 2 shows the seasonal average weekly road kill for each of the same four week period in baseline and construction monitoring periods. The location of road kill records for baseline (12 weeks) and 2017/2018 entire length monitoring periods (13 weeks) are shown in Figure 3. Note this figure includes only those records from surveys that included the entire length of the Project, which were not undertaken at the same time of year.

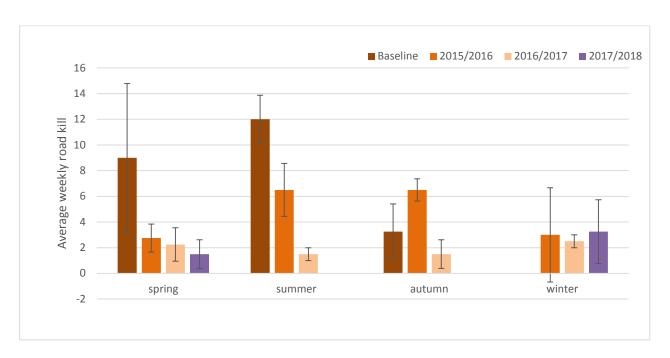
In order to compare the results of the baseline surveys with that of subsequent monitoring periods, the average weekly road kill for the four survey weeks undertaken in each season of the baseline surveys (spring (October), summer (January), autumn (May)), should be compared to the same four weeks of each subsequent monitoring event. No road kill surveys were undertaken in winter during the baseline monitoring. However, as only the results of surveys that considered the entire length of the highway are comparable to baseline surveys, just the period from 4 August 2017 – 30 October 2017 could be compared to baseline results. This period encompassed only winter and spring surveys. As winter surveys were not undertaken during baseline monitoring, only the spring results could be directly compared to road kill rates for the 2017/2018 monitoring period. Spring road kill rates were lower in the 2017/2018 monitoring period (1.5) than during baseline (9.5).

Table 5: Weekly road kill rates for baseline, construction and 12-week post-opening monitoring for monitoring undertaken along the entire Project alignment

Monitoring period		Spring (n)	Summer (n)	Autumn (n)	Winter (n)	Annual (n)
Baseline	2013/2014	9.5 (4)	11.8 (4)	3.3 (4)	No surveys	8.0 (12)
Construction phase	2015/2016 (all surveys)	4.2 (13)	5.8 (14)	6.7 (13)	4.1 (12)	5.0 (52)
	2015/2016 (4 weeks)	2.75 (4)	6.5 (4)	6.5 (4)	3.0 (4)	
	2016/2017 (all surveys)	3.3 (13)	2.6 (13)	2.0 (12)	2.2 (14)	2.3 (52)
	2016/2017 (4 weeks)	4.0 (4)	1.5 (4)	1.5 (4)	2.5 (4)	
	2017/2018 (all surveys)	2.9 (9)	No surveys*	No surveys*	3.3 (4)	3.0 (13)
	2017/2018 (4 weeks)	1.5 (4)	No surveys*	No surveys*	3.3 (4)	
12-week post-opening	2017/2018 (all sections combined)					4.5 (12)

n = number of survey weeks; * = construction partially complete





Graph 2: Average (±SD, n = 4) weekly road kill per season, for baseline and construction monitoring

2.6 Discussion

A summary of the 2017/2018 survey results in relation to the performance measures is provided in Table 6.

Table 6: Performance measures

Performance Measures	Discussion
Lower rates of road kill in proximity (i.e. areas of the main carriageways within areas adjacent to installed fauna fencing, and within 100m of rope bridges and fauna underpasses) to fauna fencing, rope bridges and fauna underpasses than in sections of the upgrade not near wildlife crossing structures or fauna fences in Year $1-6\ \&\ 8$ monitoring events.	This performance measure was not assessed for the 2017/2018 monitoring period. While the entire length of the Project is now operational, operational road kill monitoring is due to commence in spring 2018. Operational data is required to effectively assess road kill patterns in relation to fauna crossings.
Reduced incidence of road kill from baseline conditions during monitoring events in Years $1-6\ \&\ 8$ and when all monitoring events are considered at Year 8.	This performance measure was met for the 2017/2018 construction phase. Overall there has been a decline in the recorded average weekly road kill between baseline and the subsequent construction monitoring events and between the annual baseline and the 12-week post-opening monitoring. No threatened species were recorded as road kill during the 2017/2018 construction or 12-week post-opening surveys.
Fauna exclusion fencing is installed at a minimum in the locations identified in Schedule 3 of the EPBC approval at Year 4.	This performance measure has been met. Roads and Maritime have advised that all fauna fencing as identified in Schedule 3 of the EPBC approval has been installed.



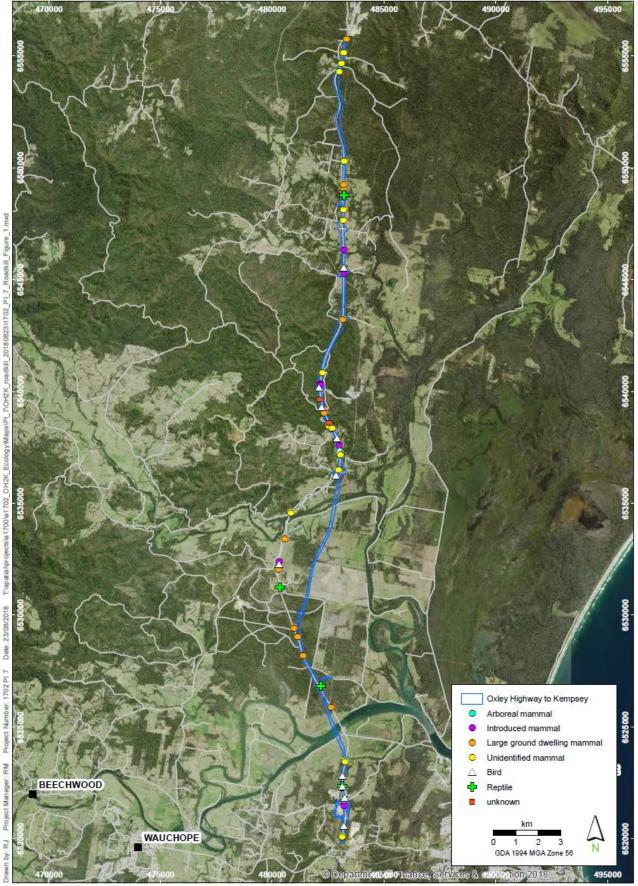
2.7 Recommendations

2.7.1 Contingency measures

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program, however specific contingency measures for road kill have not been provided within the EMP. Road kill results will however be considered in relation to future underpass and fauna fence monitoring, as per the EMP.

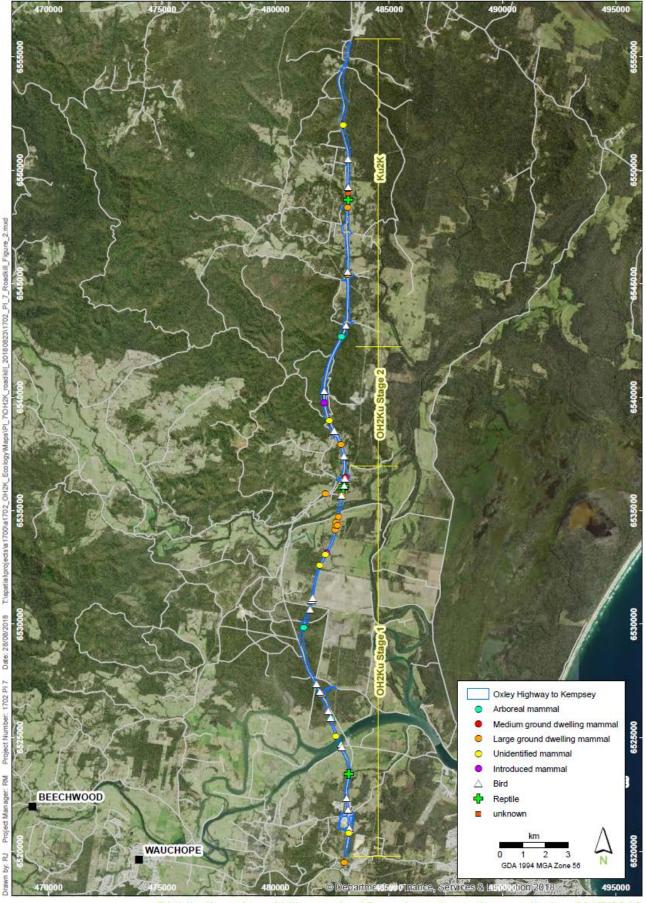
2.7.2 Recommendations

Current trends indicate an overall reduction in road kill incidence during construction activities and immediately after opening of the road to traffic. No threatened species were identified as road kill in the 2017/2018 monitoring period. As such there are no current recommendations based on the outcomes of the 2017/2018 monitoring period. The current results, for the most part, represent monitoring undertaken during the construction and post-construction/early operational phase of the road. It is considered too early at this stage to assess the relationship between mitigation measures (such as fauna underpasses and crossings) and road kill rates or patterns. Operational road kill monitoring is due to commence in spring 2018 and will provide further information as to the effectiveness of these measures.



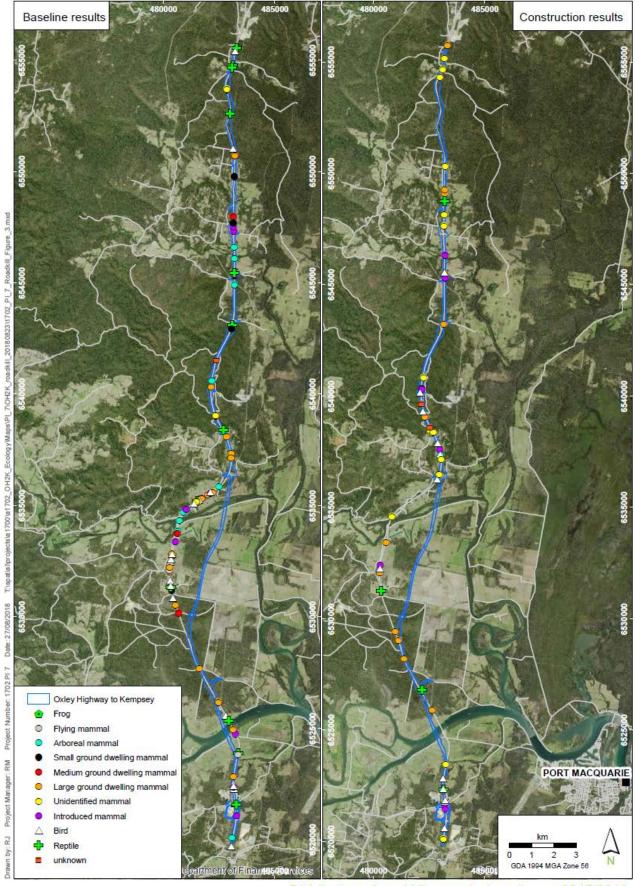






Distribution of road kill records: 12-week post-opening monitoring 2017/2018







Distribution of road kill records: baseline vs 2017/2018 construction monitoring (entire alignment monitoring only)



3. Pre-clearing and Clearing Procedures

Reporting for pre-clearing and clearing procedures for the OH2Ku section was completed in 2016/2017 and was reported in Niche 2017b. A single report has been provided for all clearing undertaken in the Ku2K section of the Project (Lewis 2018). The report is provided in Annex 2 and the results are summarised below.

3.1 Monitoring Framework and Timing

The EMP specifies that pre-clearing flora and fauna surveys will be conducted prior to Stage 1 removal of vegetation (i.e. non-habitat trees) and that inspections of habitat trees and fauna rescue procedures will be undertaken during Stage 2 clearing. The EMP details pre-clearing and clearing procedures and details the data required to be collected for target species and activities.

3.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the performance measures for pre-clearing and clearing.

"The performance of pre-clearing and clearing procedures will be assessed against:

- Low rates of fauna injury and mortality resulting from clearing operations, and no mortality of TSC Act and EPBC Act threatened species.
- Stop work implemented immediately when fauna observed and successful capture and release of fauna displaced by clearing operations (ie being released within 1 hour without mortality, unless the animal is injured and is instead managed in accordance with the Fauna Handling and Rescue Procedure in the FFMP).
- Immediate contact with Project Ecologist / Suitably Qualified Expert or wildlife carer when injured fauna are identified.
- Accurate quantification of fauna habitat features and hollow-bearing trees being removed against the predicted quantities identified in the Nest Box Management Plan."

3.3 Monitoring Sites

This report refers to clearing surveys undertaken in the Ku2K section only. OH2Ku clearing was reported in in Niche 2017b.

3.4 Key Results

Clearing for the Ku2K project commenced on the 18 November 2014 and was completed by 3 February 2017, with *ad hoc* clearing events continuing until 21 May 2018. The results presented below have been extracted from the report and summarised in order to more clearly address the performance measures, as per the EMP.



3.4.1 Fauna injury/mortality and capture/release results

Terrestrial fauna

A total of 432 individual animals, comprising 32 species, were captured and relocated. Fifteen individuals, comprising eight species (including one case of destroyed eggs), died during clearing operations. Deaths occurred by vehicle strike and during habitat tree removal. The 15 dead individuals represents 3.5% of the number of individuals relocated.

Aquatic fauna

A total of 2,633 aquatic fauna were captured and relocated to nearby waterways. Most of the captures were native fish with 1,384 individuals (52.6%) comprised of Striped Gudgeon (*Gobiomorphus australis*), Empire Gudgeon (*Hypseleotris compressa*) and Firetail Gudgeon (*Hypseleotris galii*). Frogs and their tadpoles (Hylid (tree frogs) and Myobatrachid (ground dwelling) species accounted for a further 1,167 (44.3%) captures. Threatened Green-thighed Frog (*Litoria brevipalmata*) tadpoles were captured and relocated.

Threatened fauna

Twelve threatened fauna species were recorded, including two species of frog (Giant Barred Frog Mixophyes iteratus, Green-thighed Frog), one species of reptile (Stephens Banded Snake Hoplocephalus stephensii), six species of mammal (Little Bent-wing Bat Miniopterus australis, Eastern Bent-wing Bat Miniopterus schreibersii, Southern Myotis Myotis macropus, Grey-headed Flying-fox Pteropus poliocephalus, Yellow-bellied Glider Petaurus australis, and Koala Phascolarctos cinereus) and six species of bird (Black-necked Stork Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus, Square-tailed Kite Lophoictinia isura, Sooty Owl Tyto tenebricosa, Little Lorikeet Glossopsitta pusilla, Glossy Black Cockatoo Calyptorhynchus lathami, Varied Sitella Daphoenositta chrysoptera). All species are listed on the NSW BC Act and three (Giant Barred Frog, Grey-headed Flying-fox, Koala) are currently listed on the Commonwealth EPBC Act. There were no reported deaths or injuries of threatened fauna.

3.4.2 Stop work procedures and injured fauna protocol

One individual was euthanased on site and two cracked eggs were discarded. All other captured fauna were relocated to adjacent habitat without requiring treatment or care.

The unexpected finds procedure was implemented upon the identification of the Stephen's Banded Snake. In the single instance where a Koala was found, a 100 metre exclusion zone was established, whereupon the individual remained for the day and dispersed of its own accord that evening.



3.4.3 Fauna habitat features and hollow-bearing trees

Hollow-bearing trees

The Nest Box Plan of Management (NBPoM, Lewis 2013a) identified a total of 603 hollow-bearing trees in the road corridor along the entire OH2K section of the upgrade. Initial habitat surveys marked 198 hollow-bearing trees with 1176 functional hollows for removal within the Ku2K section. Clearing involved the actual removal of 244 hollow-bearing trees with 718 functional hollows. The number of hollow-bearing trees removed was greater than originally expected, however resulted in the loss of fewer functional hollows than expected. The majority of the additional hollow-bearing tree removal occurred in zone X (+22) where clearing limits were increased and in zone T (+13) where calculations were based on M class clearing footprints (not A class).

Nest box calculations

Re-calculation of the number of nest boxes required resulted in the addition of 101 nest boxes, resulting in an increase from 156 (installed Stage 1) to 257 (Stage 2), three more than the 254 required by the NBPoM.

3.5 Discussion

A summary of the Ku2K clearing survey results in relation to the performance indicators is provided in Table 7. The general conclusion by Lewis 2018 was that management goals were achieved, however data from the pre-clearing surveys could have been better used to inform subsequent temporary works locations.

Table 7: Pre-clearing and clearing procedures performance measures

Performance indicators of success	Discussion
Low rates of fauna injury and mortality resulting from clearing operations, and no mortality of TSC Act and EPBC Act threatened species.	This performance indicator has been met for terrestrial and aquatic fauna. Reported mortality of native fauna resulting from clearing operations was low at 3.5 % of the recorded number of successfully relocated terrestrial fauna. No aquatic fauna mortalities were reported. This performance indicator has been met for threatened fauna. No threatened fauna mortalities due to clearing operations were reported.
Stop work implemented immediately when fauna observed and successful capture and release of fauna displaced by clearing operations (i.e. being released within 1 hour without mortality, unless the animal is injured and is instead managed in accordance with the Fauna Handling and Rescue Procedure in the FFMP).	This performance indicator has been met. A total of 432 individuals were successfully captured and released. Stop work and unexpected find procedures were implemented for a Koala and Stephen's Banded Snake.
Immediate contact with Project Ecologist / Suitably Qualified Expert or wildlife carer when injured fauna are identified.	This performance indicator has been met. Injured fauna were euthanased where appropriate. No fauna required external care.
Accurate quantification of fauna habitat features and hollow-bearing trees being removed against the predicted quantities identified in the Nest Box Management Plan.	This performance indicator has been met. Quantification of all removed hollow-bearing trees and functional hollows was undertaken during clearing. Stage 2 calculations were based on this quantification and resulted in the addition of 101 nest boxes (three more than required by the NBPOM).



3.6 Recommendations

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program. Those that are considered to be relevant to the pre-clearing and clearing procedures for the Ku2K section are listed and discussed in Table 8.

A number of points were raised that should be considered in future clearing operations. These are discussed in detail in Lewis 2018 and are summarised below.

- Sensitive area maps should be updated monthly during clearing operations so that new information from pre-clearing surveys can assist additional assessments.
- A minimum 40 ton limit should be imposed for harvesters felling hollow-bearing trees due to the inability of lighter harvesters to adequately lower habitat trees exceeding 500 millimetres diameter at breast height.
- The retention time for hollow-bearing trees should be maintained at two nights. There should also be a maximum retention time period of 21 days applied to avoid other fauna from taking up tree hollows.
- The retention time for all other habitat features should be at the discretion of the Project Ecologist.
- Operators of machinery should have proven experience with lowering of habitat trees.
- Large senescent hollow-bearing trees or stags that cannot be felled gently should be trapped for a minimum of two nights following isolation and prior to felling.
- The use of targeted spotlighting should be adopted to ensure Green-thighed Frogs are adequately surveyed.

Table 8: Pre-clearing and clearing procedures contingency measures

Potential Problem	Contingency Measure proposed in EMP	Action
Previously undetected fauna is located prior to clearing.	Notify Environmental Manager and EPA within 24 hours. Project ecologist to record location of species immediately with GPS. Project ecologist to relocate and release fauna into suitable adjoining habitat. Obtain approval from relevant authorities to relocate threatened species if required, at least 24 hours before relocation is conducted.	An unexpected find of a Stephen's Banded Snake occurred. The unexpected find procedure was implemented and the individual was released into suitable habitat without incident. This contingency measure was relevant and appropriate action was taken.
Previously undetected flora species is located prior to clearing.	Notify Environmental Manager and EPA. Project ecologist to record location of species with GPS. Delineate threatened species with highly visible tape to protect it from clearing. Seek approval from relevant authorities to translocate species if required.	No previously undetected flora species were identified during pre-clearing surveys. This potential problem was not encountered.
Identification of previously undocumented EEC.	Notify Environmental Manager and EPA. Project ecologist to delineate boundaries of the EEC with a GPS and highly visible tape. Consult with relevant authorities for management of additional EEC	No previously undetected EEC was reported. This potential problem was not encountered.
High rates of fauna injury and mortality resulting from clearing operations	Immediately commence review of clearing procedures and complete review prior to clearing recommencing. Modify habitat tree retention times and/or Stage 2 (habitat tree felling) clearing procedures prior to clearing recommencing. Review approach of clearing contractor prior to clearing recommencing.	Reported mortality of native fauna resulting from clearing operations was low at 3.5 % of the recorded number of successfully relocated terrestrial fauna. No aquatic fauna mortalities were reported. This potential problem was not encountered



4. Nest Boxes

The nest box data for the winter 2017 monitoring period has been provided by two sources. The OH2Ku section was monitored by Sandpiper Ecological Services (Sandpiper 2017a) and the Ku2K section was monitored by Lewis Ecological Surveys (Lewis 2017a). These reports are provided in Annex 3. The results are summarised below.

4.1 Monitoring Framework and Timing

The EMP specifies that nest boxes were to be installed in Year 1 (2015) and Year 2 (2016) (construction phase), with monitoring to be undertaken biannually, commencing in summer and winter shortly after the installation period (2016) and to be continued in Year 4 (2018), Year 6 (2020) and Year 8 (2022).

To date, three construction monitoring events have occurred and been reported on as follows:

- Event 1-winter 2016: Niche 2017b.
 - OH2Ku: 20 23 June 2016 and 8 9 August 2016 (Sandpiper 2017b).
 - Ku2K: 20 August 2016–25 September 2016 (Lewis 2017b).
- Event 2-summer 2017: Niche 2017b.
 - OH2Ku: 16 20 January 2017 and 13 14 March 2017 (Sandpiper 2017c).
 - Ku2K: 9 14 March 2017 (Lewis 2017b).
- Event 3-winter 2017: current report.
 - OH2Ku: 21 24 July 2017 and 4 September 2017 (Sandpiper 2017a).
 - Ku2K: 31 July 7 August 2017 (Lewis 2017a).

Events 1 and 2 were the first of the biannual inspections after installation. As the nest boxes were installed early in 2016, monitoring commenced in winter 2016, six months ahead of the scheduled first monitoring event in summer 2017. Therefore, an additional monitoring event (Event 3) was undertaken in winter 2017 and is the subject of the current report Subsequent biannual operational monitoring required in Years 4, 6 and 8 of the Project, commenced in summer (January/February) 2018 (Event 4). The first two of these monitoring events (Events 4 and 5) have been reportedly on separately in a stand-alone report (Niche 2018a).

4.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the performance measures for nest boxes.

"Indicators of success of nest boxes include:

- Use of nest boxes by a wide range of native fauna species.
- Use of nest boxes designed for specific species by those same species.
- Low rate of use of nest boxes by introduced fauna species.
- Low level of maintenance of nest boxes."



4.3 Nest Boxes Monitored

The *Nest Box Plan of Management* (NBPoM, Lewis 2013a) describes the number, type and distribution of nest boxes required to mitigate the loss of hollows, and the ongoing management of the nest boxes. The boxes were installed in two phases: 60% prior to or during clearing to provide temporal refuge habitat and the remaining 40% once a final count of functional tree hollows was made during the clearing supervision. Phase 2 calculations required an additional four boxes for OH2Ku and 101 for Ku2K. The number of nest boxes installed and monitored are provided in Table 9. Phase 2 installations for OH2Ku were undertaken prior to Event 2, and are now complete for Ku2K, with the final 101 boxes installed in winter 2017. The nest box installation area was divided into zones to provide clusters of nest boxes in areas requiring mitigation for the loss of hollows.

Table 9: Nest box installation and monitoring

	Specified in the EMP	Phase 1 installation / Event 1 (winter 2016)	Phase 2 calculation: additional boxes	Event 2 (summer 2017)	Event 3 (winter 2017)	Nest boxes to be monitored Event 4 (summer 2018)
OH2Ku	469	263	4 (installed prior to Event 2)	269 [*]	269 [*]	269 [*]
Ku2K	254	156	101 (53 installed prior to Event 3 [^])	156	205 ⁺	257
	723	419		425	474	526

^{* =} two extra boxes were installed due to Masked Owl observations during clearing; ⁺ = this excludes the four boxes that were burnt and discontinued and replaced with new boxes and box numbers; ^ = 53 of the phase 2 nest boxes were installed prior to Event 3 monitoring, the remaining 48 were installed post-monitoring and will be monitored for the first time during summer 2018 (Event 4).

4.4 Methods

The EMP, in accordance with the NBPoM, states that monitoring will involve a visual inspection of each nest box, and at each monitoring period, the following information will be collected:

- Inspection date, weather conditions (rain, wind, cloud cover, ambient temperature) and time each nest box was inspected.
- Nest box identification number.
- If the nest box is occupied by native fauna, and if so, the species. If the nest box is not occupied by a native species, record any signs of use by native species, such as feathers, droppings, scats, hair or nesting material.
- If the nest box is occupied by a pest species such as European bees, or Common Myna.
- Deterioration of the nest box and if any maintenance required.
- Any changes to the surrounding habitats, such as clearing or installation of wildlife crossing structures.



4.5 Key Results

4.5.1 Seasonal results

To provide an overall picture of nest box results for the Project, OH2Ku and Ku2K results have been grouped in the following summary.

A total of 474 nest boxes were monitored in Event 3. Of these 34 (7%) were occupied and a further 211 (45%) showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna. A total of 245 nest boxes (52%) were therefore either occupied or showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna during Event 3 surveys. Table 10 shows the occupation rates during all monitoring events to date.

Table 10: Nest box use by native vertebrate fauna

	Event 1	Event 2	Event 3
Number of boxes inspected	419	425 (389 available to fauna)	474
Boxes occupied by vertebrate fauna	44 (11%)	30 (8%)	34 (7%)
Boxes showing signs of use by vertebrate fauna.	167 (40%)	173 (44%)	211 (45%)
Boxes occupied or showing signs of use by vertebrate fauna	211 (50%)	203 (52%)	245 (52%)

4.5.2 Native fauna use

Table 11 lists the native vertebrate fauna recorded during the current and previous surveys, with threatened species highlighted in bold. Two threatened species were recorded during Event 3 monitoring: the Yellow-bellied Glider and the Squirrel Glider, both listed as vulnerable under the NSW *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act).

The Yellow-bellied Glider was recorded in zone AA NBT03 (Small Owl type box) in Event 3; and previously a pair were detected during Event 2 in zone AA box NBT08 (Large Glider type box).

The Squirrel Glider was detected during Event 3 in zone NEW ZONE box NBT96 (Possum type box). The Squirrel Glider was not recorded in previous surveys.

Of particular note is the detection of the Greater Glider, and an active native beehive was also observed (in a Small Glider type box).

The threatened Greater Glider (listed as vulnerable under the EPBC Act) was not detected during Event 3 despite previously being recorded during Event 2 on two occasions (in zone R1 box 322, Large Forest Owl type box, and zone R3 box 334, Large Glider type box). This was considered likely to be the same individual as the inspections took place on different dates and the two boxes are within 180 metres.



Table 11: Nest box fauna

Fauna Group	Species	Event 1	Event 2	Event 3
Arboreal	Short-eared Possum (<i>Trichosurus caninus</i>)		✓	
mammals	Common Brushtail Possum (<i>Trichosurus vulpecula</i>)	✓	✓	✓
	Yellow-bellied Glider (Petaurus australis)		✓	✓
	Sugar Glider (Petaurus breviceps)	✓	✓	✓
	Greater Glider (Petauroides volans)		✓	
	Common Ringtail Possum (Pseudocheirus peregrinus)	✓	✓	
	Feathertail Glider (Acrobates pygmaeus)	✓	✓	✓
	Squirrel Glider (Petaurus norfolcensis)			✓
Scansorial mammals	Brown Antechinus (Antechinus stuartii)	✓	✓	✓
Flying	Gould's Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus gouldi)	✓	✓	✓
mammals	Chocolate Wattled Bat (Chalinolobus morio)		✓	
	Lesser Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus geoffroyi)			✓
Birds	Australian Owlet Nightjar (Aegotheles chrisoptus)	✓	✓	✓
	Scaly-breasted Lorikeet (Trichoglossus chlorolepidotus)		✓	✓
	Eastern Rosella (Platycercus eximius)			✓
	White-throated Treecreeper (Cormobates leucophaea)			✓
Reptiles	Lace Monitor (Varanus varius)	✓	✓	✓
	Carpet Python (Morelia spilota)		✓	

4.5.3 Design-specific use

The NBPoM proposed the installation of the following types of nest boxes:

- Scansorial fauna (Antechinus) (SF)
- Small glider (Feathertail Glider and Sugar Glider) (SG)
- Larger glider (Squirrel Glider, Yellow-bellied Glider, Greater Glider) (LG)
- Possum (Common Brushtail Possum, Short-eared Possum and Common Ringtail Possum) (Po)
- Microchiropteran bat (fluttering and direct flying species that utilise tree hollows) (MB)
- Medium sized parrot/lorikeet (P/L)
- Cockatoo (Black Cockatoos)(Co)
- Small Owl (Southern Boobook and Barn Owl) (SO)
- Large Forest Owl (Masked Owl, Sooty Owl, Powerful Owl) (LFO)

Fauna observed to be occupying nest boxes at the time of monitoring or that were positively identified from feathers have been grouped into the above target groups. The cumulative fauna records (Events 1, 2 and 3) and their nest box use are provided in Table 12.

Scansorial fauna and small gliders have been found using boxes other than SF and SG boxes, but mostly in smaller sized nest box types (SF and SG). Large gliders were recorded in LG boxes and in the larger LFO and SO boxes, and the Microbat records were from MB type boxes. Possums have been recorded in a variety of



nest box types and sizes with most records from Po and LG boxes. The two Lorikeet records were from the same SG box, and other birds (White-throated Treecreeper and Owlet Nightjars) have been found occupying a range of box types. Similarly, reptiles have been found occupying a range of nest box types.

Overall, box types SF, SG, LG, Po, MB have all have recorded occupancy by the target fauna group. P/L box type was used by non-target fauna, with the two Lorikeet records occurring in SG boxes, which are similar in dimensions to, but with a smaller entrance and shallower than, the P/L boxes. Box types Co, SO and LFO were not used by their target fauna, and these bird groups were not recorded using nest boxes.

Table 12: Nest box use

	Nest box type								
Fauna group	Scansori al Fauna	Small Glider	Large Glider	Possum	Microchiropteran Bat	Parrot/ Lorikeet	Cockatoo	Small Owl	Large Forest Owl
Scansorial fauna	1	2			1			1	
Small Gliders	12	17		1	2	4			
Large Gliders			2					1	1
Possums			9	13		1	1	1	2
Microbats					5				
Parrots/lorikeets		2							
Cockatoos									
Small Owls									
Large Forest Owls									
Other birds	1		1	3		3		4	1
Reptiles	1		1	3		4	1	2	

4.5.4 Use by introduced or non-target species

The NBPoM identifies native and non-native pest species including the European Bee (*Apis mellifera*), exotic birds including Common Myna (*Acridotheres tristis*) and Common Starling (*Sturnus vulgaris*), and termites and ants. These fauna are considered pests for the nest box program as they compete with native/target fauna for nesting resources, create nests/hives that exclude target fauna, and introduce maintenance and longevity issues.

Use of nest boxes by ant or wasp (native and/or introduced) species was observed in 28 (6%) nest boxes, which is lower than the 62 (15%) of nest boxes observed in Events 1 and 2 combined.

Exotic birds were not recorded using the nest boxes while a total of 33 (7%) showed signs of use by European Bees (*cf.* 13% in Events 1 and 2). However the majority of the bee hives had been destroyed by the Small Hive Beetle and only one was observed to be active at the time of monitoring.

4.5.5 Maintenance

Overall, boxes were found to be in good condition with only six nest boxes (1.3%, cf. 3% in Events 1 and 2) requiring maintenance. Maintenance actions undertaken included the unblocking of drainage holes (two



boxes) and re-installation of fallen boxes (two boxes, E1_200 SO and A3_383 Po). Moderate termite damage was observed in two boxes (I7_314 LG and I7_315 MB), which will continue to be monitored for deterioration. Two Small Owl boxes (J1_255 and N1_362b) exhibited severe termite damage. These boxes were replaced on 21 February 2018. The old J1_255 was left in place (currently an active European Beehive) and the new box was installed above it.

4.6 Discussion

A summary of the cumulative monitoring results in relation to the performance indicators are provided in Table 13.

Table 13: Nest box performance indicators of success

Performance indicators of success	Discussion
Use of nest boxes by a wide range of native fauna species.	This performance indicator has been met. Eighteen native vertebrate fauna species, including three threatened species, have been recorded occupying boxes. Notable absentees were larger forest birds. Hollow-dependant hylid tree frogs were not observed, however some of these species may prefer hollows that retain water, which nest boxes are designed not to do.
Use of nest boxes designed for specific species by those same species.	This performance indicator has been met by 5 of the 9 nest box types. Nest box types SF, SG, LG, Po and MB boxes have all recorded use by target species. Nest box types P/L, Co, SO and LFO have not shown signs of use by target fauna (however these nest box types were used by other vertebrate fauna groups). The target fauna of these boxes were not recorded using any nest box type, with the exception of two Lorikeet records from the same SG box in consecutive inspections. Additional monitoring events are required to determine either the success of these box types or the need to review the use of these nest box types as compensatory habitat.
Low rate of use of nest boxes by introduced fauna species.*	This performance indicator has been met. Exotic birds have not been recorded using nest boxes and 7% of nest boxes showed signs of use by European Bees at the end of Event 3. The majority of hives had been destroyed by the Small Hive Beetle with only one active European Beehive at the end of Event 3.
Low level of maintenance of nest boxes.*	This performance indicator has been met. Only 1.3% of boxes required maintenance/replacement at the end of Event 3.

^{*=} as per the bat roost boxes (Niche 2015), these levels/rates were not specified in the EMP, as such an arbitrary level/rate of ≤10% has been assigned.



4.7 Recommendations

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program. Those that are considered to be relevant to the nest box monitoring program are listed and discussed in Table 14.

Monitoring to date has shown high rates of use of nest boxes by native vertebrate fauna. Future monitoring events will provide information regarding the ongoing use of the nest boxes. The current recommendation is to continue monitoring as per the EMP.

Table 14: Nest box contingency measures

Table 14. Nest bux	contingency measures	
Potential Problem	Contingency Measure proposed in EMP	Discussion of proposed measure
Nest box being used by non-target species.	Review number and design of nest boxes.	All nest box types showed use by non-target vertebrate fauna. As generalists, reptiles were expected, and observed to use a range of nest box types. LG boxes showed a relatively high use by possums which may exclude/compete with the targeted large gliders. Additional monitoring events are required to determine a trend or an increase in use of other box types by possums. Future consideration of exclusion methods for Brushtail Possums, such as installing metal guards around trees, to prevent predation and resource competition may be necessary. At this stage, the level of use by non-target native vertebrate fauna is not considered to warrant contingency measures. At this stage, the use of 6% of nest boxes by ants and wasps is not considered to warrant contingency measures. However should future monitoring observe ongoing and/or increasing use by these species, contingency measures may be required. This contingency measure is not considered relevant.
Nest boxes become occupied by exotic or invasive fauna such as European Bees.	Review/modify nest box design to exclude undesirable species, treat nest boxes to deter/eradicate pest species, or relocate nest boxes.	Exotic birds were not recorded using nest boxes and 7% of nest boxes showed signs of use by European Bees. The majority of hives had been destroyed by the Small Hive Beetle and only one nest box showed signs of recent use by this pest. This contingency measure is not considered relevant.
Poor uptake or usage by native fauna species.	Review the types and numbers of nest box designs, their location or positioning within the tree.	Eighteen species have been identified during monitoring, including three threatened species, and 51% of nest boxes were occupied or showed signs of use by native vertebrate fauna during Event 3. Nest box types P/L, Co, SO and LFO have not shown signs of use by target fauna (however these nest box types were used by other vertebrate fauna groups). The target fauna of these boxes were not recorded using any nest box type, with the exception of two Lorikeet records from the same SG box in consecutive inspections. Additional monitoring events are required to determine either the success of these box types or the need to review the use of these nest box types as compensatory habitat for these species. This contingency measure is not considered relevant.
Nest boxes deteriorating rapidly and requiring maintenance.	Identify causes of nest box failure, modify design and construct accordingly.	Only 1.3% of boxes required maintenance/replacement. Of these boxes two were severely damaged by termites and were replaced, others required unblocking of drainage holes or re-installation after falling from the tree. This contingency measure is not considered relevant.



5. Microbat Roost Boxes

The roost box data for the winter 2017 monitoring period has been provided by two sources. The OH2Ku section was monitored by Sandpiper Ecological Services (Sandpiper 2017d) and the Ku2K section was monitored by Lewis Ecological Surveys (Lewis 2017c and Lewis 2017d). The reports and results are provided in Annex 4 and are summarised below.

5.1 Monitoring Framework and Timing

Roost boxes were installed prior to the commencement of construction (Year 0) in 2013, which was 6-12 months prior to the planned exclusion of bats from existing structures. The EMP states the following regarding monitoring timing:

"Monitoring of bat boxes will commence six months after their installation (Year 1), followed by quarterly inspections (each season) for two years (Years 2 and 3), before addressing corrective actions. After the first two years of monitoring, monitoring of the bat roost boxes will continue twice a year (summer and winter of Year 4, 6 and 8) up until Year 8."

To date, the following construction monitoring events have been conducted and reported on as follows:

- Quarterly inspections:
 - Event 1-winter 2014, Event 2-spring 2014, Event 3-summer 2015, Event 4-autumn 2015, Event 5-winter 2015: (Niche 2015).
 - Event 6-spring 2015, Event 7-summer 2016, Event 8-autumn 2016: (Niche 2016b).
- Biannual inspections:
 - Event 9-winter 2016 Ku2K: 4 22 August 2016 (Lewis 2016 and Niche 2017b).
 - Event 9-spring 2016 OH2Ku: 26 27 September (Sandpiper 2016 and Niche 2017b).
 - Event 10-summer 2017: Niche 2017b.
 - o OH2Ku: 11 January 2017 (Sandpiper 2017e).
 - o Ku2K: 27 28 February 2017 (Lewis 2017e).
 - Event 11-winter 2017: current report.
 - OH2Ku: 5 September 2017 (Sandpiper 2017d).
 - o Ku2K: 31 July 1 August 2017 (Lewis 2017c).

Event 11 was the third biannual inspection after two years (Events 1- 8) of quarterly inspections. Due to the installation of roost boxes occurring in 2013 instead of 2014, an additional three biannual monitoring events were undertaken (Events 9-11). Three years (Years 4, 6 and 8 of the Project) of biannual operational monitoring commenced in summer 2018. The first two operational monitoring events (Events 12 and 13) have been reported on separately in a stand-alone report (Niche 2018b).



5.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the performance indicators for roost boxes.

"Indicators of success of bat roost boxes include:

- Use of bat roost boxes by microbats.
- Low rate of use of roost boxes by introduced fauna species.
- Low level of maintenance of roost boxes."

5.3 Roost Boxes and Additional Roost Structures Monitored

A total of 158 roost boxes were installed in late September/early October 2013. All installed boxes were initially tree mounted. Four boxes were destroyed in a wildfire in November 2016 and were replaced but relocated to adjacent culverts in January 2018 and were therefore not monitored in winter 2017. Another 12 boxes were removed by a landowner, resulting in a total of 142 bat roost boxes monitored during Event 11.

In addition to the roost boxes, 34 newly installed structures (including culverts and bridges) that may be used as roost habitat were identified during Event 9 and monitored during Event 10 as part of the recommended corrective actions (Niche 2016b and Niche 2017b). These structures were again monitored on two occasions in 2017 (summer and winter). Table 15 summarises the number of roost boxes and culverts monitored during biannual surveys.

Table 15: Roost box monitoring

	Event 9		Event 10		Event 11	
	Boxes	New structures	Boxes	New structures	Boxes	New structures
Ku2K	75	6	71	32	71	34
OH2Ku	83	0	83	0	71	0
Total	158	0	154	32	142	34

5.4 Methods

Roost boxes

The EMP, in accordance with the *Microchiropteran Bat Management Strategy* (MBMS) (Lewis 2013b), states that roost box monitoring will involve a visual inspection of each roost box and at each monitoring period, the following information will be collected for each roost box:

- Inspection date, weather conditions (rain, wind, cloud cover, ambient temperature) and time each bat roost box was inspected.
- Bat roost box identification number.
- If the bat roost box is occupied by Microbats, and if so, the species present. If the roost box is not
 occupied by a native species, record any signs of use by Microbats.
- Presence of pest species such as European Bees.
- Deterioration of the bat roost box and if any maintenance required.
- Any changes to the surrounding habitats, such as changes to flyways or vegetation structure.



Additional structures

Lewis 2017d states the following regarding monitoring of additional structures "Roost surveys involved a visual inspection of each culvert where it was safe to do so. This generally involved the use of a hand held torch (~200 lumens) to inspect each void with each bat identified to species level".

5.5 Key results

To provide an overall picture of roost box results for the Project, OH2Ku and Ku2K results have been grouped in the following summary.

5.5.1 Roost boxes

Use by Microbats

No Microbats were recorded using the 152 inspected roost boxes during Event 11. This is generally consistent with monitoring results to date. Previously, occupation by Microbats has ranged from 0 to a maximum of approximately 4% during any one survey event. The Microbat species recorded have been Long-eared Bats (*Nyctophilus* spp.), which were not identified in the MBMS as inhabiting the mitigated structures. The target species, i.e. those identified during MBMS surveys: Little Bent-wing Bat (*Miniopterus australis*), Eastern Horseshoe Bat (*Rhinolophus megaphyllus*), Southern Myotis (*Myotis macropus*) and Eastern Bent-wing Bat (*Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis*), have to date not been recorded using the installed microbat roost boxes. As discussed in Niche 2016b, three of these target species are cave dwelling bats (Little Bent-wing Bat, Eastern Horseshoe Bat and Eastern Bent-wing Bat), and the Southern Myotis has only been found to use timber roost boxes when positioned directly over water. It is considered unlikely that these species will use the bat roost boxes currently installed due to their location and design.

Use by introduced/non-target species

Forty-four (31%) bat roost boxes were found to be occupied or show evidence of use by wasps, and likely use by Feathertail Gliders and *Antechinus* spp.. Evidence included mud wasp (*Sceliphron* sp.) nests (19 boxes, 13%), and leaf nests and scats (23 boxes, 16%). Two boxes were occupied at the time of inspection by Brown Antechinus (*Antechinus stuartii*) and a juvenile Lace Monitor (*Varanus varius*).

Fauna recorded

To date the following species have been recorded occupying the roost boxes:

- Gould's Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus gouldi)
- Lesser Long-eared Bat (Nyctophilus geoffroyi)
- Peron's Tree Frog (Litoria peronii)
- Lace monitor
- Brown Antechinus.

Maintenance

All inspected boxes were in good condition except box 128 (ch.19650), which had collapsed from advanced dry rot. This box has since been replaced.



5.5.2 Additional roost structures

Of the 34 structures monitored (32 in summer 2017 and 34 in winter 2017), Microbats were recorded using seven structures during the summer surveys and 21 during the winter monitoring, resulting in known use by Microbats of 24 (70.5%) of the 34 structures. The following species were recorded using the structures:

- Little Bent-wing Bat: recorded from 16 structures including box culverts, round concrete pipes and bridges,
- Eastern Bent-wing Bat: recorded from two individuals using a box culvert,
- Southern Myotis: recorded from four box culverts; and
- Gould's Long-eared Bat: recorded from two box culverts.

While Gould's Long-eared bat has been recorded using the installed roost boxes, the Little Bent-wing Bat, Eastern Bent-wing Bat and Southern Myotis are new records for the Microbat monitoring and account for three of the four Microbat species identified as target species in the MBMS. These three species are currently listed as vulnerable species under the BC Act.

5.6 Discussion

A summary of Event 11 monitoring results in relation to the performance indicators is provided in Table 16. The use of roost boxes as a management measure for the target species has been unsuccessful. However, additional potential roost structure monitoring in the Ku2K section of the Project has found that newly installed bridges and culverts have provided additional roost habitat for these species and that these structures are rapidly colonised (within four months of construction).

Table 16: Roost box performance indicators of success

Performance indicators of success	Discussion
Use of bat roost boxes by microbats.	This performance indicator has not been met for Event 11. Microbats were not detected using roost boxes during Event 11. The absence of target species and the very low rate of use by Microbat species indicates that the use of timber roost boxes as a management measure for these species has to date been unsuccessful. Four species of Microbats, including three threatened MBMS target species, were detected using 24 of the 34 newly installed culverts and bridges along the Project alignment.
Low rate of use of roost boxes by introduced fauna species*.	This performance indicator has been met . 13% of boxes were used by mud wasps. There are both native and introduced <i>Sceliphron</i> species and a distinction was not possible. The use of the roost boxes by mud wasps is not considered a limiting factor in the occupation of the roost boxes by Microbat species.
Low level of maintenance of roost boxes*.	This performance indicator has been met. Only a single roost box required maintenance.

^{*=} as per Niche 2015, these levels/rates were not specified in the EMP, as such an arbitrary level/rate of ≤10% has been assigned.



5.7 Recommendations

5.7.1 Corrective actions results

As required by the EMP, a number of corrective actions based on the absence of the target species from roost boxes were recommended at the end of two years of quarterly monitoring (Events 1-8) (Niche 2016b). The outcomes of the corrective actions undertaken in 2016/2017 were reported in Niche 2017b and new recommendations were made. The recommendations from Niche 2017b and the actions undertaken and outcomes are provided below in Table 17. Recommendations for ongoing monitoring are discussed in Table 18.

Table 17: Roost box 2016/2017 recommendations discussion

2016/2017 Recommendation	2016/2017 Recommendation/Action	Action outcome
Preliminary summer and winter inspection of additional structures within the Project with the potential to be used by microbats.	OH2Ku: As an inspection of the structures in the OH2Ku section of the Project was not undertaken in summer 2017, an inspection should be undertaken as soon as possible to determine the use of these structures by target species.	Ku2K: inspections of additional structures were undertaken, resulting in 24 of the 34 inspected structures showing signs of use by Microbats. OH2Ku: additional structure inspections were not undertaken.
Continued biannual (Year 4 and 6) inspection of additional structures.	The need for continued monitoring should be assessed once additional structures in both OH2Ku and Ku2K have been inspected and monitoring should be implemented prior to the next bat roost box monitoring event (summer 2018). If the additional structures are determined to provide suitable roosting habitat continued monitoring is not required.	Ku2K: continued biannual inspections of additional structures are not considered necessary as these structures have been found to provide suitable roosting habitat. OH2Ku: additional structure inspections have not been undertaken.
Subject to the outcome of the above recommendations, additional corrective actions may be required:		
Relocation of bat roost boxes directly above water.	The need to relocate installed roost boxes will be assessed based on the outcome of the summer/winter 2017 additional structures monitoring.	Ku2K: not considered necessary as Southern Myotis has been recorded using the additional structures. OH2Ku: additional structure inspections have not been undertaken.
Provisions of supplementary roosting habitat of different design / material in culverts and bridges	The four boxes that were burnt will be replaced and relocated to suitable underpass structures. The need to provide supplementary habitat in, or modify, culvert and bridge habitat to make it more suitable will be assessed based on the outcome of the summer/winter 2017 additional structures monitoring.	The four burnt boxes were replaced and relocated to underpasses in January 2018. Ku2k: not considered necessary as target Microbat species have been recorded using the additional structures. OH2Ku: additional structure inspections have not been undertaken.
Enhancement of habitat within artificial structures.	The need to enhance culvert and bridge habitat to make it more suitable will be assessed based on the outcome of the summer/winter 2017 additional structures monitoring.	Ku2k: not considered necessary as target Microbat species have been recorded using the additional structures. OH2Ku: additional structure inspections have not been undertaken.



Table 18: Roost box recommendations

Recommendation	Action
Inspection of additional structures within the Project with the potential to be used by microbats.	Ku2K: Microbats have been recorded using 24 of the 34 inspected additional structures. These structures are considered to provide a combination of low, medium and high conservation value habitat (Lewis 2017d). Continued monitoring of these structures is not considered necessary. OH2Ku: To date an inspection of the structures in the OH2Ku section of the Project has not been undertaken. A number of culvert and bridge structures are present within the section of the Project and may provide roosting habitat. This is supported by the outcome of Ku2K additional structure surveys. In addition, Sandpiper 2017d report that "newly constructed culverts and bridges along the OH2K alignment provide greater and more suitable roosting habitat for target species". An inspection of additional structures should be conducted to confirm use of these structures and determine their use by target species.
Relocation of bat roost boxes into adjacent culverts and under bridges.	Ku2K: not considered necessary as target Microbat species have been recorded using the construction features of the additional structures. OH2Ku: Sandpiper 2017d suggest that consideration be given to relocating a subset of bat roost boxes from forested areas to culverts and bridges. As use of the construction features of culverts and bridges by microbats has been shown in the Ku2K section of the Project, relocation of roost boxes may not be necessary and should be considered once Microbat use of additional structures can be confirmed.



6. Landscape Monitoring

The landscaping and revegetation data for the 2017/2018 monitoring period has been provided by two sources: OH2Ku was provided by Lendlease and Ku2K was provided by Roads and Maritime Services. The data are provided in Annex 5. The results are summarised below.

6.1 Monitoring Framework and Timing

The EMP specifies the timing of the landscaping and revegetation monitoring as follows:

- "Monitoring of landscaping would be conducted at 8 months and 12 months. The need for additional monitoring would be determined following analysis of the monitoring data.
- Maintenance of the landscaping and weeds would continue for the duration of the three year maintenance period or until such time as the revegetation is determined successful and is no longer requiring active management to maintain its survival."

To date, landscape and revegetation monitoring events have been reported on as follows:

• 2015/2016 monitoring: Niche 2016b

2016/2017 monitoring: Niche2017b

• 2017/2018 monitoring: current report

Maintenance will continue for all sites for three years or until revegetation is determined successful, as per the EMP. Monitoring is to continue until all sites have undergone a 12 month inspection. Those sites that have not met the performance indicators at the 12 month inspection will be moved into the non-conformance system and, as per the EMP, will be closed out to the satisfaction of Roads and Maritime Services and the Landscape Representative or the Project Ecologist. These sites do not require any further formal monitoring. A final assessment of the success of the revegetation will be made at the end of the maintenance period and the need for further monitoring will be determined.

6.2 Performance Measures

The EMP specifies the following performance indicators for landscaping and revegetation:

"Indicators of success of landscaping and revegetation include:

- Each area revegetated by native seeding must achieve the following minimum standards as assessed at 12 months following revegetation:
 - One native plant every 6 m²
 - Average minimum height of 15 cm, and
 - Native vegetation diversity to be assessed to the satisfaction of the Landscape Representative or the Project Ecologist.
- All areas required to be revegetated by native planting must achieve the following minimum standards as assessed at 12 months following revegetation:
 - Minimum plant growth of 30 cm following planting.
 - Minimum plant survival rate of 80%.
- Weed cover is less than 5% per restored area."



6.3 Monitoring Sites

6.3.1 Native seeding

A total of 188 native seeding revegetation monitoring sites exist within the Project for both the OH2Ku and Ku2K sections. Of the 188 sites, 91 have completed the 12 month monitoring period and were assessed in Niche 2017. The number of sites at each monitoring stage is provided in Table 19.

Table 19: Landscaping and revegetation monitoring stage

Section (data source)	8 month inspection (also 12 month)	12 month inspection (also 8 month)	Not commenced	Completed 12 month period	Total
OH2Ku (Lendlease)	58 (24)	29 (24)	1	37	101
Ku2K (McConnell Dowell OHL JV)	22 (18)	27 (18)	2	54	87
Total	80	56	3	91	188

6.3.2 Native planting

A total of 403 native planting monitoring sites exist within the Project for both the OH2Ku and Ku2K sections. Of the 403 sites, 201 underwent a 12 month inspection in the current monitoring period (July 2017 – July 2018 inclusive). The outcome of the 12 month inspection for these sites is discussed.

6.4 Methods

Monitoring of landscaping was conducted at eight months and 12 months.

6.4.1 Data limitations and assumptions

As discussed in Niche 2016b, a number of limitations exist in relation to the landscape monitoring data. These include:

- Data collection was not standardised across the two monitoring contractors.
- Parameters identified in the performance measures were not always specified in the data provided.
- Species information was not provided.
- Where information with respect to plant growth, density and distribution was provided, the data were generally descriptive, which does not allow for direct assessment against performance measures.

Roads and Maritime undertook a review of all the data, considering both recorded parameters as well as the descriptive records for each site to enable review and assessment against the required performance measures.



6.5 Native Seeding Results

Field data for monitoring surveys that were undertaken during the 2017/2018 monitoring period are provided in Annex 5. All 188 sites are listed and those sites that have met minimum criteria in the current or previous monitoring period are highlighted.

6.5.1 Eight month inspection

A total of 80 sites underwent an eight month inspection during the current monitoring period. Inspection results and eight month comments are provided in Annex 5. Forty-one of these sites also underwent a 12 month inspection, of which 19 (highlighted) were found to meet all 12 month minimum requirements.

6.5.2 Twelve month inspection

Twelve month inspection results are provided in Table 20 (OH2Ku) and Table 21 (Ku2K). A total of 57 sites were scheduled for a twelve month inspection during the current monitoring period. One site was not inspected as scheduled.

Of the 56 inspected sites, 24 were initially found to fulfil all minimum criteria with follow up surveys in July 2018 finding an additional four sites had met minimum criteria (highlighted). An additional 15 sites were considered to be progressing well but not yet meeting minimum height criteria. Four sites underwent additional treatment.

Table 20: Landscaping and revegetation – 12 month inspection data OH2Ku.

Site	C'way	12 month inspection date	12 month performance criteria met?	12 month inspection comments
Fill 2	NB	Oct-17	Υ	Complies
Cut 3	NB	Jan-18	Υ	Some issues with native seed mix strike, however still complies. Weed spray conducted during last monitoring period
Cut 3	SB	May-18	Υ	Some issues with native seed mix strike, however still complies.
Fill 5A	SB	Jul-18	Missed inspection	
Fill 6	SB	Aug-17	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.
Fill 11	NB	Feb-18	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.
Fill 11	median	Feb-18	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.
Fill 11	SB	Feb-18	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.
Cut 12	SB	Oct-17	Υ	Complies
Fill 13A		Feb-18	N	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass. Would meet 12-month criteria for pasture grass.
Fill 13B		Feb-18	N	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass. Would meet 12-month criteria for pasture grass.
Cut 14	NB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies



Site	C'way	12 month inspection date	12 month performance criteria met?	12 month inspection comments
Cut 14	SB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies
Fill 14	NB	Apr-18	Υ	Complies
Fill 14	SB	Apr-18	Υ	Complies
Cut 15	NB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies - good native growth
Cut 15	SB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies - good native growth
Haydons Wharf Interchange	East Inside	Jan-18	Υ	Complies
Cut 16	NB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies
Cut 17	NB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies
Fill 17	NB	Jan-18	N	Weeds
Fill 18	NB	Feb-18	N	Weeds
Cut19B	NB	Oct-17	Υ	Complies
Fill 19	NB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies
Fill 20	NB	Jan-18	Υ	Complies
Cut 22	NB	Feb-18	Υ	Complies
Fill 22	NB	Oct-17	Υ	Complies
Cut 23	NB	Feb-18	Υ	Complies
Cut 23	SB	Feb-18	Υ	Complies

C'way = carriageway, NB = northbound, SB = southbound, NA = not applicable as monitoring to be restarted, Y = yes, N = no.

Table 21: Landscaping and revegetation –12 month inspection data Ku2K.

Site	C'way	12 month inspection date	12 month performance criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018
Cut 2	NB	Dec-17	N	Similar observations to 8-month inspection.	Meets all criteria except height. Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.
Cut 3	SB	Sep-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria. Weed spray undertaken.	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 4	NB	Jul-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Site 12	NB	May-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Fill 5	NB	Mar-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Fill 6	NB	Mar-18	Υ	Meets criteria	
Fill 7	NB	Mar-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Fill 8	NB	Jan-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria	Now meets all criteria except height: Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure



Site	C'way	12 month inspection date	12 month performance criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018
					height of natives reaches standard.
Cut 8	NB	Dec-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Now meets all criteria except height: Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.
Site 26A+B	NB	Jul-18	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria	
Fill 9	NB	Nov-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Fill 10	NB	Apr-18	Υ	Quantity, variety and condition meets standard.	
Cut 10	NB	Aug-17	Υ	Quantity, variety and condition meets standard.	
Site 10	SB	Oct-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Site 5B	SB	Oct-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 14	NB	May-18	Υ	Complies	
Fill 15	NB	May-18	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria. Continue to monitor weed and native emergence.	
Fill 16	NB	May-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Fill 19	SB	Dec-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria. Weed spray undertaken.	Met criteria by May 2018
Fill 19	NB	Dec-17	N	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Cut 19	SB	Aug-17	N	Has required native diversity but height and coverage is low. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray
Cut 19	NB	Sep-17	N	Has required native diversity but height and coverage is low. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray
Cut 20	SB	Aug-17	N	Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray
Cut 20	NB	Sep-17	N	Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray
Cut 22A	NB	Apr-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria. Continue to monitor height and native emergence	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Cut 22B	NB	Mar-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria. Continue to monitor height and native emergence	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Cut 23	NB	Mar-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria. Continue to monitor height and native emergence	Progressing well - continue to monitor

C'way = carriageway, NB = northbound, SB = southbound, Y = yes, N = no.



6.5.3 Completed sites

Of the 92 sites where the 12 month monitoring period had been previously completed (2016/2017 monitoring), 56 had not met minimum performance criteria at the 12 month monitoring event (Table 22). Since this time, a follow-up monitoring event was undertaken by Roads and Maritime. As at July 2018, 41 of these sites were determined to meet the minimum criteria. Of the remaining 15 sites, six underwent further treatment and the remaining nine are expected to achieve minimum criteria within a year.

Table 22: Post 12 month sites requiring completion

Section	Site	C'way	Date of Sowing	8 month	12 month	Criteria met Jul-18	Comments
OH2Ku	Cut 1	NB	Mar-16	Nov-16	Mar-17	Υ	Weed spraying in April 2018. Now meets criteria.
OH2Ku	Fill 1	NB	Mar-16	Nov-16	Mar-17	N	Issues with native grass mix - typically takes a long time to germinate
OH2Ku	Fill 10	SB	Dec-2015	Aug-16	Dec-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Fill 13C		Jul-2016	Mar-17	Jul-17	N	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass. Would meet 12-month criteria for pasture grass.
OH2Ku	Cut 18	NB	May-2016	Jan-17	May-17	N	Needs weed spraying - done during reporting period.
OH2Ku	Cut 20	NB	Dec-2015	Aug-16	Dec-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Cut 21	NB	Dec-2015	Aug-16	Dec-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Blackmans Pt. I/change	East	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Cut 12	NB	Nov-2015	Jul-16	Nov-16	Υ	Although greater % of tall shrubs than frangibles
OH2Ku	Fill 7	SB	Jul-2015	Mar-16	Jul-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Cut 9	NB	Sep 2015	May-16	Sep-16	N	Doesn't meet quantity requirement - should improve with time so propose to continue monitoring. Good native grass, no wattle
OH2Ku	Cut 10	NB	Nov-2015	Jul-16	Nov-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Cut 11	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Cut 13	NB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Fill 16	NB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Cut 19A	NB	Dec-15	Aug-16	Dec-16	N	Needs weed spraying - done during reporting period.
OH2Ku	Fill 23	NB	Jun-2015	Feb-16	Jun-16	Υ	Complies
OH2Ku	Cut 24	NB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Complies
Ku2K	Fill 1	SB	Aug-2015	Apr-16	Aug-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 2	SB	Aug-2015	Apr-16	Aug-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Cut 3	NB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 4	SB	Jul-2015	Mar-16	Jul-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 5	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 6	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 7	SB	Oct-2015	Jun-16	Oct-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Cut 7	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 8	SB	Oct-2015	Jun-16	Oct-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 9	SB	Aug-2015	Apr-16	Aug-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 9	SB	Jan-2016	Sep-16	Jan-17	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018



Section	Site	C'way	Date of Sowing	8 month	12 month	Criteria met Jul-18	Comments
Ku2K	Fill 10	SB	Apr-2016	Dec-16	Apr-17	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 10	NB	Jan-2016	Sep-16	Jan-17	Υ	Met criteria by May 2018
Ku2K	Cut 10	SB	Feb-2016	Oct-16	Feb-17	Υ	Met criteria by July 2018
Ku2K	Cut 10	NB	Feb-2016	Oct-16	Feb-17	N	Meets all criteria except height
Ku2K	Site 2	NB	Feb-2016	Oct-16	Feb-17	N	Meets all criteria except height
Ku2K	Fill 11	SB	Nov-2015	Jul-16	Nov-16	N	High clay content in topsoil causing compaction issues. Old TB29.55 footprint supplemented with plantings, otherwise vegetation coverage meeting standard.
Ku2K	Fill 11	NB	Nov-2015	Jul-16	Nov-16	N	Part of batter resprayed. Continue to monitor the rest of batter ensure height of natives reaches standard.
Ku2K	Cut 12	SB	Oct-2015	Jun-16	Oct-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 13	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Cut 13	SB	Oct-2015	Jun-16	Oct-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 16	SB	Apr-2016	Dec-16	Apr-17	N	Meets all criteria except height
Ku2K	Cut 16	SB	Mar-2016	Nov-16	Mar-17	Υ	Met criteria by July 2018
Ku2K	Fill 17	NB	May-2016	Jan-17	May-17	N	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Ku2K	Cut 17	SB	Dec-2015	Aug-16	Dec-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 18	NB	Nov-2015	Jul-16	Nov-16	N	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Ku2K	Fill 18	SB	Jun-2016	Feb-17	Jun-17	Υ	Met criteria by May 2018
Ku2K	Cut 18	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	N	Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18
Ku2K	Cut 18	NB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	N	Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18
Ku2K	Fill 20	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Cut 20	SB	Sep-2015	May-16	Sep-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Cut 20	SB	Dec-2015	Aug-16	Dec-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 21	SB	Mar-2016	Nov-16	Mar-17	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 21	NB	Apr-2016	Dec-16	Apr-17	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Cut 21	NB	Dec-2015	Aug-16	Dec-16	N	Meets all criteria except height
Ku2K	Fill 22	SB	Apr-2016	Dec-16	Apr-17	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 22	NB	Nov-2015	Jul-16	Nov-16	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Ku2K	Fill 23	SB	Apr-2016	Dec-16	Apr-17	Υ	Met criteria by Feb 2018

C'way = carriageway, NB = northbound, SB = southbound, Y = yes, N = no.



6.6 Native Planting Results

Field data for monitoring surveys that were undertaken during the 2017/2018 monitoring period are provided in Annex 5. All 403 sites are listed and those sites that have met minimum criteria are highlighted.

6.6.1 Twelve month inspection

Of the 201 sites that underwent a 12 month inspection, 145 were determined to have met all the 12 month minimum criteria. Table 23 summarises the monitoring sites and the sites that have met the minimum 12 month criteria for both sections of the Project. While the majority of sites from the OH2Ku section of the Project were determined to have met the minimum 12 month criteria, only 25% of the Ku2K sites met minimum criteria. The majority of the Ku2K sites that did not meet minimum criteria were due to a low plant survival rate. These sites have been included in a plant replacement program.

Table 23: Native planting site and result summary

Section (data source)	Monitoring sites	Completed 12 month period	12 month criteria met
OH2Ku (Lendlease)	263	112	109 (97.3%)
Ku2K (McConnell Dowell OHL JV)	140	140	36 (25.7%)
Total	403	201	145 (72.1%)

6.7 Discussion

A summary of the 2017/2018 monitoring results in relation to the performance measures for native seeding and native planting is provided in Table 24.

Table 24: Landscaping and revegetation performance measures

Performance indicators of success	Discussion
 Each area revegetated by native seeding must achieve the following minimum standards as assessed at 12 months following revegetation: One native plant every 6 m² Average minimum height of 15 cm Native vegetation diversity to be assessed to the satisfaction of the Landscape Representative or the Project Ecologist Weed cover is less than 5% per restored area. 	These performance indicators of success have been met to date by 105 (70.9%) of the 148 sites that have reached the 12 month monitoring point. The remaining 43 sites are considered to be progressing well, with only 10 requiring further treatment.
All areas required to be revegetated by native planting must achieve the following minimum standards as assessed at 12 months following revegetation: • Minimum plant growth of 30 cm following planting. • Minimum plant survival rate of 80%. • Weed cover is less than 5% per restored area.	These performance indicators of success has been met to date by 145 (72.1%) of the 201 sites that have reached the 12 month monitoring point. The majority of the remaining sites that have reached the 12 month monitoring point require plant replacement.



6.8 Recommendations

The EMP lists potential problems and contingency measures for various components of the monitoring program, however specific contingency measures for landscaping and revegetation monitoring have not been provided within the EMP. However, the EMP states:

"Maintenance of the landscaping and weeds would continue for the duration of the three year maintenance period as outlined in Section 6 or until such time as the revegetation is determined successful and is no longer requiring active management to maintain its survival." And, "If these performance indicators are not achieved a non-conformance would be raised, to be closed out to the satisfaction of Roads and Maritime, and the Landscape Representative or the Project Ecologist."

6.8.1 Native seeding

Of the 148 sites that have undergone a 12 month assessment to date, 43 have not met the performance indicators. Although formal monitoring is no longer required at these sites, it is recommended that monitoring should continue while monitoring of other sites is ongoing, and all actions deemed appropriate, such as herbicide treatment, respraying or reworking, should be undertaken. This may result in more sites reaching minimum standards, as growth and density may improve with time. A complete assessment of landscaping and revegetation works should be undertaken once all sites have undergone a 12 month assessment, as per the EMP.

6.8.2 Native planting

Of the 201 sites that have undergone a 12 month assessment, 56 have not met the performance indicators. Minimum plant survival rates were not achieved at the majority of these sites. As such, Roads and Maritime have commenced a plant replacement program, resulting in the gradual replacement of plants at these sites. It is recommended that monitoring should continue while monitoring of other sites is ongoing, and all actions deemed appropriate, such as plant replacement, herbicide treatment, respraying or reworking, should be undertaken to maximise survival and chances of meeting the 12 month performance indicators.



References

GHD (2010) Oxley Highway to Kempsey Environmental Assessment. Report prepared for the Roads and Maritime Services.

Lewis, B.D (2013a). Oxley Highway to Kempsey: Nest Box Plan of Management. Report prepared for SMEC-Hyder Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Lewis, B. D. (2013b). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kempsey Microchiropteran Bat Management Strategy. Prepared for Roads and Maritime Services by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Lewis, B.D. (2014). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pre-construction Spring and Summer Baseline Monitoring. Report prepared for RPS-RMS by Lewis Ecological Services.

Lewis, B. (2016). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 9 Winter (2016). Letter Report by Lewis Ecological Surveys to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B.D. (2017a). Kundabung to Kempsey Nest Box Monitoring: Year 2 (Winter). Report prepared for the K2K Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Lewis, B.D. (2017b). Kundabung to Kempsey Nest Box Monitoring: Year 1. Report prepared for the K2K Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Lewis, B. (2017c). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 11 Winter (2017). Letter Report by Lewis Ecological Surveys to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2017d). Micro bat monitoring of newly installed structures on the Kundabung to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade. Letter report prepared by Lewis Ecological Surveys for the Kundabung to Kempsey Joint Venture.

Lewis, B. (2017e). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 10 Summer (2017). Letter Report by Lewis Ecological Surveys to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd

Lewis, B.D. (2018). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Kundabung to Kempsey: Post Clearing Ecological Report: Report prepared for K2K Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys

Niche (2015). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2015. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2016a). Road kill report 2015/2016- Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2016b). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2016. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2017a). Road kill monitoring 2016/2017- Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.



Niche (2017b). OH2K Pacific Highway Upgrade. Annual Ecological Monitoring Report 2017. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2018a). Nest box monitoring 2017/2018 - Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

Niche (2018b). Microbat roost box monitoring 2017/2018 - Oxley Highway to Kempsey, Pacific Highway Upgrade. Prepared by Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd for Roads and Maritime Services, Port Macquarie, NSW.

RMS (2016). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade Ecological Monitoring Program. Roads and Maritime Update to report prepared by SMEC Hyder Joint Venture, August 2016.

Sandpiper (2016). Pacific Highway Upgrade: OH2K bat box monitoring and corrective action assessment–spring 2016. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017a). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kundabung Nest box monitoring – winter 2017. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys

Sandpiper (2017b). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kundabung Nest box monitoring – winter 2016. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017c). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Oxley Highway to Kundabung Nest box monitoring – summer 2017. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017d). Pacific Highway Upgrade: OH2K bat box monitoring—winter 2017. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.

Sandpiper (2017e). Pacific Highway Upgrade: OH2K bat box monitoring—summer 2016. Letter report prepared for Lendlease Engineering by Sandpiper Ecological Surveys.



Annex 1. Road Kill monitoring 2017/2018

Data presented as provided by Roads and Maritime Services.

Week Number	Monitoring type	Section	Season	Date	Start Time	Finish Time	Location description	Latitude	Longitude	Species	Assigned Vertebrate Group
100	Construction		winter	04/08/2017			Near OH2K GThF ponds	481114	6529022	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
100	Construction		winter	04/08/2017			Carlyle exit	483196	6549252	Swamp Wallaby	Large ground dwelling mammal
100	Construction		winter	04/08/2017	7:30	8:30	south end of OH2K	483134	6520087	unknown	Unidentified mammal
101	Construction		winter	11/08/2017			Sancrox off ramp	483231	6521819	unknown	Bird
101	Construction		winter	11/08/2017			North of SB rest area	483148	6543208	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
101	Construction		winter	11/08/2017			North stumpy creek	483317	6555742	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
101	Construction		winter	11/08/2017	7:30	8:30	OH2K site office	482630	6525870	Swamp Wallaby	Large ground dwelling mammal
101	Construction		winter	11/08/2017			Kemps Rd	483190	6555153	unknown	Unidentified mammal
101	Construction		winter	11/08/2017			near site 5B	483175	6548117	unknown	Unidentified mammal
101	Construction		winter	11/08/2017			Near C32.66	483220	6550298	unknown	Unidentified mammal
102	Construction		winter	18/08/2017			North end of NB overtaking lanes	480293	6532252	Kookaburra	Bird
102	Construction		winter	18/08/2017	7:30	8:30	North end of NB overtaking lanes	480307	6532388	Fox	Introduced mammal
102	Construction		winter	18/08/2017			old coast rd turnoff	482987	6554303	unknown	Unidentified mammal
103	Construction		winter	25/08/2017			none noted			none noted	None
104	Construction		spring	01/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Yarrabee Rd	482172	6540292	Rabbit	Introduced mammal
105	Construction		spring	08/09/2017	7:30	8:30	between Cooperabung creek and Haydens Wharf rd	482998	6537359	Possum	Arboreal mammal
105	Construction		spring	08/09/2017	7:30	8:30	between Cooperabung creek and Haydens Wharf rd	482998	6537359	unknown	Bird
105	Construction		spring	08/09/2017	7:30	8:30	near C27.51	483188	6545534	Wood Duck	Bird
105	Construction		spring	08/09/2017	7:30	8:30	near C27.51	483188	6545534	Wood Duck	Bird
105	Construction		spring	08/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Smiths creek	483217	6546320	Rabbit	Introduced mammal



Week Number	Monitoring type	Section	Season	Date	Start Time	Finish Time	Location description	Latitude	Longitude	Species	Assigned Vertebrate Group
106	Construction		spring	15/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Cooperabung creek	482887	6537874	unknown	Bird
106	Construction		spring	15/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Cooperabung range	482210	6539287	unknown	Bird
106	Construction		spring	15/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Wharf Rd	483216	6545436	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
106	Construction		spring	15/09/2017	7:30	8:30	south of SB overtaking lanes	481367	6528179	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
107	Construction		spring	22/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Sancrox	483216	6521460	Rabbit	Introduced mammal
107	Construction		spring	22/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Upper Smiths Creek Rd	483212	6545283	Rabbit	Introduced mammal
107	Construction		spring	22/09/2017	7:30	8:30	North OH2K GThF pond	480963	6529403	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
107	Construction		spring	22/09/2017	7:30	8:30	Carlyle exit	483199	6549077	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
107	Construction		spring	22/09/2017	7:30	8:30	south Maria river	483098	6554660	unknown	Unidentified mammal
108	Construction		spring	29/09/2017	7:30	8:30	north of Sancrox	483131	6522323	Magpie	Bird
108	Construction		spring	29/09/2017	7:30	8:30	north of Sancrox	483131	6522323	Diamond Python	Reptile
108	Construction		spring	29/09/2017	7:30	8:30	south of truck pullover	480332	6531245	Land Mullet	Reptile
108	Construction		spring	29/09/2017	7:30	8:30	North pipers creek	483207	6548753	Red Bellied Black Snake	Reptile
108	Construction		spring	29/09/2017	7:30	8:30	south of Wilson River	480842	6534576	unknown	Unidentified mammal
109	Construction		spring	06/10/2017	7:30	8:30	SB Kundabung off ramp	483169	6547644	unknown	Unidentified mammal
110	Construction		spring	13/10/2017			none noted				
111	Construction		spring	20/10/2017	7:30	8:30	south Sancrox bridge	483193	6520569	unknown	Bird
111	Construction		spring	20/10/2017	7:30	8:30	North Wilson river bridge	480826	6534561	unknown	Unidentified mammal
112	Construction		spring	27/10/2017	7:30	8:30	north Sancrox	483126	6522798	Common Myna	Bird
112	Construction		spring	27/10/2017	7:30	8:30	Haydens Wharf	482855	6536243	unknown	Bird
112	Construction		spring	27/10/2017	7:30	8:30	South Hastings river crossover	483240	6523445	unknown	Unidentified mammal
113	Construction	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	03/11/2017	7:30	8:30	North end of NB overtaking lanes	480276	6532049	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
113	Construction	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	03/11/2017	7:30	8:30	sports club turnoff	480560	6533401	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
113	Construction	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	03/11/2017	7:30	8:30	Hastings Interchange	482178	6526800	Goanna	Reptile
113	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	spring	03/11/2017	7:30	8:30	Cooperabung range	482532	6538583	unknown	Unknown
113	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	spring	03/11/2017	7:30	8:30	sth Yarrabee	482137	6539644	unknown	Unknown



Week Number	Monitoring type	Section	Season	Date	Start Time	Finish Time	Location description	Latitude	Longitude	Species	Assigned Vertebrate Group
113	Opening	Ku2K	spring	03/11/2017	7:30	8:30	Opposite Hambly	483203	6548975	unknown	Unknown
114	Construction	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	10/11/2017	7:30	8:30	Sancrox on ramp	483197	6521743	Magpie	Bird
114	Construction	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	10/11/2017	7:30	8:30	South Haydens Wharf Rd	482953	6536469	unknown	Unidentified mammal
115	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	17/11/2017	7:30	8:30	South Hastings River Road	483240	6523453	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	opposite OH2K compound	482453	6525843	Possum	Arboreal mammal
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	Wilsons floodplain	481590	6531059	Kookaburra	Bird
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	north Sancrox	483261	6521014	Pigeon	Bird
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	north Sancrox	483129	6522346	Wood Duck	Bird
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	Haydens Wharf	483073	6536423	Wood Duck	Bird
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	OH2K compound	482432	6525881	Wood Duck	Bird
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	Haydens Wharf	483076	6536465	Long Nosed Bandicoot	Medium ground dwelling mammal
116	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	spring	24/11/2017	7:30	8:30	south Sancrox bridge	483232	6520790	unknown	Unidentified mammal
117	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	01/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Hastings river drive interchange	481950	6527018	Magpie	Bird
117	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	01/12/2017	7:30	8:30	north railway overbridge	482915	6535681	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
117	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	01/12/2017	7:30	8:30	north railway overbridge	482915	6535681	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
117	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	01/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Wilsons floodplain	482627	6534164	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
117	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	01/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Wilsons floodplain	482665	6534360	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
117	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	01/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Haydens Wharf	483023	6536092	Carpet Python	Reptile
117	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	01/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Haydens Wharf	482972	6535977	Carpet Python	Reptile
118	Opening	Ku2K	summer	08/12/2017	7:30	8:30	opposite wharf road	483187	6545416	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
118	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	08/12/2017	7:30	8:30	8110SB	482032	6526949	Kookaburra	Bird
118	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	08/12/2017	7:30	8:30	7300SB	482336	6526186	Magpie	Bird
118	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	08/12/2017	7:30	8:30	1850SB	483281	6520921	Magpie	Bird
118	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	08/12/2017	7:30	8:30	8600NB	481802	6527375	Plover	Bird
118	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	08/12/2017	7:30	8:30	South Wilsons River bridge	482254	6533156	Cat	Introduced mammal
119	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	15/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Yarrabee Rd	482090	6540158	unknown	Bird



Week Number	Monitoring type	Section	Season	Date	Start Time	Finish Time	Location description	Latitude	Longitude	Species	Assigned Vertebrate Group
119	Opening	Ku2K	summer	15/12/2017	7:30	8:30	HVIB	482978	6551980	unknown	Unidentified mammal
120	Opening	Ku2K	summer	20/12/2017	7:30	8:30	NB Rest area off ramp	482919	6542660	Sugar Glider	Arboreal mammal
120	Opening	Ku2K	summer	20/12/2017	7:30	8:30	NB Rest area on ramp	483101	6543153	Tawny Frog Mouth	Bird
121	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	28/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Cooperabung Range	482540	6538432	unknown	Unidentified mammal
121	Opening	Ku2K	summer	28/12/2017	7:30	8:30	ch32600	483197	6550498	Magpie	Bird
121	Opening	Ku2K	summer	28/12/2017	7:30	8:30	PCAR - south	483203	6549258	Wood Duck	Bird
121	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	28/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Wilson River Floodplain	482198	6533068	unknown	Unidentified mammal
121	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	28/12/2017	7:30	8:30	Wilson River Floodplain	481957	6532594	unknown	Unidentified mammal
122	Opening	Ku2K	summer	02/01/2018	7:30	8:30	opposite wharf road	483185	6545525	Magpie	Bird
122	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	02/01/2018	7:30	8:30	south end of widen median	481245	6529851	Sugar Glider	Arboreal mammal
122	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	02/01/2018	7:30	8:30	north railway overbridge	482910	6535680	unknown	Bird
123	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	12/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Cooperabung range	482303	6539039	Swamp Wallaby	Large ground dwelling mammal
123	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	12/01/2018	7:30	8:30	sth Fernbank creek	483225	6523416	Red bellied Black Snake	Reptile
123	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	12/01/2018	7:30	8:30	nth end of Hastings bridge	482653	6525076	unknown	Unidentified mammal
124	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Cooperabung Drive	482654	6538339	unknown	Unidentified mammal
124	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	North Yarrabee Quarry	482243	6540818	unknown	Unidentified mammal
124	Opening	Ku2K	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	sth Pipers Creek	483169	6548363	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
124	Opening	Ku2K	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Nth Pipers Creek	483206	6548693	freshwater turtle	Reptile
124	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	South Haydens Wharf Rd	483025	6536111	Magpie	Bird
124	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Haydens Wharf	483100	6536384	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
124	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	north railway overbridge	482191	6535748	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
124	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	16/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Donut	483028	6519489	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
125	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	25/01/2018	7:30	8:30	sth of tea tree farm	481527	6530664	Magpie	Bird
125	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	25/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Tea tree farm	481633	6531170	Pigeon	Bird
125	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	25/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Hastings River Bridge	482888	6524706	Wood Duck	Bird
125	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	25/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Hastings River Bridge	482934	6524587	Wood Duck	Bird



Week Number	Monitoring type	Section	Season	Date	Start Time	Finish Time	Location description	Latitude	Longitude	Species	Assigned Vertebrate Group
125	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	25/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Wilson River Floodplain	482781	6534730	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
125	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	25/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Wilson River Floodplain	482672	6534505	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
125	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	25/01/2018	7:30	8:30	Wilson River Floodplain	482728	6534366	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Large ground dwelling mammal
126	Construction	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	02/02/2018			none noted				
127	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	09/02/2018	7:30	8:30	Yarrabee Rd	482147	6540331	Fox	Introduced mammal
127	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	09/02/2018	7:30	8:30	NB adjacent to Cooperabung Drive	482678	6538360	unknown	Unidentified mammal
127	Opening	OH2Ku stage 1	summer	09/02/2018	7:30	8:30	Sancrox NB on ramp	483196	6521822	unknown	Bird
128	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	16/02/2018			none noted				
129	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	summer	23/02/2018			none noted				
130	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	02/03/2018	7:30	8:30	south of Cooperabung Close	482987	6537582	Rabbit	Introduced mammal
131	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	09/03/2018			none noted				
132	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	16/03/2018	7:30	8:30	Between Haydens Wharf and Cooperabung Creek	483042	6537152	unknown	Unidentified mammal
133	Construction	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	23/03/2018			none noted				
134	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	30/03/2018			none noted				
135	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	06/04/2018			none noted				
136	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	13/04/2018			none noted				
137	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	20/04/2018			none noted				
138	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	26/04/2018	7:30	8:30	Between Haydens Wharf and Cooperabung Creek	483018	6537413	Galah	Bird
138	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	26/04/2018	7:30	8:30	Yarrabee turnoff	482138	6539747	Fox	Introduced mammal
139	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	04/05/2018			none noted				
140	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	11/05/2018			none noted				
141	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	18/05/2018			none noted				
142	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	26/05/2018	7:30	8:30	Yarrabee bridge	482144	6540262	Magpie	Bird
142	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	26/05/2018	7:30	8:30	south side of Cooperabung range	482583	6538519	Magpie	Bird



Week Number	Monitoring type	Section	Season	Date	Start Time	Finish Time	Location description	Latitude	Longitude	Species	Assigned Vertebrate Group
142	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	26/05/2018	7:30	8:30	south side of Cooperabung creek	482891	6537934	Swamp Wallaby	Large ground dwelling mammal
142	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	26/05/2018	7:30	8:30	top of Cooperabung range	482371	6538954	unknown	Unidentified mammal
143	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	01/06/2018			none noted				
144	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	08/06/2018			none noted				
145	Opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	15/06/2018			none noted				
146	opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	22/06/2018			none noted				
147	opening	OH2Ku stage 2	autumn	29/06/2018			none noted				

ld data is provided within the report.	

nnex 3. Nest bo	x monitorir	ng winter	2017		

Event 3 – OH2Ku winter 2017 report (Sandpiper 2017a) Field data is provided within the report.

Event 3 – Ku2K winter 2017 report (Lewis 2017a) Field data is provided within the report.

Event 11– OH2Ku winter 2017 report (Sandpiper 2017d) Field data is provided within the report.	

vent 11 – Ku2K winter 2017 report (Lewis 2017c) eld data provided by Ben Lewis below.	



Event 11 - Ku2K winter 2017 data

Вох	Roost Box Type	Height of Roost Box (m)	Aspect	Tenure	APO (MRS Identifi er)	Easting	Northing	Lewis Record Number	Date Recorded	Bat s	Species Name	Comm on Name	Numbe r	Comments
2	Dark green wedge box	3.3	North- east	Private property (Tipping)	72	483308	6546221	55	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
3	Light green box	3.2	North	Private property (Tipping)	72	483304	6546224	56	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
4	Black slot box	3.1	North	Private property (Tipping)	72	483300	6546234	57	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
5	Light green wedge box	3.3	North- east	Private property (Tipping)	72	483304	6546265	52	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
6	Light green box	3.3	North- east	Private property (Tipping)	72	483291	6546261	51	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
7	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North	Private property (Tipping)	72	483285	6546263	50	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
8	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North- west	Private property (Tipping)	72	483365	6546215	53	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
9	Black wedge box	3.6	North	Private property (Tipping)	72	483363	6546214	54	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
10	Dark green slot box	3.6	North- east	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483089	6546636	8	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
11	Light green wedge box	3	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483104	6546631	7	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
12	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483099	6546659	5	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
13	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483108	6546629	6	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
14	Black wedge box	3.6	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483094	6546659	4	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
15	Dark green box	3.4	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483090	6546663	3	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
16	Light green slot box	2.9	North	Private property (Toepfer)	63	483297	6544838	10	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
17	Black wedge box	3.1	North	Private property (Toepfer)	63	483294	6544837	11	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves



Вох	Roost Box Type	Height of Roost Box (m)	Aspect	Tenure	APO (MRS Identifi er)	Easting	Northing	Lewis Record Number	Date Recorded	Bat s	Species Name	Comm on Name	Numbe r	Comments
18	Dark green box	3.5	North- west	Private property (Toepfer)	63	483266	6544792	14	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
19	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North- west	Private property (Toepfer)	63	483273	6544815	13	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
20	Light green wedge box	3.1	North- west	Private property (Toepfer)	63	483269	6544829	12	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
21	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North- west	Private property (Toepfer)	63	483295	6544847	9	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	new leaves
22	Black slot box	3	North- west	Private property (Hambly)	81	483300	6548665	41	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
23	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North- west	Private property (Hambly)	81	483309	6548657	43	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
24	Light green wedge box	3.5	North- west	Private property (Hambly)	81	483331	6548673	44	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
25	Light green wedge box	3.7	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483256	6548645	46	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
26	Black box	3	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483247	6548642	45	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
27	Hollow home slot box	3	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483293	6548662	42	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps
28	Hollow home narrow box	3.7	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483128	6548696	49	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
29	Dark green slot box	3	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483136	6548674	47	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
30	Hollow home standard box	3.6	North	Private property (Brayley)	70	483119	6546266	59	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
31	Dark green wedge box	3.4	North- east	RMS. Within project boundary	-	482881	6542409	69	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
32	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North- west	Private property (Brayley)	70	483113	6546282	58	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	



Вох	Roost Box Type	Height of Roost Box (m)	Aspect	Tenure	APO (MRS Identifi er)	Easting	Northing	Lewis Record Number	Date Recorded	Bat s	Species Name	Comm on Name	Numbe r	Comments
35	Light green slot box	3	North	Private property (Brayley)	70	483060	6546309	60	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	Brown Antechinus x 2 photographed
36	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	-	482871	6542405	68	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	leaves on inner chamber mud wasp on outer chamber
37	Hollow home narrow box	3.5	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	482873	6542400	67	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
38	Light green box	3.6	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	-	482861	6542374	66	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
46	Light green box	4	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483133	6554725	32	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
47	Hollow home narrow box	3.8	North- west	State Forest	87	483146	6554719	33	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
49	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483141	6554709	34	31.07.2017	Bur nt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt
50	Dark green slot box	3.4	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483030	6554309	38	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
51	Hollow home standard box	4	North	State Forest	87	483152	6554745	31	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
52	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North- west	State Forest	87	483074	6554384	39	31.07.2017	Bur nt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt
53	Dark green box	3.3	North	State Forest	87	483082	6554378	40	31.07.2017	Bur nt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt
54	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483040	6554317	37	31.07.2017	Bur nt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt	Burnt
55	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	State Forest	87	483051	6554333	36	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
56	Black wedge box	3.7	North- west	State Forest	87	483051	6554342	35						
57	Dark green wedge box	3.5	North	State Forest	57	482770	6542094	73	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
58	Black slot box	3.1	North	State Forest	57	482779	6542119	74	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
59	Hollow home standard box	3.8	North-	State Forest	57	482730	6542081	71	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps



Вох	Roost Box Type	Height of Roost Box (m)	Aspect	Tenure	APO (MRS Identifi er)	Easting	Northing	Lewis Record Number	Date Recorded	Bat s	Species Name	Comm on Name	Numbe r	Comments
			west											
61	Hollow home narrow box	3.3	North- west	State Forest	57	482734	6542074	70	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps
62	Light green wedge box	3.2	North	State Forest	57	482727	6542070	75	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps
63	Black box	3.1	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	482722	6542109	72	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
64	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North- west	State Forest	57	482859	6542360	65	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
65	Hollow home standard box	3.5	North	State Forest	57	482834	6542316	64	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps
66	Dark green box	3.2	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	482837	6542340	63	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
67	Black box	3.3	North- east	RMS. Within project boundary	-	482839	6542332	62	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
68	Black wedge box	3.5	North	State Forest	57	482829	6542290	61	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
95	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North- west	State Forest	57	483195	6543189	29	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
96	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	State Forest	57	483201	6543172	28	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps inner chamber
97	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	State Forest	57	483180	6543172	27	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
98	Dark green wedge box	4	North- west	RMS. Within project boundary	0	483172	6543195	24	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
99	Black box	3.1	North- east	State Forest	57	483175	6543170	25	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	old leaves
100	Light green slot box	3.4	North- east	State Forest	57	483189	6543198	30	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
101	Black slot box	3.5	North	State Forest	57	483180	6543166	26	01.08.2017	-	-	-	-	
130	Hollow home narrow box	3.6	North	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483339	6543362	22	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
131	Dark green slot box	3.6	North-	Private property (Parkin	58	483322	6543389	17	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	



Вох	Roost Box Type	Height of Roost Box (m)	Aspect	Tenure	APO (MRS Identifi er)	Easting	Northing	Lewis Record Number	Date Recorded	Bat s	Species Name	Comm on Name	Numbe r	Comments
			west	property)										
132	Hollow home slot box	3.7	North	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483280	6543368	21	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
133	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North- east	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483288	6543386	18	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
134	Hollow home slot box	3.1	North- east	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483302	6543361	19	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
135	Black slot box	3.2	North	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483303	6543387	16	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
136	Hollow home slot box	3.8	North	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483298	6543382	15	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
137	Hollow home slot box	3.3	North- west	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483343	6543367	23	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
138	Hollow home standard box	3.7	North	Private property (Parkin property)	58	483306	6543364	20	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps
139	Hollow homes standard box	3.9	North	Private property (Mobbs)	60	483279	6543729	1	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	mud wasps
140	Hollow home slot box	3.6	North- west	Private property (Mobbs)	60	483288	6543727	2	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	
28B	Black wedge box	3.4	North	RMS. Within project boundary	-	483127	6548693	48	31.07.2017	-	-	-	-	

2017 Additional structures survey report (Lewis 2017d) Field data is provided within the report.									



Annex 5. Landscape and revegetation monitoring 2017/2018

Native seeding data OH2Ku.

Refined data provided by Roads and Maritime (extracted by Roads and Maritime from data collected by Lendlease). Sites that have reached minimum 12 month criteria in the current or previous monitoring periods are highlighted. C'way = carriageway, NB = northbound, SB = southbound.

Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
Cut 1	NB	Tall Shrubs	Mar-16	Nov-16		Mar-17			Weed spraying in April 2018. Now meets criteria.
Fill 1	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Mar-16	Nov-16		Mar-17			Issues with native grass mix - typically takes a long time to germinate
Fill 1	SB	Native Grasses/ frangible shrubs	Nov-17	Jul-18	Weeds sprayed April 2018	Nov-18			
Cut 2A	NB	Tall Shrubs	Feb-2016	Oct-16		Feb-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 2B	NB	Tall Shrubs	Feb-2016	Oct-16		Feb-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 2	SB	Tall Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Good growth	Nov-18			
Fill 2	NB	Tall Shrubs	Oct-16	Jun-17		Oct-17	Υ	Complies	
Fill 2	SB	Tall Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Upper batter repsrayed for finishing works. Rest of batter conforms	Nov-18			
Cut 3	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Jan-17	Sep-17	Complies	Jan-18	Y	Some issues with native seed mix strike, however still complies. Weed spray conducted during last monitoring period	
Cut 3	SB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	May-17	Jan-18	Meets requirement for 12 months	May-18	Y	Some issues with native seed mix strike, however still complies.	
Fill 3	NB	Native Grasses	May-16	Jan-17		May-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 3	SB	Frangible shrubs/ tall shrubs	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Complies	Oct-18			
Cut 4	SB	Frangible shrubs	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Complies. Weed spray conducted during	Oct-18			



Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
					last reporting period				
Cut 4	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Oct-17	Jun-18	Some issues with native seed mix strike, however still complies. Fleabane present summer 2018	Oct-18			
Fill 4	NB	Native Grasses	Jul-2016	Mar-17		Jul-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 4	SB	Tall shrubs	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Does not comply, however this batter is predominantly retained veg dominated by lantana	Oct-18			
Cut 5	NB	Tall shrubs/Frangible Shrubs	Sep-15	May-16		Sep-16	Y		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 5	SB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Complies	Oct-18			
Cut 5	Service Road	Frangible Shrubs/Tall shrubs/Native Grasses	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Did not comply due to weeds - weed spray conducted during last reporting period	Oct-18			
Fill 5A	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Did not comply due to weeds - weed spray conducted during last reporting period	Oct-18			
Fill 5A	SB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	July-2017	Mar-18	Thick cover crop suppressing potential seed germination.	Jul-18	Missed inspection		
Fill 5A	Service Road	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Thick cover crop suppressing potential seed germination. Review after 12 month period as per Section 8 of R178	Oct-18			
Fill 5B	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Thick cover crop suppressing potential seed germination. Review after 12 month period as per Section 8 of R178	Nov-18			
Fill 5B	SB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Oct-2017	Jun-18	Thick cover crop suppressing potential seed germination. Review after 12 month period as per Section 8 of R179	Oct-18			
Fill 5B	Service Road	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Weed control required - sprayed during last reporting period	Nov-18			
Fill 5C	NB	Pasture Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Pasture is present, requires another season	Nov-18			



Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
Fill 5C	SB	Pasture Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Pasture is present, requires another season	Nov-18			
Fill 5D	NB	Pasture Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Pasture is present, requires another season	Nov-18			
Fill 5D	SB	Pasture Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Pasture is present, requires another season	Nov-18			
Fill 5E	NB	Pasture Grasses	Sep-2017	May-18	Pasture is present, requires another season	Sep-18			
Fill 5E	SB	Pasture Grasses	Sep-2017	May-18	Pasture is present, requires another season	Sep-18			
Cut 6	NB	Native Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Issues with native grass mix - typically takes a long time to germinate	Nov-18			
Cut 6	SB	Native Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Issues with native grass mix - typically takes a long time to germinate	Nov-18			
Fill 6	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Y		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 6	SB	Native Grasses	Aug-2016	Apr-17		Aug-17	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.	
Workshop site	NB		Nov-2017	Jul-18	Weed control required - sprayed during last reporting period	Nov-18			
Cut 7	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 7	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 7	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 7	SB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		complies
Cut 8	NB	Tall shrubs/Frangible	Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring



Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
		Shrubs							
Cut 8	SB	Tall shrubs/Frangible Shrubs	Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 9	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Sep 2015	May-16		Sep-16			Doesn't meet quantity requirement - should improve with time so propose to continue monitoring. Good native grass, no wattle
Cut 9	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Sep 2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Blackmans Point Interchange	West	Tall Shrubs	Dec-2017	Aug-18		Dec-18			
Blackmans Point Interchange	East	Frangible Shrubs	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		complies
Blackmans Point Road	Blackmans Point Road	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	Apr-16	Dec-16		Apr-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 9	NB	Tall Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Weed control required - sprayed during last reporting period	Nov-18			
Fill 9	SB	Tall Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Weed control required - sprayed during last reporting period	Nov-18			
Cut 10	NB	Native Grasses	Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16	Υ		Complies
Fill 10	NB	Native Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Complies	Nov-18			
Fill 10	SB	Tall shrubs/Native Grasses	Dec-2015	Aug-16		Dec-16	Υ		complies
Cut 11	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 11	SB	Tall shrubs/Frangible Shrubs	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		complies
Cut 11	Centre	Tall shrubs/Frangible	Sept-2017	May-18	Some growth although low in numbers -	Sep-18			



Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
		Shrubs			re-asses at 12 month anniversary				
Fill 11	NB	Native Grasses	Feb-17	Oct-17	See 12 month comments	Feb-18	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.	
Fill 11	median	Native Grasses	Feb-17	Oct-17	See 12 month comments	Feb-18	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.	
Fill 11	SB	Native Grasses	Feb-17	Oct-17	See 12 month comments	Feb-18	N	Frangible shrubs growing. Suggest leaving these to keep weeds down. NCR raised and suggestion put forward to change design to Frangible Mix. Would meet criteria for frangible mix.	
Cut 12	NB	Tall shrubs/Frangible Shrubs	Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 12	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Oct-16	Jun-17		Oct-17	Υ	Complies	
Fill 12	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 12	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 13	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		complies
Fill 13A		Native Grasses	Feb-17	Oct-17	See 12 month comments	Feb-18	N	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass. Would meet 12-month criteria for pasture grass.	
Fill 13B		Native Grasses	Feb-17	Oct-17	See 12 month comments	Feb-18	N	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass. Would meet 12-month criteria for pasture grass.	



Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
Fill 13C		Pasture Grasses	Jul-2016	Mar-17		Jul-17			Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass. Would meet 12-month criteria for pasture grass.
Fill 13D		Pasture Grasses	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass.	Nov-18			
Fill 13E	NB	Tall Shrubs	Sept-2017	May-18	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass.	Sep-18			
Fill 13E	SB	Tall Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass.	Nov-18			
Fill 13F		Tall shrubs/Frangible Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Convert to a pasture grass mix. Outside influences (farming) will dominate outcomes. NCR raised to change to pasture grass.	Nov-18			
Cut 14	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Complies	Jan-18	Υ	Complies	
Cut 14	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Complies	Jan-18	Υ	Complies	
Fill 14	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	April-2017	Dec-17	Complies	Apr-18	Y	Complies	
Fill 14	SB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	April-2017	Dec-17	Complies	Apr-18	Y	Complies	
Cut 15	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Did not comply	Jan-18	Υ	Complies - good native growth	
Cut 15	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Did not comply	Jan-18	Y	Complies - good native growth	
Fill 15	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Weeds - sprayed during last reporting period	Nov-18			



Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
Fill 15	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Nov-2017	Jul-18	Weeds - sprayed during last reporting period	Nov-18			
Haydons Wharf Interchange	East Inside	Frangible Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Complies	Jan-18	Υ	Complies	
Cut 16	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Complies	Jan-18	Υ	Complies	
Fill 16	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Complies
Cut 17	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Complies	Jan-18	Υ	Complies	
Fill 17	NB	Tall shrubs/Native Grasses	Jan-17	Sep-17	Needs weed spray - done during reporting period.	Jan-18	N	Weeds	
Cut 18	NB	Frangible Shrubs/Native Grasses	May-2016	Jan-17		May-17			Needs weed spraying - done during reporting period.
Fill 18	NB	Tall Shrubs	Feb-17	Oct-17	Needs weed spray - done during reporting period.	Feb-18	N	Weeds	
Cut 19A	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Dec-15	Aug-16		Dec-16			Needs weed spraying - done during reporting period.
Cut19B	NB	Tall Shrubs	Oct-16	Jun-17		Oct-17	Υ	Complies	
Fill 19	NB	Tall Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Did not comply	Jan-18	Υ	Complies	
Cut 20	NB	Tall Shrubs	Dec-2015	Aug-16		Dec-16	Υ		Complies
Fill 20	NB	Tall Shrubs	Jan-17	Sep-17	Did not comply	Jan-18	Υ	Complies	
Cut 21	NB	Tall Shrubs	Dec-2015	Aug-16		Dec-16	Υ		complies
Cut 22	NB	Tall Shrubs	Feb-17	Oct-17	Complies	Feb-18	Υ	Complies	
Fill 22	NB	Tall Shrubs	Oct-16	Jun-17		Oct-17	Υ	Complies	
Yarrabee NB island	NB	Frangible Shrubs	Sept-2017	May-18	Complies although needs weed spray - done during reporting period.	Sep-18			
Cut 23	NB	Tall Shrubs	Feb-2017	Oct-17	Complies	Feb-18	Υ	Complies	
Fill 23	NB	Frangible Shrubs	June-2015	Feb-16		Jun-16	Υ		Complies



Site	C'way	Vegetation Community Type	Date of Hydromulch	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	As at July 2018 comments (12 month criteria met)
Cut 23	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Feb-17	Oct-17	Complies	Feb-18	Υ	Complies	
Fill 23	SB	Frangible Shrubs	June-2015	Feb-16		Jun-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 24	NB	Tall shrubs/Frangible Shrubs	Sept-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Y		Complies
Cut 24	SB	Tall shrubs/Frangible Shrubs	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Y		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 24	SB	Frangible Shrubs	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring



Native seeding data Ku2K

Refined data provided by Roads and Maritime (extracted by Roads and Maritime from data collected by Roads and Maritime). Sites that have met the minimum 12 month criteria in the current or in previous monitoring periods are highlighted. C'way = carriageway. NB = northbound, SB = southbound.

Cut/Fill	C'way	Bench	Hydroseed / Hydromulch Date	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018 (12 month criteria met)
Fill 1	SB		Aug-2015	Apr-16		Aug-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 1	NB		Aug-2017	Apr-18		Aug-18			Meets all criteria except height
Fill 2	SB		Aug-2015	Apr-16		Aug-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 2	NB		Dec-2016	Aug-17	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	Dec-17	N	Similar observations to 8-month inspection.	Meets all criteria except height. Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.
Cut 3	NB	Bottom	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 3	NB	Тор	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 3	SB		Sep-2016	May-17		Sep-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria. Weed spray undertaken.	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 3	SB	rest area median	Jun-2016	Feb-17		Jun-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 4	SB		Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 4	SB	Nth Mingaletta	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Y		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 4	NB		Jul-2017	Mar-18	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	Jul-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Site 12	NB		May-2017	Jan-18	Meets coverage criteria but not other criteria	May-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Fill 5	SB	Drainage	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 5	SB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018



Cut/Fill	C'way	Bench	Hydroseed / Hydromulch Date	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018 (12 month criteria met)
Fill 5	NB		Mar-2017	Nov-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Mar-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Cut 5	SB		Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 6	SB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 6	NB		Mar-2017	Nov-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Mar-18	Υ	Meets criteria	
Cut 6	SB		Jul-2015	Mar-16		Jul-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 7	SB		Oct-2015	Jun-16		Oct-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 7	NB		Mar-2017	Nov-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Mar-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Cut 7	SB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 8	SB		Oct-2015	Jun-16		Oct-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 8	NB		Jan-2017	Sep-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Jan-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria	Now meets all criteria except height: Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.
Cut 8	SB		Oct-2015	Jun-16		Oct-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 8	NB	sth Upper Smiths	Dec-2016	Aug-17	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	Dec-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Now meets all criteria except height: Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.
Cut 8	NB		Aug-2017	Apr-18	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	Aug-18			
Site 26A+B	NB		Jul-2017	Mar-18	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria	Jul-18	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria	



Cut/Fill	C'way	Bench	Hydroseed / Hydromulch Date	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018 (12 month criteria met)
Fill 9	SB	drainage	Aug-2015	Apr-16		Aug-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 9	SB		Jan-2016	Sep-16		Jan-17	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 9	NB		Nov-2016	Jul-17		Nov-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Fill 10	SB		Apr-2016	Dec-16		Apr-17	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 10	NB	Smiths Creek to C28.68	Jan-2016	Sep-16		Jan-17	Y		Met criteria by May 2018
Fill 10	NB	C28.68 to off ramp drain	Apr-2017	Dec-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Apr-18	Y	Quantity, variety and condition meets standard.	
Cut 10	SB		Feb-2016	Oct-16		Feb-17	Υ		Met criteria by July 2018
Cut 10	NB	Off ramp drain	Aug-2016	Apr-17		Aug-17	Υ	Quantity, variety and condition meets standard.	
Cut 10	NB		Feb-2016	Oct-16		Feb-17			Meets all criteria except height
Site 16	SB	Material Reuse Site No 16	Apr-2016	Dec-16		Apr-17	Y		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Site 2	NB	Material Reuse Site No 2	Feb-2016	Oct-16		Feb-17			Meets all criteria except height
Fill 11	SB		Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16			High clay content in topsoil causing compaction issues. Old TB29.55 footprint supplemented with plantings, otherwise vegetation coverage meeting standard.
Fill 11	NB		Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16			Part of batter resprayed. Continue to monitor the rest of batter ensure height of natives reaches standard.
Site 10	SB		Oct-2016	Jun-17		Oct-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 11	SB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring



Cut/Fill	C'way	Bench	Hydroseed / Hydromulch Date	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018 (12 month criteria met)
Fill 12	SB		Oct-2015	Jun-16		Oct-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 12	NB		Aug-2017	Apr-18	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	Aug-18			
Site 5B	SB		Oct-2016	Jun-17		Oct-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 12	SB		Oct-2015	Jun-16		Oct-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 13	SB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 13	SB		Oct-2015	Jun-16		Oct-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 14	SB		Mar-2016	Nov-16		Mar-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 14	NB		May-2017	Jan-18	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	May-18	Y	complies	
Cut 14	SB		Mar-2016	Nov-16		Mar-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 15	SB		Mar-2016	Nov-16		Mar-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 15	NB		May-2017	Jan-18	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	May-18	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria. Continue to monitor weed and native emergence.	
Cut 15	SB		Jan-2016	Sep-16		Jan-17	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 15	NB		Sep-2018	May-19		Sep-19			
Fill 16	SB		Apr-2016	Dec-16		Apr-17			Meets all criteria except height
Fill 16	NB		May-2017	Jan-18	Some deep rilling to be repaired (done). Area below verge sprayed Sept-18.	May-18	Y - except height	Progressing well with good variation of natives. Continue to monitor to ensure height of natives reaches standard.	
Cut 16	SB		Mar-2016	Nov-16		Mar-17	Υ		Met criteria by July 2018
Cut 16	NB		Sep-2018	May-19		Sep-19			



Cut/Fill	C'way	Bench	Hydroseed / Hydromulch Date	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018 (12 month criteria met)
Fill 17	NB		May-2016	Jan-17		May-17			Progressing well - continue to monitor
Cut 17	SB		Dec-2015	Aug-16		Dec-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 18	NB		Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16			Progressing well - continue to monitor
Fill 18	SB		Jun-2016	Feb-17		Jun-17	Υ		Met criteria by May 2018
Cut 18	SB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16			Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18
Cut 18	NB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16			Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18
Fill 19	SB		Dec-2016	Aug-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Dec-17	N	Coverage OK, height and diversity improving but does not yet meet criteria. Weed spray undertaken.	Met criteria by May 2018
Fill 19	NB		Dec-2016	Aug-17	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	Dec-17	N	Poor batter coverage, height and native species diversity	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Cut 19	SB		Aug-2016	Apr-17		Aug-17	N	Has required native diversity but height and coverage is low. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray
Cut 19	NB		Sep-2016	May-17		Sep-17	N	Has required native diversity but height and coverage is low. Resprayed Oct-17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray
Fill 20	SB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 20	NB		Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 20	SB	Тор	Sep-2015	May-16		Sep-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 20	SB	Middle	Dec-2015	Aug-16		Dec-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 20	SB	Bottom	Aug-2016	Apr-17		Aug-17	N	Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct- 17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray
Cut 20	NB		Sep-2016	May-17		Sep-17	N	Does not meet any criteria. Resprayed Oct- 17 & Ecoblanket strips applied June-18	Continue to monitor to assess success of respray



Cut/Fill	C'way	Bench	Hydroseed / Hydromulch Date	8 month inspection	8 month inspection comments	12 month inspection	12 month criteria met	12 month inspection comments	Comments as at July 2018 (12 month criteria met)
Fill 21	SB		Mar-2016	Nov-16		Mar-17	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 21	NB		Apr-2016	Dec-16		Apr-17	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 21	NB		Dec-2015	Aug-16		Dec-16			Meets all criteria except height
Cut 21	SB		Dec-2015	Aug-16		Dec-16	Υ		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Fill 22	SB		Apr-2016	Dec-16		Apr-17	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 22	NB		Nov-2015	Jul-16		Nov-16	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Cut 22A	NB		Apr-2017	Dec-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Apr-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria. Continue to monitor height and native emergence	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Cut 22B	NB		Mar-2017	Nov-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Mar-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria. Continue to monitor height and native emergence	Progressing well - continue to monitor
Fill 23	SB		Apr-2016	Dec-16		Apr-17	Υ		Met criteria by Feb 2018
Fill 23	NB		Aug-2017	Apr-18	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria. Continue to monitor height and native emergence	Aug-18	Y		Met in 2016/2017 monitoring
Cut 23	NB		Mar-2017	Nov-17	Coverage OK, height and diversity poor	Mar-18	N	Coverage OK, however does not meet other criteria. Continue to monitor height and native emergence	Progressing well - continue to monitor

Native planting data OH2Ku

Refined data provided by Roads and Maritime (extracted by Roads and Maritime from data collected by Lendlease). Sites that have met the minimum 12 month criteria are highlighted.

RMS Bed ID	Planting Date	12 month Review Due	12 month compliance	12 month comments
285	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
288	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
290	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
291	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
292	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
293	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
294	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
295	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
296	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
297	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
303	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
305	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
306	27/07/2016	Jul-17	Yes	
120	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
120B	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
121	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
122	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
123	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
131	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
133	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
298	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
299	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
300	15/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
11	20/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	Treat diseased tree species by B&K
12	20/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	Treat diseased tree species by B&K
136	20/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
301	20/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
2	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
3	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
6	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
7	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
9	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
10	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
16	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
17	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
19	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
20	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
21	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	

RMS Bed ID	Planting Date	12 month Review Due	12 month compliance	12 month comments
127	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
132	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
200	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	Reduced numbers to 200 per a bed
202	21/09/2016	Sep-17	Yes	
22	20/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
25	20/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
26	20/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
27	20/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
28	20/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
29	20/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
30	20/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
34	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
35	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
36	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
39	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
46	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
47	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
63	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
65	21/10/2016	Oct-17	Yes	
8	25/10/2016	Oct-17	No	
225	16/11/2016	Nov-17	Yes	
226	16/11/2016	Nov-17	Yes	
227	16/11/2016	Nov-17	Yes	
228	16/11/2016	Nov-17	Yes	
234	02/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
235	02/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
240	02/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
246	02/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
249	02/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
254	02/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
255	02/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
257	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
258	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
261	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
262	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
263	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
264	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
265	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
268	03/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
269	06/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
271	06/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	

RMS Bed ID	Planting Date	12 month Review Due	12 month compliance	12 month comments
282	06/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
284	06/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
286	07/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
287	07/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
241	22/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
242	22/02/2017	Feb-18	Yes	
145	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
148	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
150	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
151	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
153	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
158	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
159	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
160	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
161	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
162	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
163	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
164	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
165	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
166A	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
166B	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
167	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
169	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
170	14/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
168	16/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
175	16/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
176	16/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
178	16/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
179	16/06/2017	Jun-18	Yes	
183	05/07/2017	Jul-18	Yes	
184	05/07/2017	Jul-18	Yes	
185	05/07/2017	Jul-18	No	
277	05/07/2017	Jul-18	No	
134	15/09/2017	Sep-18		
134B	15/09/2017	Sep-18		
173	16/09/2017	Sep-18		
95	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
114	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
94	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
96	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
97	22/09/2017	Sep-18		

RMS Bed ID	Planting Date	12 month Review Due	12 month compliance	12 month comments
98	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
99	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
100	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
101	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
102	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
103	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
104	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
105	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
106	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
108	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
109	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
110	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
111	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
112	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
113	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
115	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
116	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
119	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
135	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
147	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
149	22/09/2017	Sep-18		
171	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
172	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
174	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
177	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
180	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
181A	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
182	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
186	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
187	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
201	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
205	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
206	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
207	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
208	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
209	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
210	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
211	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
195	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
196	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
197	25/09/2017	Sep-18		

RMS Bed ID	Planting Date	12 month Review Due	12 month compliance	12 month comments
198	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
199	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
203	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
213	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
214	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
229	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
230	25/09/2017	Sep-18		
37A	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
37B	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
38	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
57A	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
57B	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
58	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
59	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
60	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
154	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
155	01/10/2017	Oct-18		
1a	24/10/2017	Oct-18		
1b	24/10/2017	Oct-18		
4	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
5	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
13	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
14	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
15	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
18	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
23	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
24	25/10/2017	Oct-18		
141	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
142	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
143	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
144	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
87	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
88	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
90	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
91	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
92	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
93	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
107	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
117	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
118	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
126	01/11/2017	Nov-18		

RMS Bed ID	Planting Date	12 month Review Due	12 month compliance	12 month comments
128	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
129	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
130	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
146	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
194	01/11/2017	Nov-18		
89	03/11/2017	Nov-18		
42	21/11/2017	Nov-18		
43	21/11/2017	Nov-18		
52	21/11/2017	Nov-18		
53	21/11/2017	Nov-18		
54	21/11/2017	Nov-18		
56	21/11/2017	Nov-18		
212	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
215	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
216	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
217	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
218	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
219	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
220	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
221	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
222	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
223	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
224	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
231	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
236	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
237	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
238	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
239	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
244	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
250	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
251	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
252	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
253	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
256	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
259	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
260	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
266	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
267	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
270	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
272	14/03/2018	Mar-19		
283	14/03/2018	Mar-19		

RMS Bed ID	Planting Date	12 month Review Due	12 month compliance	12 month comments
73	01/04/2018	Apr-19		
74	01/04/2018	Apr-19		
273	30/04/2018	Apr-19		
274	30/04/2018	Apr-19		
275	30/04/2018	Apr-19		
276	30/04/2018	Apr-19		
302	01/05/2018	May-19		
304	01/05/2018	May-19		
95A	01/05/2018	May-19		
125	01/05/2018	May-19		
137	01/05/2018	May-19		
138	01/05/2018	May-19		
139	01/05/2018	May-19		
140	01/05/2018	May-19		
278	01/05/2018	May-19		
278B	01/05/2018	May-19		
279	01/05/2018	May-19		
280	01/05/2018	May-19		
281	01/05/2018	May-19		
196A	01/06/2018	Jun-19		



Native planting data Ku2K

Refined data provided by Roads and Maritime (extracted by Roads and Maritime from data collected by Roads and Maritime). Sites that have met the minimum 12 month criteria are highlighted. C'way = carriageway, NB = northbound, SB = southbound, Y = yes, N = no.

C'way	Chainage	Description	Date Planted	12 month inspection date	Plant Growth exceeds 30cm (Y/N)	Minimum Plant Survival Rate Achieved (Y/N)	Weed Coverage less than 5% (Y/N)	All 12 month criteria met	Actions Taken (June / July 2018)	Recommendations
SB	25550	Mingaletta bus stop	Jul-16	Jul-17	N	N	Υ	N		Planting area destroyed by truck accident. Replanting required.
SB	25700	Koala feed tree reallocation	Jul-16	Jul-17	N	N	Υ	N		Planting area destroyed by in appropriate public car parking. Replanting required.
SB	28100	Tubestock tree planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	N	N	Υ	N	17 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	28200	Tubestock tree planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	N	N	22 replacement	Weed management required
SB	28300	Tubestock tree planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	N	N	N	34 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	25900	Tubestock tree planting	Aug-16	Aug-17	Υ	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	28800	Tubestock tree planting	Aug-16	Aug-17	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	28800	Water quality basin	Aug-16	Aug-17	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	24500	Koala feed tree reallocation	Nov-16	Nov-17	Υ	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	28400	Water quality basin	Nov-16	Nov-17	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	29100	Tubestock tree planting	Nov-16	Nov-17	N	N	Υ	N	12 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	29200	Material Reuse Site 16	Nov-16	Nov-17	Υ	N	Υ	N	11 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	31200	Tubestock tree planting	Dec-16	Dec-17	Υ	Υ	N	N		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	33100	Fauna culvert planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	33400	Fauna culvert planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N	11 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	33500	Tubestock tree planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	34800	Tubestock tree planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	34850	Water quality basin	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	35400	Water quality basin	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program



C'way	Chainage	Description	Date Planted	12 month inspection date	Plant Growth exceeds 30cm (Y/N)	Minimum Plant Survival Rate Achieved (Y/N)	Weed Coverage less than 5% (Y/N)	All 12 month criteria met	Actions Taken (June / July 2018)	Recommendations
SB	35400	Tubestock tree planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	35600	Tubestock tree planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	35800	Koala feed tree reallocation	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	Υ	N	8 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	37300	Tubestock tree planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	N	N	N	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	34600	Koala feed tree reallocation	Feb-17	Feb-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	34700	Fauna culvert planting	Feb-17	Feb-18	N	N	Υ	N	12 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	36300	Fauna culvert planting	Feb-17	Feb-18	N	N	Υ	N	11 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	36400	Tubestock tree planting	Feb-17	Feb-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	36500	Tubestock tree planting	Feb-17	Feb-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
NB	34100	Fauna culvert planting	Mar-17	Mar-18	N	Υ	Υ	N	6 replacements	Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	36300	Tubestock tree planting	Mar-17	Mar-18	N	N	N	N	20 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	33000	Tubestock tree planting	Mar-17	Mar-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
NB	29100	Kundabung Interchange feature trees	Apr-17	Apr-18	Υ	N	Υ	N	6 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	37700	Water quality basin	Apr-17	Apr-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	37700	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Apr-17	Apr-18	Υ	Υ	N	N		Weed management required
NB	36850	Tubestock tree planting	Jun-17	Jun-18	Υ	Υ	N	N		Weed management required
NB	36900	Tubestock tree planting	Jun-17	Jun-18	Υ	Υ	N	N		Weed management required
SB	36800	Water quality basin	Jun-17	Jun-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	36800	Tubestock tree planting	Jun-17	Jun-18	N	N	Υ	N	9 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	36900	Tubestock tree planting	Jun-17	Jun-18	N	N	N	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	36950	Water quality basin	Jun-17	Jun-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
NB	28200	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
NB	28200	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N	58 replacements	Include in replacement plant program



C'way	Chainage	Description	Date Planted	12 month inspection date	Plant Growth exceeds 30cm (Y/N)	Minimum Plant Survival Rate Achieved (Y/N)	Weed Coverage less than 5% (Y/N)	All 12 month criteria met	Actions Taken (June / July 2018)	Recommendations
NB	28300	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N	216 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
NB	28300	Tubestock tree planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	N	N	78 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
NB	28650	Fauna culvert planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	Υ	Υ	N		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	24600	Effluent irrigation area	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	N	N	400 replacements	Area inhibited by spread effluent irrigation and weed growth. Include in replacement plant program and ensure regular slashing.
SB	24700	Koala feed tree reallocation	Jul-17	Jul-18	Υ	N	Υ	N	4 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	28200	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N	194 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	28300	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N	188 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	30750	Tubestock tree planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	N	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	30800	Water quality basin	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N		Include in replacement plant program
SB	31500	Headlight screen planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N	353 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	31900	Headlight screen planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	N	N	Υ	N	234 replacements	Include in replacement plant program
SB	24400	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	25200	Glider Crossing	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	25300	Glider Crossing	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	25400	Fauna culvert planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	25700	Fauna culvert planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	25700	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	25800	Fauna culvert planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	26800	Fauna culvert planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	27600	Tubestock tree planting	Jul-16	Jul-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	28700	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-16	Aug-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds



C'way	Chainage	Description	Date Planted	12 month inspection date	Plant Growth exceeds 30cm (Y/N)	Minimum Plant Survival Rate Achieved (Y/N)	Weed Coverage less than 5% (Y/N)	All 12 month criteria met	Actions Taken (June / July 2018)	Recommendations
SB	28700	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Aug-16	Aug-17	Y	Y	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	30100	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-16	Aug-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	25400	Culvert screen planting	Sep-16	Sep-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	26400	Fauna culvert planting	Sep-16	Sep-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	7 replacements	Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	30600	Tubestock tree planting	Nov-16	Nov-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	31900	Fauna culvert planting	Dec-16	Dec-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	32300	Fauna culvert planting	Dec-16	Dec-17	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	33900	Glider Crossing	Jan-17	Jan-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	34100	Fauna culvert planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	34900	Tubestock tree planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	35700	Fauna culvert planting	Jan-17	Jan-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	6 replacements	Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	33900	Glider Crossing	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	7 replacements	Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	35700	Glider Crossing	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	35700	Fauna culvert planting	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	9 replacements	Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	35700	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Mar-17	Mar-18	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	36100	Koala feed tree reallocation	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	13 replacements	Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	36200	Tubestock tree planting	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	36400	Tubestock tree planting	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	24800	Rest area feature trees	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	29800	Material Reuse Site 10	Mar-17	Mar-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	24800	Rest area tubestock	Apr-17	Apr-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Water during dry periods. Continue to monitor for weeds.
SB	29200	Kundabung Interchange feature trees	Apr-17	Apr-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds



C'way	Chainage	Description	Date Planted	12 month inspection date	Plant Growth exceeds 30cm (Y/N)	Minimum Plant Survival Rate Achieved (Y/N)	Weed Coverage less than 5% (Y/N)	All 12 month criteria met	Actions Taken (June / July 2018)	Recommendations
SB	33800	HVIB tubestock	Apr-17	Apr-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	33800	HVIB feature trees	Apr-17	Apr-18	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	28650	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	7 replacements	Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	28350	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Jul-17	Jul-18	Υ	Υ	Y	Y		Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	25200	Glider Crossing	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	25300	Glider Crossing	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	25400	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	25400	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	25400	Material Reuse Site 12	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	25700	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	25800	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	26700	Tubestock tree planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	26800	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	30100	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	30650	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	30700	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	31900	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	32350	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	32500	Material Reuse Site 18 (west Ravenswood Rd)	Aug-17	Aug-18						



C'way	Chainage	Description	Date Planted	12 month inspection date	Plant Growth exceeds 30cm (Y/N)	Minimum Plant Survival Rate Achieved (Y/N)	Weed Coverage less than 5% (Y/N)	All 12 month criteria met	Actions Taken (June / July 2018)	Recommendations
NB	32660	Fauna culvert planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	32800	Headlight screen planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	37400	Headlight screen planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	37800	Headlight screen planting	Aug-17	Aug-18						
SB	30650	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Aug-17	Aug-18						
SB	30700	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Aug-17	Aug-18						
NB	26400	Fauna culvert planting	Sep-17	Sep-18						
NB	30600	Headlight screen planting	Sep-17	Sep-18						
NB	30800	Headlight screen planting	Sep-17	Sep-18						
NB	29300	Kundabung Interchange feature trees	Oct-17	Oct-18						
NB	29600	Tubestock tree planting	Oct-17	Oct-18						
SB	29300	Kundabung Interchange feature trees	Oct-17	Oct-18						
NB	24900	Rest area feature trees	Nov-17	Nov-18						
NB	24700	Reallocation of water quality basin tubestock planting	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	24700	Koala feed tree reallocation	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	24900	Rest area tubestock	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	27150	Bus Stop - Upper Smiths Creek Rd	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	27500	Material Reuse Site 26	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	27500	Fauna culvert planting	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	29650	Bus Stop - Rodeo Dr	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	32400	Fauna culvert planting	Dec-17	Dec-18						



C'way	Chainage	Description	Date Planted	12 month inspection date	Plant Growth exceeds 30cm (Y/N)	Minimum Plant Survival Rate Achieved (Y/N)	Weed Coverage less than 5% (Y/N)	All 12 month criteria met	Actions Taken (June / July 2018)	Recommendations
NB	33100	Fauna culvert planting	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	33400	Fauna culvert planting	Dec-17	Dec-18						
SB	27400	Bus Stop - Wharf Road	Dec-17	Dec-18						
NB	25000	Water quality basin	Feb-18	Feb-19						
NB	25100	Rest area effluent irrigation area	Feb-18	Feb-19						
NB	32500	Material Reuse Site 18 (east Ravenswood Rd)	Feb-18	Feb-19						
NB	34600	Tubestock tree planting	Feb-18	Feb-19	N	N	Υ			Include in replacement plant program
NB	34700	Fauna culvert planting	Feb-18	Feb-19	N	Υ	Υ			Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	36350	Fauna culvert planting	Feb-18	Feb-19	N	N	Υ			Include in replacement plant program
NB	37700	Bridge fauna path and creek crossing	Feb-18	Feb-19	N	Υ	Υ			Continue to monitor for weeds
SB	33800	HVIB Effluent Irrigation area	Mar-18	Mar-19	N	Υ	Υ			Continue to monitor for weeds
NB	26900	Tubestock tree planting	Jun-18	Jun-19	N	N	Υ			Include in replacement plant program
NB	31000	Material Reuse Site 22	Jun-18	Jun-19	N	N	N			Include in replacement plant program
SB	29500	Tubestock tree planting	Jun-18	Jun-19	N	N	Υ			Include in replacement plant program
SB	32660	Fauna culvert planting	Jun-18	Jun-19	N	Υ	Υ			Continue to monitor for weeds



Niche Environment and Heritage

A specialist environmental and heritage consultancy.

Head Office

Niche Environment and Heritage PO Box 2443 North Parramatta NSW 1750 Email: info@niche-eh.com

All mail correspondence should be through our Head Office

Appendix J Kempsey	Pre-Clearing	and Clearing,	Kundabung to



PACIFIC HIGHWAY UPGRADE: KUNDABUNG TO KEMPSEY

Post Clearing Report (Version 3)

September 2018



Commercial in Confidence

This ecological report is copyright to Lewis Ecological Surveys (LES) and its licensed use is restricted explicitly to the RMS. Beyond this, persons, organisations and government may only use information contained within this report following written consent by LES. The report must not be provided to any third party without the written consent of LES who reserves all legal rights and remedies regarding any infringement of its rights with respect to this report.

Disclaimer

The client (K2K Joint Venture) may only use this document for the purposes for which it was commissioned. This report relies upon data, surveys, measurements and results based on a short-term objective study in response to brief supplied to Lewis Ecological Surveys by the K2K Joint Venture. Although conclusions have been based on the available data at that time, some professional judgement has been applied in reaching these conclusions due to the temporal limitations arising from the dynamic nature of available information, legislation, schedules, individual species and associated habitats. Every attempt has been made to ensure the accuracy and objectivity of the report's findings, conclusions and recommendations. Lewis Ecological Surveys does not accept responsibility for its use beyond the scope of works.



Ben Lewis
(B. Applied Science Hons)

...18 September 2018......

Date



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Ben Lewis (Lewis Ecological Surveys) – Field Surveys, Report Author and Report Review.

Andrew Smith (Lewis Ecological Surveys) - Field Surveys.

Chris Jackson (Lewis Ecological Surveys) - Field Surveys.

Brendan Schembri (Lewis Ecological Surveys) - Field Surveys.

Tim Donner (Lewis Ecological Surveys) - Field Surveys.

Adrian Vanesse (Geoview) - GIS and map production.

Photography - Lewis Ecological Surveys © else stated

Title Page - Stephens Banded Snake (Hoplocephalus stephensil) captured during staged tree hollow removal at Cut 20 (ch. 34800).

Report to be cited as: Lewis, B.D. (2018). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Kundabung to Kempsey: Post Clearing Ecological Report: Report prepared for K2K Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys. ©

Project Number: 2431718i



Document Control:

Date	Status	No. Copies	Format	Dispatched	Client	Client Contact
13.08.2018	Version 1	1	PDF	Email	K2K Joint Venture	Servaes Van Der Meulen Servaes.VanDerMeulen@mcdgroup.com
31.08.2018	Version 2	1	PDF	Email	K2K Joint Venture	Servaes Van Der Meulen Servaes.VanDerMeulen@mcdgroup.com
18.09.2018	Version 3	1	PDF	Email	K2K Joint Venture	Servaes Van Der Meulen Servaes.VanDerMeulen@mcdgroup.com

Revision History

110110101111101011					
Date	Status	Author	Reviewer	Organisation	
17.08.2018	Version 1	Ben Lewis	Aleesha Doolan	Roads and Maritime Services	
31.08.2018	Version 1	Ben Lewis	Servaes Van Der Meulen	K2K Joint Venture	
14.09.2018	Version 2	Ben Lewis	Servaes Van Der Meulen	K2K Joint Venture	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	.0 INTROD	DUCTION	1
	1.1	Background	1
	1.2	Study Area	1
2.	.0 SURVE	Y METHODS	4
	2.1 Terre	estrial Fauna	4
	2.2 Aqua	atic Fauna	10
	2.3 Thre	eatened Flora	11
3.	.0 RESULT	TS	12
	3.1 Nativ	ve Plant Communities	12
	3.2 Thre	eatened Flora	12
	3.3 Terre	estrial Fauna	13
	3.4 Habi	itat Tree Removal	31
	3.5 Habi	itat Redistribution	32
	3.6 Cons	struction Related Injuries and Mortality	34
	3.7 Aqua	atic Fauna	37
4.	.0 DISCUSSIO	ON	39
	4.1 Achi	evement of Mitigation Goals	39
	4.2 Succ	cess of Clearing Phase Fauna Mitigation	42
	4.3 Adeo	quacy of Survey Methods Employed	44
5.	.0 RECOMME	ENDATIONS	46
6.	.0 REFEREN	VCES	47
Aı	ppendix A – F	Field Data	48
		LIST OF TABLES	
		requirements specified in G36 and G40 and relevant sections of the clearing report	
		d or otherwise significant plant species of native plant community types removed by the K2K Upgrade	
		vertebrate captured or recorded during pro clearing, active free searches. HPT removal and inci-	



part of the Kundabung to Kempsey	14
Table 3-3: Summary of threatened species recorded during and immediately after the clearing phase of K2K	22
Table 3-4. Summary of the Giant Barred Frog surveys conducted during the clearing phase of the K2K upgrade	24
Table 3-5. Summary of surveys when Green-thighed Frogs were recorded	26
Table 3-6: Microbats recorded during exclusion of two culverts within the K2K project corridor	28
Table 3-7. Microbat exclusion works performed at incidental structures identified for grout filling.	
Table 3-8. Summary of habitat redistribution during the K2K Upgrade.	33
Table 3-9: Fauna injuries and mortality during the clearing phase of the K2K Pacific Highway Upgrade	35
Table 4-1. Assessment of Management Goals.	39
Table A1: Habitat and fauna capture register during the K2K Upgrade including injuries and fauna release	48
Table A2: Pre-clearing surveys conducted during the clearing phase of the K2K Project.	75
Table A-3. Road kill register for pre construction and during construction for K2K Project	95
Table A-4. Summary of dewatering activities during the K2K Project.	104
Table A-5. Post clearing nest box calculations following substantive clearing on the K2K Project	106
LIST OF FIGURES Figure 1-1. Location of the Kundabung to Kempsey Project.	3
Figure 3-1. Pre-construction weekly road kill monitoring performed in October and November 2014.	
Figure 3-2. Numbers of road kill fauna recorded during construction monitoring.	
Figure 3-3. Aquatic vertebrate captures during the construction phase of K2K project.	38
LIST OF PLATES	
Plate 3-1 Maundia (Maundia triglochinoides) recorded during preclear surveys downstream of chainage 25400.	13
Plate 3-2. Examples of fauna captured during pre-clearing predawn surveys; Leaf-tailed Gecko (<i>Saltuarius moritzi</i>) from ch. 32	
Perons Tree Frog (<i>Litoria peronii</i>) from Pipers Creek (30600)	13
Plate 3-3. Stephens Banded Snake retained in catch bag prior to release at ch.34975E	18
Plate 3-4. Clearing operations at the time of the unexpected Stephens Banded Snake find	19
Plate 3-5. Little Bent-wing Bats recorded from culverts at Mingaletta.	20
Plate 3-6. Koala recorded during predawn spotlighting between Railway Dam Road and Maria River	20
Plate 3-7. Sub adult Giant Barred Frog (Mixophyes iteratus) captured during "winter" surveys at Smiths Creek (Ch. 28200)	23
Plate 3-8. Adult male Green-thighed Frog (Litoria brevipalmata) captured during targeted predawn spotlight surveys in Maria Ri	ver State
Forest (ch. 33600)	26
Plate 3-9. Adult Cane Toad captured from Kundabung Rest Area on the 10th February (Photograph: Tim Yorston)	
Plate 3-10. Ground log marked up for clearing supervision and relocation	32
Plate 3-11. Eastern Small-eyed Snake recorded during stage 1 clearing operations at ch. 26350 (north of Mobbs Drive)	
Plate 3-12. Koala recorded during the pre-construction weekly road kill monitoring at ch. 26300	36



1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

During the construction of the Kundabung to Kempsey Pacific Highway Upgrade project (K2K project), Lewis Ecological Surveys was engaged by the McConnell Dowell-OHL joint venture contractor (JV) to provide ecological services. The following report discusses the procedures and results of ecological tasks undertaken during the clearing phase.

Clearing for the K2K project commenced on the 18 November 2014 and substantive clearing was completed by 3 February 2017. Ad hoc clearing events continued up until the 21 May 2018. This report is a requirement of the Kundabung to Kempsey Fauna and Flora Management Plan, Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) G40 Specification, Section 2.7 *Post Clearing Report* and the G36 Specification. Reporting requirements specified in G36 and G40 and the relevant section/s of this report are summarised in Table 1-1.

1.2 Study Area

The K2K Project extends for a length of 13 km from Barrys Creek (Mingaletta) in the south to the southern interchange of the Kempsey Bypass. The alignment follows the existing highway in the south with a small deviation as it passes through Maria River State Forest before joining the existing highway again at Maria River (Figure 1-1).



Table 1-1: Reporting requirements specified in G36 and G40 and relevant sections of the clearing report.

Component	Requirement	Relevant Section
G36 a)	An assessment of habitat trees and the handling of fauna affected by the clearing activities undertaken in accordance with this clause.	Sections 2, 3, 4, 5 & Appendix A.
G36 b)	The clearing and structures removal operations, including procedures, dates, times, weather, areas and information on the fauna specialist(s) present during the clearing and structures removal operations.	Section 2; Appendix A; Plate 2-3.
G36 c)	Any live animals that were sighted, captured, released, injured or shocked including location of fauna within clearing footprint (recorded with GPS) and release locations.	Section 3; Table 3-2 to 3-12; Table 3-9; Appendix A. Plate 3-2 to 3-8.
G36 d)	Dead animals that were found as a result of clearing and structures removal operations and fauna rescue.	Section 3.6; Table 3-9; Plate 3-11 and 3-12; Appendix A
G36 e)	Trees being used for breeding or roosting by fauna, including their species, locations, sizes, heights and depths of hollows in trees.	Section 3-4; Appendix A.
G36 f)	Bridge or culvert structure being used for breeding or roosting by fauna, including their species. Locations, sizes, gap heights and depths.	Section 3.3.6; Table 3-6 and Table 3-7. Plate 3-5
G36 g)	A register of hollow-bearing trees and comparison of this data to the Nest Box Plan (assess the adequacy of nest boxes installed and how they are mitigating the loss of tree hollows).	Appendix A – Table A1 Habitat Tree Register
G36 h)	Photo images of rescued fauna.	Plate 3-2 to 3-8
G36 i)	Records of road-kill during the clearing period.	Section 3.6.2; Appendix A – Table A3; Plate 3-12.
G36 j)	An analysis of the effectiveness of the clearing methods and fauna rescue procedures adopted.	Sections 4; Table 4-1.
G36 k)	Recommendations for future pre-clearing assessments and/or fauna rescue procedures.	Section 5.
G40 1)	An assessment of the habitat and handling of fauna.	Sections 2, 3, 4 & 5.
G40 2)	Information on clearing operations, dates, procedures, areas.	Appendix A.
G40 3)	Live animal sightings, captures, any releases or injured/shocked wildlife.	Section 3.3; Appendix A.
G40 4)	Any dead animals located.	Section 3.6; Appendix A- Tables A1-4; Plate 3-11 and 3-12.
G40 5)	Photographs of rescued fauna.	Plate 3-2 to 3-8 plus updates during Environmental Representative Group Meetings.



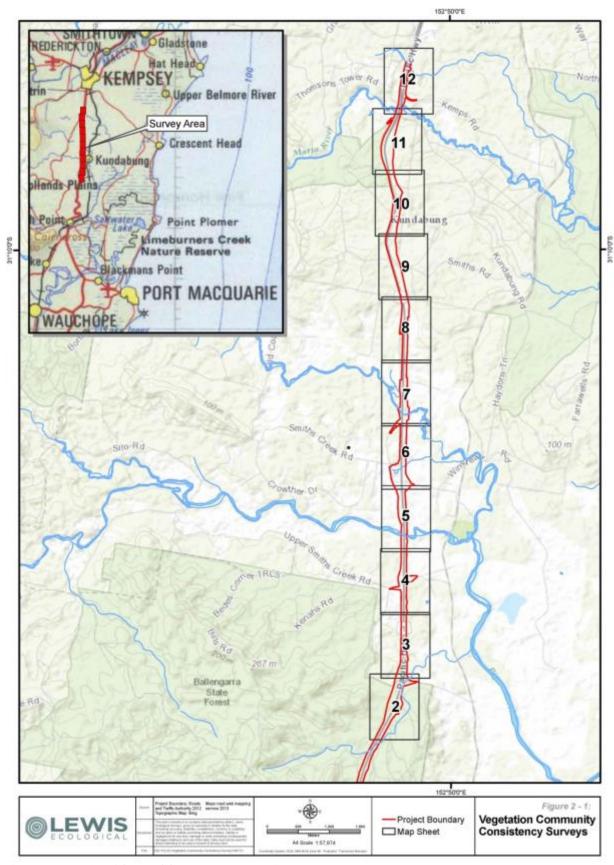


Figure 1-1. Location of the Kundabung to Kempsey Project.

2.0 SURVEY METHODS

2.1 Terrestrial Fauna

2.1.1 Habitat Resource Surveys

Prior to the commencement of clearing, each specific area of the alignment was traversed on foot to identify and mark up fauna habitat resources, including but not limited to hollow-bearing trees (HBT), trees containing nests, dreys or arboreal termitaria with cavities, large hollow logs and bush rock suitable for relocation. The HBT survey included remarking of trees identified as part of the Nest Box Plan of Management (Lewis 2013a) and any additional trees that were suspected as potentially containing tree hollows.

All of the identified habitat features were marked with red and white hazard tape and between two to four large "H" were spray painted in pink paint (Plate 1-1). Habitat resource surveys were performed in September and October 2014 or in the case of design refinements and temporary works areas, at least 24 hours prior to the commencement of clearing.



Plate 2-1. Potential hollow bearing tree (HBT) showing their field identification for the clearing and grub program.



2.1.2 Frog Surveys

Frogs were targeted during all diurnal pre-clear surveys (refer section 2.1.5), as part of targeted surveys in areas of potential habitat and targeted surveys in areas of mapped threatened frog habitat (Lewis 2013b; Lewis 2013c). Two species of threatened frog have been recorded in the K2K alignment, Giant Barred Frog (*Mixophyes iteratus*) and Greenthighed Frog (*Litoria brevipalmata*) (Lewis 2013b, c). Giant Barred Frog habitat was identified at Barrys Creek, Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek, Maria River and Stumpy Creek (Figure 1-1). Habitat at Barrys Creek and Stumpy Creek was identified as moderate likelihood whilst frogs had been confirmed previously at the remaining four sites (Lewis 2013b). Green-thighed Frog habitat was identified sporadically throughout the entire Project, with particularly hot spots identified at ch. 30600 (Pipers Creek) and ch. 33600 (Maria River State Forest; Lewis 2013c). The frog hygiene protocol, as described in the Construction Flora and Fauna Management Sub-Plan (FFMP) of the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP), was applied during all frog surveys.

.

i. Giant Barred Frog

Surveys for Giant Barred Frog were conducted on two separate occasions with the first of these comprising some additional pre construction surveys at Barrys Creek and Stumpy Creek in spring 2014. The second round of surveys were performed immediately prior to clearing with the first survey performed on the evening before the Giant Barred Frog exclusion fencing was installed. Once this fencing had been installed in accordance with the Giant Barred Frog management strategy (Lewis 2013b), two further nocturnal surveys were performed on non-consecutive nights within 5 days of clearing operations commencing. The sporadic nature of clearing within these areas resulted in numerous Giant Barred Frog surveys (i.e. >20 surveys) being conducted at Smiths and Pipers Creek habitat areas meant the areas were sampled on multiple occasions. This also included surveys after flooding had washed out portions of the frog fence.

Daytime or diurnal surveys were performed within the exclusion areas identified for clearing, as well as where the frog exclusion fence was to be installed. This type of survey involved an active search of the leaf litter, splitting and rolling logs, and extensive searching beneath and around *Lomandra longifolia* clumps. These surveys occurred prior to each scheduled clearing event or where floods had breached and removed the frog fence, the whole process was repeated. Clearing within the identified Giant Barred Frog habitat areas was supervised by an ecologist whom periodically inspected the clearing front and clumps of vegetation removed. This procedure was generally tool boxed with the clearing contractor and site works foreman. In areas of dense ground cover, such as Native Grape (*Cissus antartica*), Lomandra and *Lantana camara*, operators were asked to remove small patches of ground cover to enable systematic inspection of patches as clearing progressed.

Captured frogs were housed individually in clip-seal plastic bags, with a small amount of leaf litter and water. Data collected on each captured frog included: sex, snout-vent length and breeding condition before being micro chipped and released a short distance beyond the frog exclusion fence, still within the area of known frog habitat.



Any dewatering works in Giant Barred Frog habitat involved the dip-netting of tadpoles, particularly at Smiths Creek and Pipers Creek where temporary rock platforms were constructed within the main channel.

ii. Green-thighed Frog

Targeted surveys for Green-thighed Frog occurred as part of the nocturnal pre-clearing surveys. Typically, this involved spotlighting the ground cover during pre-clear surveys performed either just prior to sunrise or on the evening before. Some surveys also coincided with heavy rainfall, however, such rainfall events normally resulted in substantive delays to clearing operations but were useful in identifying additional breeding habitat and identified areas where spawn, tadpoles or metamorphs would require relocation (Plate 2-2).



Plate 2-2. Example of a flooded depression (ch. 32600) that was subject to targeted surveys for Green-thighed Frogs.

Active searches were also performed for Green-thighed Frog in accordance with the approved management strategy (Lewis 2013c). Within areas of identified Green-thighed Frog habitat, active searches using a rake or wrecking bar were performed at a rate of 15 minutes per hectare of habitat. Similar to the Giant Barred Frog habitat areas, an ecologist supervised all of the clearing in mapped Green- thighed Frog habitat. In some areas, particularly the southern end of Maria State Forest, more than 20 active surveys were performed due to the sporadic nature of clearing.

Captured frogs were housed individually in clip-seal plastic bags, with a small amount of leaf litter and water. Data



collected on each captured frog included: sex, snout-vent length and breeding condition before being released a short distance beyond the frog exclusion fence, still within the area of known frog habitat.

2.1.3 Micro Bats

Most of the 21 structures identified in the Microbat Management Strategy (MMS) (Lewis 2013d) as containing known or potential habitat were inspected and excluded for microbats between the 14 and 30 September 2014. Maria River Bridge and south bound Stumpy Creek bridge were not subject to exclusion works as no substantive works were planned for these structures. For the remaining 19 structures, the exclusion method proposed in the MMS was adopted. Once both the south and northbound carriageways had been completed, 21 existing but redundant culverts were identified for grout filling in August 2016. All 21 of these were subjected to the exclusion process outlined in the MMS during the field works undertaken between 14 and 17 September 2016. Some house and shed demolition works were also supervised during their dismantling for signs of micro bats (Plate 2-3).



Plate 2-3. House being dismantled near Rodeo Drive was subject to micro bat inspections and works supervision.

Culverts were accessed in the early evening between 1800 and 2000 hours to determine if bats had departed for the evening. Sites containing bats were initially inspected to confirm that all individuals had left the roost. All known and potential roost sites were then excluded by inserting expandable foam into crevices and lifting lugs. On the following day, culverts were inspected to look for roosting microbats and to check the exclusion material. A further inspection occurred the following day to assess microbat presence, roost location and exclusion material. Nest boxes installed in habitat adjoining each culvert were inspected as part of quarterly monitoring surveys (i.e. Lewis 2014b,c; 2015a,b,c) with all of the boxes installed by RMS approximately 6 to 9 months prior to clearing.



2.1.4 Habitat Tree Inspections

Generally, habitat trees were left *in-situ* for a minimum of 48 hours (2 nights) after surrounding vegetation had been cleared. In some instances, the retention period was longer due to inclement weather, equipment breakdown or clearing logistics. At other times, safety requirements associated with retaining isolated trees from a newly formed clearing front adjoining the highway necessitated their removal sooner. As a general rule, the ecologist was involved in this decision making process and the EPA informed of the situation and the action proposed.

The majority of HBTs were felled using a harvester or, in the case of very large trees, a combination of harvester and a bulldozer (Plate 2-4). A small number of trees, mainly in difficult to access areas were felled using a chainsaw. Examples of this occurred around some of the creek lines (i.e. Pipers Creek and Smiths Creek), close to the existing highway or services. The JV obtained approval from EPA prior to using hand-held chainsaws to fell any HBTs.



Plate 2-4. Clearing of habitat tree using harvester and dozer at ch. 33100.

In most cases, trees were felled with the root ball intact so as to act like a pendulum in slowing the rate of fall. The ability to control the fall of HBTs was dependent on operator skill, machine size and tree size. Many trees were too large to be control felled as the two harvesters were approximately 30-35 ton in size.

The initial inspection of tree hollows focused on the most visible ones and these were quickly inspected before a more thorough investigation of the felled tree. As a general rule, HBTs were felled in a manner to avoid direct impact of the hollow and ideally away from windrows, uneven ground and the limit of clearing. All hollows were inspected with a torch



to illuminate the cavity. At times, limbs were cross-cut with a chainsaw to enable closer inspection, particularly trunk hollows. As a consequence, inspections times varied depending on size of tree, number of hollows and overall complexity or difficulty in thoroughly checking them. In general, it ranged from as little as a minute through to 15-20 minutes for larger more difficult trees. Information collected on each HBT included:

- Type of tree;
- Hollow type (limb, trunk);
- Hollow size (small <50mm; medium 50-150mm, large 150-300mm) including estimated depth;
- Fauna species found and the number of individuals present;
- Fate of captured fauna including any injuries; and
- Evidence of previous use. This was based on the following features:
 - Wear or chew marks at the hollow entrance:
 - · Leaf nests: and
 - Feathers, scats, fur, eggs or egg shell;

The shape and size of nesting material, the size of the entrance hole, type of tree and animal signs (i.e. fur, feathers, scats) were used to determine which species might have used the hollow.

In instances where fauna were detected in hollows, they were either left in the hollow (by temporarily sealing openings) or captured and placed in cotton bags or a carry cage. Frogs were housed individually in plastic clip-seal bags with a small amount of water and leaf litter. Hollows containing fauna were typically plugged with a cotton bag and placed between the Limit of Clearing (LoC) and the project boundary. Fauna were only left *in-situ* if they were uninjured, if the tree could be left undisturbed and if there was minimal activity nearby. Hollows were unplugged at dusk and re- inspected the following morning. In cases where there was no adjoining forest or animal/s were suspected of being injured a saw was used to trim retained sections of tree to enable extraction of fauna. Captured fauna and occupied hollows were placed into the adjoining forest, or the closest area of suitable forest (i.e. appropriate area and habitat type for the subject species) within 100m of the LoC boundary. All gliders that exited hollows were transferred to nest boxes, which were installed temporarily in habitat near the point of capture. In some instances, particularly for Feathertail Gliders, exfoliating bark was used as a suitable relocation point. Reptiles were typically placed at fallen ground logs, in dense ground cover or beneath decorticating bark that was thought to provide adequate refuge. Frogs were released on drainage lines or at dams within the same catchment from which they were captured. The maximum distance between point of capture and point of release was 100m and most individuals were released immediately adjacent to their point of capture (i.e. <50m).

2.1.5 Koala Management

Koala were managed in accordance with the procedures outlined in the Flora and Fauna Management Plan (FFMP; McConnell Dowell – OHL Joint Venture 2014). Essentially, the Project Ecologist performed a series of pre-clearing surveys which included predawn spotlighting of the forecast clearing area and this was followed up with a visual search of



that area immediately prior to and during the clearing. In instances where Koala was found, the area was excluded from all day works and a 100 m exclusion zone established until the individual left of its own accord. This approach addressed the following Flora and Fauna Commitments and Conditions of Approval:

Minimise impacts on native fauna during construction. F12 A suitably qualified ecologist will undertake preclearance surveys. Searches will include nests and large hollow-bearing trees and target habitats of hollow-dwelling species, koalas and frogs. Fauna species found in pre-clearance surveys will be relocated to suitable habitat as close as possible to the area in which they were found.

CoA 2 (d) A detailed description of the pre-clearance surveys to be undertaken by a suitably qualified expert within all areas proposed for disturbance, including: hollow bearing trees, logs, existing culverts and bridges, no earlier than 48 hours prior to the removal of vegetation occurring in that area to ensure that the area is free of the Koala, Giant-Barred Frog, Grey-headed Flying-fox and Spotted-tail Quoll.

(e) Measures to relocate and/or ensure the appropriate care of individuals of the Koala, Giant-Barred Frog, Grey-headed Flying-fox and Spotted-tail Quoll that are identified during searches referred to in condition 2d;

Wildlife Protection FF22 Should clearing activities coincide with the Koala breeding season (September to February), specific measures identified in the Pre-clearing checklist/Fauna Handling and Rescue Procedure will be followed.

2.1.6 Cane Toad (Bufo marinus) Surveys

Cane Toad monitoring surveys were performed in February and March of 2015 between Kundabung Interchange (ch.29300) and Pipers Creek (ch.30600) with particular attention around the Kundabung Rest Area (ch. 29800E). Weekly surveys were performed following the detection of a single toad at the rest area on the 10 February 2015. This involved call broadcast and visual search of waterbodies including construction basins so that any population could be identified and managed.

2.1.7 Road Kill Monitoring

Road kill monitoring was performed in two ways. Firstly, as a weekly survey within four weeks of the clearing operations commencing with the first of these surveys performed on the 27 October 2014. During these surveys, the entire alignment was driven at speeds of usually 60-80 kmph shortly after dawn and all road kill wildlife were recorded and their location chainage noted. The second stage of road kill monitoring was performed during the clearing phase with the live carriageway surveyed each morning shortly after dawn within 250 m of the clearing front. This monitoring continued for up to 30 days after the clearing operation has ceased. A total of 232 surveys were performed in this way, commencing on the 18 November 2014 to 10 February 2017.

2.2 Aquatic Fauna

Prior to reclaiming dams, establishing temporary water crossings and constructing construction pads in watercourses the following aquatic fauna rescue procedure was implemented:

1. Waterbody identified with construction for reclamation;



- 2. Release point for captures identified. This was often the closest water source or within the same small sub catchment;
- 3. Waterbody pumped using either water carts (staggered dewatering) or a 2-6 inch pump was used to pump water and/or redivert;
- 4. Water pumped to <1 m in depth;
- 5. A dip net was used to catch aquatic vertebrates (i.e. fish, eels, turtles and tadpoles) over the next few hours and occasionally on the following day;
- 6. Vertebrates were temporarily housed into group specific aquaria. For example, small fish were not housed with eels; tadpoles were housed in separate aquaria;
- 7. Transported to the release point; and
- 8. Place aquaria in recipient water body and introduce small volumes of water to assist in acclimatising until such a time the aquaria could be emptied into the recipient site.

Twenty-nine water bodies were subject to this process including Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Stumpy Creek. Maria River was not subject to any aquatic fauna rescue given no construction works were planned to impact on the stream channel

2.3 Threatened Flora

Searches for threatened flora, recorded in, or predicted to occur in, the study area were conducted during the G40 surveys and as part of each pre-clearing survey. Species listed in the FFMP were targeted (Table 2-1).

Table 2-1. Threatened or otherwise significant plant species.

Scientific name	Common name	EPBC Act	TSC Act	Occurrence
Acronychia littoralis	Scented acronychia	Endangered	Endangered	Potential
Arthraxon hispidus	Hairy-joint Grass	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Potential
Maundia triglochinoides	Maundia	-	Vulnerable	Recorded from Barrys Creek (Mingaletta during surveys in 2012)
Melaleuca biconvexa	Biconvex Paperbark	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Potential
Parsonsia dorrigoensis	Milky Silkpod	Endangered	Vulnerable	Potential
Phaius australis	Southern Swamp Orchid	Endangered	Endangered	Potential
Phaius tankervilleae	Swamp Orchid	Endangered	Endangered	Potential



3.0 RESULTS

3.1 Native Plant Communities

Seven native plant community types were impacted by the clearing operations (Table 3-1). The main plant community types impacted were the Moist Slopes Forest (45.53 ha), Dry Ridgetop Forest (18.26 ha), Moist Gully Forest (10.36 ha) and Moist Floodplain Forest (8.47 ha). No new plant community types were recorded nor impacted by the clearing operations.

Table 3-1. Summary of native plant community types removed by the K2K Upgrade.

Native Plant Community Type	Area (ha)
Sub-Tropical Coastal Floodplain Forest EEC	
Moist Floodplain Closed Forest with Rainforest Elements	0.07
Riparian Forest	5.90
Swamp Sclerophyll Forest EEC	
Paperbark Swamp Forest	0.56
Swamp Mahogany/Forest Red Gum Swamp Forest	0.00
Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest EEC	
Swamp Oak Forest	0.00
Freshwater Wetland EEC	
Freshwater Wetland	0.00
Other	
Moist Floodplain Forest	8.47
Moist Gully Forest	10.36
Moist Slopes Forest	45.53
Dry Ridgetop Forest	18.25
Mangroves and Seagrass	0.00
Total	89.15

3.2 Threatened Flora

Between the 18 November 2014 and the 21 May 2018, 427 pre-clearing surveys were undertaken (Appendix A). The only threatened plant recorded during this time was a population of Maundia (*Maundia triglochinoides*) recorded 30 m downstream of Barrys Creek and the Mingaletta Road deviation works - ch. 25400 (Plate 3-1). Cursory monitoring of this population found it to remain approximately 30 m downstream of the proposed Mingaletta Road where it maintained a size of 100 m². This species was not recorded during the Environmental Assessment for the Oxley Highway to Kempsey Upgrade (GHD 2010) but was predicted to occur based on habitat.





Plate 3-1 Maundia (Maundia triglochinoides) recorded during preclear surveys downstream of chainage 25400.

3.3 Terrestrial Fauna

3.3.1 Pre-clearing Surveys

Between the 18 November 2014 and the 21 May 2018, 427 pre-clearing surveys were undertaken (Appendix A). During these surveys, 61 species (birds excluded) were recorded and comprised 16 species of frog, 19 species of reptile and 26 species of mammal (Table 3-2; Plate 3-2). Thirty-two species (52%) comprising 432 individuals were captured and relocated during the pre-clearing surveys including multiple captures of the threatened Giant barred Frog and Greenthighed Frog (see Section 3-3-3).





Plate 3-2. Examples of fauna captured during pre-clearing predawn surveys; Leaf-tailed Gecko (*Saltuarius moritzi*) from ch. 32950 and Perons Tree Frog (*Litoria peronii*) from Pipers Creek (30600).

Table 3-2: Species of vertebrate captured or recorded during pre-clearing, active frog searches, HBT removal and incidental records as part of the Kundabung to Kempsey.

- v = Listed as vulnerable by the NSW *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.
- e = Listed as endangered under the NSW *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.
- * = Exotic or introduced species
- $\sqrt{\ }$ = denotes detection.

Species Name	Common Name	Pre-clearing Survey	Microbat Exclusion	Frog Surveys	Incidentals	HBT Removal	General Clearing Supervision	Aquatic Surveys/ Dewatering
Frogs								
Adelotis brevis	Tusked Frog	√		√				
Bufo marinus*	Cane Toad*				V			
Crinia signifera	Common Froglet	√		√	V		√	√
Limnodynastes peroni	Striped Marsh Frog	√		√	V		√	√
Limnodynastes tasmaniensis	Spotted Marsh Frog	√		√				
Litoria brevipalmata ^v	Green-thighed Frog ^v	√		√			√	√
Litoria caerulea	Common Green Tree Frog	√		√		\checkmark		
Litoria dentata	Bleating Tree Frog	√		√		\checkmark		V
Litoria fallax	Eastern Dwarf Tree Frog	√		√	V		V	V
Litoria gracilenta	Graceful Tree Frog	√		√		$\sqrt{}$		
Litoria latopalmata	Broad-palmed Frog	V		√			V	V
Litoria nasuta	Striped Rocket Frog	√		√			V	
Litoria peronii	Peron's Tree Frog	√		√		\checkmark		
Litoria wilcoxii	Stony Creek Frog	√		√				
Mixophyes fasciolatus	Great Barred Frog	V		V				
Mixophyes iteratuse	Giant Barred Froge	√		√				
Pseudophryne coriacea	Red-backed Toadlet	√		√				



Species Name	Common Name	Pre-clearing Survey	Microbat Exclusion	Frog Surveys	Incidentals	HBT Removal	General Clearing Supervision	Aquatic Surveys/ Dewatering
Uperoleia laevigata	Smooth Toadlet				\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	
Reptiles								
Amphibolurus muricatus	Jacky Lizard				\checkmark		V	
Cacophis krefftii	Dwarf Crowned Snake	√					V	
Calyptotis ruficauda	Red-tailed Calyptotis	√					√	
Chelodina longicollis	Snake-necked Turtle				√			√
Cryptophis nigrescens	Eastern Small-eyed Snake	√		√		√		
Ctenotus rubusta	Striped Skink	√					√	
Dendrelaphis punctulata	Common Green Tree Snake	√				√		
Egernia mcpheei	Eastern Crevice Skink	√				√		
Emydura macquarii	Murray River Turtle							V
Eulamprus tenuis	Bar-sided Skink	√				√		
Hemiaspis signata	Black-bellied Swamp Snake	√					√	
Hemisphaeriodon gerrardii	Pink Tongue Lizard					√		
Hoplocephalus stephensi ^v	Stephens Banded Snake v					√		
Intellagama lesueurii	Eastern Water Dragon	√	V	√	\checkmark		√	V
Lampropholis delicata	Garden Skink	√			√		√	
Morelia spilota	Diamond Python	√				√		
Pogona barbata	Common Bearded Dragon	√			√		√	
Pseudechis porphyriacus	Red-bellied Black Snake				√		√	
Pseudonaja textilis	Eastern Brown Snake	√						
Ramphotyphlops nigrescens	Blackish Blind Snake	V			V	√		



Species Name	Common Name	Pre-clearing Survey	Microbat Exclusion	Frog Surveys	Incidentals	HBT Removal	General Clearing Supervision	Aquatic Surveys/ Dewatering
Saltuarius moritzi	Moritz's Leaf-tailed Gecko	\checkmark				$\sqrt{}$		
Tiliqua scincoides	Eastern Blue Tongue Lizard	√					√	V
Varanus varius	Lace Monitor	√				√		
Mammals								
Acrobates pygmaeus	Feather-tail Glider	√				V		
Antechinus stuartii	Brown Antechinus	\checkmark	V			√		
Felis catus *	Feral Cat *	√						
Isoodon macrourus	Northern Brown Bandicoot	\checkmark					√	
Lepus europaeus *	European Hare *	\checkmark			V		√	
Macropus giganteus	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	√			√			
Macropus rufogriseus	Red-necked Wallaby	√			√		√	
Miniopterus australis ^v	Little Bent-wing Bat ^v	√	V					
Miniopterus schreibersii ^v	Eastern Bent-wing Bat ^v	√	V					
Mus musculus *	House Mouse *	V					√	
Myotis macropus ^v	Southern Myotis ^v	√	V				√	
Oryctolagus cuniculus *	European Rabbit *	√			√			
Perameles nasuta	Long-nosed Bandicoot	√						
Petauroides volans	Greater Glider	√						
Petaurus australis ^v	Yellow-bellied Glider v	√						
Petaurus breviceps	Sugar Glider	\checkmark				V		
Phascolarctos cinereus v	Koala ^v	√						
Pseudocheirus peregrinus	Common Ringtail Possum	√				√		
Pteropus poliocephalus v	Grey-headed Flying Fox v	√						
Rattus fuscipes	Bush Rat	√				√		
Rattus *	Black Rat *	√			V		√	



Species Name	Common Name	Pre-clearing Survey	Microbat Exclusion	Frog Surveys	Incidentals	HBT Removal	General Clearing Supervision	Aquatic Surveys/ Dewatering
Sminthopsis murina	Common Dunnart	V						
Trichosurus vulpecula	Common Brushtail Possum	V			$\sqrt{}$	V		
Vespadelus spp.	Forest Bat	√						
Vespadelus vulturnus	Little Forest Bat					√		
Vulpes vulpes *	Red Fox *	V						
Wallabia bicolor	Swamp Wallaby	V			√		√	
Birds								
Accipiter novaehollandiae	Grey Goshawk	V						
Aegotheles cristatus	Australian Owlet Nightjar	V				V		
Ephippiorhynchus asiaticuse	Black-necked Stork e						√	
Lophoictinia isura v	Square-tailed Kite v	√					√	
Ninox boobook	Southern Boobook	V						
Oriolus sagittatus	Olive-backed Oriole	V						
Philemon corniculatus	Noisy Friarbird	V					√	
Podargus strigoides	Tawny Frogmouth	V					√	
Tyto tenebricosa v	Sooty Owl v	V						
Daphoenositta chrysoptera v	Varied Sitella v	V			√		√	
Calyptorhynchus lathami v	Glossy Black Cockatoo v	V						
Glossopsitta pusilla v	Little Lorikeet ^v	V			V			



3.3.2 Threatened Fauna

Twelve threatened fauna species were recorded during the clearing phase (Table 3-2). They include two species of frog, one species of reptile and three species of mammal and six species of bird. All species are listed on the NSW *Threatened Species Conservation* Act 1995 (TSC Act) and three are currently listed on the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation* Act 1999 (EPBC Act; Table 3-2).

Giant Barred Frog was recorded at Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Maria River (Table 3-3). All three sites were previously identified as containing populations outlined in the Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013b). Green-thighed Frog was recorded from three main locations associated with Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Maria River State Forest (Table 3-3). Most of these locations were previously documented in the Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013c). More detail is provided below in Section 3.3.

Stephens Banded Snake was recorded during the clearing of habitat trees in Maria River State Forest (ch. 34975; Table 3-3; Plate 3-3). The habitat tree was a senescent Pink Bloodwood (*Corymbia intermedia*) with a height of 19 m and a dbh



(diameter at breast height) of 650 mm. The individual was found during a visual inspection of a trunk hollow that had an entrance diameter of 350 mm and a depth of 250 mm with an estimated height above ground of approximately 8 m.

Plate 3-3. Stephens Banded Snake retained in catch bag prior to release at ch.34975E.

Habitat in this area was mapped as Moist

Slopes Forest in the Environmental Assessment (GHD 2010; Plate 3-4). The overstorey features Pink Bloodwood, White Stringybark, Tallowwood and Coastal Blackbutt with a somewhat dense low and mid stratum of Turpentine and Paperbark on the lower slope and along the drainage line with increasing amount of *Allocasuarina* on the lower slope. The drainage line is an unnamed tributary of Maria River and habitat fitting the above description extends for hundreds of meters in either direction. The areas was mapped in the Nest Box Plan of Management as containing numerous hollow bearing trees, an artefact of its southern aspect and its close location to the existing Pacific Highway carriageway probably has created a retained buffer from past timber harvesting operations.



The Environmental Assessment (GHD 2010) had considered the potential effects of the Proposal on this species and its habitat in accordance to Appendix 3 of the *Draft Guidelines for Threatened Species Assessment* under Part 3A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (DEC & DPI 2005), however, it had discounted the species' likelihood as marginal noting "if this species does occur, the widening of the road corridor would increase the fragmentation of Stephens' banded snake habitat within the study area and potentially increase the risk of road death". Based on this information the species has not been considered in the in the JV CEMP, or more specifically, the FFMP. This FFMP did however, have an "unexpected finds procedure" and this was implemented.



Plate 3-4. Clearing operations at the time of the unexpected Stephens Banded Snake find.

Yellow-bellied Glider was recorded on one occasion (16th July 2015) when an individual was spotlighted in the riparian zone of Maria River (ch. 36950; Table 3-3). Individuals have been recorded using nest boxes in this area adjacent to the clearing corridor (Lewis 2017). Grey-headed Flying Fox was recorded during 14 pre-clearing surveys and sporadically across the project, spanning from Mingaletta (ch.25000) north to Maria River (ch. 37000; Appendix A). No flying fox camps were recorded during the clearing works and similarly no road kills were attributed to the clearing works.

Three species of threatened microchiropteran bat were recorded during the pre clear and associated clearing operations (Table 3-3). Little Bent-wing Bat was recorded from a number of culvert and bridge structures with 386 individuals recorded between Mingaletta and Maria River (Plate 3-5). This included three culverts located between Mobbs Drive and



Upper Smiths Creek Road that required grouting. Eastern Bent-wing Bat was recorded from Maria River Bridge with at least three individuals confirmed (Table 3-3). Southern Myotis was recorded from Pipers Creek where two individuals were observed using an old swallow or martin nest on the headstock of the bridge (Table 3-3).

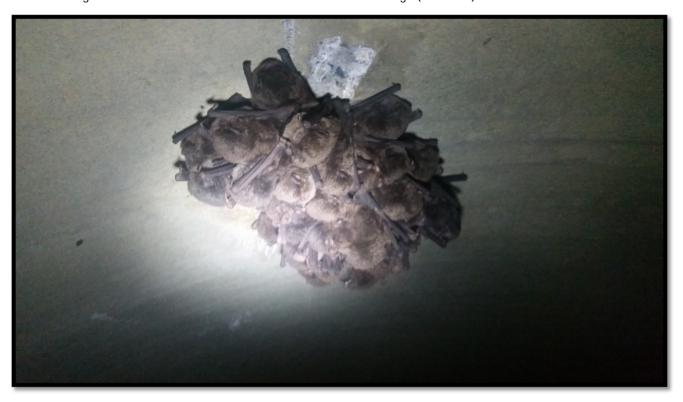


Plate 3-5. Little Bent-wing Bats recorded from culverts at Mingaletta.



Koala was recorded on a single occasion during a preclear survey between Railway Dam Road and Maria River on the 13 July 2015 (ch.30675; Plate 3-6; Table 3-3). In accordance with the CEMP and specifically the FFMP, a 100 m exclusion zone was established. The adult female remained in a mid storey Coastal Blackbutt for the day before dispersing in an easterly direction that evening. Koala was not encountered again during the preclear surveys or as part of clearing supervision works. There were however, two additional Koala records with one individual crossing the Old Pacific Highway carriageway (ch. 25200) that was being used as a haul road in late winter 2016 and another individual near Barrys Creek (24100) reported in 2017. None of these were injured.

Plate 3-6. Koala recorded during predawn spotlighting between Railway Dam Road and Maria River.



The six threatened birds were not captured but rather recorded via direct observations or their calls during pre clear or clearing supervision surveys (Table 3-3). An adult Black-necked Stork was recorded repeatedly soaring above the clearing front during works associated with Kemps Road bus bay in November 2017 (Ch.37300). Square-tailed Kite was repeatedly recorded around Wharf and Upper Smiths Creek Road (27200-27500). Sooty Owl was recorded calling on the 24 February 2015 during predawn spotlighting surveys in the southern part of Maria River State Forest (Ch. 33150-33360). Road kill specimens have been previously recorded in this area indicating the moist forested gullies provide important foraging and dispersal habitat. Little Lorikeets were regularly recorded traversing above the canopy in winter and spring. Most of these observations comprised between 2-10 individuals as they rapidly flew over the canopy of vegetation in the clearing footprint as opposed to foraging within it (Table 3-3). Glossy Black Cockatoo were recorded on a number of occasions totalling 17 individuals in the southern end of Maria River State Forest where the optic fibre corridor required realignment (Table 3-3). This species was not encountered during the clearing operations but rather during habitat searches and morning preclearing checks. Varied Sitella was regularly observed and heard as small foraging parties of approximately 4-10 individuals moved through and adjacent to the clearing fronts. The most notable areas being; Barrys Creek to Mingaletta Road; Pipers Creek and Maria River State Forest between ch. 32600 to 36000 (Table 3-3).



Table 3-3: Summary of threatened species recorded during and immediately after the clearing phase of K2K.

V = vulnerable, E = endangered.

Species Name	Common Name	Status		No. Individuals; No. Sites; Comments
		NSW	C'Wealth	
Reptiles				
Hoplocephalus stephensii	Stephens Banded Snake	V		One individual from ch. 34975 mapped as Moist Slopes Forest in the Environmental Assessment (GHD 2010).
Frogs				
Litoria brevipalmata	Green-thighed Frog	V		94 individuals from three main areas: Smiths Creek (28000-28400); Pipers Creek (30200-31000) and Maria River State Forest (32600-34000).
Mixophyes iteratus	Giant Barred Frog	E	Е	Nine individuals from Pipers Creek and Smiths Creek. Individuals recorded from Maria River were outside clearing limits and not captured.
Mammals				
Pteropus poliocephalus	Grey-headed Flying-fox	V	V	15 individuals from scattered locations between Mingaletta and Maria River. No flying fox camps recorded and no kills were attributed to construction works.
Miniopterus australis	Little Bent-wing Bat	V		386 Individuals recorded at the following structures; Culvert 599031, 599035, 599036, 599039 and Maria River Bridge. Also recorded from interim or redundant culverts requiring grouting at Ch. 25800, 26740 and 26850.
Miniopterus schreibersii	Eastern Bent-wing Bat	V		At least three individuals confirmed at Maria River Bridge.
Myotis macropus	Southern Myotis	V		Two individuals recorded from Pipers Creek during predawn and dawn related surveys around Pipers Creek bridge
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V		One female recorded from Railway Dam Road on the 13 th July 2015. Exclusion zone implemented and the individual left of its own accord the following evening.
Petaurus australis	Yellow-bellied Glider	V		One individual recorded during spotlight surveys from Pipers Creek in May 2015 and from Maria River in July 2015. No individuals recorded from tree hollows.
Birds				
Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus	Black-necked Stork	E		Individual soaring over Kemps Road repeatedly in November 2017.
Lophoictinia isura	Square-tailed Kite	V		Individual often observed soaring around Upper Smiths Creek Road and Wharf Road in 2014-2015.
Tyto tenebricosa	Sooty Owl	V		One individual recorded near the site calling at the 24th February in southern part of Maria River State Forest – Ch. 33150-33360.
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little Lorikeet	V		Small groups of 2-10 individuals regularly observed in rapid flight over the Project.
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy Black Cockatoo	V		17 individuals at three sites in Maria River State Forest
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied Sitella	V		Recorded regularly as small foraging parties of approximately 4-10 individuals, sometimes in mixed feeding flocks. Most notable areas being: Barrys Creek to Mingaletta Road; Pipers Creek Maria River State Forest from 32600 to 36000



3.3.3 Threatened Frog Surveys

Threatened frog surveys recorded two species, the Giant Barred Frog and the Green-thighed Frog.

i. Giant Barred Frog

Giant Barred Frog was recorded at Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Maria River (Table 3-3). All three sites were previously identified as containing populations outlined in the Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013b). The frogs recorded at Maria River were adjacent to the clearing works and consequently, they were not captured. No Giant Barred Frogs were recorded at Barrys Creek or Stumpy Creek which had been identified as "moderate" suitability in the Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy (Lewis 2013b).

In total, nine Giant Barred Frogs were captured during pre-clearing surveys with seven individuals from Smiths Creek and two individuals from Pipers Creek (Table 3-4). All of the captured adult frogs were identified as males. At Smiths Creek, two sub adults and a juvenile were captured during surveys performed in late autumn and mid winter (Table 3-4; Plate 3-7). Tadpoles suspected as being those of the Giant Barred Frog were captured and relocated at Pipers Creek. No Giant Barred Frog tadpoles were recorded during dewatering or aquatic rescue works at Barrys Creek, Smiths Creek and Stumpy Creek. No dewatering was performed at Maria River as the twin bridges had been constructed and only some minor works associated with bridge deck and cleaning of the concrete were performed.



Plate 3-7. Sub adult Giant Barred Frog (Mixophyes iteratus) captured during "winter" surveys at Smiths Creek (Ch. 28200).



Table 3-4. Summary of the Giant Barred Frog surveys conducted during the clearing phase of the K2K upgrade.

Table 3-4.	Summary of	the Giant Barr		veys conduct	ea auring i	ne cieari	ng pnase (or the K2K up	ograde.
Site name	Date	Chainage	Giant Barred Frog Recorded (Yes/No)	Microchip No.	Swab No. (Chytrid)	Length (mm)	Weight (g)	Sex (M/F/U)	Relocation Point
Barrys Creek	12-Nov-14	24400-25400	No						
Barrys Creek	14-Nov-14	24400-25400	No						
Pipers Creek	3-Feb-15	30450-30650	No						
Pipers Creek	3-Feb-15	30650-30850	No						
Pipers Creek	4-Feb-15	30650-30750	No						
Pipers Creek	5-Feb-15	30450-30650	No						
Pipers Creek	11-Feb-15	30600-31000	Yes	000735B461		72.5	40	Male	Relocated downstream
Pipers Creek	20-Feb-15	30600	No						
Pipers Creek	2-Mar-15	30600	Yes	00073576C1		80.5	45	Male	Relocated downstream
Pipers Creek	11-Mar-15	30600	No						
Pipers Creek	13-Mar-15	30600	No						
Pipers Creek	16-Mar-15	30600	No						
Pipers Creek	17-Mar-15	30600	No						
Pipers Creek	26-Mar-15	30600	No						
Pipers Creek	30-Mar-15	30600	No						
Pipers Creek	17-Feb-15	30600-31000	No						
Pipers Creek	18-Feb-15	30600-31000	No						
Pipers Creek	18-Feb-15	30600-31000	No						
Pipers Creek	5-Dec-15	30600	No						
Smiths Creek	7-Jan-15	28200	No						
Smiths Creek	19-Feb-15	28200-28400	Yes	0007357AA5	13912	71.5	39	Male	Relocated downstream
Smiths Creek	26-Feb-15	28250-28450	Yes	000735A09D	13912	69.5	33	Male	Relocated 200m down stream
Smiths Creek	9-Mar-15	28200	No						
Smiths Creek	31-Mar-15	28200	Yes	000735C497		64	39	Male (1st yr adult)	Relocated upstream
Smiths Creek	1-Apr-15	28200	Yes	0007359537	13G12	72	50	Male	
Smiths Creek	8-Apr-15	28200	No						
Smiths Creek	9-Apr-15	28200	No						Relocated upstream
Smiths Creek	18-May- 15	28200	Yes	0007356B6F		58	27	Sub adult	beyond frog fence
Smiths Creek	6-Jul-16	28300-28400	No						
Smiths Creek	17-Jul-16	28150-28300	No						
Smiths Creek	21-Jul-16	28150-28300	Yes	000735B9FF		39	15	Juvenile	Relocated upstream to just outside of temporary frog fence
Smiths Creek	21-Jul-16	28150-28300	Yes	0007357BBB		56	22	Sub adult	Relocated upstream to just outside of temporary frog fence



Site name	Date	Chainage	Giant Barred Frog Recorded (Yes/No)	Microchip No.	Swab No. (Chytrid)	Length (mm)	Weight (g)	Sex (M/F/U)	Relocation Point
	07- October-								
Smiths Creek	2016	28200-28300	No						
Smiths Creek	10-Apr-17	28200-28400	No						
Smiths Creek - Schedule Bridge Demolition	5-May-17	28100-28300	No						
Smiths Creek - Schedule Bridge Demolition	8-May-17	28100-28300	No						
Maria River	13-Jul-15	36900-37100	No						
Maria River	14-Jul-15	36900-37100	No						
Maria River	15-Jul-15	36900-37100	No						
Maria River	9-Aug-16	36900-37100	No						
Maria River	27-Jul-17	36900-37100	No						
Maria River	29-Jul-17	36900-37100	No						
Maria River	19-Oct-17	36900-37100	No						
Stumpy Creek	12-Nov-14	37800	No						
Stumpy Creek Basin Works	10-Jan-18	37800-37900	No						
Stumpy Creek Basin Works	11-Jan-18	37800-37900	No						
Stumpy Creek Bridge Access Clearing Works	18-Dec-17	37700-37800	No						

ii. Green-thighed Frog

Green-thighed Frog was recorded during 18 pre-clearing and/or clearing supervision surveys from three main locations described here as:

- adjacent to the riparian zone at Smiths Creek (ch. 28000-28600);
- Pipers Creek (30200-31000) and
- Southern half of Maria River State Forest (ch. 32600-34000; Table 3-5).

Pre-clearing surveys coincided with a number of breeding events and this eventuated in some areas being excluded from clearing until the tadpoles reached metamorphosis and could be captured and relocated as juveniles or froglets. This occurred at Pipers Creek north, close to where basin 30600E is now constructed, the Telstra services easement between ch. 30700-31000), 32600E where some compensatory frog ponds were constructed but not subject to monitoring, and at a number of small ephemeral drainages to the north between ch.32900-33400.

Pre-clearing and clearing supervision surveys captured and relocated 94 Green-thighed Frogs. This included both male and female adults as well as a number of juveniles or froglets (Plate 3-8). Dewatering at some of the ephemeral ponds yielded



both Green-thighed Frogs as froglets, metamorphs and tadpoles. These surveys typically recorded a number of other common frog fauna as adults, froglets and tadpoles including Tylers Tree Frog (*Litoria tyleri*), Perons Tree Frog (*Litoria peronii*), Eastern Sedge Frog (*Litoria fallax*), Broad-palmed Frog (*Litoria latopalmata*), Rocket Frog (*Litoria nasuta*) and Striped Marsh Frog (*Limnodynastes peroni*). Sixty tadpoles were also relocated from these breeding ponds with a number of these identified as Green-thighed Frog tadpoles.



Plate 3-8. Adult male Green-thighed Frog (*Litoria brevipalmata*) captured during targeted predawn spotlight surveys in Maria River State Forest (ch. 33600).

Table 3-5. Summary of surveys when Green-thighed Frogs were recorded.

		When order th		
Site/Area	Date	Chainage	No. Frogs	Details
				Froglets relocated to the west where most of calling and breeding
Smiths Creek	13-Mar-15	28050-28250	12	took place.
Southern side of Smiths				
Creek	27-Feb-15	28200-28250	1	Adult male relocated downstream.
Pipers Creek and north				
towards Fish Farm	17-Feb-15	30600-31000	1	Adult female relocated further to the east.
Pipers Creek and north				Metamorphs and juveniles captured around breeding pond identified
towards Fish Farm	26-Feb-15	30600-31000	10	for removal. Frogs relocated 200m downstream of Pipers Creek.
Pipers Creek and north				Adult females swabbed for chytrid. Frogs reloacted further to the
towards Fish Farm	27-Feb-15	30600-31050	2	east.
Pipers Creek and north				
towards Fish Farm	3-Feb-15	30650-30850	2	Adult males captured and relocated to the east
North of Pipers Creek	28-Feb-15	30650-31030	2	Adult females relocated to the east
Pipers Creek and north				
towards Fish Farm	5-Feb-15	30650-31650	1	Adult female captured and relocated.
				Metamorphs and juveniles captured around breeding pond identified
North of Pipers Creek	24-Feb-15	30800-30900	15	for removal. Frogs relocated 200m down stream of Pipers Creek.
				Metamorphs and juveniles captured around breeding pond identified
North of Pipers Creek	26-Feb-15	30800-30900	11	for removal. Frogs relocated 200m down stream of Pipers Creek.
				Metamorphs and juveniles captured around breeding pond identified
North of Pipers Creek	26-Feb-15	30800-30900	7	for removal. Frogs relocated 200m down stream of Pipers Creek.
				Froglets relocated downstream + 42 tadpoles with number of these
North of Pipers Creek	27-Feb-15	30800-30900	3	Litoria brevipalmata.
North of Pipers Creek	28-Feb-15	30800-30900	1	Adult male relocated to east. Also 18 tadpoles.



Site/Area	Date	Chainage	No. Frogs	Details
Southern end of Maria				
River State Forest	12-Mar-15	32600-32700	5	Froglets relocated upstream to the east.
Southern end of Maria				Calling and amplecting frogs - breeding along several flooded
River State Forest	20-Jan-15	32600-33300	18	drainage lines in groups of 2-7
Southern end of Maria				
River State Forest	16-Jan-15	32700-33200	1	Adult male from ch.33000. Relocated upslope to east.
Optic Fibre Corridor	3-Mar-15	32900-33400	1	Adult male relocated to the east.
Bloodwood rest area in				
Maria River State				
Forest	12-Jan-15	36300-37000	1	Adult female relocated to the east
			Total	94 + tadpoles

3.3.4 Cane Toad (Bufo marinus) Surveys

One adult Cane Toad (*Bufo marinus*) was recorded at the Kundabung Rest Area (ch. 29850) on the 10 February 2015 (Plate 3-9). Subsequent monitoring of this area and for several hundred metres (29300-30600) found no further toads. The toad was euthanised in accordance with Animal Care and Ethics Licence Number 07-8393.



Plate 3-9. Adult Cane Toad captured from Kundabung Rest Area on the 10 February (Photograph: Tim Yorston).

3.3.6 Microbat Exclusion

Microbat exclusion was performed in accordance with the approved Microbat Management Strategy (Lewis 2013d). Most of the culverts identified in the microbat management strategy were subject to roost exclusion works in mid and late September 2014 (Table 3-6). Pre-dusk inspections recorded a number of Little Bent-wing Bats using culverts around Barrys Creek (599031), Mingaletta (599035 + 599036) and further north towards Smiths Creek (599039). Apart from Culvert 599035 near Mobbs Drive, bats tended to disperse after the first night of exclusion works. At this culvert, more bats were observed than expected, so the exclusion took place in stages and this is why a number of bats remained in the some of the



outer joins and grab holes after the first night.

The installation of lay flat hose over the bridge scuppers at Pipers Creek and Smiths Creek proved effective at excluding bats whilst still allowing unimpeded drainage from the bridge deck. No bats were recorded using the scuppers during the exclusion process, this being attributed to the periodic rain around the time of the works which is thought to provide a deterrent. The only bat recorded at these two bridges was two Southern Myotis (*Myotis macropus*) using a disused Swallow nest at Pipers Creek. These two bats were recorded shortly after the felling of a large Sydney Blue Gum (*Eucalyptus salignus*) after the exclusion period and remained in the area over two days before dispersing of its own accord.

Table 3-6: Microbats recorded during exclusion of two culverts within the K2K project corridor.

Structure & Reference	16 th September 2014	17 th	23 rd Septemb	29th	30 th Septemb				
		Septemb er 2014	Septemb er 2014	Septemb er 2014	er 2014	Septemb er 2014	er 2014		
Culverts		01 2014	OI ZOIT	01 20 14	01 2014	01 2014	CI ZUIT		
599031	Little Bent-wing Bat x 2	No bats	No bats						
	using central pipe join								
599033 (Mingaletta)	Bat Scats only	No bats	No bats						
599035			No bats	No bats					
	Little Bent-wing Bat x 11	Little Bent-wing Bat x 3							
599036		No bats	No bats	No bats					
	Little Bent-wing Bat x 2								
Private Access Driveway		No bats	No bats						
(Mobbs Lane)	Bat scats only	N. I. (N. I. C						
599038	Bat Scats only	No bats	No bats						
599039	Little Bent-wing Bat x 2	No bats							
599041	Little Dent-Wing Dat X 2	INO Data		No bats	No bats				
599046				No bats	No bats				
599043 Smiths Creek		No bats		110 5010	110 5010				
Overflow	No bats								
599050						No bats	No bats		
599051						No bats	No bats		
599052 Kundabung	No bats	No bats							
Bridges									
Smiths Creek Bridge	No bats								
Pipers Creek Bridge	Southern Myotis x 2 * Scuppers were sealed in ** Some strategic removal bridge washing.			checks in 2017	7 as part of	No bats	No bats		
Maria River Bridge (South bound)	Little Bent-wing Bats x ~ 1: * No exclusion performed -				7 ahead of bri	dge washing.	•		
Maria River Bridge (North bound)	No exclusion required. No	construction w	orks. Periodio	c checks perfo	ormed.				
Maria River – Doolan Historic Bridge	No exclusion required. No	construction w	orks. Periodio	c checks perfo	ormed.				
Stumpy Creek (North bound)	Only minor works, checks	Only minor works, checks for signs of bats.							
Stumpy Creek (South bound)	No bats * No exclusion performed - bridge washing.	- just some str	ategic survey	s in early 201	7 ahead of	No bats	No bats		



Some additional microbat roost exclusions were required at culverts which had been constructed as part of the staged construction and were redundant structures in the final design. In all, 21 of these structures were identified and the roost exclusion procedures developed in the micro bat management strategy was implemented (Table 3-7). Little Bent-wing Bats were found inhabiting three of the structures, between ch. 25800 to 26850 in the southern zone. Close to 250 Little Bent-wing Bats were displaced from three culverts over a couple of nights. Nearby structures B11174, B11175 and 599038 provided the majority of alternative roost sites within a few hundred metres. Subsequent inspections of these structures found numbers of bats had in fact increased during the exclusion process indicating that some of the bats probably relocated to these structures.

Table 3-7. Microbat exclusion works performed at incidental structures identified for grout filling.

Approx Ch. of	Status of Culvert		15th September 2016	0 0	17 th September
Culvert					
Southern Zone	Factor discoverd Mant	NI. II.	N1. I I.		
24450	East end buried. West end covered in geofab. Culvert lies inside of full pavement reinstatement zone.	No bats	No bats		
24680	East end buried. West end covered in geofab. Culvert lies outside full pavement reinstatement zone by approx. 10m	No Bats	No Bats		
25050	Culvert extended at both ends. Currently used to handle drainage overflow from sed basin. Southbound lies under new pavement. Northbound is MA4 respray. Northbound rest stop exit in pavement reinstatement area.	No bats	No Bats		
25230	Both ends of culvert buried. 1/3 of line in full pavement reinstatement zone.	No bats	No Bats		
25470	Plywood dynabolted to western headwall to seal. 2/3 of line falls within the full pavement reinstatement zone	No bats	No Bats		
25800	East end buried under median. Bats living inside. Culvert lies inside full pavement reinstatement zone	~170 Little Bent-wing Bats. Individuals using joins and grabs holes throughout culvert.		No bats	No bats



Approx Ch. of Culvert	Status of Culvert	14th September 2016	15th September 2016	16 th September	17 th September
26740	Culvert through under new pavement. Culvert lies outside pavement reinstatement zone by approx. 10m		~70 Little Bent-wing Bats. Individuals using joins and grabs holes throughout culvert.	No bats	No bats
26850	East end of culvert buried under median. Culvert lies outside pavement reinstatement zone			~ 8 Little Bent-wing Bats. Using the central pipe joins in darker zone.	No bats
27470	Culvert through under new pavement. Culvert lies outside pavement reinstatement zone by approx. 15m			No bats	No bats
27980	East end of line buried in median. Culvert lies inside pavement reinstatement zone			No bats	No bats
28390	Culvert currently inaccessible. Culvert lies outside pavement reinstatement zone			No bats	No bats
Northern Zone		22 nd September 2016	23 rd September 2016	24 th September	
30000	Line buried. Culvert lies outside pavement reinstatement zone.	No bats	No bats		
30900	Culvert buried. Culvert lies inside pavement reinstatement zone	No bats	No bats		
30920	Requires checking. Culvert lies inside pavement reinstatement zone	No bats	No bats		
31850	Culvert buried. Culvert lies inside pavement reinstatement zone	No bats	No bats		
32320	Culvert buried. Culvert lies inside pavement reinstatement zone	No bats	No bats		
36540	West end buried in cutting. Culvert lies inside new pavement zone	No bats	No bats		
36560	Culvert buried in cutting. Culvert lies in new pavement zone	No bats	No bats		
36830	Culvert outlets to existing pits. Culvert in new pavement zone	No bats	No bats		
36900	Culverts lie inside new pavement zone		No bats	No bats	
37250	Requires checking. Culvert lies in new pavement zone		No bats	No bats	



3.4 Habitat Tree Removal

3.4.1 Habitat Resource Survey

Four hundred and fifty six (456) habitat trees were marked during the G40 habitat resource surveys (Lewis 2014). They included hollow-bearing Trees (HBTs) and trees containing nests and possum dreys. The number of trees marked up included those hollow bearing trees marked during the initial survey used to develop the Nest Box Plan of Management (Lewis 2013a). An additional 55 habitat trees were marked during pre-clear surveys due to changes in the clearing limits to facilitate temporary works or design changes. Together, this culminated in 511 trees identified with red and white hazard tape and a pink spray painted H (Plate 2-1).

3.4.2 Hollow Characteristics

During clearing, 303 habitat trees were inspected, of which 201 (66%) contained 728 functional hollows (Appendix A). Structurally, limb or branch hollows were more common than trunk hollows with 603 versus 125. Within the limb hollow category, small hollows were slightly more common (238) than medium ones (197). The most common trunk hollow size was small (67) followed by medium (32) and then large (26).

3.4.3 Hollow Characteristics

Two hundred and eight (208) non hollow bearing habitat trees were removed under ecological supervision. Of these, 57 contained nests comprising 19 stick nests (i.e. Corvid, Magpie) and 38 cup shaped nests (i.e. Passerines and honeyeaters, particularly Friarbirds) constructed of bark and leaves. One hundred and twelve (112) trees contained termitaria with visible cavities and 39 trees contained dreys constructed by Common Ringtail Possums.

3.4.4 Species Recorded in Habitat Trees

Fifty-six (56) habitat trees contained vertebrate fauna whilst a further 81 trees displayed evidence of use. When this was compared to the number of counted functional hollows, 137 or 27% of the 511 habitat trees were occupied or showed some form of evidence by vertebrate fauna.

A total of 107 individuals and 21 species were captured during HBT removal (Table 3-2; Appendix B). Species richness was comprised of seven mammals, 10 reptile (38%), one bird (15%) and three frog (11%) species. Commonly captured fauna included Feather-tail Glider (23 individuals), Sugar Glider (21 individual), Blackish Blind Snake (15 individuals), Carpet Python (8 individuals) and *Egernia mcpheii* (3 individuals). Less common species were Pink Tongued Lizard (2 individuals), Stephens Banded Snake (1 individual) and Little Forest Bat (1 individual).

Threatened species captured during the HBT removal was limited to the Stephens Banded Snake (1 individual). This species is currently listed as Vulnerable by the *Threatened Species Conservation (TSC) Act 1995*.



3.5 Habitat Redistribution

During the tree felling process, some of the higher quality tree hollows were removed from the tree or entire sections were relocated into adjacent habitat (Table 3-8; Plate 3-10). This occurred on 20 occasions over the entire extent of the Project, from Barrys Creek (ch. 24700) to Stumpy Creek (ch. 37800). Few relocations occurred in the middle reaches around Kundabung and Ravenswood dur to the adjacent areas being largely cleared lands. For example, the large Blue Gum stump removed from Pipers Creek was transported to ch.34450 to improve ground habitat cover for fauna. On a small number of occasions, some of these features were used as fauna furniture at fauna underpass structures to improve habitat values for ground dwelling and scansorial fauna. For example, ch.27500 near Wharf Road.

As part of the staged removal of non-habitat trees, some of the ground habitat logs identified for closer inspection were also salvaged and relocated to adjacent habitat. This occurred on 14 occasions, particularly in areas where the carriageway bisected state forest (i.e. Ballengarra State Forest and Maria River State Forest). A substantive fire in spring of 2016 burnt a number of these relocated habitat features (pers. obs).



Plate 3-10. Ground log marked up for clearing supervision and relocation.



Table 3-8. Summary of habitat redistribution during the K2K Upgrade.

Chainage	Side of	Feature	Comment
ŭ	Carriageway		
24700	East	Pink Bloodwood hollow sections relocated to the east	HBT 361 in Nest Box Plan of Management
24750	East	Ground log	Checked and relocated to beyond clearing limit.
24800	East	Large habitat tree	Large hollow sections relocated using harvester
24830	East	Large stag	Section relocated to the east. HBT365 in Nest Box Plan of Management
24850	East	Large White Mahogany with hollow sections salvaged	Hollow sections relocated to the east. HBT369 in Nest Box Plan of Management
24850	West	Weathered ground log	Relocated across slope to the west. Broke into a number of sections so relocated as a pile of smaller logs
24950	West	Large habitat tree	Large hollow sections relocated using harvester. HBT 373 in Nest Box Plan of Management
25080	East	Large fallen ground log	Relocated into Barrys Creek riparian zone
27450	West	Large habitat tree	Sections used as fauna furniture around egress
31100	West	Decayed trunk section with exfoliating bark	Used as ground habitat bordering riparian zone of Pipers Creek flood channel
32470	East	Some smaller hollow sections relocated to north	Large Small fruited Grey Gum (HBT460) in Nest Box Plan of Management.
			A number of Leaf-tailed Gecko (Saltuarius moritzii) captured in this
32800	East	Large ground log with deep fissures	area including this log.
32950	East	Large ground log	Relocated to the east or upslope
33350	East	Large Coastal Blackbutt directionally felled into area of least impact	Clearing in Telstra services corridor where tree canopy was wider than the approved easement. Directional felling to area of least impact under Project Ecologist supervision
33400	East	Large Coastal Blackbutt directionally felled into area of least impact	Clearing in Telstra services corridor where tree canopy was wider than the approved easement. Directional felling to area of least impact under Project Ecologist supervision
33500	East	Large Coastal Blackbutt directionally felled into area of least impact	Clearing in Telstra services corridor where tree canopy was wider than the approved easement. Directional felling to area of least impact under Project Ecologist supervision
33650	East	Hollow and large trunk sections of Pink Bloodwood	Used as ground habitat logs adjacent to Smiths Road
34450	East	Large Sydney Blue Gum stump from Pipers Creek (30600)	Relocated as ground habitat in Maria River State Forest
34550	West	Habitat tree/stag felled and left in situ	Weather stag left in situ as ground habitat HBT520 in Nest Box Plan – Tree with Stephens Banded Snake –
34820	East	Pink Bloodwood Habitat Tree	relocated to the east. HBT 529 in Nest Box Plan of Management – sections relocated to
35070	East	Stag	the east
35170	East	Tallowwood	HBT 535 south of Middlegate Road – sections relocated to the ear
35300	East	Ground habitat log	Moved further to the east.
35350	East	Ground habitat logs x 2	Checked and relocated to the east using harvester
35460	East	Ground habitat log	Broke up into number of section but relocated and piled up
35680	East	Ground habitat log	Checked and relocated to the east using harvester
35810	East	Ground habitat log	Checked and relocated to the east using harvester
			Relocated to western side – HBT575 in Nest Box Plan of
35930	East	Large stag	Management
36070	East	Ground habitat log	Checked and relocated to the east using harvester
36370	East	Ground habitat log	Checked and relocated to the east using harvester
36450	East	Large Small-fruited Grey Gum	HBT586 in Nest Box Plan – Hollow sections relocated
36575	East	Ground habitat logs x 2	Checked and relocated to the east using harvester
36800	West	Ironbark Stump - Hollow	Relocated as ground habitat with large hollow section suitable as an interim den site for Spotted-tailed Quoll.
37800	West	Large trunk section of Coastal Blackbutt	Relocated as sturdy ground habitat for fauna dispersing under the local service road bridge at Stumpy Creek



3.6 Construction Related Injuries and Mortality

3.6.1 Clearing Operations

Fifteen (15) individuals comprising eight species died during mainline clearing (Table 3-9, Appendix B). Nine of these individuals comprising four species (Brown Antechinus, Feathertail Glider, Eastern Forest Bat, Blackish Blind Snake) died from habitat tree removal whilst another five individuals comprising three species were found during general clearing operations (Plate 3-11). The eggs (2) from a Sacred Kingfisher nest were also destroyed as a result of the clearing operations.

The number of individuals attributed to the clearing operations represented 2.8% of terrestrial fauna relocated from the pre-clearing surveys and habitat tree removal. Most (65%) of the mortality was attributed to the HBT removal, particularly those larger trees for which the machinery on site could not lower to the ground, very weathered trees often referred to as "stags" that break apart during the felling, or inexperienced operators simply cutting and directionally felling as opposed to lowering the tree. Fourteen percent of mortalities were attributed to individuals found as road kill within 250 m of the clearing operations. The remaining mortality was attributed to general clearing operations.



Plate 3-11. Eastern Small-eyed Snake recorded during stage 1 clearing operations at ch. 26350 (north of Mobbs Drive).



Table 3-9: Fauna injuries and mortality during the clearing phase of the K2K Pacific Highway Upgrade.

Species & No.	Chainage	Location Description	Injuries	Cause of Death
Brown Antechinus (1 ad + 4 young)	25300	100 m south of Mingaletta Road	Crush injury during habitat tree removal	Habitat tree cut and pushed not lowered by the inexperienced operator.
Feather-tail Glider (1 young) – adult and two other young not injured	26100	Mobbs Drive area	Scratch on leg of one of the young during habitat tree removal	Seemed fine and released in leaf nest using short term placement of nest box
Sacred Kingfisher (two eggs)	26300	North of Mobbs Drive	Eggs cracked during habitat tree removal	Earlier stage of development
Eastern Small-eyed Snake	26350	North of Mobbs Drive	Crush injury during stage 1 habitat removal	Crush injury
Feather-tail Glider x 1 (ad)	29350	Kundabung Road North Side in Services Corridor	Crush injury during habitat tree removal	Manual fall of tree with chainsaw resulting in crush injury
Red-necked Wallaby x 1 (ad)	29670	Smiths Creek Road	Vehicle strike at clearing front	Hit by site work car leading up to clearing operations
Northern Brown Bandicoot x 1 (ad)	30900	Between Pipers Creek and Ravenswood Drive	Crush injury during stage 1 clearing	Struck by mulcher mowing grassed area
Sugar Glider x 1 (ad)	31400	400 m north of Fish Farm	Road strike at clearing front directly related to clearing	Phased reduction of habitat forced animal to move west at day break where it was struck by vehicle
Eastern Blue Tongue Lizard x 1 (ad)	33050	Gate 16 works and batter reshaping	Crush injury during stage 1 habitat removal	Struck during batter reshaping works
Blackish Blind Snake x 1	34100	400 m north of Smiths Road	Crush injury during habitat tree removal	Stag disintegrated during felling
Blackish Blind Snake x 1	35070	300 m south of Middle Gate Road	Crush injury during habitat tree removal	Stag disintegrated during felling
Eastern Forest Bat x 1 (ad)	36100	500m south of Railway Dam Road	Crush injury during habitat tree removal	Directional fall tree at limit of clearing which fell hard across other felled trees

3.6.2 Road Kill Monitoring Associated With Clearing Operations

Weekly road kill pre-construction monitoring was performed between mid October (13/10/14) and mid November (10/11/14) recorded 25 individuals comprising 14 mammals (8 species) including two Koala, seven reptiles (3 species) and four birds (3 species; Appendix C; Figure 3-1). No frogs were recorded during this part of the monitoring as the conditions were generally dry at or around the time of sampling. The two Koala were struck on the edge of the north bound lane at ch. 26300 and consisted of an adult female and an almost independent young (Plate 3-12). Two additional Koala were recorded just prior to these surveys in September with an adult male from ch.37850 and what appeared to be an adult female from ch.25400.





Plate 3-12. Koala recorded during the pre-construction weekly road kill monitoring at ch. 26300.

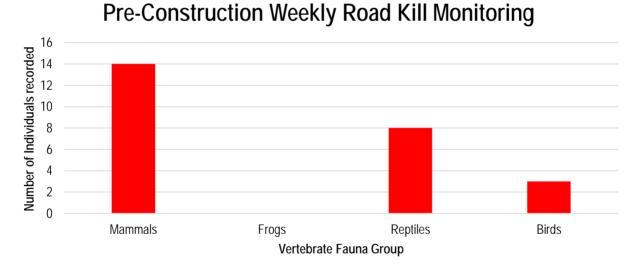


Figure 3-1. Pre-construction weekly road kill monitoring performed in October and November 2014.

Road kill monitoring (223 sample days) performed in the vicinity (250 m) of the clearing operations recorded 313 individuals comprising 27 species (Appendix C; Figure 3-2). This included 47 mammals comprising 12 species with more commonly recorded fauna including Eastern Grey Kangaroo, Red-necked Wallaby, Swamp Wallaby, Northern Brown Bandicoot, Common Ringtail Possum and Common Brushtail Possum. A number of exotic European Rabbit and European Hare were also recorded, particularly around Mobbs Drive, Kundabung and Ravenswood. Marsupial gliders were restricted to a single Sugar Glider with this particular individual observed during the predawn spotlight survey (ch.31400 - Ravenswood) and struck whilst attempting to glide over the existing Pacific Highway. Interestingly,



no Koala were recorded, yet four individuals had been collected as road kill between September and October, just a month or two prior to clearing operations commencing.

Fifteen reptiles were recorded during the monitoring and comprised six species; Lace Monitor; Blackish Blind Snake, Diamond Python, Dwarf-crowned Snake, Eastern Water Dragon and Eastern Blue Tongue Lizard. Most reptiles were recorded during the warmer months, particularly with the onset of spring and warmer weather. Seventeen birds comprising eight species were recorded and included Tawny Frogmouth, Boobook Owl, White-throated Nightjar, Pacific Black Duck, Lewins Honeyeater and Australian Magpie. Precise frog counts and their identification were not possible due to the safety requirements for maintaining set distances away from live traffic (K2K Safety Team pers. comm). The cursory counts showed frogs comprised the majority of the recorded road kill fauna with 235 (75%) individuals and based on various sizes and colours there would have been at least four to five species and probably more. Importantly, none of the observed frogs looked large enough to be considered barred frogs (*Mixophyes spp.*).

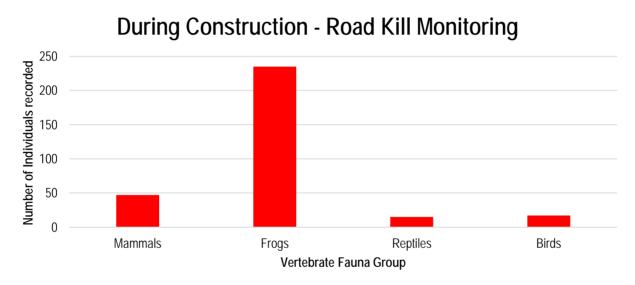


Figure 3-2. Numbers of road kill fauna recorded during construction monitoring.

3.7 Aquatic Fauna

Twenty nine (29) aquatic fauna rescues were performed during the construction with 2633 aquatic vertebrates successfully captured and relocated to nearby waterways (Figure 3-3; Appendix D). Most of the captures were native fish with 1384 individuals comprising Striped Gudgeon (*Gobiomorphus australis*), Empire Gudgeon (*Hypseleotris compressa*) and Firetail Gudgeon (*Hypseleotris galii*). Frogs and their tadpoles also comprised a considerable part of the captures with 1167 individuals of both Hylid (tree frogs) and Myobatrachid (ground dwelling) species. Some of these were identified as belonging to threatened frogs, with *Litoria brevipalmata* tadpoles captured and relocated at Pipers Creek north (ch. 30800) and near the southern boundary of Maria River State Forest (ch. 32600). At both locations, the tadpoles were confirmed against metamorphs and juveniles also captured around the pond. The three *Mixophyes* tadpoles captured at Pipers Creek may have been *Mixophyes iteratus* as both species inhabit this drainage line.



Aquatic Fauna Rescue

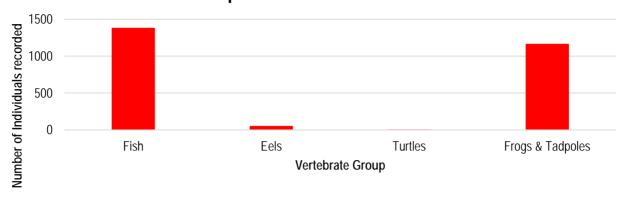


Figure 3-3. Aquatic vertebrate captures during the construction phase of K2K project.



4.0 DISCUSSION

4.1 Achievement of Mitigation Goals

An assessment of compliance with management goals relevant to the clearing phase is presented in Table 4-1. The conclusion of this assessment is that management goals were generally achieved. Whilst 14 individuals died during the clearing operations, more than 100 individuals of threatened species were successfully captured and relocated. More must be done however with regard to temporary works and how these potentially impact on threatened species. For example, data from pre-clearing surveys was not directly incorporated into relevant species management plans and relied upon during the environmental assessment for temporary works. The timely incorporation of new and additional data into the threatened species management plans is particularly important so that impacts can be minimised.

Table 4-1. Assessment of Management Goals.

Document or Plan	Management Goal	Outcome During Clearing
Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy	Avoid, minimise, mitigate and monitor impacts to Giant Barred Frog via a series of actions. They include:	1. Identification and protection of Giant Barred Frog habitat
	Identification and protection of Giant Barred Frog habitat; 2. Pre-clearing Surveys to be implemented in four stages of; (i.) Early works when establishing site controls (i.e. clearing limits for clearing and grubbing); (ii) Pre-clearing survey within 5 days of commencing the clearing and grubbing program; (iii) Clearing supervision during the clearing and grubbing program; and (iv) De-watering procedures within areas identified as Giant Barred Frog habitat	Follow up early works surveys were performed in October and November 2014 at Barrys Creek and Stumpy Creek where the management strategy identified these areas as moderate habitat. At the remaining known locations, Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Maria River, temporary frog fencing installed under the supervision and associated surveys of the Project Ecologist. 2. Pre-clearing Surveys
	 (i.e. creek diversions). 3. Frog fencing in areas of Giant Barred Frog habitat considered in the context of temporary and permanent frog fencing; 4. An unexpected finds procedure to address instances where Giant Barred Frogs are detected during routine pre-clearing surveys or at other times during the project. 	Forty-eight (48) pre-clearing surveys captured nine Giant Barred Frogs from Smiths Creek and Pipers Creek. Frogs were recorded at Maria River but outside the temporary frog fencing and thus didn't require capture. 3. Frog Fencing
	 5. Suitable land is identified within the Biodiversity Offset Package which contains a population of Giant barred Frogs. Actions 1, 2, 3 and 4 relevant to this post clearing report. 	Temporary frog fencing was installed for 200 m either side of Smiths Creek, Pipers Creek and Maria River. Informed by additional pre-clearing surveys, no fencing was installed at Barrys Creek whilst Stumpy Creek received permanent frog fencing when it was not required.
		4. Unexpected finds procedure
		No Giant Barred Frogs were recorded outside of their previously documented areas despite 427 pre-clearing surveys.
Green-thighed Frog	Avoid, minimise, mitigate and monitor impacts to	1. Protection of existing habitat
Management Strategy	Green-thighed Frog via a series of actions. They include: Identification of Green-thighed Frog habitat	Limit of clearing defined and minimised in most instances. With regard to stockpile locations near areas



Document or Plan	Management Goal	Outcome During Clearing
	Protection of existing habitat Pre-clearing surveys Creation of breeding ponds Design and installation of permanent frog fencing Unexpected finds procedure linking to strategies 2- 5 and 7 Monitoring of the breeding pond areas and associated frog fencing Actions 1, 2, 3 and 6 relevant to this post clearing report.	 of sensitive habitat: the stockpile adjacent to the ch33600 GtF ponds is 53m to the south of the ponds and located on a section of redundant state forest road; the area to the north of the 30800 GtF mapped habitat was within the project clearing footprint required for carriageway construction and service relocation (power lines and optic fibre); and pre-clearing surveys were undertaken in these areas. 2. Protection of existing habitat At some locations existing habitat was protected via temporary fencing and later permanent fencing in accordance with the strategy.
		3. Pre-clearing surveys 427 pre-clearing surveys completed. Many of these in areas of known and potential Green-thighed Frog habitat. Some areas were surveyed in excess of 20 occasions over a number of months. Ninety four (94) Green-thighed Frogs were recorded from three main areas; adjacent to the riparian zone at Smiths Creek (ch. 28000-28600), Pipers Creek (30200-
		31000) and the southern half of Maria River State Forest (ch. 32600-34000). 6. Unexpected finds procedure linking to strategies 2-5 and 7 Pre-clearing surveys recorded Green-thighed Frogs on southern side of Smiths Creek (28100E) and the southern part of Maria River State Forest (ch. 32600-33200).
		At Smiths Creek, both a temporary and later a permanent frog fence was installed. At Maria River State Forest, compensatory ponds were installed at ch.32650E. Frog fencing was not installed given the distance these ponds are located away from the main carriageway and the lack of suitable habitat on the western side of the road.
Micro Bat Management Strategy	Strategy developed to avoid, minimise and mitigate impacts to microbats and identified roost sites, including short and long term management measures including: Installation of additional roosts Implementing additional field surveys Planned roost exclusion Seasonal limitation of construction works Protection of existing habitat Previously unconsidered structures and unexpected finds Monitoring Requirements	One Eastern Forest Bat (<i>Vespadelus pumulis</i>) was killed during HBT removal. 3. Planned Roost Exclusion No microbats were killed during work on culverts identified in the Microbat Management Plan. 4. Seasonal limitation Planned roost exclusion took place in September 2014 so as to avoid seasonal limitation. Activities (i.e. bridge washing) at Pipers Creek, Maria River and Stumpy Creek took place within roost exclusion work times or under the advice of the Project Ecologist. No micro



Document or Plan	Management Goal	Outcome During Clearing
		bats were injured or displaced during these events.
	Activities 3, 4, 5 and 6 are considered relevant to this post clearing report.	5. Protection of existing habitat Scuppers on the retained Pipers Creek Bridge were reinstated once construction activities had been
		completed.
Nest Box Plan of Management	Offset the short term loss of tree hollows by installing 60% of the nominated nest boxes prior to or during the clearing works.	156 nest boxes were installed in spring 2014 just prior to clearing commencing.
	Restore or ensure an equitable amount of nest boxes are provided in areas adjacent to the clearing footprint once clearing works have been completed.	Post clearing calculations of actual hollows removed revealed the need for an additional 100 nest boxes (see Table A-5). These were installed in March and August 2017.
Construction Flora and Fauna Management Sub- Plan	Conserve native plant community types via reducing the limit of clearing to essential works.	Design reviews and G40 specification walks of the installed pennant flagged limits of clearing were performed in all areas to ensure the limits of clearing were correct and up to date. Project Ecologist was involved to provide ecological advice including unsound trees.
	Identify and protect areas of significant vegetation.	Qualified ecologist performed field survey of existing vegetation communities and to mark out the extent of endangered ecological communities and threatened plant surveys (Smith and Lewis 2014). Moreover, 427 pre-clearing surveys were performed.
	Manage impacts on threatened plant species where possible.	Pre construction vegetation community consistency and targeted threatened plant survey performed (Lewis and Smith 2014).
		427 pre-clearing surveys performed.
		Recorded Maundia population in Barrys Creek remained in similar area and size.
	Areas of weed infestation will also be identified and documented	A pre construction noxious weed was undertaken just prior to construction commencing (Lewis and Smith 2014).
	Minimise impacts on native fauna during construction.	427 pre-clearing surveys that resulted in the captured of 432 animals (32 species) that were subsequently relocated into adjacent habitat.
		Two-staged clearing process was followed.
		No Koala were injured during the clearing. Exclusion zones including signage were established on 13 July 2015 when Koala was spotlighted during predawn surveys at ch.36675E.
		No koala/vehicle collisions occurred during the clearing phase.
		Temporary Koala exclusion fencing installed between 24100-26500 and 32600-33600 to reduce risk of road strike during construction.
	Minimise adverse impacts on aquatic habitat and fish species	Twenty nine (29) aquatic fauna rescues were performed during the construction with 2633 aquatic vertebrates successfully captured and relocated to nearby waterways.



4.2 Success of Clearing Phase Fauna Mitigation

4.2.1 Clearing Method

Staged clearing involving the removal of trees without hollows and other habitat features (i.e. termitaria, nests and dreys) so that hollow bearing/habitat trees could be retained and left standing for two nights proved useful in reducing the mortality of vertebrate fauna. Due to the staggered nature of clearing, often hollow bearing trees were retained in an exposed state over several days, however, in some cases this extended to several weeks or more due to the mobilisation of machinery to other locations, breakdowns and site shut downs. Over time, this transformation from a closed forest or dry sclerophyll forest to a woodland environment can actually attract other species, particularly highly mobile fauna like parrots, lorikeets and micro bats. To avoid this, a maximum retention time of 21 days in G40 specification would prove useful.

The results show that the first stage of clearing (i.e. all non-HBT) is insufficient to force all animals away from the clearing zone. This is not a surprising outcome given the influence of competition on habitat use and the importance of viable hollows for hollow dependent fauna (Gibbons & Lindenmayer 2002). Competition for space in adjoining vegetation that already contains occupied home ranges will influence the ability of fauna to relocate. This is made more difficult when total canopy separation between HBTs cannot be achieved (i.e. too many in any given area or it is at the limit of clearing) and this in turn reduces the success at encouraging passive dispersal of wildlife over the next two nights. Ultimately, this dispersal can be measured by way of the overall nest box performance as they play a pivotal role in accommodating displaced fauna with the first round of monitoring during winter 2016 and summer 2017 showing 62% occupancy (Lewis 2017).

The utilisation of harvesters in the felling of HBTs had varied success. They were particularly effective during the controlled felling of small (<300 mm dbh) and medium (300-600 mm dbh) habitat trees but less so as trees started to exceed 600 mm dbh and tree canopy heights above 15 m. Whilst the size of the harvester and operator capability play an integral role in determining the fate or success of the controlled felling, only larger harvesters weighing in excess of 40 ton can lower larger habitat trees (i.e. >600mm dbh and canopy height >15 m). The use of excavators or bulldozers to assist these lighter harvesters had mixed outcomes and this was also dependant on the structural integrity of the habitat tree. For example, weather stags would often break apart once they were leaned past 60-70 degrees. Ripping further away from the trunk to create a larger root ball proved a useful counterweight in reducing the intensity of the fall, however, this tended to create more handling for the clearing contractor as more dirt had to be removed during the sheering process ahead of grinding.

Harvesters did prove particularly useful in relocating habitat features such as large fallen ground logs, to cut sections from hollow bearing trees and to relocate sections of felled habitat trees containing fauna. They were also useful at searching large log piles of ground logs (i.e. log dump sites) as large cumbersome pieces could easily be removed and inspected. This proved useful at reducing the stress and any associated mortality when trying to extract fauna



from hollows.

On four occasions where harvesters and bulldozers were unavailable or could not physically access the site, HBTs were felled with a chainsaw. This was carried out with permission from the EPA. Falling trees with hand-held saws increases the risk of mortality, as the impact tends to be greater than if a tree is pushed with the root ball attached. The felling of one large Blue Gum at Pipers Creek (ch. 30600) resulted in a two Southern Myotis taking refuge in a disused Swallow nest on the bridge now used now as Ravenswood Road. The felling of another smaller habitat tree around buried services resulted in the death of a Feathertail Glider. The felling of two large Flooded Gum at Smiths Creek yielded a number of tree frogs and a Diamond Python, none of which were injured.

4.2.2 Impacts on Fauna

A total of 89.15 ha of native vegetation was removed during the clearing phase including 406 habitat trees with 201 confirmed HBTs containing 728 functional hollows. On the K2K Project, 27% of all habitat trees contained either fauna or past evidence of use. Whilst the proportion of use is markedly lower than the neighbouring OH2Ku Project with 49.3% (SES 2015) and Kempsey Bypass with 41% (Lewis 2014), the fauna occupancy was tallied across all habitat trees and not just HBTs. Similarly, occupancy rates or signs of use would be expected if just occupancy rates were calculated for tree hollows and no other habitat features. For example, there were a lot of nests and termitaria marked up as habitat trees given clearing was programmed in spring and summer when many birds nest and kingfishers would excavate cavities in the termitaria.

The K2K Project had a similar proportion of trees with functional hollows to tree inspected (66%) to Oxley Highway to Kundabung (70%) and Kempsey Bypass (61%). On the K2K Project, there was an almost identical number of HBT identified in the nest box plan compared to those that were actually removed during the substantive clearing. In reality, there is likely to have been slightly more HBTs removed as not every hollow could be verified when trees had fallen hard and the limbs had been substantially damaged. For example, many habitat trees were suspected of containing small and medium limb hollows, however, these are the first to disintegrate during a heavy tree fall. If they could not be found, they could not be quantified.

The relatively low occupancy rate and signs of use on the K2K Project does suggest a possible surplus of hollows or the population of hollow dependant fauna is quite low. There are a number of factors that could influence this finding, particularly in relation to habitat productivity and the distribution of foraging resources at the time of clearing operations. The 21 species recorded during habitat tree inspections is less than that recorded on the adjacent OH2Ku Project (28 species) but comparable to the 23 species recorded on the Kempsey Bypass. In comparison with the Kempsey Bypass and the K2K project, the OH2Ku project was almost twice as long, traversing a greater variety of landforms and habitat types.

Mammals, reptiles and to a lesser extent frogs dominated the pre-clearing surveys with many of the captures and



relocations being attributed to frogs and reptiles. These surveys accounted for all of the threatened frog captures including the 94 Green-thighed Frogs and nine Giant Barred Frogs. Pre-clearing surveys also proved useful at capturing a number of the nocturnal reptiles such as the Leaf-tailed Gecko but they only serve to inform what mammals or birds may be using tree hollows, nests or dreys immediately prior to clearing. During the habitat tree removal, reptiles and mammals dominated the number of fauna captures whilst birds and frogs made up 19% of species richness. Small animals like tree skinks (*Egernia* and *Eulamprus spp*) and Feathertail Glider can remain in isolated trees over a number of days and thus the 48 hour waiting period does not allow sufficient dispersal time.

4.2.3 Construction Related Injuries and Mortality

The method of clearing was considered reasonably successful at reducing impacts on local fauna. Whilst 15 individuals comprising nine species died as a result of mainline clearing, none of these were threatened fauna. This is comparable to adjacent Kempsey Bypass where 19 individuals comprising 10 species died as a result of clearing operations. One of the key successes on the K2K Project was the capture and relocation of threatened fauna (Greenthighed Frog, Giant Barred Frog, and Stephens Banded Snake) with 04 individuals without injury. All of the Giant Barred Frogs were micro-chipped and their ultimate fate or success of the relocations is subject to monitoring efforts currently being performed by the RMS.

Mortality rates appear most attributable to large senescent trees, particularly dead stags that often break during the felling process. The phased reduction of habitat resources also causes fauna to disperse and in the case of the K2K Project this meant that some fauna will inevitably move across the existing carriageway and place them at risk of road strike. There was a clear example of this with a Sugar Glider around 400 m north of the fish farm choose to move in a westerly direction at dawn and was struck by a vehicle. Whilst the felling of non-habitat trees can be controlled by progressively working away from live roads, this illustrates some mortality will always arise during substantive clearing events.

4.3 Adequacy of Survey Methods Employed

The survey methods applied during the clearing phase of the K2K project follow standard procedures applied during most of the Pacific Highway upgrades. This included predawn spotlighting to target Koala and other nocturnal fauna, pre-clear inspections involving visual observations and active searches, clearing supervision in sensitive areas such as known Green-thighed Frog and Giant Barred Frog habitat, micro bat roost exclusion surveys, inspections of felled habitat trees, aquatic fauna rescues and road traverses to document road kill. These methods resulted in the capture and relocation of 3172 native vertebrates including 432 individuals from 32 species during the pre-clearing surveys, 107 individuals from 21 species during the habitat tree removal and 2633 aquatic fauna. Survey effort was substantial having been extended from November 2014 through to May 2018 with a total of 511 habitat trees inspected, 427 pre-clear surveys, 66 targeted threaten frog surveys and 29 aquatic fauna rescues. Five ecological staff were involved in the project and 1-2 ecologists were on site most days between early October 2014 and July 2015.



Twelve threatened species were recorded during the clearing phase. Of these species, seven (Giant Barred Frog, Green-thighed Frog, Stephens Banded Snake, Little Bent-wing Bat, Eastern Bent-wing Bat, Southern Myotis and Koala) were considered in direct threat of clearing operations and all were relocated or dispersed without mortality. Overall, the results of fauna rescue during clearing is positive and has satisfied the management goals of key management documents, particularly the Flora and Fauna Management Sub-Plan, Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy, Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy and Microbat Management Strategy that relate to minimising the impact of clearing on fauna.



5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Some recommendations include:

- 1. The post clearing report should be prepared at the end of clearing operations, not at the end of mainline clearing.
- 2. Sensitive area maps should be updated monthly during clearing operations so that new information from pre clearing surveys can assist additional assessments.
- 3. A minimum 40 ton limit should be imposed for harvesters felling HBTs. Lighter harvesters cannot achieve the task of lowering habitat trees exceeding 500 mm dbh to the ground.
- 4. The retention time for HBTs should be maintained at 2 nights. There should also be a maximum time period of 21 days applied in G40 specification *Clearing and Grubbing* so as to avoid other fauna from taking up tree hollows.
- 5. The retention time for all other habitat features should be at the discretion of the Project Ecologist. Habitat features including dreys and bird nests may need to be removed during the initial clearing to reduce the risk of possums dispersing during the initial clearing event. Similarly, active nests may need to be retained until the chicks have fledged.
- 6. Operators of machinery should have proven experience with lowering of habitat trees.
- Large senescent or stag HBTs that cannot be felled gently should be trapped for a minimum of two nights following isolation and prior to felling.
- 3. The use of targeted spotlighting for a set 60 min per hectare of habitat should be adopted to ensure Green-thighed Frogs are adequately surveyed for during clearing operations. Without it, they are simply not being effectively surveyed.



6.0 REFERENCES

GHD (2010). Oxley Highway to Kempsey Environmental Assessment. Report prepared for the Roads and Maritime Services.

Gibbons, P. & Lindenmayer, D. (2002). *Tree Hollows and Wildlife Conservation in Australia*. CSIRO Publishing, Collingwood, Victoria.

Lewis, B.D (2013a). Oxley Highway to Kempsey: Nest Box Plan of Management. Report prepared for SMEC-Hyder Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys. ©

Lewis, B.D (2013b). Oxley Highway to Kempsey: Giant Barred Frog Management Strategy. Report prepared for SMEC-Hyder Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys. ©

Lewis, B.D (2013c). Oxley Highway to Kempsey: Green-thighed Frog Management Strategy. Report prepared for SMEC-Hyder Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys. ©

Lewis, B.D (2013d). Oxley Highway to Kempsey: Microbat Management Strategy. Report prepared for SMEC-Hyder Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys. ©

Lewis, B. (2014a). Post Clearing Report: Kempsey Bypass. Report prepared for Kempsey Bypass Alliance by Lewis Ecological Surveys.

Lewis, B. (2014b). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 1 Winter Period 2014. Letter Report to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2014c). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 2 Spring Period 2014. Letter Report to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2015a). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 3 Summer Period 2015. Letter Report to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2015b). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 4 Autumn Period 2015. Letter Report to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Lewis, B. (2015b). Kundabung to Kempsey Bat Box Monitoring: Episode 5 Winter Period 2015. Letter Report to McConnell Dowell Constructors (Aust) Pty Ltd.

McConnell Dowell – OHL (2014). Flora and Fauna Management Plan. Prepared by McConnell Dowell – OHL for the K2K Upgrade.

Sandpiper Ecological Surveys (2015). *Pacific Highway Upgrade. Oxley Highway to Kundabung: Clearing Report.* Unpublished report prepared for Lend Lease Engineering.

Smith, A.C.M. and Lewis, B.D. (2014). Pacific Highway Upgrade: Kundabung to Kempsey Noxious Weed Surveys and Rehabilitation Advice. Report prepared for the McConnell Dowell OLA Joint Venture by Lewis Ecological Surveys. ©



Appendix A – Field Data

Table A1 – Habitat and fauna capture register during the K2K Upgrade including injuries and fauna release.

i ab	ole AT – Habitat and	l fauna capture register du	iring the	e K2K Upgrade inc	iuaing inju	iries an	a fauna re	elease.											
Habitat			HBT		Ent.			_		a			Taken						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
Nulli.	21-November-2014	White Mahogany	425	Limb Hollow	40	150	No	No fauna	INO.	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483103	6542923	24950	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
1	21-November-2014	White Mahogany	425	Limb Hollow	60	250	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483103	6542923	24950	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
1		White Mahogany		Limb Hollow			No		0						1	6542923	24950	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd Sth of Mingaletta Rd
1	21-November-2014	i i	425		50	200		No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483103				9
1	21-November-2014	White Mahogany	425	Limb Hollow	70	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483103	6542923	24950	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
1	21-November-2014	Mhita Mahagany	405	Trunk Hallau	200	1500	No	No forms		NI A	NIA	NIA.	NIA	NA	NIA		24900- 24600	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
-	21-November-2014	White Mahogany	425	Trunk Hollow	200	1500	No	No fauna		NA Brushtail	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		24000	Lasi	Sili di ivililgaletta Ru
2	21-November-2014	Stag	426	Trunk Hollow	200	400	No	No fauna	0	Possum	NA	NA	NA	NA	483123	6542933	24970	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
3	21-November-2014	Stag	427	Limb Hollow	40	170	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483113	6542963	24980	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
3	21-November-2014	Stag	427	Limb Hollow	70	260		No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483113	6542963	24980	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
-	21110101111001 2011	cag			, ,		110	A		110.110		Only			100110		24900-		garanta ta
4	24-November-2014	Stag	429	Trunk Hollow	150	500	No	Stuartii	7	leaf nest	No	babies	Yes	JV organised a carer	483113	6542963	24600	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
														y			24900-		
5	24-November-2014	Pink Bloodwood	428	Limb Hollow	100	600	No	No fauna	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	483121	6542974	24600	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
																	24900-		
5	24-November-2014	Pink Bloodwood	428	Limb Hollow	70	400	No	No fauna	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	483121	6542974	24600	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
																	24700-		
6	27-November-2014	Forest Red Gum	367	Limb Hollow	60	200	No	No fauna	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	483098	6542727	24900	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
_								Bar-sided						release adjacent to site >100			24700-	F	Cile of Misses In the Dul
/	27-November-2014	Stag	366	Limb Hollow	50	2000	No	Skink	1	No	No	No	No	m away from clearing	483105	6542740	24900	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
0	27 November 2014	Drugh Doy		Limah Hallauu	100	250	No	Bar-sided Skink	1	No	No	No	No	release adjacent to site >100	402024	483024	24700- 24900	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
8	27-November-2014	Brush Box	na	Limb Hollow	100	350	No	1	ı	No	No	No	No	m away from clearing	483024	403024	24700-	Lasi	Sili di ivililgaletta Ru
Ω	27-November-2014	Brush Box	na	Limb Hollow	40	200	No	Diamond Python	1	No	No	No	No	release adjacent to site >100 m away from clearing	483024	483024	24700-	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
0	27-NOVEITIBET-2014	DIUSII DUX	Ha	LITID FIGHOW	40	200	INO	rymon		INO	INO	INO	INO	in away nom cleaning	Not	Not	24800-	Last	Sur or willigaletta rea
9	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Termitaria	none	none	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24537	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
	20110101111001 2011	cag		rommana		110110	110	110 Iddiid		110.110					Not	Not	24800-		garanta ta
10	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Termitaria	none	none	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24537	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,													Not	Not	24800-		
11	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Termitaria	none	none	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24537	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
															Not	Not	24800-		
12	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	40	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24537	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
															Not	Not	24800-		
13	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Limb Hollow	40	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24537	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
40	20 Navas I 2011	Char		Charle I I all	20	150	l N-	N. f.		Na	l NIA	l NIA	NIA	NIA.	Not	Not	24800-	Fact	Sth of Mingalatta Dd
13	28-November-2014	Siag	na	Limb Hollow	30	150	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24537 24800-	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
14	28-November-2014	Stan	na	Limb Hollow	40	150	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	24800-	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
14	20-NOVEHIDEI-2014	Jiay	na	LIIIID I IUIIUW	40	100	INU	INO IAUITA	U	INUITE	INA	IVA	IVA	IVA	Not	Not	24800-	Last	Sur or minguicua Nu
14	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Limb Hollow	40	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24537	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
11	20	y	·iu		10	100		iddiid					,		Not	Not	24800-		
15	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	Limb Hollow	30	120	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
		, ,		-											Not	Not	24800-		, , ,
15	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	Limb Hollow	30	120	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
		,													Not	Not	24800-		, and the second
16	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	None	none	none	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
					Ι Τ			_							Not	Not	24800-		
17	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Trunk Hollow	70	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
															Not	Not	24800-		
17	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Trunk Hollow	80	300	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
	00 N			1. 1. 1. 1.		4/0	,,	N C	_		NIC.		N. 0	NIA.	Not	Not	24800-	Fort	Cth of Minaglotta Dd
17	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Limb Hollow	40	160	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd



Habitat Seq.			HBT Ref			Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
17	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Limb Hollow	30	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	24800- 24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
18	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	None	none	none	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	24800- 24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
19	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	40	150	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	24800- 24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
20	28-November-2014		na	Trunk Hollow	200	500	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	24800- 24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
20	28-November-2014	<u> </u>		Limb Hollow	40	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	24800- 24700	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
			na						0						Not	Not	24800-		·
21	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	Limb Hollow	40	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA .	recorded Not	recorded Not	24700 35600-	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
22	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Limb Hollow	30	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
22	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Limb Hollow	40	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
22	28-November-2014	Stan	na	Limb Hollow	40	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
		3	Hu						-						Not	Not	35600-		
23	28-November-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Trunk Hollow	200	250	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
24	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	40	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
24	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	100	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
24	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	30	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
		3,7													Not	Not	35600-		
24	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	40	150	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded Not	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
25	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	40	180	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
25	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	40	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
25	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	30	150	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
															Not	Not	35600-	E	Lord Darle Mille Cala Di
25	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	30	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded Not	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
26	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	40	90	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA		recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
27	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Trunk Hollow	100	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
										Yes -					Not	Not	35600-		
28	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	0	cavity excavated	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
29	28-November-2014	Stag	na	Trunk Hollow	40	180	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
30	28-November-2014		na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
															Not	Not	35600-		
31	28-November-2014	Stag	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	recorded Not	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
32	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	30	100	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
32	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	30	100	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA		recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
33	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	40	120	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA		Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
34	28-November-2014	Stag	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd



Habitat Seq.			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
35	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	40	130	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
0.4	00.11			Hollow Log - missing (already													35600-	Cast.	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd - removed
36	28-November-2014	Hollow Log	na	cleared)	na	na	na	Na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na Not	na Not	35200 35600-	East	without inspection by ecologist
37	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
38	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
39	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
40	28-November-2014	White Mahogany	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
41	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb Hollow	40	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
															Not	Not	35600-		
42	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
43	28-November-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
															Not	Not	35600-	- .	
44	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
45	28-November-2014	Stag	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
46	28-November-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
47	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	40	200	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
47	00.11				0.0	100		N. C	,						Not	Not	35600-		James Doot to Middle Cate Dd
47	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb Hollow	30	100	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded Not	recorded Not	35200 35600-	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
48	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	none	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	recorded	recorded	35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
49	28-November-2014	White Stringybark	na	none	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	Not recorded	Not recorded	35600- 35200	East	Jones Rest to Middle Gate Rd
50	02-December-2014	Hollow Loa	na	Hollow Log	100	400	Yes	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483101	6542814	24537- 24800	East	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - GPS 1103
	62 Boodings 2011	Tronon Esg	110	Tionov Edg	100	100	103	Cyclodo morphus gerrardii x 2, Eulampru	0	None		10.1	101		100101	55.2511			our or mingerous rue or o vivo
51	02-December-2014	Stan Stan	na	Trunk	300	10000	No	s tenuis x	3	Active	No	NA	NA	>20m outside clearance limit into a hollow log	483005	6542634	24537- 24800	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - GPS 1104
31	02-Deceiliber-2014	Jiay	na	HUHK	300	10000	INU	1	J	ACIIVE	INU	INA	INA	into a nonow log	403003		24537-	Easter	Sur or Willingaletta Na - Of S 1104
51	02-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	80	1000	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483005	6542634	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - GPS 1104
52	02-December-2014	Stag	na	None	NA	NA	NA	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483009	6542611	24537- 24800	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
53	02-December-2014	Stag	361	Limb	500	1000	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	482984	6542671	24537- 24800	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
53	02-December-2014		361	Limb	100	250	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	482984	6542671	24537- 24800	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
								E. tenuis						>20m outside clearance limit			24537-	Easter	
54	02-December-2014	White Mahogany	360	Limb	200	1000	No	x1	1	None	No	NA	NA	into a hollow log	482981	6542683	24800 24537-	n side Easter	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
54	02-December-2014	White Mahogany	360	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	1	None	No	NA	NA	NA	482981	6542683	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
55	02-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	362	Limb	200	500	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	482960	6542669	24537- 24800	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
55	02-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	362	Limb	70	280	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	482960	6542669	24537- 24800	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
Γ/	02 December 2014	Stag	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	Termite plug
56	02-December-2014	White Mahogany		Trunk	200	400		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter	Terrine plug
57	02-December-2014	writte ividilogally	NA	TTUTIK	200	400	No	None	0	INO	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA				n side Easter	
58	02-December-2014	Stag	NA	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	
59	02-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	
		Coastal Blackbutt		Limb	50	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter	
59	02-December-2014		NA				No		0									n side Easter	
59	02-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	50	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	
60	02-December-2014	White Stringybark	NA	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	
40	02-December-2014	White Stringybark	NA	Limb	70	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	
60		White Stringybark	IVA	Limb	150	450	INU	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter	
60	02-December-2014		NA	LIIIID	130	430	No	None	0	110			INA	IVA				n side Easter	
61	02-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	na	na	na	na	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	
62	02-December-2014	Stag	na	na	na	na	na	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	Termite plug
		White Mahogany		Trunk	200	400		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter	l l
63	02-December-2014		na				No		0		NIA							n side Easter	
64	02-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side Easter	
65	02-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	
65	02-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	50	100	No	None	Λ	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	
03		White Stringybark	Ha	Limb	50	100	TVO	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter	
66	02-December-2014		na				No		0									n side Easter	
66	02-December-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb	70	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	
66	02-December-2014	White Stringybark	na	Limb	150	450	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	Blind hollow
		Coastal Blackbutt			na	na		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter	
67	02-December-2014		na	na			No		0								24500-	n side Easter	
68	03-December-2014	White Mahogany	363	Limb	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	483024	6542767	24537 24500-	n side Easter	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
68	03-December-2014	White Mahogany	363	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	483024	6542767	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
69	03-December-2014	Stag	364	Limb	400	400	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA	483032	6542770	24500- 24537	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
07	03-December-2014	Stay	304	LIIIID	400	400	INO	Antechin	- 0	Leal Hest	IVA	IVA	IVA	left in nest box at the base of	403032	0342770	24337	11 Sluc	Stir or wingaletta ivu
								us stuartii (1 adult +						a tree with a basal hollow 70 m away from the clearance			24500-	Easter	
69	03-December-2014	Stag	364	Trunk	300	1700	No	7 young)	8	Leaf nest	No	NA	No	limit at ch. 24950, leaf at base of stag tree 75 m	483032	6542770	24537 24500-	n side Easter	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
70	03-December-2014	Stag	365	Limb	150	300	No	None	1	None	NA	NA	No	from clearance limit	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
70	03-December-2014	Stag	365	Limb	180	250	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483049	6542784	24500- 24537	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
								None									24500-	Easter	
70	03-December-2014	Siag	365	Limb	250	250	No	Cyclodo	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA 20 m to east of clearing	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
70	03-December-2014	Stag	365	Limb	450	1600	No	morphus gerrardii	2	Live capture	No	NA	NA	footprint around fallen ground timber	483049	6542784	24500- 24537	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
	03 December 2014	Jiay	303	LIIIID	430	1000	INU	gorraruli		capture	IVU	14/1	IVA	uniboi	TUJU47	007210 1	21001	11 SIUC	Sar or mingalotta Nu



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq.	Data	Tues emesies	Ref		Diam.	Depth	Dodiet	Fauna	Na	Signs of	Injured	Type of	into	Forms Dalages legation	Footing	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injurea	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	24500-	Easter	Notes
70	03-December-2014	Stan	365	Limb	350	400	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
70	00 2000111201 2011	olag	000	Liiilo	000	100	110	Maria		140110	10.1	107	1071	101	100017		24500-	Easter	- the contract of the contract
70	03-December-2014	Stag	365	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
								None									24500-	Easter	
70	03-December-2014	Stag	365	Limb	150	100	No	110110	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
								Eulampru		Live				20 m to east of clearing footprint around fallen ground			24500-	Easter	
70	03-December-2014	Stag	365	Trunk	150	800	No	s tenuis	1	capture	No	None	No	timber	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
		.,						None		,							24500-	Easter	
70	03-December-2014	Stag	365	Trunk	150	100	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
								None	_							/ F 4070 4	24500-	Easter	Clls of Missississis Did
70		Stag	365	Trunk	200	900	No	N.	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	483049	6542784	24537	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
71	t to the second	Stag	na	Trunk	400	650	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA					
71		Stag	na	Limb	180	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
72	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Direct belleve
73	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na		na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Blind hollow
74	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Limb	300	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
74	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Limb	150	500	No	None	0	No No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
74	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Limb	150	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Automort
75	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Trunk	100	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
75	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	200	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
75	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	200	200	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					
75	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
75	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	40	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	300	1700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	250	1000	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	250	900	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	70	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	150	1100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
76	04-December-2014			Limb	200		No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
76	04-December-2014		na	Limb	150		No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76		Coastal Blackbutt	na	Trunk	80	300	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Trunk	100	900	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
76	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Trunk	150	400	No	None	0	No Old birds	NA	NA	NA	NA					
		Stag	na	Trunk	300	500		None		Old birds nest in	NA	NA	NA	NA					
77	04-December-2014	- ····y	110				No		0	hollow	,					<u> </u>			
78	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Trunk	150	300	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					
		-								Old									
79	04-December-2014	Red Mahogany	na	Termitaria	NA	NA	No	None	0	kingfisher nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					
80	04-December-2014 04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
80	04-December-2014 04-December-2014		na	Limb	70	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
00							INU	Eulampru	U					100 metres east of chainage					
81	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Limb	50	150	No	s tenuis	2	No	No	NA	No	35300	483112	6553224			
81	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Limb	400	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
82	04-December-2014	White Mahogany	553	Limb	100	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
82	04-December-2014	White Mahogany	553	Limb	70	350	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
82		White Mahogany	553	Limb	70	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
82	04-December-2014	<u>u</u> ,	553	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
83	04-December-2014		NONE	na	na	na	na	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq.	Data	Torrange	Ref	Habitat Fastons	Diam.	Depth	Dadiat	Fauna	NI-	Signs of	Indiana d	Type of	into	Farma Balanca Innation	Facilities	Northing	Ch	SoC	Notes
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded None	No.	No No	Injured NA	injuries NA	care NA	Fauna Release location NA	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
84	04-December-2014	Stag		na Terrale	na	na	na	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
85	04-December-2014 04-December-2014	Stag	554 554	Trunk Limb	150	300 200	No	None	·		NA	NA	NA	NA				East	HBT number faded
85	04-December-2014	Stag Coastal Blackbutt	550	Limb	350 250	300	No	None		Leaf nest No	NA	NA	NA	NA				EdSt	HBT Hulliber laueu
86		Coastal Blackbutt					No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
86	04-December-2014 04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	550 550	Limb Limb	200 100	200 200	No No	None	- v	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Allis liest
86 86	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	550	Limb	50	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
87	04-December-2014	Stag	555	Limb	50	100		None	Ŭ	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
88	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	547	Limb	50	100	No No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT Humber laueu
		Coastal Blackbutt	547	Limb	70	150	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
88 89	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	560	Limb	200	600	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
89 89	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	560	Limb	150	400		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT Humber laueu
	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	560	Limb		800	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
89	04-December-2014	COASIAI BIACKDUII	500	LIMD	70	800	No	Eulampru	U		IVA	IVA	IVA	100 metres East of chainage					
90	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	545	Limb	70	100	No	s tenuis	1	No	No	None	No	35300	483112	6553224			HBT number faded
90	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	545	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
91	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	547	Limb	50	90	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
92	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	548	Limb	300	500	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
92	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	548	Limb	200	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
92	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	548	Limb	150	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
92	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	548	Limb	100	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
92	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	548	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
92	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	548	Limb	60	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
92	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	548	Limb	40	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
93	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Trunk	400	650	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
93	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	180	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
94	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
95	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	None	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Blind hollow
96	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	549	Limb	300	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
96	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	549	Limb	150	500	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
96	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	549	Limb	150	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
97	04-December-2014	Stag	555	Trunk	100	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
97	04-December-2014		555	Limb	200	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
97		1	555	Limb	200	200	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					Old glider nest
97	04-December-2014		555	Limb	50	200		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
97	04-December-2014		555	Limb	40	150		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98		Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	300	1700		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
98	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	250	1000		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98		Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	250	900		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98		Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98		Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	70	400		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	150	1100		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
98		Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	200	50		None	_	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
98	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb Hollow	150	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Trunk	80	300		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98		Coastal Blackbutt	552	Trunk	100	900		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
98	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Trunk	150	400		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
										Old birds									
00	04 Daniel 0014	Stag		Trunk	300	500	NI-	None		nest in	NA	NA	NA	NA					Old not recent
99	04-December-2014		na				No		0	hollow					1	I			Old not recent



Habitat			НВТ		Ent.								Taken						
Seq.			Ref		Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	into						
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use		injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
100	04-December-2014	Stag	na	Trunk	150	300	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					
		Red Mahogany		Termitaria	na	na		None		Old kingfisher	NA	NA	NA	NA					
101	04-December-2014	Red Manogariy	na	Terrinaria	11a	na	No	None	0	nest	IVA	IVA	IVA	INA					
102	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
102	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	na	Limb	70	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
		Pink Bloodwood		Limb	50	150		Eulampru		No	No	NA	No	100 metres East of chainage					
103	04-December-2014		na				No	s tenuis	2					35300	483112	6553224			
103	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Limb	400	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
104	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	563	Limb	100	300	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
104	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	563	Limb	70	350		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
104	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	563	Limb	70	150	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
104	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	563	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
105	04-December-2014	Stag	na	None	na	na	na	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
106	04-December-2014	Stag	na	None	na	na	na	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
107	04-December-2014	Stag	561	Trunk	150	300	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					LIDT
107	04-December-2014	Stag	561	Limb	350	200	No	None		Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
108	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	550	Limb	250	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
108	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	550	Limb	200	200	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
108	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	550	Limb	100	200	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
108	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	550	Limb	50	300	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					LIDT. I. C. I.
109	04-December-2014	Stag	546	Limb	50	100	No	None			NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
110	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	547	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
110	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	547	Limb	70	150	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					LIDT. I. C. I. I.
111	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb	200	600	No	None		Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
111	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb	150	400	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
111	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	552	Limb	70	800	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
112	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	545	Limb	70	100	No	Eulampru s tenuis	1	No	No	None	No	100 metres East of chainage 35300	483112	6553224			HBT number faded
112		Pink Bloodwood	545	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	100112	0000221			The Finance Factor
113	04-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	549	None	na	na	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					Blind hollows
114		Coastal Blackbutt	551	Limb	300	500	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
114	04-December-2014			Limb	200	100		None	-	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
114		Coastal Blackbutt	551	Limb	150	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
114	04-December-2014		551	Limb	100	300		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
114		Coastal Blackbutt	551	Limb	100	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
114		Coastal Blackbutt	551	Limb	60	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
114	04-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	551	Limb	40	150		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
				-		1.23	-		-								25100-	Easter	
115	06-December-2014	White Mahogany	363	Limb	40	1000	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483049	6542833	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
								Trichosur						Delegged 1 1 50			25100-	Easter	
116	06-December-2014	White Mahogany	360	Limb	200	400	No	us vulpecula	1	None	No	None	No	Released into a tree 50m away from clearance limit	483047	6542840		n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
116	06-December-2014	White Mahogany	360	Limb	40	200		None None	n	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	703047	5572070	2 1000	11 SIGC	Sar of mingulotta Na
110	00 DCCCIIIDGI-2014	vvinte manogany	300	LITIO	40	200	INU	INOTIC	U	NOIL	INA	1471	IVA	1 1 1 1			25100-	Easter	
117	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	na	Limb	40	150	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483050	6542856	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
																	25100-	Easter	
118	06-December-2014	White Mahogany	na	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483075	6542875	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
										Old birds								Easter	
119	06-December-2014	Stan	529	Trunk	200	500	No	None	0	nest in hollow	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
117	30 D000111001-2014	Jug	527	TIMIN	200	300	140	TVOTIC	0	71011011	14/1	1471	14/1	(W1				Easter	South of Imaginguito House
119	06-December-2014	Stag	529	Limb	150	700	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
-	==	J						, -											. J



Habitat			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Donath		Fauna		Ciano of		Tuna of	Taken into						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
												,			J	<u> </u>		Easter	
119	06-December-2014	Stag	529	Limb	80	150	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
								Hoplocep halus											!
								stephensi						Unexpected finds - Released				Easter	South of Middlegate Road. Unexpected finds
120	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	520	Limb	350	250	No	i	1	No	No	None	No	approximately 34850E	483073	6552745	34850	n side	procedure outlined in the FFMP adopted.
																		Easter	
120	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	520	Limb	150	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
120	06-December-2014	Dink Bloodwood	520	Limb	70	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Easter n side	South of Middlegate Road
120	00-December-2014	FILIK DIOUUWOUU	320	LIIIID	70	200	INO	None	0	INO	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA				Easter	South of Middlegate Road
121	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	525	Limb	150	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
																		Easter	, i
121	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	525	Limb	70	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
101	0/ 5 1 0014	51 - 51 - 1	505		50	100												Easter	Carth of Middle rate Dood
121	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	525	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side Easter	South of Middlegate Road
122	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	526	Limb	80	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
122	00 0000111001 2011	T IIIK BIOGGWOOG	020	Lillio	00	100	110	140110		110	10.0	107	107	10.1				Easter	ooun or muunogate riouu
122	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	526	Limb	50	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	South of Middlegate Road
																		Easter	
122	06-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	526	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			25/00	n side	South of Middlegate Road
100	00 December 2014	Ctoo	358	Limb	100	500	No	None	_	leaf litter -	NIA	NIA	NIA	NA	482906	6542536	35600- 35200	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
123	09-December-2014	Slay	338	LIIIID	100	500	No	None	U	old	NA	NA	NA	INA	482900	0042000	35600-	Easter	Stil of Miligaletta Ru
123	09-December-2014	Stag	358	Limb	150	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	482906	6542536	35200	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
		g															35600-	Easter	
124	09-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	NA	Termite nest	none	none	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	482865	6542450	35200	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
125	09-December-2014	Stag	NA	Trunk	200	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
126	09-December-2014	Stag	NA	Trunk	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
126	09-December-2014	Stag	NA	Trunk	50	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Trunk	800	1700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Trunk	150	1300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Trunk	150	800	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
127				Trunk	80	1000		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	250	900	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	250	800	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	200	150	No	None		Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	100	700	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	100	700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	100	600	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahagany	530	Limb	80	700	No No	None	0	No Loof post	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahagany	530	Limb	50	100	No	None		Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					3
127	09-December-2014	White Mahagany	530	Limb	40	200	No No	None	0		NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road
127	09-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	40	100	No No	None	U	No No	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road South of Middlegate Road
128 128	09-December-2014 09-December-2014	Red Mahogany Red Mahogany	532 532	Trunk Limb	800 250	300 200	No No	None None	0	No No	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road South of Middlegate Road
128	09-December-2014	Red Mahogany Red Mahogany	532	Limb	250	200	No No	None		No No	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					Ants nest
128	09-December-2014	Red Mahogany Red Mahogany	532	Limb	150	350	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
128	09-December-2014	Red Mahogany Red Mahogany	532	Limb	70	600	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
128	09-December-2014	Red Mahogany	532	Limb	50	200	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
128	09-December-2014	Red Mahogany	532	Limb	50	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
128	09-December-2014		529	Limb	100	600	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
130	09-December-2014	Tallowwood	NA	Termitaria	NA NA	NA	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
130	07-DCCCIIIDCI-2014	ranowwoou	IVA	romitalia	IVA	INA	INU	INOUE	U	INO	INA	11/7	INA	IN/A			l		South of Minumegate Road



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq.			Ref		Diam.	Depth	5 " '	Fauna		Signs of		Type of	into			Ni a utila i sa su	Ch	6-0	Netes
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	USE No.	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes South of Middlegate Road
131	09-December-2014 09-December-2014	Stag Stag	NA 536	Termitaria Limb	NA 100	NA	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road
132				Limb	150	200	No.	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road
133	09-December-2014 09-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood Pink Bloodwood	534 534	Limb	40	700 150	No.	None None	0	No No	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road
133			534	Limb	40		No		0		NA		NA						South of Middlegate Road
134	09-December-2014	Stag Pink Bloodwood		Limb	50	600	No	None	0	No No		NA	NA	NA NA					South of Middlegate Road
135	09-December-2014	PINK BIOOGWOOG	538	LIMD	50	150	No	None	U	No Old birds	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
										nest in									
136	09-December-2014	Stag	539	Trunk	600	700	No	None	0	hollow	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
137	09-December-2014	Stag	546	Limb	200	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
138	09-December-2014	White Stringyhark	524	Trunk	700	1400	No	None	0	Brush- tailed Possum Scat and Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road
130	07 December 2014	Write Stringybark	324	Trunk	700	1400	110	Eulampru	0	Ecai ficst	14/1	1471	14/1	Approx. 80 metres east of					South of Middlegate Hodd
139	09-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	522	Limb	200	700	No	s tenuis	2	No	No	None	No	35100	483071	6552994	35100	East	South of Middlegate Road
139	09-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	522	Limb	70	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
140	09-December-2014	White Stringybark	523	Trunk	350	450	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
140	09-December-2014	White Stringybark	523	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
	00.5	D. 1 D. 1	505			4.400		Eulampru	4				١	Approx. 80 metres east of	100051	/550074	25100	F4	LIDT reverse on forder
141	09-December-2014		525	Trunk	600	1400	No	s tenuis	1	No	No	None	No	35100	483051	6552974	35100	East	HBT number faded
142	09-December-2014	Stag	527	Trunk	200	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
142	09-December-2014	Stag	527	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
143	09-December-2014	Stag	521	Limb	50	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
144	09-December-2014	Stag	539	Trunk	400	1600	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded HBT number faded. Specimen was recovered
145	10-December-2014	Stag	510	Trunk	400	1800	No	Ramphot yphlops nigresce ns	1	No	No	None	No	Approx. 80 metres east of 34900	483101	6552803	34900	East	from within the humus of the rotten trunk, utilising a tunnel. Based on capture location, it would have been approximately 2.3 metres high when the stag was felled. The stag itself was highly senescent, with large features spreading from the bottom of the tree. No active ant nest were recorded within the stag.
146	10-December-2014	Stag	511	Trunk	400	1800	No	Ramphot yphlops nigresce ns	1	No	No	None	No	Approx. 80 metres east of 34900	483101	6552803	34900	East	HBT number faded. Specimen was recovered from within the humus of the rotten trunk, utilising a tunnel. Based on capture location, it would have been approximately 2.3 metres high when the stag was felled. The stag itself was highly senescent, with large features spreading from the bottom of the tree. No active ant nest were recorded within the stag.
																	25100-	Easter	
147	11-December-2014	Ground Log	NA	Hollow log	100	4000	Yes	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483100	6543034	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
140	11 Daniel 2014	Ctor	2//	Limah		4000	No	No f	_	Nor-	NIA.	l NA	NIA.	NIA	400400	45 40000	25100-	Easter	Sth of Mingalotta Dd
148	11-December-2014	Siag	366	Limb	50	4000	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483102	6543023	24800 25100-	n side Easter	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
149	11-December-2014	Stan	365	Fissures	10	1000	No	No fauna	Ω	None	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	483099	6542947	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
150	11-December-2014	V	na	Limb	150	2000	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	TUJU//	00 12 / 17	21000	11 3140	South of Middlegate Road
151	11-December-2014	Stag	512	Trunk	300	1500	No	Ramphot yphlops proximus	1	No	Yes	Laceratio n	No	Animal euthanized	482995	6552544	34850	East	Stag disintegrated during felling. Animal was not located during the subsequent search through the debris. It had made its way under the harvester tracks and was injured when the harvester moved. Very large specimen with strange colouring.
152	11-December-2014	Stag	518	Trunk	200	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					South of Middlegate Road



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken					
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing Ch.	SoC	Notes
152	11-December-2014	Stag	518	Limb	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	Lasting	Northing Cit.	300	South of Middlegate Road
152	11-December-2014	Stag	518	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	1			South of Middlegate Road
153	11-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	519	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				South of Middlegate Road
154	11-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				South of Middlegate Road
155	11-December-2014	White Stringybark	524	Limb	400	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				South of Middlegate Road
155	11-December-2014	White Stringybark	524	Limb	50	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				South of Middlegate Road
155	11-December-2014	White Stringybark	524	Limb	40	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Ants nest
156	11-December-2014	Stag	NA	Termitaria	na	na	na	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
157	11-December-2014	Tallowwood	516	Trunk	40	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing
157	11-December-2014	Tallowwood	516	Trunk	30	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing
158	11-December-2014	Stag	521	Limb	60	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
159	11-December-2014	White Stringybark	NA	Limb	90	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
160	11-December-2014	White Stringybark	na	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing
161	11-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	520	Limb	200	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Termite plug
161	11-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	520	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No Claradalad	NA	NA	NA	NA				
162	11-December-2014	White Stringybark	523	Trunk	350	1900	No	None	0	Shredded bark - probably Brushtial Possum	NA	NA	NA	NA				Larger mammal nest, most likely Brush-tailed Possum
163	11-December-2014	Turpentine	502	Limb	60	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
164	11-December-2014	Turpentine	503	Limb	150	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
165	11-December-2014	Stag	505	Limb	100	200	No	Egernia mcpheei	1	No	No	None	No	Approx. 50 metres east of CH34650	482926	6552161 34650	East	
166	11-December-2014	Red Mahogany	NA	Limb	50	200	No	None	<u> </u>	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	402920	0552101 54050	Lasi	
166	11-December-2014	Red Mahogany	NA	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
167	12-December-2014	Paperbark	514	None	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA NA	NA				Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing - difficult to determine if it had hollows
168	12-December-2014		NA	Limb	200	200		Ramphot yphlops nigresce ns	0		No	None	No	Approx. 50 metres east of CH34850	483057	6552603 3485) East	Specimen was recovered from within the humus of the rotten trunk, utilising a tunnel. Based on capture location, it would have been approximately 1.1 metres high when the stag was felled. The stag itself was highly senescent, with large features spreading from the bottom of the tree. No active ant nest were recorded within the stag.
169	12-December-2014	Stag	NA	None	NA	NA	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
170	12-December-2014	Stag	NA	Trunk	150	800	No	Ramphot yphlops nigresce ns	1	No	No	None	No	Approx. 50 metres east of CH34850	483057	6552603 3485	D East	Specimen was recovered from within the humus of the rotten trunk, utilising a tunnel. Based on capture location, it would have been approximately 0.5 metres high when the stag was felled. The stag itself was highly senescent, with large features spreading from the bottom of the tree. No active ant nest were recorded within the stag.
171	12-December-2014	White Mahogany	513	Trunk	200	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				Ants nest
172	12-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	508	Trunk	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
172	12-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	508	Trunk	200	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
173	12-December-2014	Stag	511	Limb	200	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
173	12-December-2014	Stag	511	Limb	150	400	No	None	0	Leaf Nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				
173	12-December-2014	Stag	511	Limb	150	400	No	None	0	Leaf Nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				
173	12-December-2014	Stag	511	Limb	100	600	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
173	12-December-2014	Stag	511	Limb	100	500	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				
173	12-December-2014	Stag	511	Limb	50	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				



Habitat			HBT		Ent.	- ·		_					Taken						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
Train.	Bato	1100 300003	110.	Trabitat i oataro	(,,,,,	(11111)	rtouist.	10001404	110.	430	nijaroa	injunios	ouro	Tudita Notouso tooditoti	Lusting	11011111111	0.11		Native bee hive plug, 1 trunk hollow with three
174	12-December-2014	Stag	510	Trunk	150	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					separate entrances
174	12-December-2014	Stag	510	Trunk	100	2300	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					
174	12-December-2014	Stag	510	Trunk	100	1700	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					
																			Hollow orientation meant that it had filled with
175	12-December-2014	Canatal Diaglibutt	F01	Lineb	200	700	Me	None	0	No	NIA	NIA	NIA	NIA					water over night. Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing
175 175	12-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	501 501	Limb Trunk	200 300	700 100	No No	None None		No No	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					i cleaning
175		Stag	NA	None	NA	NA	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Blind hollows
170	12-December-2014	Slay	INA	None	IVA	IVA	INU	Varanus	0	INU	IVA	IVA	INA	Approx. 70 metres east of Ch				1	Diffic fioliows
177	12-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Trunk	800	300	No	varius	1	No	No	None	No	34450	483024	6552387	34450	East	Sub adult
178	12-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	100	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					HBT number faded
178	12-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	100	100	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
178	12-December-2014	White Mahogany	530	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
179	12-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	534	Limb	50	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
180	12-December-2014	Prickly-leaved Paperbark	NA	None	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing
																			The stag was still surrounded by mid-stratum vegetation. It was close to the road and
																			required traffic control to clear. As such, it was
								Antechin											cleared following protocols approved by Enviro team. i.e. it could be cleared but the site
								<i>us stuartii</i> - sub											ecologist was required to check all trees
								adult						Approx. 50 metres east of					brought down surrounding the habitat tree even
181	12-December-2014	Stag	505	Trunk	1000	600	No	male	1	No	No	None	No	34900	483074	6552614	34900	East	if they were not habitat trees
182	12-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	508	Limb	60	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
183	13-December-2014	White Mahogany	NA	Termitaria	NA	NA	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
								Ramphot yphlops nigresce						Approx. 30 metres east of					Specimen was recovered from within the humus of the rotten trunk. Based on capture location, it would have been approximately 2.5 metres high when the stag was felled. The stag itself was highly senescent, with large features spreading from the bottom of the tree. No active ant nest
184	13-December-2014		554	Limb	100	200		ns	1	No	No	None	No	34150	483013	6552230	34150	East	were recorded within the stag.
	13-December-2014		555		200				0					NA				-	
185	13-December-2014		555	Limb	100			None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
185 185	13-December-2014		555 555	Limb Limb	100 70			None		No No	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA				1	
186	13-December-2014 13-December-2014		552	Limb	80	150		None None		No	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA					Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing
186				Limb	50			None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Carropy darriage during stage i cleaning
187	13-December-2014		NA	None	NA	NA	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
188	13-December-2014			Limb	100	300		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
189	13-December-2014			Trunk	80	150		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
189	13-December-2014			Limb	50	200		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
190				Limb	100	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
190	13-December-2014		556	Limb	80	150		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
190	13-December-2014		556	Limb	80	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
191	13-December-2014		547	Limb	80	100		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
192	13-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	560	Trunk	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
193	13-December-2014	Stag	505	Trunk	250	500		None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
193	13-December-2014	Stag	505	Limb	150	250	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
194			501	Limb	50			None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
195	13-December-2014			Limb	200	200		None		Leaf Nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
196	13-December-2014	Stag	561	Trunk	150	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	



Habitat Seq.			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
196	13-December-2014	Stag	561	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	J	<u> </u>			
		J															25100-	Easter	
197	15-December-2014	Habitat stump	NA	Stump - fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483081	6543147	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
																(5.10.1.10	25100-	Easter	
198	15-December-2014	Habitat stump	NA	Stump - fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483164	6543113	24800	n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
100	15-December-2014	White Mahagany	NIA	Tormitorio	no	no	No	No found	0	Mono	NIA	NIA	NIA	NIA	483091	6543032	25100- 24800	Easter n side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
199	15-December-2014	White Mahogany	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	U	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483091	0343032	25350-	Easter	Stil of Miligaletta Ru
200	16-December-2014	Stan	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	483211	6543469	25750	n side	Between Mingaletta Rd and Mobbs Dr
200	10 000111001 2011	Olag	1111	11334103	na	Tid	110	Ramphot		110110	107	107	107	101	100211	00.10.107	20700		Large stage that had fallen onto a senescent
								yphlops											Coastal Blackbutt outside the clearing limit.
								nigresce						Approximately 5 metres eat of					Black to be retained despite being close to
201	16-December-2014	Stag	564	Trunk	350	3700	No	ns	1	No	No	None	No	34100	482940	482940	34100	East	clearing limit. Stag removed for safety reasons
201	16-December-2014	Stag	564	Limb	300	1700	No	Eulampru s tenuis	1	No	No	None	No	Approximately 5 metres eat of 34100	482940	482940	34100	East	
202	16-December-2014	Stag	566	Limb	40	200	No	None	1	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	402740	102710	34100	Lust	
202	16-December-2014	Stag	566	Limb	40	300	No	None	1	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
203	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
204	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	559	Limb	40	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
204	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	559	Trunk	40	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
205	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	558	Trunk	150	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
205	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	558	Trunk	150	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
205	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	558	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
206	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	567	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Canopy damage during stage 1 clearing
206	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	567	Limb	50	250	No	None	<u> </u>	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Canopy damage during stage 1 cleaning
207	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	574	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
207	16-December-2014	White Stringybark	574	Limb	50	200	No	None	<u> </u>	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
208	16-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	563	Limb	80	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
209	16-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	565	Trunk	50	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
209	16-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	565	Limb	100	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Alto ficat
209	16-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	565	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
209	16-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	565	Limb	40	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
210	16-December-2014		570	Limb	80	350	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
210		J	570	Limb	80	300	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ants nest
210	16-December-2014	· ·	570	Limb	50	250	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					7 THIS TIEST
211	17-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	100	150	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
212	17-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	50	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
212	17-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	50	200	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
213	17-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
214	17-December-2014		NR	Limb	50	250	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
214	17-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	50	200	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
215	18-December-2014	Diehard Stringybark	NR	Limb	150	700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
215	18-December-2014	Diehard Stringybark	NR	Limb	80	40	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
216	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
217	18-December-2014	Coastal Blackbutt	581	LH	50	100	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Native bee hive plug
218	18-December-2014		567	Trunk	450	2200	No	None	0	rutty smell	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					Rutty smell similar to a brush tail possum roost. Very good hollow
																			Canopy of this tree was damaged when the
218	18-December-2014	1	567	Limb	150	600	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					previous HBT (coastal blackbutt) was felled
218	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	567	Limb	90	450	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
219		· ·	572	Trunk	100	350	No	None	0	Leaf Nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					Beetle carapaces in leaf nest
219	18-December-2014	Stag	572	Limb	100	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			<u> </u>		



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
IVUIII.	Date	Tree species	IVO.	Habitat i catule	(11111)	(11111)	Redist.	recorded	NO.	Kingfisher	Injureu	IIIJulies	care	I dulla Release location	Lasting	Northing	OH.	300	
220	18-December-2014	Tallowwood	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					Old nest not in use
221	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	Kingfisher nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					Old nest not in use
222	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	569	Limb	50	500	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
222	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	569	Limb	80	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
222	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	569	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
223	18-December-2014	Pink Bloodwood	565	None	na	na	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					Blind hollows
224	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	574	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
225	18-December-2014	White Stringybark	575	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
																			Termitaria had also been present on this tree but had been knocked off during stage 1
226		Coastal Blackbutt	581	Limb	100	250	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					clearing
227	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	580	Limb	100	150	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
227	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	580	Limb	50	200	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Native bee hive in hollow
227	07-January-2015	<u> </u>	580	Limb	50	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
227	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	580	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ant nest in hollow
228	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
229	07-January-2015		NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
230			NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
231	07-January-2015		587	Limb	100	150	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
232		White Stringybark	587	Limb	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Termite plug
233		White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
234	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	70	100	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
235	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	No Kin of alasa	NA	NA	NA	NA					
236	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	Kingfisher nest	NA	NA	NA	NA					Looked recent but no signs of continued use
								Microbat*											*** A microbat was observed flying out of the canopy of this tree after it was felled. It was dark black and of size and shape of a <i>Chalinolobus gouldi</i> , though I.D could not be confirmed. The bat did not fly out from the
237		Coastal Blackbutt	497	Limb	100	150	No	**	1	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	482953	6551776		East	vicinity of any other hollows
237		Coastal Blackbutt		Limb	80			None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
237		Coastal Blackbutt	497	Limb	50			None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
238		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	None	na	na	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
239		White Stringybark	NR	Limb	60	200	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
240		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	None	na	na	No	None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
241		White Stringybark	NR	Limb	100	250		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
242		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	100	200		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
242		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	80	200		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
243	07-January-2015		NR	Limb	80	150		None		No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					
244	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None Ramphot	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
			_					yphlops nigresce							48302		05005		Ramphotyphlops was located within main stem
245	07-January-2015			Trunk	150			ns		No	NA	NA	NA	50 metres east of 35800	3	6553279	35800	East	of stag amongst rotting humus
245	07-January-2015	Stag	561	Limb	100	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	



Habitat Seq.			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
										Leaves									
										and other									
										nesting material									
										within									Healthy tree with just about every limb hollowed
										hollow and									out. Had harvester cut though many limbs but
										distinctive mammal									still could not find any mammals despite
246	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	562	Trunk	150	5000	No	None	0	rut smell	NA	NA	NA	NA					obvious recent use
246	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	562	Trunk	80	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
	-									Mammal									
246	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	562	Limb	200	5000	No	None	0	rut smell	NA	NA	NA	NA					
246	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	562	Limb	200	700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
246	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	562	Limb	150	4700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
246	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	562	Limb	100	700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
246	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	562	Limb	100	700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	200	700	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	200	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA		1			
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	150	650	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	150	400	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	150	200	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	80	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					
247	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	531	Limb	80	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					Figures along main trunk of tree, year, shallow
248	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	537	Fissures	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					Fissures along main trunk of tree, very shallow Limb with hollow containing frog was cut from
								Litoria							48303				tree and moved to release location with frog in
249	07-January-2015	Stag	536	Limb	100	300	Yes	caerulea	1	No	No	NA	No	50 metres east of 35800	3	6553118	35800	East	situ
					100								111						Limb with hollow containing frog was cut from
								Eulampru							48303				tree and moved to release location with frog in
249	07-January-2015	Stag	536	Limb	100	200	Yes	s tenuis	2	No	No	NA	No	50 metres east of 35800	3	6553118	35800	East	situ
249	07-January-2015	Stag	536	Limb	100	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
250	07-January-2015		NR	None	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
251	07-January-2015	Tallowwood	583	Trunk	200	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
251	07-January-2015	Tallowwood	583	Trunk	90	400	No	None	0	110	NA	NA	NA	NA					
252	07-January-2015	Spotted Gum	540	Limb	100	150	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		1			
253	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	542	Limb	80	150	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
254	07-January-2015	White Mahogany	530	Limb	800	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
255	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	1	NA	NA	NA	NA					
256	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	None	na	na	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA			-	1	
257		''	539	Limb	100	150	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA			-	1	Mallar Brakkar
257		U U	539	Limb	100	150	No	None	0	1	NA	NA	NA	NA			-	1	Native Beehive
258	07-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	543	None	na	na	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					Limbo domograd divisire states 1 and blick
259	07-January-2015		529	Trunk	400	900	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					Limbs damaged during stage 1 grubbing
259	07-January-2015	Stag	529	Trunk	250	1100	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA NA					
260	07-January-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	100	250	No	None		Leaf Nest	NA	NA	NA	NA NA				1	
261	07-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	NR	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	1	NA	NA	NA	NA NA				1	
262	08-January-2015	Hollow Log	NA	Ground log	150	9500	Yes	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA				1	
																			Log has been marked for re-distribution. Log
2/2	00 January 2015	Hollow Log	NI A	Cround Ic =	200	11500	Voc	None	0	No	NA	N A	NIA.	NA					will temporarily stored next to access road until machine access over optic fibre is established.
263 264	08-January-2015	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NA NA	Ground log	300 250			None	0	No Loof Noct	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA		1			machine access over optic fibre is established.
264	08-January-2015	Hollow Log	NA	Ground log	250	8500	Yes	None	U	Leaf Nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				<u> </u>	



Habitat Seq.			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
265	08-January-2015	Hollow Log	NA	Ground log	300	9000	Yes	Saltuariu s moritzi	5	No	NA	NA	No	Approximately 50 metres east of 32950	483205	6550909	32950	East	
266	10-January-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	30	100	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	Approximately 50 metres east of 32950			33600	Easter n side	Smiths Road in Maria River State Forest
														Approximately 50 metres east				Easter	
267	10-January-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	30	70	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	of 32950 Approximately 50 metres east			33600	n side Easter	Smiths Road in Maria River State Forest
268	10-January-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	160	450	No	No fauna Pink-	0	No	NA	NA	NA	of 32950			33600	n side	Smiths Road in Maria River State Forest
2/0	10.1	CI.	ND	T .	400	2000	N.	tongued	4	yes- leaf		Small	l N	>20m outside clearance limit	400000	/F44100	25800-	Easter	Nth of Mobbs Dr
269	13-January-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	400	2000	No	Skink		nest	No	scratch	No	into a hollow log	483220	6544100	26600 25800-	n side Easter	
270	13-January-2015	Stag	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	None Feather-	0	No	NA	NA Small	NA	NA			26600	n side	Nth of Mobbs Dr
								tailed Glider				scratch							
074	10.1	0 1181 11 11	ND		40	700		adult + 3		yes- leaf	.,	on one of the		>20m outside clearance limit	100010	/ [4 4 1 / 4	25800-	Easter	Nith of Mohko Dr
271	13-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	40	700	No	young Sacred	4	nest	Yes	young both	No	into a hollow log	483210	6544164	26600	n side	Nth of Mobbs Dr
272	13-January-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NA	Termite nest	40	300	No	Kingfishe r eggs	2	chamber	Yes	eggs cracked	No	Eggs discarded	483203	6544197	25800- 26600	Easter n side	Nth of Mobbs Dr
273	-		NR	None	no	no		No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			25800- 26600	Easter n side	Nth of Mopbbs Dr
2/3	_	Coastal Blackbutt		None	na	na	No	INU IAUIIA	0	No	IVA		IVA	IVA			20000	Easter	Between Kundabung rest area and Kundabung
274	15-January-2015	Pink Bloodwood	534	Limb	20	300	No	No fauna	0	leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side Easter	Rd Between Kundabung rest area and Kundabung
275	15-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	533	Limb	40	200	No	No fauna	0	leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA				n side	Rd Rd
275	15-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	533	Limb	50	100	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					
275	15-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	533	Limb	40	300	No	No fauna Blackish	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
276	15-January-2015	White Stringybark	532	Trunk	300	300	No	Blind snakes	2	leaf nest	no obvious	No	No	Released in habitat to east	48303 3	6553041	35180	Easter n side	Between Kundabung rest area and Kundabung Rd
																	25350-	Wester	
277	15-January-2015	Forest Red Gum	NA	Termite	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25550 30000-	n Side Easter	Stock pile side next to Mingaletta Rd
278	16-January-2015	Forest Red Gum	NR	none	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			30180 26495-	n Side Easter	Nth of Kundabung rest area
279	17-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	20	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			26600	n Side	Sth of Gate 5
280	17-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	50	1000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			26495- 26600	Easter n Side	Sth of Gate 5
																	26631-	Easter	
281	19-January-2015	Stag	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	No fauna Egernia	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA Released adjacent to site at			27000 26631-	n Side Easter	Between Gate 5 and Power line
282	19-January-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	50	300	No	mcpheei	1	Leaf nest Chamber	No	None	No	hollow ground log	483202	6544994	27000	n Side	Between Gate 5 and Power line
202	10 January 201E	Caastal Dlaakhutt	NIA	Tormito	no	no	No	None	0	with	NA	NA	NIA	NA			26631- 27000	Easter n Side	Probably Sacred kingfisher - Between Gate 5 and Power line
283	19-January-2015	COASIAI BIACKDUII	NA	Termite	na	na	No	None	U	feathers	NA	NA	NA	NA NA			26631-	Easter	
284	19-January-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NA	None	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			27000 26631-	n Side Easter	Between Gate 5 and Power line
285	19-January-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			27000	n Side	Between Gate 5 and Power line
286	19-January-2015	Grey Ironbark	NA	None	na	na	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			26631- 27000	Easter n Side	Between Gate 5 and Power line
																	26631-	Easter	
287	19-January-2015	wnite Manogany	NA	None	na	na	No	None Sugar	U	No	NA	NA	NA	NA Released from same location		6548909.	27000	n Side Easter	Between Gate 5 and Power line
288	05-February-2015	Red Mahogany	NA	Trunk	30	100	No	Glider	4	Leaf nest	No	No	No	before dark	483265	275	30950	n side Easter	Utility works at Fish Farm
289	11-February-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	20	500	No	None	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA			33200	n side	Utility



Habitat			LIDT		Ent								Takon						
Habitat Seq.			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
289	11-February-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	30	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
289	11-February-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	50	200	No	None	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA					
				Nest box tree														Easter	
290	12-February-2015	Turpentine	NA	removal	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			33700	n side	Utility
				Nest box tree														Easter	
290	12-February-2015	Turpentine	NA	removal	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			33700	n side	Utility
201	14 5-1 2015	Diale Diagrams and	NIA	Tamakada				NI- 6	0	No	l NIA	NIA	NIA.	NIA			32950- 33000	Easter n side	Maria SF
291	14-February-2015	PINK BIOOGWOOG	NA	Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna Litoria	U	chamber	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	11 Slue	IVIdIId SF
								gracilent											
								a (not in											
								hollow - in tree						Relocated adjacent to site			32950-	Easter	
291	14-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	20	200	No	canopy)	1	None	No	None	No	outside clearing limit - 100 m	483214	6550837	33000	n side	Maria SF
271	TTT Oblidary 2010	1 IIIK BIOGAWOOG	1414	Lillio	20	200	110	ouriopj)	<u> </u>	140110	110	110110	110	outside diedring innit. Tee in	100211	000007	32950-	Easter	
292	14-February-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
										No							32950-	Easter	
293	14-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NA	Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna	0	chamber	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
																	32950-	Easter	
294	14-February-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Limb	10	50	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
205	14 Fahruary 201F	Dink Diagdurand	ND	Limb	10	Ε0.	No	No forms	0		N.A	NIA	NA.	NIA			32950- 33000	Easter n side	Maria SF
295	14-February-2015	PINK BIOOGWOOG	NR	Limb	10	50	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			32950-	Easter	IVIdIId SF
296	14-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	No chamber	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
270	14-1 Cbruary-2013	I IIIK DIOOGWOOG	IVIX	None	Ha	na	Tid	140 Idulia		Chamber	INA	INA	INA	IVA			32950-	Easter	Walla of
297	14-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	50	1000	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
	,									No							32950-	Easter	
298	14-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	chamber	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
										No							32950-	Easter	
299	14-February-2015	Tallowwood	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	chamber	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
200	1/ 5 1 0015	0 1181 11 11	ND	F.	00	1000	l	NI C	0			NI A		NIA.			32950-	Easter	Maria CE
300	16-February-2015	Coastai Biackbutt	NR	Fissures	20	1000	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000 32950-	n side Easter	Maria SF
301	16-February-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Basal hollow	100	2000	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
301	10-1 Cbruary-2013	Coastal Diackbatt	IVIX	Dasarrionow	100	2000	INO	140 fauria	0	Antechinus	INA	INA	INA	IVA			32950-	Easter	Walla Si
302	16-February-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	50	1000	No	No fauna	0	scats	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
		J															32950-	Easter	
303	16-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
																	32950-	Easter	
304	16-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Trunk	400	2000	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
205	1/ F-h- 0015	Carribant	ND	Nama				N - f	^	Name	l NIA	l NIA	NI A	NA			32950-	Easter	Maria SE
305	16-February-2015	Grey ironbark	NR	None	na Owl	na	na Stored	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
					and		for												
					possu		redistrib										32950-	Easter	
306	16-February-2015	White Stringybark	NA	Nest boxes	m box		ution	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF - Owl and Possum Boxes taken down
007	4/ 5 1 201=	0 1151 11 "		,,				l N	_		,,,	N. A		NA.			32950-	Easter	Maria CE
307	16-February-2015		NA	None	na	na	na	No fauna		None	NA	NA	NA	NA			33000	n side	Maria SF
308		White Stringybark	NR	LH	100			None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
309	17/02/2015		NR	LH	na	na	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
310	17/02/2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	LH	100	150	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				Footer	
311	18-February-2015	Stag	NR	None	no	no	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			26200	Easter n side	Sth of Gate 5
311	ro-rebruary-2015	Sidy	INK	NOTE	na	na	na	INU IdUITA	U	NOUG	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA			27000-	Easter	Sitt of Gate 3
312	18-February-2015	Grev Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	Λ	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27450	n side	Nth of Gate 5
512	10 1 Cordary 2010	i Sioj Guili	1417	110110	Hu	Hu	Hu	rvo idulia	U	TNOTIC	14/1	1 17/1	1471	1	1	1	27.100	11 5140	5. 54.6 5



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq.	Data	Torrange	Ref	Habitat Factors	Diam.	Depth	Destina	Fauna	NI-	Signs of	Indiana d	Type of	into	Forms Delegan Institut	Factions	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use looked	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Cn.	SOC	Notes
										unused for							27000	Fastan	
313	18-February-2015	Grov Gum	NR	Stick nest	600	2000	No	No fauna	0	a long period	NA	NA	NA	NA			27000- 27450	Easter n side	Nth of Gate 5
313	10-1 ebidai y-2013	Grey Guill	IVIX	Stick fiest	000	2000	INO	INOTauria		репои	IVA	IVA	INA	IVA			27000-	Easter	Will of Guic 5
314	18-February-2015	Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27450	n side	Nth of Gate 5
																	27000-	Easter	Alle of Code 5
315	18-February-2015	Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27450 27000-	n side Easter	Nth of Gate 5
316	18-February-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27450	n side	Nth of Gate 5
	-	-															27000-	Easter	
317	18-February-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27450	n side	Nth of Gate 5
318	18-February-2015	Dink Bloodwood	NA	Termitaria Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27000- 27450	Easter n side	Nth of Gate 5
310	10-1 ebidaiy-2013	r IIIK Dioodwood	IVA	Termitana	Па	Ha	11a	INOTauria	0	NONE	IVA	IVA	INA	IVA			27000-	Easter	Will of Gate 3
319	18-February-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NA	Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27450	n side	Nth of Gate 5
																	30670-	Easter	All of Diagram Counts
320	02-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			30800 30670-	n side Easter	Nth of Pipers Creek
321	03-March-2015	Stump/stag	NA	Stump	150	600	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			30800	n side	Nth of Pipers Creek
		J						Lace											
								Monitor + Red-											
								bowed									30670-	Easter	
322	03-March-2015	Red Ash	NR	Fissures	na	na	na	Finch	2	None	No	None	No	Released adjacent to site	483181	6548669	30800	n side	Nth of Pipers Creek
323	06-March-2015	Stog	NR	Limb	50	100	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			30950- 31000	Easter n side	Sth of Hambly Drive Way
323	00-Walch-2013	Stay	INIX	LIIIID	30	100	No	INO Idulia	0	Hone	IVA	NA	IVA	IVA			30950-	Easter	Strot Hambly brive way
324	06-March-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			31000	n side	Sth of Hambly Drive Way
																	30950-	Easter	
325	06-March-2015	Forest Red Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			31000 30950-	n side Easter	Sth of Hambly Drive Way
326	06-March-2015	Forest Red Gum	NR	Fissures	40	400	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			31000	n side	Sth of Hambly Drive Way
								Egernia						relocated 200m down stream					
327	06-March-2015	Dink Bloodwood	NR	Fissures	40	2000	No	macphee i	1	none	No	NA	No	of Pipers Creek - at base of tree with fissures	483196	6548894	30950- 31000	Easter n side	Sth of Hambly Drive Way
321	00-Warch-2013	r IIIK Dioodwood	IVIX	1 issuies	40	2000	INO	1		Cavity -	INO	IVA	INU	uce with hissures	403170	0340074			Strot Hamby blive way
200	0/ M 1 0015	CI	ND	T 2 2 2			_N ,	N. C	0	past		N.1.0	NIA.	N.A.			30950-	Easter	Cth of Hombly Drive Move
328 328	06-March-2015 06-March-2015	· ·	NR NR	Termitaria Limb	na 30	na 400	No No	No fauna No fauna	0	excavation None	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA			31000	n side	Sth of Hambly Drive Way
328	UO-IVIAICII-ZU I S	Siay	INK	LIIIID	30	400	INU	INU IAUITA	0	NOTE	IVA	IVA	INA	IVA				Easter	
329	06-March-2015	Stag	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			29050	n side	South of Kundabung Interchange
																	00050	Easter	
330	06-March-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	30	50	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			29050	n side Easter	South of Kundabung Interchange
331	06-March-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	30	70	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			29050	n side	South of Kundabung Interchange
	oo maren 2010	otag			- 55			. ro rauna		110110							28700-	Easter	
332	09-March-2015	Stag	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
222	00 March 2015	Store	ND	None	no.	no.	No	No forms	^	None	NA	NIA	NIA.	NA			28700- 29300	Easter n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
333	09-March-2015	Sidy	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			28700-	Easter	DOX CUIVER TO KURUADURIY KU
334	09-March-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
																	28700-	Easter	
335	09-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
336	09-March-2015	Stan	NR	Termite + Trunk + Limb	na	na	No	No fauna	Λ	No excavation	NA	NA	NA	NA			28700- 29300	Easter n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
336	09-March-2015		NR	Trunk	40		No	No fauna	<u> </u>	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA			27000	11 3100	20% odivort to Rundabung Ru
550	5, March 2013	Jug	1 41 7	. rwinx	10	100	1 110	ivo idulia		Loai nost	1		1 11/1	1	1		1	l .	



Habitat Seq.	5.		HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth	D !! !	Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into	5 51 1 "	- ··	No utla in o	Ch	CoC	Nata
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use Plastics -	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
00/	00.14		NB		0.0	000		l n c	•	poss.									
336	09-March-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	30	300	No	No fauna	0	Black Rat	NA	NA	NA	NA			28700-	Easter	
337	09-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
		geng															28700-	Easter	,
338	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
220	00 Manak 2015	Ct	NID	Linete	40	400	NI-	NI- farma	0	Nama	NIA	NI A	NI A	N/A			28700- 29300	Easter n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
339	09-March-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	40	400	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			28700-	Easter	Box curven to Kundabung Ru
340	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
																	28700-	Easter	
341	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
342	09-March-2015	Stora	NR	Fissures	na	no	no	No fauna	Λ	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			28700- 29300	Easter n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
342	09-IVIAICII-2013	Stay	INIX	Tissules	11a	na	na	INO Idulia	0	No	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	1		28700-	Easter	Box curven to Kundabung Ku
343	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna	0	excavation	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
																	28700-	Easter	
344	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
345	09-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna	Ο	No excavation	NA	NA	NA	NA			28700- 29300	Easter n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
343	07-Warch-2013	Writte Mariogariy	IVIX	Termitaria	Ha	па	па	INOTauria	0	CACAVALION	IVA	IVA	INA	IVA			28700-	Easter	DOX curven to rundabung ru
346	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
																	28700-	Easter	
347	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	1		29300 28700-	n side Easter	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
348	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
340	07 Watch 2013	Small france Grey Guill	IVIX	None	nu	Hu	Tid	No laulia		None	1471	1471	1471	107			28700-	Easter	Dox survert to Harradbarry Ha
349	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
													1				28700-	Easter	
350	09-March-2015	Stag	NR	Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300 31050-	n side Easter	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
351	09-March-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			31150	n side	Nth of Hambly Drive Way
331	07 March 2010	July		110110		110	1.0	. To radina		110110							31050-	Easter	
352	09-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Termitaria	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			31150	n side	Nth of Hambly Drive Way
252	00.14 0045	14/1/21 AA 1	ND	N.				N. C	0		N.A			N. A.			31050-	Easter	Nith of Hambly Drive May
353	09-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA	1		31150 31050-	n side Easter	Nth of Hambly Drive Way
354	09-March-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	40	150	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			31150	n side	Nth of Hambly Drive Way
		J															31050-	Easter	
355	09-March-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	na	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			31150	n side	Nth of Hambly Drive Way
356	00 March 201E	White Mahagany	ND	Termitaria	no	no	no	No found	0	No excavation	NIA	NA	NIA	NA			31050- 31150	Easter n side	Nth of Hambly Drive Way
330	09-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Тепппапа	na	na	na	No fauna	U	excavalion	NA	IVA	NA	NA			31050-	Easter	Nut of Hambly brive way
357	09-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	Limb	50	200	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			31150	n side	Nth of Hambly Drive Way
		-															28700-	Easter	
358	10-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Limb	40	150	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA			29300	n side	Box culvert to Kundabung Rd
358	10-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Limb	60	250	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA NA					
358	10-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Trunk	60	800	No No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					
359 360	10-March-2015 10-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt Coastal Blackbutt	NR NR	Limb Limb	100 100		No No	None None	0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					
361	10-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	80	100	No	None	<u> </u>	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA					
362	10-March-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
302	15 March 2015	. Alk Diodawood	1417	Lillio	100	100	110	Acrobate	<u> </u>	100.	1473	1471	14/1						
								S						Vagatation adiasant to					Glider found in crevice in fork of trunk amongst
363	11-March-2015	Tallowwood	NR	Limb	40	300	No	pygmaeu s	1	No	No	None	No	Vegetation adjacent to Murrays Dam	483207	6549388	31400	East	leaf detritus
550				1	10	500	1			1	1		1						



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq.	Data	Torrangelor	Ref	Habitat Fastons	Diam.	Depth	D. diet	Fauna	NI-	Signs of	Indiana d	Type of	into	Farma Balanca Innation	Faction	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
	Date 11-March-2015	Tree species Grey Ironbark	No. NR	Habitat Feature Limb	(mm) 100	(mm) 150	Redist. No	recorded None	No.	use NA	Injured NA	injuries NA	care NA	Fauna Release location NA	Easting	Northing	Cn.	SOC	Notes
364	TT-IVIdTCH-2013	Gley Horibark	INK	LIIIID	100	130	INO	None	U	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	1				Bee hive, potential hollows could not be
365	11-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	608	None	na	na	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					examined or measured
366	12-March-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	150	200	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
367	12-March-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Termitaria	na	na	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
368		Stag	NR	Limb	100	300	No	None	0	Feathers	NA	NA	NA	NA					
368	12-March-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	50	100	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
369		Stag	NR	Trunk	150	350	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
369		Stag	NR	Limb	80	100	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
370	12-March-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	80	50	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ant nest in hollow
371	12-March-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	150	100	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			20500	Factor	
372	12 March 2015	Forest Red Gum	NR	Limb	20	50	No	No fauna	٥	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			28500- 28750	Easter n side	Nth of Smiths Creek
372	13-Watch-2013	Tolest Neu Guill	IVIX	LIIIID	20	30	INO	INO IAUITA	U	NONE	INA	IVA	IVA	IVA			28500-	Easter	Nutroi Similis Greek
373	13-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NA	None	0	0	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			28750	n side	Nth of Smiths Creek
																	28500-	Easter	
374	13-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NA	None	0	0	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			28750	n side	Nth of Smiths Creek
275	12 March 2015	Croal fruited Cross Com	ND	Limala	40	200	No	Litoria	2	scats +	No	NΙΛ	NO	relocated adjacent to site 20 m outside clearing limit	402211	6546580	28500- 28750	Easter n side	Nth of Smiths Creek
375 376	13-March-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum White Stringybark	NR NR	Limb Limb	40 180	200 150	No No	dentata None	0	leaf nest None	No NA	NA NA	NO NA	NA	483211	0340360	20730	11 Slue	Ant nest in hollow
377	13-March-2015	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria			No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA					Alt liest ill liollow
377		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	None	na na	na na	No	None	0		NA	NA	NA	NA					
370	13-Watch-2013	Coasiai Diackbull	IVIX	None	11a	на	INU	None	U	None	INA	IVA	IVA	IVA	1			Wester	
379	16-March-2015	Forest Red Gum	NR	Limb	50	1000	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA			27200	n	Fowler property
380	16-March-2015	Sydney Blue Gum	NR	None	na	na	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA					
381		Sydney Blue Gum	NR	Limb	100	250	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA					
382	16-March-2015	Tallowwood	NR	None	na	na	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA					
383	16-March-2015	Tallowwood	NR	Limb	150	350	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA					
384	16-March-2015	Sydney Blue Gum	NR	None	na	na	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA					
385	18-March-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	50	150	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
385	18-March-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	na	na	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					Blind hollow
386	18-March-2015	Grey Ironbark	NR	None	na	na	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					Blind hollow
								Ramphot											
								yphlops nigresce											
387	18-March-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	250	600	No	ns	1	NA	Yes	Crush	No	Animal deceased	483136	6551210	33300	East	Animal crushed during felling of stag
388	18-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	100	200		None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
389	18-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	140	260	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
200	10 March 2015	Cton	NID	Trunk	250	400	No	Eulampru	1	NIΛ	No.	Nona	No.		402142	6551105	33300	East	
390 390	18-March-2015 18-March-2015	V	NR NR	Trunk Limb	350 100	400 50	No No	s tenuis None		NA NA	No NA	None NA	No NA	NA	483143	0001100	JJJ00	East	
390		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	80	150		None		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	+				
391		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	100	200		None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	+				
393		White Mahogany	NR	Limb	200	300	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	†				
3/3	10 IVIGICII-2013	vvinte manogany	IVIX	Lillio	200	300	110	NOTIC		No	14/1	1 1/ 1	14/1	147.1	1				
394	18-March-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Termitaria	na	na	No	None		excavation	NA	NA	NA	NA					
395	18-March-2015	1	NR	None	na	na	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					Ant nest in hollow
396	18-March-2015	V	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
397		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	100	100	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
398	18-March-2015	V	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1				
399		Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	No	None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1				Blind hollow
400		White Stringybark	NR	Limb	150	100		None		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1				
401	18-March-2015	Grey Ironbark	NR	Trunk	100	100	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1				



Habitat Seq.	Dete	T	HBT Ref	Habitat Factoria	Ent. Diam.	Depth	Dealles	Fauna	NI-	Signs of	luisons d	Type of	Taken into	Farma Dalassa kasakan F	- Northing	Ch	200	Notos
Num.	Date 18-March-2015	Tree species	No. NR	Habitat Feature Limb	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	USE	Injured	injuries	care		Easting Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes Leaf nest (glider?)
402 403	18-March-2015	Grey Ironbark Grey Ironbark	NR	Trunk	200 80	150 150	No.	None None	<u> </u>	Leaf nest NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA				Lear riest (glider?)
403	18-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	150	100	No No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
405	18-March-2015	Ironbark	NR	Limb	100	100	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
406	18-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	250	150	No	None	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
100	TO MIGICIT 2010	Oddstar Diackbatt	IVIX	Limb	200	100	110	None	0	1071	1471	147 (1471	TV			Easter	
407	19-March-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	Limb	40	500	No	No fauna	0	none	NA	NA	NA	NA		28200	n side	Sth of Smiths Creek
407	19-March-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	Limb	60	1000	No	None	0	None	NA	NA	NA	NA				
																27900-	Easter	
408	20-March-2015	Forest Red Gum	NA	Possum Drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	Old drey	NA	NA	NA	NA		28000 27900-	n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
409	20-March-2015	Broad-leaved Paperbark	NA	Drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	Old drey	NA	NA	NA	NA		28000	Easter n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
407	20-10101111-2013	bioau-leaveu r aperbark	IVA	Diey	IIa	Ha	INU	INO IAUITA	0	Old tiley	IVA	IVA	INA	IVA		27900-	Easter	Adjacent to the rieavy venicle inspection area
410	20-March-2015	Forest Red Gum	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		28000	n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
																27900-	Easter	
411	20-March-2015	Acacia	NA	Drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	Old drey	NA	NA	NA	NA		28000	n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
410	20 March 2015	Dad Aab	NIA	D			NI-	N = f==	0	Old days	NIA	NI A	NIA.	l NA		27900- 28000	Easter n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle increation area
412	20-March-2015	Red Ash	NA	Drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	Old drey	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900-	Easter	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
413	20-March-2015	Scribbly Gum	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		28000	n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
110	20 Maron 2010	Contain Cum	10.	140110	Tiu Tiu	Tiu .	110	110 laula		110	107	107	107	100		27900-	Easter	Trajacon to are really verified inopedation area
414	20-March-2015	Scribbly Gum	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		28000	n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
																27900-	Easter	
415	20-March-2015	Stag	NA	Fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		28000	n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
114	20 March 2015	Caribbly Cum	ND	Trunk	30	100	No	No fauna	0	No	NIA	NIA	NIA	NA		27900- 28000	Easter n side	Adjacent to the Heavy Vehicle inspection area
416	20-March-2015	SCHOOLY GUILI	NR	Trunk	30	100	No	INO IAUITA	0	INO	NA	NA	NA	NA		20000	Easter	Adjacent to the fleavy vehicle inspection area
417	24-March-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		34700	n side	In drainage line
		· ·														27450-	Easter	<u> </u>
418	27-March-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
440	07.14	5	ND						•					l		27450-	Easter	Nikla of VA/Lauf Dal
419	27-March-2015	Red Mahogany	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900 27450-	n side Easter	Nth of Wharf Rd
420	27-March-2015	Black She-oak	NR	Drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
120	27 11101011 2010	Black one can		2.01			110	110 144114						100			Easter	
421	27-March-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	50	100	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
																27450-	Easter	
422	27-March-2015	Broad-leaved Paperbark	NR	Old drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900		Nth of Wharf Rd
423	27 March 2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27450- 27900	Easter n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
423	Z1-Warth-ZU13	ו וווא טוטטטשטטט	INL	INOTIC	11a	11a	INU	INO IAUIIA	U	INU	IVA	INA	IVA	IVA		27450-	Easter	TVOT OF WHIGH ING
424	27-March-2015	Scribbly Gum	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900		Nth of Wharf Rd
		-														27450-	Easter	
425	27-March-2015	Scribbly Gum	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
407	27 M 2015	Coribbly Corr	VID.	Limah	40	200	No	No forms	^	No	NIA	NIA.	NIA	l NA		27450- 27900	Easter	Nth of Wharf Rd
426	27-March-2015	Scribbly Gum	NR	Limb	40	300	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27450-	n side Easter	NUT OF WHATERU
427	27-March-2015	Paperbark	NA	Old drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27430-	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
12.					1			idalid			1			·		27450-	Easter	
428	27-March-2015	Paperbark	NA	Old drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
																27450-	Easter	NIII (MI (B)
429	27-March-2015	Paperbark	NA	Old drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900	n side Easter	Nth of Wharf Rd
430	27-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27450- 27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
430	27-Warth-2013		IVA	NOTIC	Ha	na	INU	INO IAUITA	U	INO	IVA	INA	IVA	IVI		27450-	Easter	TWO OF WHICH INC
431	27-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA		27900		Nth of Wharf Rd
		•	•								•		•		<u> </u>		-	



Habitat Seq.			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
432	27-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			27450- 27900	Easter n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
102	27 Wardii 2010	Oddstal Blackbatt	1471	TVOTIC	Tid	na	140	140 Iddild	0	140	1471	107	10/1	TV			27450-	Easter	The state of the s
433	27-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
424	27 March 2015	White Stringybark	NIA	None	no	no	No	No found	0	No	NIA	NA	NIA	NA			27450- 27900	Easter n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
434	21-Walch-2015	write Stringypark	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	U	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	1		27450-	Easter	Nul of Wilait Nu
435	30-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			27900	n side	Nth of Wharf Rd
																	27450-	Easter	NH CAM C D-I
436	30-March-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	+		27900 27000-	n side Easter	Nth of Wharf Rd
437	30-March-2015	White Mahogany	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			27400	n side	Sth of Wharf Rd
										birds nest -							27000-	Easter	
438 Genera	30-March-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NA	Stick nest	na	na	No	No fauna	0	see pics	NA	NA	NA	NA	-		27400	n side	Sth of Wharf Rd
l								Pink-											
clearin	30-March-2015	10 LIDTo	NA					tongued	1	No	NA	NΙΔ	NIA	Moved into adjacent habitat	483078	6547212	29300	West	South of Kundabung Road
g obs. Genera	30-Maich-2013	10 HB13	IVA					Lizard	-	No	IVA	NA	NA	ivioved into adjacent nabitat	483078	0347212	29300	West	South of Kundabung Road
1								Australia											
clearin g obs	30-March-2015	9 HBTs	NA					n Owlet Nightjar	1	No	NA	NA	NA	Flew off after the tree has been felled	483090	6547192	29300	West	
								· · · · · · · · · · ·			7.07.7				100000				Large flooded gum on northern bank of Smiths
439	08-April-2015	Flooded Gum	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				28250		Creek
Genera I																			
clearin								Litoria	40.							400450	20.400	wester	Chadaille ann al and af Dadas Dilas
g obs Genera	09-April-2015	Grass mowing	NA					fallax	136	No	NA	NA	NA	Further to the west	483159	483159	28400	n	Stockpile area at end of Rodeo Drive
1																			
clearin g obs	09-Δnril-2015	Grass mowing	NA					Hemiaspi s signata	1	No	NA	NA	NA	Further to the west	483159	483159	28400	wester n	Stockpile area at end of Rodeo Drive
g 003	07 April 2013	Grass mowing	14/1					3 Signata		110	147 (147.1	1471	r dittier to the west	403137	100107	25350-	Easter	Stockpile and at one of House Brive
440	12-April-2015	Turpentine	NA	Nest boxes	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25500	n side	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
441	13-April-2015	Ctor	ND	Limb	40	100	No	No found	0	nono	NIA	NΙΔ	NIA	NA			25850	Easter n side	Mobbs Dr
441	13-Aprii-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	40	100	No	No fauna	U	none	NA	NA	NA	NA	1		25350-	Easter	IVIODOS DI
442	14-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25500	n side	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
440	45 4 11 0045	B. 1 B. 1	ND		50	000		N. C	•								25350-	Easter	Mingolotto Dd . Dorrug Crook
443 443	15-April-2015 15-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood Pink Bloodwood	NR NR	Limb Limb	50 60	300 300	No No	No fauna No fauna	0	No No	NA NA	NA NA	NA				25500	n side	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
443	15-April-2015	PILIK BIOOGWOOG	INK	LIIIID	00	300	INO	INO Iaulia	U	INO	IVA	IVA	NA				25350-	Easter	
444	16-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25500	n side	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
	47 4 " 004-	NAME OF THE PARTY.	N.F					N. C	_	N.	* 1 *						25350-	Easter	Mingolotto Dd., Darria Carali
445	1 /-April-2015	White Mahogany	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25500 25350-	n side Easter	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
446	18-April-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	Limb	70	1000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25500	n side	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
446	18-April-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	Limb	30	300	No	No fauna	0		NA	NA	NA						
]	Sugar		active		Ī		Hollow with gliders placed	40015	/F 40000	25350-	Easter	Minoralatta Dal. Danna Const.
447	19-April-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	Trunk	80	500	No	Glider	1	hollow	No	NA	No	outside of clearing limit	483181	6543399	25500 28400-	n side Wester	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
448	20-April-2015	Forest Red Gum	NR	Trunk	300	100	No	No fauna	0	Leaf nest	NA	NA	NA	NA			28800	n Side	Nth of Smiths Creek
																	28400-	Wester	
449	20-April-2015	Tallowwood	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			28800 28400-	n Side Wester	Nth of Smiths Creek
450	20-April-2015	Tallowwood	NR	Trunk	30	350	No	Sugar Glider	3	leaf nest	No	NA	No	Sugar gliders placed in nest box Ch. 28700	483163	6546699	28400- 28800	n Side	Nth of Smiths Creek
100	20 / 10111 2010		1411	. runk	33	300	110	Sildol	- 5	.501 11051	110	1,7,1	110	23.7 3111 207 30	100100	33.3077	28400-	Wester	
451	20-April-2015	Forest Red Gum	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	1		28800	n Side	Nth of Smiths Creek



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
			1101	Trabitat F data. 5	()	()	Trouist.	10001404			jaou	,	ou. o	T dana Horodoo lo danon	Lasing		28400-	Wester	
452	20-April-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			28800	n Side	Nth of Smiths Creek
453	20 April 2015	Scribbly Gum	NR	None	na	no	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			28400- 28800	Wester n Side	Nth of Smiths Creek
433	20-Aprili-2013	Scribbly Guill	IVIX	None	Tid	na	INO	INO Idulia	0	INO	INA	IVA	INA	IVA			25350-	Easter	Nut of Simula Creek
454	20-April-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	Limb	50	800	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			25500	n side	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
455	04 & 11 0045	14/1 '1 A 1	ND		20	200		N. C	0					210			255050 -25300	Wester	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
455	21-Aprii-2015	White Mahogany	NR	Limb	30	300	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			255050	n Side Wester	Stil of Miligaletta Ru
456	21-April-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	30	100	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			-25300	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
																	255050	Wester	
456	21-April-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	40	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA	NA			-25300 25350-	n Side Easter	Sth of Mingaletta Rd
457	21-April-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	Trunk	600	2000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25500	n side	Mingaletta Rd + Barrys Creek
	T T						-			scats +									
458	23-April-2015	Stan	372	Limb	40	200	Yes	No fauna	0	Greater Glider tree	NA	NA	NA	Adjacent to site on a Hollow- bearing tree			24820- 25100	Wester n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
100	20 / 10111 2010	Jug	372	Lillio	10	200	103	140 Iddiid	0	Glidel lice	1471	1071	1471	bearing tree			24820-	Wester	our or mingaletta real root area
458	23-April-2015	Stag	372	Limb	30	100	Yes	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25100	n Side	
458	22 April 201E	Ctor	372	Limb	40	300	Voc	No found	0	No	NIA	NΙΔ	NIA				24820- 25100	Wester n Side	
458	23-April-2015	Slay	312	LIIIID	60	300	Yes	No fauna	U	No	NA	NA	NA				24820-	Wester	
458	23-April-2015	Stag	372	Trunk	30	100	Yes	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25100	n Side	
								Eulampru	_							/F.40000	24820-	Wester	
458	23-April-2015	Stag	372	Trunk	60	250	Yes	s tenuis	3	No	NA	NA	NA	West in moist gully – 70 m	482995	6542908	25100 24820-	n Side Wester	
458	23-April-2015	Stag	372	Trunk	100	2000	Yes	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25100	n Side	
	·																24820-	Wester	
459	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25100	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
460	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	300	1000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				24820- 25100	Wester n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
460			NR	Limb	60	300	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				20100	11 Olde	our or mingaletta Na Test area
	The state of the s	<u>-</u>					-										24820-	Wester	
461	23-April-2015		NR	Trunk	200	500	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25100	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
461	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	50	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				24820-	Wester	
462	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	50	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25100	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
	The state of the s	<u>-</u>					-										24820-	Wester	
463	23-April-2015		NR	Limb	70	1000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25100	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
463			NR	Limb	50	100	No	No fauna	0		NA	NA	NA						
463	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	100	300	No	No fauna Eulampri	0	No	NA	NA	NA	Adjacent to site on a Hollow-			24820-	Wester	
464	23-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	limb	50	1000	No	us tenuis	1	No	No	NA	no	bearing tree	482990	6542828	25100	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
464	23-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	limb	50	500	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA						
464	23-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	limb	70	300	No	No fauna		No	NA	NA	NA						
464	23-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	limb	50	500	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA		-		24750	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
465	28-April-2015	Stan	NR	Limb	150	1500	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				24750- 24900	Wester n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
703	20 /10111-2013	Ciuy	IVIX	LITTID	130	1300	140	IVO IGUIIG	U	140	IVA	14/3	11/7				24750-	Wester	
466	28-April-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	400	3000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				24900	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
								Micro bat - possibly											
								flew from									24750-	Wester	
467		Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	150	2000	No	a hollow	1	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	482944	6542789	24900	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
467	28-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	100	1000	No No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA NA	NA						
467	28-Aprii-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	70	800	INO	No fauna	U	No	NA	NA	NA	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
						1000											24750-	Wester	Cth of Mineralatic Del. and and
468 468	28-April-2015 28-April-2015	Stag Stag	NR NR	Limb Trunk	70 120	1000 1000	No No	No fauna No fauna	0	No No	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA				24900	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
400	20-April-2013	Stay	IVIX	TIGHK	120	1000	INO	INO IAUITA	U	TNO	IVA	INA	IVA				24750-	Wester	
469	28-April-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				24900	n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
470	28-April-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	70	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				24750- 24900	Wester n Side	Sth of Mingaletta Rd - rest area
		-						Litoria						40 m upstream on northern	100107	/54/074			
471	01-June-2015	Flooded Gum	NR	None	na	na	No	tyleri Litoria	2	No	NA	NA	NA	bank 40 m upstream on northern	483127	6546274	28400	West	Smiths Creek - north
471	01-June-2015		NR	Limb	30	150	No	dentata	1	No	NA	NA	NA	bank	483127	6546274	28400	West	Smiths Creek - north
472	02-June-2015	White Stringybark	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna Featherta	0	No	NA	NA	NA	Died on site - habitat tree					
473	02-June-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	Limb	30	200	No	il Glider	1	In use	Yes	Crush	No	felled with chainsaw	482995	6547291	29300	West	Manual fall of habitat tree in services corridor
										old rub and wear									Stag outside of clearing limits but considered an
474	03-June-2015		NR	trunk	80	1000	No	No fauna	0	marks	NA	NA	NA				28630	west	unsound tree - Culvert 28.60 works
475	03-June-2015	Red Mahogany	NR	Limb	40	200	No	No fauna Egernia	0	No	NA	NA	NA						
475	03-June-2015	Red Mahogany	NR	Limb	60	300	No	mcpheei	2	No	NA	NA	NA		482858	6548135	30300	West	Ravenswood Service Road works
47/	10 1 2015	Milette Christians is and	ND	Tours	200	4000	NI-	No forms	_	NI-	NI A	N10	NIA				35900-	Easter n side	Nth of Gate 17
476 476	10-June-2015 10-June-2015	White Stringybark White Stringybark	NR NR	Trunk Limb	200 100	4000 1000	No No	No fauna No fauna	0	No No	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA				36135	11 Side	Nill of Gate 17
170	10 Julie 2010	Write Stringybark	IVIX	Limb	100	1000	110	TVO Iddild		110	10/1	1471	1471				35900-	Easter	
477	10-June-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	100	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				36135	n side	Nth of Gate 17
478	10-June-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	100	1000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				35900- 36135	Easter n side	Nth of Gate 17
478	10-June-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	50	1000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA						
478	10-June-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	200	2000	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25222		
479	10. June-2015	White Mahogany	NR	None	0	0	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				35900- 36135	Easter n side	Nth of Gate 17
477	10-3unc-2013	write manogary	IVIX	None	0	0	INO	No laulia	0	NO	INA	INA	INA				35900-	Easter	
480	10-June-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				36135	n side	Nth of Gate 17
481	10-June-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	20	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				35900- 36135	Easter n side	Nth of Gate 17
																	35900-	Easter	
482	10-June-2015	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	Limb	20	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				36135 35900-	n side Easter	Nth of Gate 17
483	10-June-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Limb	30	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				36135	n side	Nth of Gate 17
400	40.10045		ND		0.0			N. C									35900-	Easter	NHL of Code 17
483	10-June-2015	White Stringybark	NR	Trunk	30	50	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				36135 35900-	n side Easter	Nth of Gate 17
484	10-June-2015	Red Mahogany	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				36135	n side	Nth of Gate 17
485	10 June 201E	Dod Mahagany	NIA	Tormitorio	no	no	No	No found	_	No chamber	NA	NIA	NIA				35900- 36135	Easter n side	Nth of Gate 17
460	10-June-2015	Red Mahogany	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	U	Bark nest -	IVA	NA	NA				30133	11 Side	Nut of Gale 17
										relocated									
										outside clearing							35900-	Easter	
486	10-June-2015	Red Mahogany	NA	Limb	50	400	No	No fauna	0	limit	NA	NA	NA				36135 35900-	n side Easter	Nth of Gate 17
487	10-June-2015	White Mahogany	NA	Limb	100	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				36135	n side	Nth of Gate 17
		V 3															24750-	Wester	
488	10-June-2015	Stag	NA	Limb	50	200	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25375 24750-	n Side Wester	Sth of Gate 1
489	10-June-2015	Stag	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				25375	n Side	Sth of Gate 1
									_								29284-	Wester	
490	02-July-2015	White Mahogany	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA			1	30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq.			Ref		Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	into						
Num. [Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	injuries	care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
491	02-July-2015	Grov Gum	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	٥	No	NA	NA	NA				29284- 30650	Wester n Side	Rodeo Dr
471	02-3diy-2013	Oicy duili	INA	None	Tia	na	INO	No fauria		INO	INA	INA	INA				29284-	Wester	Trouco Di
492	02-July-2015	Stag	NA	Fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	None	NA	NA	NA				30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr
																	29284-	Wester	
493	02-July-2015	Allocasuarina	NA	Old drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	old	NA	NA	NA				30650 29284-	n Side Wester	Rodeo Dr
494	02-July-2015	Ground Log	NA	Ground log	na	na	Yes	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr
171	02 July 2010	Ground Log	14/1	Ground log	nu	na	103	TVOTAGITA	0	110	107	147.	14/1				29284-	Wester	Trouble Bi
495	02-July-2015	Grey Ironbark	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr
									_								29284-	Wester	
496	02-July-2015	Stag	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				30650 29284-	n Side Wester	Rodeo Dr
497	02-July-2015	Tallowwood	NA	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr
771	02 July 2013	Tallowwood	14/1	None	Tiu	na	110	No laulia		Old	1471	14/1	14/1				29284-	Wester	Trouco Di
498	02-July-2015	White Mahogany	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	0	chamber	NA	NA	NA				30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr
																	29284-	Wester	
499	02-July-2015	Grey Ironbark	NA	Fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	1	NA	NA	NA	5			30650 29284-	n Side Wester	Rodeo Dr
500	02-July-2015	Tallowwood	NA	Trunk	25	400	No	Featherta il Glider	0	active hollow	No	NA	No	Placed in nest box adjacent to the site	482923	6548267	30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr
300	02 July 2013	Tallowwood	14/1	TTGTIK	23	400	110	II Olluci		TIOHOW	110	1471	110	the site	402723	0010207	29284-	Wester	Trouco Di
501	02-July-2015	Red Mahogany	NS	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				30650	n Side	Rodeo Dr
502	07-July-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	None	na	na	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA						
									_	Old glider							36300-		
503	07-July-2015	Stag	NR	Trunk	100	3000	No	No fauna	0	nest	NA	NA	NA				36700 29700-	East Easter	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
504	2- lun-16	Small-fruited Grey Gum	NR	Limb	30	50	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA				29700-	n side	Kundabung Rest Area
505	11-August-2016	Scribbly Gum	NR	Limb	30	50	1	No fauna		No	NA	NA	NA				27700		rtandadang rtostra od
506	11-August-2016	Scribbly Gum	NR	Limb	20		No	No fauna		No	NA	NA	NA						
507	11-August-2016	Scribbly Gum	NR	Limb	60			No fauna		No	NA	NA	NA						
508	11-August-2016	Allocasuarina	NR	Possum Drey	na	na	No	No fauna	0	Old use	NA	NA	NA						
509	15-August-2016	Scribbly Gum	NR	Limb	30	50	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA						
510	15-August-2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	30	50	No	No fauna		No	NA	NA	NA						
510		Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	40	100		No fauna		No	NA	NA	NA						
511	15-August-2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	20		No	No fauna		No	NA	NA	NA						
511	15-August-2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	40	150	No	No fauna	0	No Yes old	NA	NA	NA						
										feathertail									
512	15-August-2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	30	70	No	No fauna	0		NA	NA	NA						
Genera																			
clearin								Litoria											
g obs	16-August-2016							fallax	7	No	NA	NA	NA	Relocated to the west	483179	6545963	28000	West	Smiths Creek south
								Litoria											
Genera								gracilent a (not in											
1								hollow -											
clearin g obs	16-August-2016							in tree canopy)	2	No	NA	NA	NA	Relocated to the west	483179	6546112	28100	West	Smiths Creek south
Genera	10 August-2010							сапору)	J	INO	IV/1	INA	INA	TODOGLOGIO UTIC WEST	TUJ 1 / 7	33 10 112	23100	******	Calo Grook Sodal
1								5											
clearin g obs	16-August-2016							Rattus fuscipes	1	No	NA	NA	NA	Left site further to west	483178	6546162	28170	West	Smiths Creek south
Genera	10-August-2010							ruscipes		INO	INA	INA	IVA	LOIT SITE TUITITET TO WEST	703170	0070102	20170	VVCSL	Officer South
1								Lamprop											
clearin g obs	17-August-2016							holis delicata	5	No	NA	NA	NA		483178	6546162	28170	West	Smiths Creek south
y uus	17-August-2016	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1		1	uciicală)	INO	IVA	INA	IVA	L	4031/8	0340102	201/0	AACOL	OTHINIS CIECK SOUNT



Habitat			HBT		Ent.								Taken						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
Genera	Date	Tree species	INU.	Habitat i eature	(11111)	(11111)	Redist.	recorded	INO.	use	Injureu	Injunes	Care	I dulla ivelease location	Lasting	Northing	OH.	300	NOTES
1								Calyptoti											
clearin g obs	17-August-2016							s ruficauda	2	No	NA	NA	NA		483143	6545148	27200	West	South Smiths Creek Road
Genera	17 August 2010							Tuncadda		110	1471	14/1	1471		403143	00 10 1 10	27200	11031	South Strike Stock Road
1																			
clearin g obs	17-August-2016							Bearded Dragon	1	No	NA	NA	NA		483149	6545103	27200	West	South Smiths Creek Road
513	23-August-2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	30	50	No	No fauna	0	No	NA NA	NA	NA		403147	0343103	27200	VVCSt	South Shilling Greek Road
513	23-August-2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	30	150	No	No fauna	0	No	NA	NA	NA						
010	23 Nagust 2010	Oddstai Biackbatt	IVIX	Limb	30	100	110	Egernia		110	1071	1471	1471	Release into adjacent timber					
514	30-August-2016	Stump	NR	Fissures	na	na	No	mcpheei	1	No	No	NA	NA	pile to the north east	483028	6551581	33700	East	East of Cut 18
Genera								Northern Brown				Mulcher/							Flushed in long grass during mowing/mulching -
clearin								Bandicoo				Crush							corrective action to mow from roadside heading
g obs	25-October-2016							t	1	No	Yes	Injuries	No	Died on site	483153	6549036	30900	West	west only
Genera								Eastern											
clearin								Water											
g obs	08-November-2016							Dragon	1	No	No	NA	NA	Moved outside of works area	483145	6554787	37050	East	Maria River basin outlet works
										Sugar									Powerline easement area in southern part of
515	19-July-2017	White Stringybark		Trunk	50	1000	Yes	Nil	0	Glider nest	NA	NA	NA				32750	East	Maria State Forest
515	10 July 2017	White Stringybark		Trunk	70	150	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NIA				32750	East	Powerline easement area in southern part of Maria State Forest
313	19-July-2017	Write Stringybark		TTUTIK	70	150	162	IVII	U	No	IVA	IVA	NA				32730	Lasi	Powerline easement area in southern part of
515	19-July-2017	White Stringybark		Trunk	50	650	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				32750	East	Maria State Forest
	•	J. J																	Powerline easement area in southern part of
515	19-July-2017	White Stringybark		Trunk	80	150	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				32750	East	Maria State Forest
516	8-Aug-17	Stag		Trunk	60	500	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				37800	West	Stumpy Creek Unsound Trees
516	8-Aug-17	Stag		Trunk	60	300	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				37800	West	Stumpy Creek Unsound Trees
516	8-Aug-17			Trunk	40	200	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				37800	West	Stumpy Creek Unsound Trees
517	09-November-2017	Coastal Blackbutt		Limb	60	450	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				37250	East	Kempsey Road Bus Bay
517	09-November-2017	Coastal Blackbutt		Limb	40	150	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				37250	East	Kempsey Road Bus Bay
517	09-November-2017	Coastal Blackbutt		Limb	30	200	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				37250	East	Kempsey Road Bus Bay
																	0.4.45.0		Dangerous tree adjacent pull over bay south of
518	17-Jan-18	Stag		Limb	300	800	Yes	Nil	0	No	NA	NA	NA				34450	West	Cut 20 Dangerous tree adjacent pull over bay south of
518	17-Jan-18	Stan		trunk	80	500	Yes	Nil	0	Old glider nest	NA	NA	NA				34450	West	Cut 20
310	17-3411-10	Stay		tiulik	00	300	163	Long-	U	HEST	IVA	IVA	IVA				34400	WCSt	Out 20
								eared								,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	00500		
519	19-Jan-18	Acacia		Exfoliating bark				Bat <i>Litoria</i>	1	Utilised	No	NA	NA	Took flight during the day	483238	6546556	28500	East	Trees being gently pushed with a backhoe
								gracilent											
Genera								a (not in											
1								hollow -											
clearin g obs	18-August-2017							in tree canopy)	1	No	NA	NA	NA	Relocated to the west	483183	6546132	28130	West	Smiths Creek south
Genera	10-August-2017							cariopy)	'	INO	IVA	INA	IVA	Nelocated to the west	403103	0040102	20130	WCSt	Simila Greek south
1																			
clearin	10th-April-2017							Litoria fallax	5	Utilised	No			Adjacent or further to the west	483179	6546271	28300	West	Smiths Creek North Side
g obs		Tallowwood		Limb	FO	200	No		0		No NA	NIA	NIA	Adjacent of further to the west	483179	0340271	36500	West	~250 m south of Old Coast Road
520 520	13th January 2017 13th January 2017	Tallowwood		Limb	50 30	150	No No	no		No No	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA				36500	West	~250 m south of Old Coast Road
520	13th January 2017	Ironbark		Fissures	20	100	No	no No	0		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA				36500	West	~250 m south of Old Coast Road
		Ironbark Ironbark		Limb	200	250	No	No	0		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA				36500	West	~250 m south of Old Coast Road
521	ioni January 2017	IIUIIUdik		LIIIID	200	∠50	INU	INU	U	INU	IVA	IVA	IVA				30300	VVESI	Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
522	1st-December-2016	Turpentine	NA	Basal	400	400	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34800		November
Ü22		1		_ 404.	100	100		1		1			1	1	_1	1		1	



Habitat			HBT Ref		Ent. Diam.	Depth		Fauna		Signs of		Type of	Taken into						
Seq. Num.	Date	Tree species	No.	Habitat Feature	(mm)	(mm)	Redist.	recorded	No.	use	Injured	Type of injuries	care	Fauna Release location Ea	asting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
																			Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
Ena	3 1st-December-2016	White Stringybark	NA	Limb	100	250	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				35350	West	November. Tree was chainsaw so hard fell to ground smashing a lot of hollows
523	ist-December-2010	writte Stringybark	IVA	LIMD	100	250	res	No	U	no	IVA	IVA	IVA				33330	West	Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
										Yes -									November. Tree was chainsaw so hard fell to
523	1st-December-2016	White Stringybark	NA	Limb	70	350	yes	No	0	Glider nest	NA	NA	NA				35350	West	ground smashing a lot of hollows
																			Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in November. Tree was chainsaw so hard fell to
523	1st-December-2016	White Stringybark	NA	Limb	50	250	ves	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				35350	West	ground smashing a lot of hollows
525	10(2000) 2010	Time ourngy zun				200		110		1.0									Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
524	2nd December-2016	White Mahogany	NA	Limb	60	220	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34800	West	November
525	2nd December-2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	50	150	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34900	West	Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in November
323	211d December-2010	Coastal Diackbutt	INA	LIIIID	30	130	163	INO	0	110	IVA	IVA	IVA				34700	VVCSt	Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
																			November. Just before old bloodwood rest area
526	3rd December 2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	70	1000	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34000	West	access
																			Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in November. Just before old bloodwood rest area
526	3rd December 2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	50	250	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34000	West	access
																			Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
F0/	2.15	0 110 11 11			20	200	W	N.	0		N/A	NI A					24000	Most	November. Just before old bloodwood rest area
526	3rd December 2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	30	200	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34000	West	access Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
																			November. Just before old bloodwood rest area
526	3rd December 2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	50	200	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34000	West	access
																			Dangerous tree removal following bushfire in
526	3rd December 2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	70	150	Yes	No	0	no	NA	NA	NA				34000	West	November. Just before old bloodwood rest area access
526		Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	50	200	Yes	No	0		NA	NA	NA				35700	West	Near old Gate 17 entrance.
525	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Codolal Blackball				200	. 00	110		1.0								Easter	
526	3rd December 2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	40	100	Yes	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				33600	n side	Smiths Road in Maria River State Forest
526	3rd December 2016	Coastal Blackbutt	NA	Limb	110	300	Yes	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				33600	Easter n side	Smiths Road in Maria River State Forest
520	310 December 2010	Coasiai Diackbuit	INA	LIIIID	110	300	162	INO Iaulia	U	110	IVA	IVA	IVA				33000	Easter	Smiths Road in Maria River State Forest
527	09-November-2017	White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				37350	n side	Kemps Road Bus Bay Works
528		White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	Yes	No fauna		no	NA	NA	NA						
529		White Stringybark	NA	Termitaria	na	na	Yes	No fauna		no	NA	NA	NA						
530	· ·	Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb	350			No fauna		no	NA	NA	NA						
530		Pink Bloodwood	NR	Limb Limb	400 110	750		No fauna		no	NA	NA	NA						
530	23-April-2015	Pink Bloodwood	NR	LIMD	110	500	INO	No fauna	U	no	NA	NA	NA						Stag outside of clearing limits but considered an
531	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	limb	50	200	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				28630	west	unsound tree - Culvert 28.60 works
																			Stag outside of clearing limits but considered an
531	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	limb	75	350	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				28630	west	unsound tree - Culvert 28.60 works Stag outside of clearing limits but considered an
532	23-April-2015	Stan	NR	limb	30	150	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				28630	west	unsound tree - Culvert 28.60 works
332	23710111 2013	Stug	IVIX	IIIII	30	100	140	TVOTAGITA		110	1471	1471	1471					Woot	Stag outside of clearing limits but considered an
532	23-April-2015	Stag	NR	limb	50	500	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				28630	west	unsound tree - Culvert 28.60 works
F22	12 1.4. 2015	Coastal Blackbut	אוט	Limb	40	100	No	No forms	^	200	NIA	NIA	NIA				36300- 36700	East	Joan's Post to Pailway Dam Dood
533	13-July-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	40	190	No	No fauna	U	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	EdSI	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
534	13-July-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	nil - blind hollows	na	na	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
																	36300-		
535	13-July-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	limb	160	200	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700 36300-	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
535	13- July-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	200	150	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
555	10 3413 2010	- Jacka. Diagnosali				100	1	iddiid			1		1 1 1 1	1				,	



KUNDABUNG TO KEMPSEY: POST CLEARING ECOLOGICAL REPORT

Habitat			HBT		Ent.	D 11		_		C:		- .	Taken						
Seq. Num. Da	ate	Tree species	Ref No.	Habitat Feature	Diam. (mm)	Depth (mm)	Redist.	Fauna recorded	No.	Signs of use	Injured	Type of injuries	into care	Fauna Release location	Easting	Northing	Ch.	SoC	Notes
															_		36300-		
535	13-July-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	50	150	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
																	36300-		
536	13-July-2015	Stag	NR	Limb	50	150	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
																	36300-		
537	13-July-2015	Stag	NR	fissures	na	na	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
																	36300-		
538	13-July-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	nil- blind hollows	na	na	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road
	<u>, </u>																36300-		
539	13-July-2015	Coastal Blackbutt	NR	Limb	30	120	No	No fauna	0	no	NA	NA	NA				36700	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road



Table A2: Pre-clearing surveys conducted during the clearing phase of the K2K Project.

Tuk	IL AZ. 1 10	cicarring 3	uiveys c		during the cit	earing pric	ase of the K2K Pro	Jeci.		
Survey Sequence			Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
								Sugar Glider x 1; Diamond Python x 1; Common Ringtail Possum x 1; Lampropholis delicata x 5;		
1	18-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24800-25375	East	Mingaletta South	Calyptotis ruficauda x 2	10	Spotlighted and active searching
								Brush-tailed Possum (1), Ring- tailed Possum (1), Long-nosed		
2	19-Nov-14	Yes	No	No	24950-25350	East	Mingaletta South	Bandicoot (1) Lampropholis	3	75 min of spotlighting 3 hours of active
3	19-Nov-14	No	Yes	Yes	24950-25350	East	Mingaletta South	delicata Lampropholis	50	searching Relocated to outside
4	24-Nov-14	No	Yes	Yes	24100-24900	Eastern	Barrys Creek	delicata Lampropholis	5	clearing limit Relocated to outside
5	24-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24900-24600	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	delicata	2	clearing limit to the east
6	24-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	35300-35800	Eastern	Middle Gate Road to Joan's Rest	Lampropholis delicata	7	Relocated to outside clearing limit to the east
7	25-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24500-24100	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	Lampropholis delicata	1	Translocated >30 m outside clearance limit
8	25-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	35300-35800	Eastern	Middle Gate Road to Joan's Rest	Lampropholis delicata	4	Relocated to outside clearing limit to the east
								Lampropholis		Translocated >30 m
9	26-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24537-24900	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd Middle Gate Road	delicata	1	outside clearance limit Relocated to outside
10	26-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	No	35300-35800	Eastern	to Joan's Rest	No fauna Limnodynastes	3	clearing limit to the east Translocated >30 m
11	27-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24537-24900	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	peronii	1	outside clearance limit
							Middle Gate Road	Lampropholis delicata (3); Calyptotis ruficauda		Relocated to outside
12	27-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	No	35300-35800	Eastern	to Joan's Rest Middle Gate Road	(2)	5	clearing limit to the east
13	28-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	No	35300-35800	Eastern	to Joan's Rest	No fauna		
14	28-Nov-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24900-24700	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	No fauna		1 hr 15 min spotlighting
15	2-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34800-35250	East	Maria River - Middle Gate Road	Nil		and same amount of time active search
16	2-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24537-24800	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	Limnodynastes peronii	1	Translocated >30 m outside clearance limit
							Maria River - Middle	Brush-tailed Possum (1); Eastern Brown Snake (juv) x		Relocated approx. 100
17	3-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34900-35200	East	Gate Road	No forms	2	metres east of 34900
18	3-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24500-24537	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	No fauna Mixophyes		
19	4-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34680-34900	East	Maria River - Middle Gate Road	fasciolatus (5), Adelotus brevis (4)	9	
20	E Dog 14	Vac	Voc	Vac	24400 25200	Fact	Maria River - Middle	Mixophyes fasciolatus (2), Litoria peronii (2), L.fallax (3);		Frogs were relocated approx. 100 metres west of 34700; Snake relocated approx. 100 metres west of 34050.
20	5-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34680-35200	East	Gate Road	Cryptophis nigricens Brush-tailed		metres west of 34950
21	5-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	24500-24600	East	Mingaletta	Possum (1); Limnodynastes peroni (1)	2	Frog was relocated to edge of Barrys Creek
22	6-Dec-14	No	Yes	Yes	35200-35400	East	Maria River - Middle Gate Road	Nil		Spotlighting of habitat tree area prior to clearing
23	6-Dec-14	No	Yes	Yes	25100-24800	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	Varanus varius	1	In tree. Tree marked up as per other habitat trees and 10m exclusion zone of hazard tape put up around the tree.



Survey Sequence			Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
					J		Maria River - Middle	Varanus varius.		1 hr 15 spotlight followed by two separate active searches and walks totalling 3.5 hrs - captured reptiles released further to the
24	8-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34450-34640	East	Gate Road	Pogona barbata	2	east.
25	8-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	25100-24800	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	No fauna		
26	9-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34200-34640	East	Maria River - Middle Gate Road	Varanus varius	1	
27	9-Dec-14	No	Yes	Yes	25100-24800	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	No fauna	-	
28	10-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34000-34640	East	Maria River - Middle Gate Road	Saltuarius moritzii x 2, Mixophyes fasciolatus	3	Recorded during predawn spotlighting and relocated further to the east.
29	10-Dec-14	No	Yes	Yes	25100-24850	Eastern	Sth of Mingaletta Rd	No fauna		
30	10-Dec-14	Yes	No	No	33700-34050	Eastern	Smiths Road in Maria River State Forest	Sminthopsis murina	1	spotlighted observed basking on
31	11-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34000-34200 25350-25550	East	Maria River - Middle Gate Road	Egernia mcpheei	1	dead log next to creek but not captured
32	11-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	+ 25100- 24850	Eastern	Nth and Sth of Mingaletta Rd	No fauna		Contured in chattered
33	12-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	34000-34200	East	Maria River - Middle Gate Road	Egernia mcpheei	2	Captured in shattered stump - relocated approx. 60 metres east of 34050
34	12 Dog 14	No	Voc	Voc	22700 24200	Fact	Maria River - Middle	NII	0	
	13-Dec-14	No	Yes	Yes	33700-34200 25350-25550 + 25100-	East	Gate Road Nth and Sth of	Nil	U	
35	15-Dec-14	No	Yes	Yes	24850	Eastern	Mingaletta Rd	No fauna		
36	16-Dec-14	No	Yes	Yes	33500-33800	East	Cut 19 Between Mingaletta	Nil	0	
37	16-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-25750	Eastern	rd. and Mobbs Dr	No fauna		
20	17 Dec 14	Vas	Vas	Vas	25500 25750	Footow	Between Mingaletta	Common Brushtail Possum (1); Limnodynastes peroni (1); Pseudophyrne	•	
38	17-Dec-14	Yes	Yes	Yes	25500-25750	Eastern	rd. and Mobbs Dr Barrys Creek to	coreacea (1)	3	
39	5-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24250-24600	Eastern	Mingaletta	Nil	0	
40	5-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29350-30000	Eastern	Kundabung Rest Area and south Central Maria River	Limnodynastes peroni (1); Common Ringtail Possum (1)	2	Frog relocated to the east, possum not captured
41	5-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33000-33700	Eastern	SF	Nil	0	
42	6-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24250-24600	Eastern	Barrys Creek to Mingaletta	Common Brushtail Possum (1)	1	Perched in low canopy at edge of clearing limit - not captured
43	6-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29350-30000	Eastern	Kundabung Rest Area and south	Common Blue Tongue Lizard (1)	1	Relocated to the north and east around 100 m
44	6-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29500-30000	Eastern	Kundabung	Cryptophis nigricens	1	Large adult (approx. 1 metre) snake captured @ 29600 and relocated approx. 150 metres west of 29750
45	6-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33000-33800	Eastern	Central Maria River SF - Bloodwood	1 Litoria brevipalmata, 2 Crinia signifera, 1 Cryptophis nigricens, 2 Saltuarius moritzi	5	Two pre-clearance checks with another in afternoon in same area followed by an evening spotlight (2100-2230hrs) as opposed to a predawn one.



				Pre-						
Survey Sequence			Habitat	Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
46	7-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ch 26170- 25800	Eastern	North of Mobbs Dr	Brush-tailed Possum + Eastern Grey Kangaroo + Blackish Blind Snake	1	The Kangaroo left the site, The possum went into hollow of marked habitat tree. Clearing operators were notified. Blind snake had been killed during the previous day by a dozer
47	7-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ch 35700- 35900	Eastern	Joan's Rest Area	Dendrelaphis punctulatus; Ramphotylops nigrescens; Eulamprus tenuis; Litoria caerulea	5	The snake was pulled out from an unused possum drey approx. 1.8 metres of ground in Allocasuarina. The blind snake, skinks and frog were relocated approx. 50 metres east of 35800
48	8-Jan-15	No	Yes	Yes	Ch 25350- 25750	Eastern	between Mingaletta rd. and Mobbs Dr - on eastern side of fence	Lampropholis delicata and Calyptotis ruficanda	12	those that could be captured where translocated outside of impact area
10	0 3411 10	110	103	103	20700	Edistorri		Micro bat (1); Tawny	12	impuot urou
49	8-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33000-34000	Eastern	Bloodwood rest area in Maria River SF	Frogmouth (1); Litoria latopalmata (2)	4	Frogs relocated to the east.
50	9-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29300-30000	Eastern	Kundabung Road north to Kundabung Rest Area	Red-necked Wallaby (1)	1	Moved off to the east
51	9-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ch 26170- 25800	Eastern	North of Mobbs Dr	Brush-tailed Possum + Lampropholus delicata	1	the possum ran off site, 2 relocated off site, several skinks were relocated off site
52	10-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25800-26300	Eastern	Mobbs Drive and north	Micro bat (2)	2	Not captured just flying
53	10-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29300-30000	Eastern	Kundabung Road north to Kundabung Rest Area	Nil	0	Not captured just riying
54	10-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33200-34000	Eastern	Bloodwood rest area in Maria River SF	Tawny Frogmouth (1); Feathertail Glider (1); Boobook (1)	3	No fauna captured, just observed.
55	12-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29300-30000	Eastern	Kundabung Road north to Kundabung Rest Area	Nil	0	
56	12-Jan-15	yes	yes	Yes	26150-26600 + 25800- 25600	Eastern	nth and sth of Mobbs Dr	Red-backed Toadlet	2	Was not able to locate for relocation.
57	12-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36300-37000	Eastern	Bloodwood rest area in Maria River SF	Litoria brevipalmata (1), Mixophyes fasciolatus (2)	3	Relocated to the east
58	13-Jan-15	No	Yes	Yes	33200-33800	Eastern	Bloodwood rest area in Maria River SF	Varanus varius	1	Climbed into tree which was then marked as a habitat tree until the individual vacated the area.
F0	12 las 15	N	V	V	26150-26631 + 25350-	Et	nth and sth of	Lampropholus delicata and	_	those that could be captured where translocated outside of
59	13-Jan-15	No	Yes	Yes	25650	Eastern	Mobbs Dr	Calyptotis ruficanda	5	impact area From fallen ground logs
60	14-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32600-33100	Eastern	Maria River SF - south	S. moritzi	5	being broken up - 1 large fissured ground log identified for habitat redistribution
61	15-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24300-24550	Western	Mingaletta Stockpile Site	Litoria fallax (2); Litoria peronii (2); Limnodynastes peronii (3); Pseudophyrne coracea (1); Tawny Frogmouth (1)	9	Frogs captured and relocated. Likely to be more fauna associated with dam.



Survey Sequence Number	Date	Spotlight	Habitat search	Pre- Clear Walk Through	Chainage	Side of carriage way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
							Kundabung Road north to Kundabung			
62	15-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29300-30000	Eastern	Rest Area	Nil	0	
63	15-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32600-33300	Eastern	Maria River SF - south	Litoria latopalmata (2)	2	Relocated to the east
//	1F log 1F	Vac	Vee	Vac	32700 to 32400 +	Factors	Maria River SF -	NU	0	General clearing
64	15-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32700-33300	Eastern	south	Nil 2 x Lim peroni, 4 x	U	supervision followed
65	15-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ch 25350- 25550	Western	Stock pile site - Mingaletta Rd	Psed corecea, numerous Lit fallax, 3 Lamp delicata, 1 x Lace Monitor	2	Lace monitor chased off site.
66	16-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	27250-27450	Eastern	Wharf Road and south	Nil		
67	16-Jan-15			Yes			Nth of Mobbs Dr	1 x Ringtail Possum 2x Lampropholus delicata	3	
07	10-3411-13	Yes	Yes	162	26631-27000	Eastern	Nth of Kundabung	uelicata	3	
68	16-Jan-15	No	Yes	Yes	30180-30475	Eastern	Rest Area	No fauna Sugar Glider (1);		
69	16-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32700-33200	Eastern	Maria River SF - south	Leaf-tailed Gecko (2); Litoria brevipalmata (1); Tawny Frogmouth (1); Mixophyes fascularctus (1); Limnodynastes peroni (2)	8	Litoria brevipalmata from 33000. Captured fauna relocated to the east.
70	17-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	26216-26496	Eastern	Nth of Mobbs Dr	2 x lim peroni + 2 x lamp delicata	4	relocated adjacent to site
71	17-Jan-15	No	Yes	Yes	30180-30450	Eastern	Nth of Kundabung Rest Area	small-eyed snake - dead in area cleared previous day	1	
72	17-Jan-15	Yes	No	Yes	32700-33400	Eastern	Maria SF	2 x lim peronii, 1 x leaf-tailed Gecko	2	relocated adjacent to site
73	19-Jan-15	No	Yes	Yes	Ch 26216- 26600 + 26631-27000	Eastern	sth and nth of Gate 5	3 x Lamp delicata	3	relocated adjacent to site
74	19-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30180-30450	Eastern	Kundabung Rest Area and north	Nil		
75	19-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32700-33200	Eastern	Maria River SF - south	Nil		
76	19-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ch25350- 24950	Western	Sth of stock pile	Greater Glider	1	Located in very large habitat tree.
77	20-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	No	30180-30600	Eastern	Kundabung Rest Area to Pipers Creek	Litoria tyleri (3); Limnodynastes peroni (2); Litoria dentata (1)	6	Captured and relocated to east noting clearing unlikely to occur and many more frogs on site



Survey Sequence			Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
							Maria River SF -	11 x L. brevipalmata, L. gracilenta x 11, M. fasciolatus x 6, Lim. Peronii x 7, C. signifera x 2, P. coriacea x 1 recorded at 32700. Majority of individuals outside footprint along a flowing drainage line. 7 x L. brevipalmata, M. fasciolatus x 1, Lim. Peronii x 3, C. signifera x 2, P. coriacea x 2 recorded at 33250 and relocated to opposite side of highway where same species were		Frogs weren't captured and relocated given the prevailing weather conditions and likelihood clearing would then be
78	20-Jan-15	Yes	Yes	No	32600-33300	East	South end	herd calling.	53	postponed for some time
79	20-Jan-15	No	Yes	Yes	25800-27000	Eastern	Nth of Mobbs Dr	Several C. signifera + Lit. gracilenta calling from a ditch on the western side of the road Ch. 26200		
.,	20 3411 10	140	103	103	20000 27000	Eastern	THE OF WOODS DE	20200		
80	30-Jan-15	yes	Yes	Yes	28250-28500	and western Eastern	Smiths Creek	Litoria fallax	1	Relocated to adjacent pond area.
81	2-Feb-15	yes	Yes	Yes	28250-28500	and western	Smiths Creek	>20 Lim peroni calling		
02	3-Feb-15	Voc	Voc	Yes	20450 20450	Eactorn	Sth of Pipers Creek	1 x water dragon, House Mouse, >20 Lim peroni, 5 Lamp delicata		Water dragen relegated
82	3-rep-15	Yes	Yes	res	30450-30650	Eastern	Stil of Pipers Creek	Litoria wilcoxii x 1;		Water dragon relocated
83	3-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30650-30850	Eastern	Pipers Creek and north towards Fish Farm	Litoria breviplamata x 2; Limnodynastes peroni (1)	4	Captured and relocated to the east
84	4-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ch 30650- 30750	Eastern	Nth of Pipers Creek - Hambly Property	1 X Antechinus stuartii		
85	5-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30650-31650	Eastern	Pipers Creek and north for 1 km	Litoria brevipalmata (1); Tawny Frogmouth (1); Sugar Glider (1); Feathertail Glider (1); Red-necked Wallaby (1)	5	Frogs captured and relocated - mammals not.
					Ch 30450-			Water Dragon + >20		outside clearing for frog
86 87	5-Feb-15 6-Feb-15	Yes No	Yes	Yes	30650 Ch 31050- 32450	Eastern Eastern	Sth of Pipers Creek Fish farm north	Lim peroni No fauna		fence
88		Yes	Voc	Yes	Ch 31050- 32450	Eastern	Fish farm north	No fauna		
89	7-Feb-15 9-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32000-32769	Eastern	Ravenswood	Tawny Frogmouth (1); Limnodynastes peroni (2)	3	Frogs relocated to the east
90	10-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	30600-31000	Eastern	Pipers Creek Basin and associated stockpile areas	Litoria nasuta (1)	1	Relocated further east beyond frog fence
							Maria River SF -	, ,	<u> </u>	2570.10 1109 101100
91	10-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	32769-33400	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	No fauna		
92	11-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	25750-26660	Eastern	Sth of Gate 5	No fauna >20 Lim peroni and		
93	11-Feb-15	yes	No	Yes	30550-30650	Eastern	sth of Pipers Creek	Lit fallax calling + cat		3 and 2 relocated outside frog fence



Survey Sequence Number	Doto	Cnotlight	Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk	Chainaga	Side of carriage	Sita nama	Charles detected	No	notes
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected Mixophyes iteratus	No.	Mixophyes iteratus PIT
94	11-Feb-15	Yes	No	Yes	30600-31000	Eastern	Pipers Creek North	(1); Litoria wilcoxii (1)	2	tagged - Ref 000735B461
95	11-Feb-15	Yes	No	Yes	33200-33500	Eastern	Nth of the Lambardo property	2 Red-backed Toadlet	2	adjacent to site
96	12-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	25800-25900	Eastern	Sth of Gate 5	No fauna		,
97	12-Feb-15	Yes	No	Yes	30600-31000	Eastern	Pipers Creek North	Nil		
98	12-Feb-15	yes	No	Yes	32600-32800	Eastern	Nth of the Lambardo property	1 Mix fas, 1 x Pseud coriacea		Relocated to adjacent pond area.
99	13-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32170-32500	Eastern	sth of Lambardo Property	Limnodynastes peroni (1)	1	Relocated to adjacent pond area.
							Adiacont	Limnodynastes peroni (2); Tawny		Delegated to adjacent
100	13-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32500-32885	Eastern	Adjacent Lambardos	Frogmouth (1)	3	Relocated to adjacent pond area.
							Pipers Creek north within excluded frog			
101	14-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	30600-30800	Eastern	fence area	Rattus fuscipes (1)	1	Observed but not caught
102	14-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	32070-32170	Eastern	Ravenswood north area	Nil		
103	14-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	32170-32050	Eastorn	sth of Lambardo Property	No fauna		
103	14-FED-13	INU	162	162	32170-32000	Eastern	Nth of the Lambardo	NO faulta		
104	14-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	33000-32900	Eastern	property Gate 5 to powerline	No fauna		
105	16-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25750-27000	Eastern	easement	No fauna		
106	16-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31761-32070	Eastern	Ravenswood north area	No fauna		
107	16-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32950-33360	Eastern	Maria SF utility	No fauna		
108	17-Feb-15	Yes	yes	Yes	27450-27000	Eastern	Powerline easement to Wharf Rd	No fauna		
109	17-Feb-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30600-31000	East	Pipers Creek north to Fish Farm Gate	Limnodynastes peronii (9); Litoria brevipalmata(1); Pseudocheirus peregrinus (1)	11	Frogs were relocated to the east beyond RMS boundary/clearing limit. The possum could not be caught.
110	17-Feb-15	Yes	yes	Yes	31350-31750	Eastern	Kundabung	No fauna		
111	17-Feb-15	Yes	no	Yes	37000-30450	Eastern	Sth Pipers Creeks	3 Lim peronii + 2 Lit fallax		Relocated to adjacent pond area.
112	18-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	26200-27450	Eastern	Sth of gate 5 to Wharf Rd	Limnodynastes peroni (1); Dwarf Crowned snake (1)	2	Frog relocated to adjacent pond area. Snake relocated 75m east.
113	18-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	29200-29300	Western	139 Rodeo Dr	1 Lim peronii		1 Dendadenkie
114	18-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	30800-31200	Eastern	North from Pipers Creek past the fish farm entrance	Dendrelaphis punctulata (1), Limnodynastes peroni (3), Crinia signifera (2)	6	1 x Dendrelaphis punctulata, 3 x Limnodynastes peronii, 2 x Crinia signifera. Frogs relocated east of frog fence, snake relocated to riparian veg east of existing frog fences.
115	19-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	28050-28250	Eastern	Sth of Smiths Creek	Mixophyes iteratus (1); Limnodynastes peroni (2)	3	GBF was pit tagged etc. and released 100 downstream - Ref 0007357AA5
116	19-Feb-15	yes	No	Yes	30550-30650	Eastern	sth of Pipers Creek	2 Lim peronii + Antechinus stuartii (1)		Relocated to adjacent pond area. A. stuartii could not be captured Relocated to adjacent
117	20-Feb-15	yes	No	Yes	28050-28250	Eastern	Sth of Smiths Creek	1 Lim peronii		pond area.
118	20-Feb-15	yes	No	Yes	30550-30650	Eastern	sth of Pipers Creek	1 Lim peronii		Relocated to adjacent pond area.
119	20-Feb-15	yes	No	Yes	30600-30800	Eastern	nth of Pipers Creek	1 x Lim peronii, 2 x Rattus rattus	3	Rats were not captured
120	23-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	27000-27600	Eastern	Powerline easement to nth of Wharf Rd	Sugar Glider	1	Tree marked up as a habitat tree



Survey				Pre- Clear		Side of				
Sequence Number	Date	Spotlight	Habitat search	Walk Through	Chainage	carriage way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
						,		Eastern Grey		
121	23-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	31500-31050	Eastern	Murray's Dam to Hambly Property	Kangaroo, Lim peronii	1	EGK hopped off site, frog related
							Telstra utility stump	•		relocated adjacent to
122	23-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	33360-33150	Eastern	car area Murray's Dam to	Lim peronii Lim peronii + 2	2	site frog relocated adjacent
123	24-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	31500-31050	Eastern	Hambly Property	hares		to site
							Telstra utility stump	Sooty Owl calling from NE + Pseud		
124	24-Feb-15	yes	yes	Yes	33360-33150	Eastern	car area	coriacea to the sth		
							Smiths Creek riparian zone to			
							Kundabung			
125	25-Feb-15	No	Yes	Yes	28300-29000	Western	Interchange	Nil 1 x Lim peronii		Captures of 4 X Lit.
							Sth side of Smiths	(relocated) + 1 X		Fallax + 23 X Lit.
126	26-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28050-28250	Eastern	Creek	Grey Goshawk 1 X Mix. iteratus + 1		dentata + 1 GFT
							Nth side of Smiths	x Mix. fasciolatus		
127	26-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28250-28450	Eastern	Creek	(baged)		10 juveniles captured
										and relocated from
128	26-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30600-31000	Eastern	Pipers Creek north to fish farm entrance	Litoria brevipalmata (10)	10	breeding site at 30700E to east of frog fence
120	20-1 60-13	163	163	163	30000-31000	Lastern	Sth side of Smiths	1 x GTF + 21 Lit	10	translocated 100m
129	27-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-28250	Eastern	Creek Nth side of Smiths	dentata		down stream
130	27-Feb-15	Yes	yes	Yes	28250-28325	Eastern	Creek	No fauna		27-Feb-15
								Litoria brevipalmata		Both the Litoria brevipalmata were
								(2); Limnodynastes		adults and swabbed for
131	27-Feb-15	Yes	VOC	Yes	30600-31050	Eastern	pipers Creek to Fish Farm Entrance	peroni (3); Litoria	7	chytrid. Frogs relocated further to the east.
131	27-Feb-15	res	yes	res		Eastern	Failli Ellilalice	latopalmata (2) 2x Lit fallax + 1 x Lit	/	Turther to the east.
132	28-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30342-30670	Eastern	Sth of Pipers Creek	peronii Litoria brevipalmata		relocated outside fence
								(2); Limnodynastes		
133	20 Eab 15	Voc	Voc	Voc	20450 21020	Eactorn	Nth of Dipore Crook	peroni (3); Litoria	7	Relocated to the east
133	28-Feb-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30650-31030	Eastern	Nth of Pipers Creek Eastern of the	latopalmata (2)	/	Relocated to the east
							Kundabung Rest			
134	2-Mar-15	No	yes	Yes	29600-30100	Eastern	Area - Boundary fence line	No fauna		
125	2 Mar 15	Vaa		Vaa	20450 20450	Factors	Calle Din and Create	2 x Lim peronii + 1 x		relocated over frog
135	2-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30450-30650	Eastern	Sth Pipers Creek	Lit fallax Mixophyes iteratus		fence Mixophyes was PIT
12/	2 M 15	V		V	20/00 21050	F4	Pipers Creek north	(1); Litoria nasuta	2	tagged (Ref
136	2-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30600-31050	Eastern	to fish farm access	(1) 3 x Eastern Grey	2	00073576C1)
107	0.14 45	.,	.,	.,	00/50 00000		Sth of Kundabung	Kangaroo - left site -		Red-bellied Black Snake
137	3-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28650-29300	Eastern	Rd to Box culvert Eastern of the	went south		- escaped at box culvert
							Kundabung Rest			
138	3-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29500-30100	Eastern	Area - Boundary fence line	No fauna		
			-	-			-	3 x Lim peronii + 2 X		
139	3-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30450-30560	Eastern	Sth Pipers Creek	Lit fallax - relocated outside frog fence		
140	3-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31030-31200	Eastern	Fish farm north	Nil		
	-						-	Leaf-tailed Gecko		
								(2); Litoria brevipalmata (1);		
								Limnodynastes		Frogs and gecko
141	3-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32900-33400	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	peroni (1); Sugar Glider (1)	5	relocated to the east, glider not captured
142	3-Mar-15	No	Yes	Yes	25400	Eastern	Mingaletta	Nil		<u>σ</u> μ σ σ



Survey				Pre- Clear		Side of				
Sequence Number	Date	Spotlight	Habitat search	Walk Through	Chainage	carriage way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
143	4-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28000-29300	Eastern	Sth of Kundabung Rd to Box culvert	Brush-tailed Possum - outside clearing limit in H tree + GHFF - feeding on blossom	NO.	notes
	7	100		7.00	20000 27000	Eddioini	Pipers Creek to	1 lim peronii - relocated over fence + Feather-tailed Glider - in retained		
144	4-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30670-31050	Eastern	Hambly drive way	Ironbark Tree		
145	4-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31030-31200	Eastern	Fish farm north	Nil Tawny Frogmouth		
146	4-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32700-33400	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	(1)	1	
147	5-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28700-29300	Eastern	Sth of Kundabung Rd to Box culvert	2 sugar gliders + 1 dead Lamp delicata		
148	6-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31050-31550	Eastern	Hambly driveway + Murrays Dam	1 Sugar Glider + Tawny Frog Mouth		
149	6-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28500-29300	Eastern	Smiths Creek north to Kundabung Interchange	Limnodynastes peroni; Litoria fallax (2)	3	Relocated to small residual patches of vegetation
150	6-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	No	32700-33400	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	Nil		- J
151	9-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30600-30800	Eastern	Pipers Creek on north side	Litoria wilcoxii (2); Limnodynastes peroni (1)	3	Relocated to the east
152	9-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	28250-29300	Eastern	Kundabung Rd to Smiths Creek	1 x Lim peronii		
153	9-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	31500-31882	Eastern	Ravenswood	Nil		
154	9-Mar-15	No	yes	Yes	32700-33400	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	Nil		
155	10-Mar-15	yes	yes	Yes	28250-29300	Eastern	Kundabung Rd to Smiths Creek	5 x Lit dentata (relocated over frog fence) + 2 X Swamp Wallaby - moved along out of site		
156	10-Mar-15	yes	Yes	Yes	31800-32600	Eastern	Ravenswood Pipers Creek North	Sugar Glider (1); Limnodynastes peroni (2), Litoria nasuta (3) Limnodynastes peroni (5); Litoria nasuta (2); Litoria	6	Sugar Glider recorded using Grey Gum at Ch 31800 was later recorded as road kill at dawn. Frogs relocated to east of clearing limit.
157	10-Mar-15 10-Mar-15	yes No	Yes	Yes	30400-30800	Eastern Eastern	and South Ravenswood east	wilcoxii (1) Eastern Small-eyed Snake (1); Lampropholis delicata (7); Pogona barbata (1)	8	Relocated to the east All relocated to the east
159	10-Mar-15	No	Yes	Yes	32600-33400	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	Nil	,	7 iii Toloodica to allo cast
							Fowlers Utility			
160	11-Mar-15 11-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	27000-27300 28250-28420	Western Eastern	Nth side of Smiths Creek	Nil Nth - 1 X Lim peronii + Lit tyleri + Sth - 3 x Lim peronii (relocated) + Lit caerulea + Lit peronii on outside fence		
162	11-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30450-30670	Eastern	Sth side of Pipers Creek	2 x Lim peronii (put over fence) + 1 x dentata on outside of fence - fence intact Litoria tyleri (1);		
163	11-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30670-30870	Eastern	Nth side of Pipers Creek	Limnodynastes peroni (5); Mixophyes fasculartus (2)	8	Relocated to the east



Survey				Pre- Clear		Side of				
Sequence Number	Doto	Cnatlight	Habitat	Walk	Chainaga	carriage	Cita nama	Chaoine detected	No	notoo
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected Adelotus brevis (1);	No.	notes
								Limnodynastes		
								peroni (2); Pseudophryne		Frogs relocated to the
164	11-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31400-33000	Eastern	Ravenswood	coriacea (1)	4	east
								Sugar Glider (1); Australian Owlet		
								Nightjar (1); Litoria	_	Frogs relocated upslope
165	11-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31800-33000	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	latopalmata (3) Litoria willcoxii -	5	to the east
							Kundabung Rd to	Female- relocated		
166	12-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	28250-29300	Eastern	Smiths Creek	down stream Feral Cat (1); Red-		Only the Limno peronii
								necked Wallaby (1);		was captured and
167	12-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32600-33500	Eastern	Southern Maria SF	Limnodynastes peroni (1)	3	relocated, other two flushed out of the area.
107	12-10101-13	163	163	163	32000-33300	Lastern	Southern Maria Si	Relocated - 2x Lit	3	ilusticu out of the area.
								fallax + 10 x Lit dentata + 1 x Lit		
								brevipalmata + 12 x		
								Lit gracilenta + 1 x Lit caerulea + 2 x		
168	13-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	28050-28250	Eastern	Smith Creek - Sth	Lim peronii		
169	13-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30450-30670	Eastern	Piper Creek - Sth	1 x Lim peronii	1	
								Litoria nasuta x 1; Mixophyes		
								fasciolatus (1);		
170	12 Mar 15	Voc	V00	Voc	20400 22400	Factors	Pipers Creek north to Maria River SF	Limnodynastes peroni (1)	2	Frog relocated outside
170	13-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30600-33600	Eastern	to Maria River SF	Limnodynastes	3	frog fence area
								peroni (2); Litoria		
							Smiths Creek frog	dentata (1); Mixophyes		
171	13-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	27840-28200	Western	fence works	fasculartus (1)	4	Relocated to the west
172	16-Mar-15	Yes	No	Yes	30450-30670	Eastern	Sth Pipers Creek Maria River SF -	No fauna		Delegated into edicacut
173	16-Mar-15	Yes	yes	No	32500-33500	Eastern	southern 1 km	Limnodynastes peroni (2)	2	Relocated into adjacent forest to the east
174	16-Mar-15	Yes	yes	No	30600-30800	Eastern	Pipers Creek north	Litoria wilcoxii (1)	1	Relocated downstream
										Bats taken up roosting in
										abandoned swallow nest on existing Pipers Creek
										bridge - Unusual roost
										may have something to do with the felling of very
175	17 Mar 15	Vaa	Vac	Ma	20/00 20000	Factors	Dinara Craals	M. sakin manananan	2	large Blue Gum into the
175	17-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	No	30600-30800	Eastern	Pipers Creek	Myotis macropus	3	creek previous day During clearing -
										Relocated 1 x Lit
										gracilenta 1 x Water Dragon (Intellagama
								3 x Lit. dentata + 1 x		lesueurii), 1 x Diamond
								Lit. fallax - relocated + 2 x Rattus		Python (Morelia spilota), 1x Dwarf Crowned
.=,	47.4	.,	.,		07000 00		Sth side of Smiths	fuscipes - in fenced		Snake (Cacophis krefftii)
176	17-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	27800-28250	Eastern	Creek	area	-	down stream relocated over frog
177	17-Mar-15	Yes	yes	Yes	27950-28275	Eastern	Smith Creek	Lit dentata	3	fence
178	17-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32500-33500	Eastern	Maria River SF - southern 1 km	Nil		
170	17 14101 13	100	100	100	52000 00000	Lustoni	COMMON TRIN			Relocated Diamond
							Wharf Rd to Smiths	1 x Antechinus stuartii + Diamond		Python to area near power line easement Sth
179	18-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	27450-28250	Eastern	Creek	Python	1	of Wharfs Rd
180	18-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32500-33500	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor			



				Pre-		6:1				
Survey Sequence	Date	Curational	Habitat	Clear Walk	Obstance	Side of carriage	C11	Consider detected	NI-	
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected Litoria gracilenta (1);	No.	notes
								Litoria nasuta (1); Limnodynastes		
								peroni (2); Eastern Water Dragon (1);		
							Pipers Creek south	Lampropholis delicata (2);		
101	18-Mar-15	Voc	Voc	Voc	20100 20400	Eactorn	to Kundabung Rest	Hemiaspis signata	8	Relocated to the east
181		Yes	Yes	Yes	30100-30600	Eastern	Southern end of Cut	(1)	Ö	Relocated to the east
182	18-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	34700-34800	Eastern	20 Wharf Rd to Smiths	Nil		
183	19-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	27450-28250	Eastern	Creek	5 x Lamp delicata		Bat flew from stag being
								Vespadelus spp (1); Limnodynastes		checked with wrecking bar; frogs were
104	10 Mar 15	Vac	Vaa	Vac	22/50 2/000	Fastara	Maria Divar CE	peroni (5); Litoria	7	relocated to beyond the
184	19-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32650-36000	Eastern	Maria River SF Nth and Sth of	nasuta (1);	7	clearing limits.
185 186	20-Mar-15 20-Mar-15	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	27000-27900 27100-27300	Eastern Western	Wharf Rd Boundary fence line	No fauna No fauna		
100	20-IVId1-13	162	162	162	27100-27300	Western	Boundary rence line	NO Idulia		Scattered remnants of
								Litoria peronii (1);		vegetation requiring clearing as part of Stage
187	20-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33000-36000	Eastern	Maria River SF	Crinia signifera (1) Litoria latopalmata	2	II works
188	20-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30600-31000	Eastern	pipers Creek to Fish Farm Entrance	(1); Limnodynastes peroni (1)	2	Relocated to the east
189	23-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	27000-27900	Eastern	Nth and Sth of Wharf Rd	Ring-tailed Possum	_	In drey outside the clearing limit
							1 paperbark tree -	, and the second		cleaning innit
190	24-Mar-15	No	Yes	Yes	34717-34733	Eastern	habitat Boundary fence line	No fauna		
191	25-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	27200-27330	Western	 upper Smiths Creek Rd 	No fauna		
192	25-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28050-28350	Eastern	Smiths Creek - Nth and Sth	1 X Mix fasciolatus + 2 x Lim peronii		
.,,	20 Mai 10	. 00		. 00	20000 20000	Luctorn	ana ow	Common Ring-tailed		in drey - edge of clearing limit and retained
193	25-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29300-29650	Western	Kundabung Motel	Possum	1	vegetation
							Pipers Creek either	Litoria peronii (1); Mixophyes		
194	25-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30400-30800	Eastern	side Boundary fence line	fasculartus (1)	2	Relocated to the east
195	26-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	27300-27330	Western	 upper Smiths Creek Rd 	No fauna		
196	26-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28050-28350	Eastern	Smiths Creek - Nth and Sth	8 X Lit dentata		
170	20 Wai 13	103	103	103	20030 20330	Lustern	Kundabung	O X Eli dellata		Diad analys reserved
197	26-Mar-15	No	Yes	Yes	28450-28950	Western	Interchange area - west	R. nigrescens (1)	1	Blind snake recorded from old rotten stump.
								Litoria caerulea (1);		Frogs relocated to dam area to north. Eastern
								Crinia signifera (3); Limnodynastes		Grey Kangaroo moved of their own accord,
198	26-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29400-29550	Western	Kundabung Motel area	peroni (4); Eastern Grey Kangaroo (8)	16	flushed further to the west.
170	20 1/101 10	103	100	100	27100 27000	***************************************	4.04	Sioj Rangaroo (o)		Frogs captured and relocated downstream;
								Limnodynastes		Water Dragon and bats
								peroni (6), Litoria nasuta (1); Litoria		not captured. Myotis temporarily roosting
								peronii (2); Eastern Water Dragon (1),		under bridge which enabled them to be
199	26-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30400-30800	Eastern	Pipers Creek Murray Stockpile	Myotis macropus (2)	12	identified.
200	26-Mar-15	No	Yes	Yes	31350-31500	Eastern	Site	Nil		
201	27-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28050-28250	Eastern	Smiths Creek - Sth	No fauna		



Survey Sequence	Dete	Constitute	Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk	Obstance	Side of carriage	C1.	Control	N.	
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected Crinia signifera (1);	No.	notes
202	27-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31600-32000	Eastern	Services at Murray property	Litoria fallax (1); Litoria wilcoxii (1); Litoria peronii (1); Sugar Glider (1)	5	Frogs captured and relocated - Sugar Glider observed
203	27-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29000-29400	Western	Kundabung Motel	Nil		
204	27-Mar-15	No	Yes	Yes	28600	Eastern	Culvert 28.60	Nil		
205	30-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	26650-27800	Eastern	Nth and Sth of Wharf Rd	No fauna		
206	30-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29450-29850	Western	Kundabung Motel south towards Smiths Creek Kundabung rest	Eastern Water Dragon (1); Litoria gracilenta (1); Common Ringtail Possum (1)	3	
207	30-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29800-30670	Eastern	area to Pipers Creek	No fauna		Cane Toad survey
208	30-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30450-30750	Eastern	Pipers Creek	Eastern Water Dragon (1)	1	
209	31-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-25450	Eastern	Mingaletta RD	No fauna	Ċ	
210	31-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25650-25950	Eastern	Mobbs Dr	No fauna		
211	31-Mar-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28450-28800	Western	Rodeo Drive - South	Sugar Glider (2); Litoria latopalmata (2)	4	Gliders spotlighted but not captured, frogs captured in drainage lines associated with Culvert 28.60
212	1-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25650-25950	Eastern	Mobbs Dr	Mix. fasciolatus	1	
213	1-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28050-28250	Eastern	Smith Creek - Sth	Frog on outside of fence - 8 x Lit gracilenta 1 x Lit peronii, 5 x Lit dentata, 1 X Lit caerulea		
214	1-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28300-29100	Western	Smiths Creek north towards Kundabung Motel	Litoria latopalmata (2); Limnodynastes peroni (1); Antechinus stuartii (3); Mus musculus (2); Saltuarius moritzi (1)	9	House mice were destroyed; remainder released into adjacent habitat.
215	8-Apr-15		Yes	Yes	25350-25750	Eastern	Mobbs Dr	No fauna		Tradition.
216	8-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-29000	Western	Smiths Creek north to Kundabung Motel	Litoria fallax (2); Antechinus stuartii (1); Eastern Grey Kangaroo (3)	6	Frogs relocated to beyond frog fence or clearing limit whilst Eastern Grey Kangaroo moved of their own accord further to the west.
217	9-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-29100	Western	Smiths Creek to Rodeo Drive Barrys Creek -	Litoria latapalmata (1): Common Brushtail Possum (1): Limnodynastes peroni (5): Litoria nasuta (1)	8	Captured and relocated further to the west. The possum eventually scaled the frog fence.
218	9-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25400-25500	Eastern	Mingaletta	Nil		
219	9-Apr-15	Yes	No	No	30400-30800	Eastern	Pipers Creek Smiths Creek to	Limnodynastes peroni (2); Limnodynastes tasmaniensis (1)	3	
220	10-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29350-29700	Western	Rodeo Drive	Sugar Glider (1);		
221	13-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25700-26000	Eastern	Mobbs Dr - Boundary fence line	5 x Red-necked Wallabies - outside area		
222	13-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28600-29100	Western	Rodeo Drive - Kundabung Interchange	Litoria dentata	31	Collected from around edge of dam identified for dewatering



Survey				Pre- Clear		Side of				
Sequence Number	Date	Spotlight	Habitat search	Walk Through	Chainage	carriage way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
							Mobbs Dr -		110.	110103
223	14-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25700-25850	Eastern	Boundary fence line	No fauna Feathertail Glider		
224	14-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28300-28800	Western	Smiths Creek north towards Kundabung Interchange	(3); Eastern Grey Kangaroo (2); Feral Cat (1)	6	
225	15-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-28800	Western	Smiths Creek north towards Kundabung Interchange	Antechinus stuartii (1); Limnodynastes peroni (2)	3	
226	16-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25700-25800	Eastern	Mobbs Dr - Boundary fence line	No fauna		
227	16-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28250-29000	Western	Smiths Creek to Kundabung Interchange	Sugar Glider (1); Litoria wilcoxii (1)	2	
228	17-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-29650	Western	Smiths Creek to Smiths Creek Road	Limnodynastes peroni (3)	3	Relocated to near retained dam near motel.
229	20-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24834-25364	Western	Sth of Mingaletta Rd- Powerline easement + mainline	C. signifera + micro bats		
220	20 4 15	V	\\	V	20200 20000	F4	Smiths Creek to Kundabung	ALL		
230	20-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28300-29000	Eastern	Interchange Sth of Mingaletta	Nil		
231	21-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24834-25364	Western	Rd- Powerline easement + mainline	P. coreacea + micro bats		
							Mobbs Dr -			
232	21-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-25450	Eastern	Boundary fence line Sth of Mingaletta	No fauna		
233	22-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24750-25364	Western	Rd- Powerline easement + mainline	No fauna		
234	22-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-25500	Eastern	Mobbs Dr - Boundary fence line Sth of Mingaletta	No fauna		
235	23-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24500-25100	Western	Rd- mainline	Greater Glider		
236	24-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24670-25100	Western	Sth of Mingaletta Rd- mainline	Feathertail Glider (1); Eastern Grey Kangaroo (3)	4	
							Sth of Mingaletta			
237	28-Apr-15 28-Apr-15	Yes Yes	Yes No	Yes Yes	24675-25100 28635-28655	Western Eastern	Rd- mainline St of Kundabung Rd	No fauna No fauna		
239	28-Apr-15	Yes	No	Yes	30085-31118	Eastern	Nth of Kundabung Rest Area	No fauna		
240	29-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24100-24700	Western	Sth of rest area	No fauna		
241	30-Apr-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-25500	Eastern	Nth of Mingaletta Rd - Barrys Creek	No fauna		
242	5-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33545-34500	Eastern	Fauna fence line	Fox		
								Red-necked Wallaby + C. signifera - outside		
243	6-May-15 7-May-15	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	33545-34500 24100-25200	Eastern western	Fauna fence line Sth of Mingaletta Rd- mainline	limit C. signifera- outside limit		
	,							C. signifera- outside		
245	7-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33545-34500	Eastern	Fauna fence line	limit Nil		
246	8-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25075-25375	Western	Mingaletta West Barrys creek and	C. signifera -		
247	11-May-15	Yes	yes	Yes	25300-25500	Eastern	Mingaletta Rd Kundabung	outside clearing limit		
248	11-May-15	Yes	yes	Yes	29250-30100	Western	Interchange North Pipers Creek	Nil		
249	11-May-15	Yes	yes	Yes	30550-30650	Eastern	additional works	Nil		
250	11-May-15	Yes	yes	Yes	26650-27000	Eastern	Fowlers	Nil		



Survey				Pre- Clear		Side of				
Sequence Number	Date	Spotlight	Habitat search	Walk Through	Chainage	carriage way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
Number	Date	Spottigrit	Search	mough	Chamage	way	Nth Mingaletta Rd +	Species delected	INO.	Hotes
							Barrys Creek + Power line	C. signifera + fox -		
251	12-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25300-25500	Eastern	easement	outside C. signifera -		
252	12-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30600-30650	Eastern	Sth of Pipers Creek	outside		
253	13-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25300-25400	Eastern	Mingaletta Rd	No fauna		
254	13-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	26600-27000	Eastern	Boundary fence line - Sth of Wharf Rd Sth of Mingaletta Rd	C. signifera - outside		
255	14-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-24134	Western	to the end of the job Pipers Creek Basing	No fauna		
256	14-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30500-30600	Eastern	outlet	No fauna		
257	15-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30150-30650	Eastern	Pipers Creek south	No fauna		
258	17-May-15	Yes	No	No	30600-30650	Eastern	Pipers Creek basin outlet	Litoria wilcoxii	1	Released downstream beyond frog fence
259	18-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30600-30650;	Eastern	Pipers Creek Basin	Nil		
260	18-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	37800-37850	Eastern	Stumpy Creek	Limnodynastes peroni (2)	2	
261	18-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36700-36800	Western	Old Coast Road - fauna fence and turn around bus bay Old Coast Road -	Grey-headed Flying Fox	1	
2/2	10 May 15	Van	Vaa	Vac	2/700 2/000	Mastara	fauna fence and	N.:		
262	19-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36700-36800	Western	turn around bus bay Joan's Rest north -	Nil		
263	19-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	35900-36300	Eastern	Gate 17 North	Sugar Glider (1) Litoria dentata (1);	1	
264	19-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-28400	Western	Smiths Creek	Limnodynastes peroni (1)	2	
265	21-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30600-30650;	Eastern	Pipers Creek Basin	Nil		
266	26-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	35650-35850	Eastern	Joan's Rest north - Gate 17 North	Nil		
267	26-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30600-30650;	Eastern	Pipers Creek Basin	Nil		
268	27-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29000-29700	Western	Kundabung Interchange to Smiths Creek Road	Crinia signifera (3)	3	Relocated to west near dam to be retained
240	27 May 15	Voc	Voc	Vac	25450 25050	Factorn	Joan's Rest north - Gate 17 North	Crinia signifera (1); Tawny Frogmouth	2	
269 270	27-May-15 27-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	35650-35850 31175-31250	Eastern Western	Ravenswood Drive - Boundary Fence Interface with Residence	(1) Nil	2	
271	28-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	26100-26670	Western	Sth of Fowlers	Nil		
							Ravenswood Drive - Boundary Fence Interface with			
272	28-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31000-31100	Western	Residence	Nil		
273	28-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	37800-37850	Eastern	Stumpy Creek	Litoria fallax	1	
274	28-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	35650-35850	Eastern	Joan's Rest north - Gate 17 North Fauna fence and	Common Ringtail Possum	1	
275	29-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33500-33800	Western	minor widening works	Nil		
							Stumpy Creek either			
276	29-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	37700-37900	Eastern	side	Nil Litoria fallax (3);		Released upstream in long grass and swamp
277	29-May-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28150-28300	Western	Smiths Creek Kundabung	Litoria gracilenta (8)	11	areas
278	1-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29300-29800	Western	Interchange	Nil fauna	0	
279	1-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	34600-34480	East	Cut 20 area	Nil fauna Limnodynastes	0	
280	1-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-28400	Western	Smiths Creek	peroni (2)	2	
281	1-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33600-33700	Western	Cut 18 West	Nil	0	



Survey Sequence			Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
282	2-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28680-29300	Western	Kundabung Interchange area	Nil fauna	0	
202	2-3411-13	103	103		20000-27300	Western	interchange area	Micro bat (1); Red-	0	
283	2-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	35850-36050	East	Joan's Rest north	necked Wallaby (1)	2	
284	2-Jun-15	Yes	No	No	34800-35000	West	Cut 20 area	Nil		
285	2-Jun-15	Yes	No	No	33600-33700	Western	Cut 18 West Cut 18 East -	Nil	0	
							Powerline			
286	2-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	No	34700-34800	East	Easement Additional clearing	Nil	0	
287	3-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28550-28700	East	at culvert 28.60	Nil		
								Sugar Glider (1); Limnodynastes		
288	3-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	35700-35900	East	Gate 17 North	peroni (1)	2	
289	4-Jun-15	No	Yes	Yes	35850-36150	East	Joan's Rest north	Nil		
290	5-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	35950-36150	East	Joan's Rest north	Australian Owlet Nightjar	1	
270	J-Juli-13	103	103	103	33730-30130	Last	Joan's Nest Hora	Feathertail Glider	'	
291	10-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24700-25374	West	Mingaletta west	(1); Eastern Grey Kangaroo (1)	2	
271	10-3411-13	162	162	162	24700-25574	MESI	Willigaletta west	Kangaroo (1)		Mobbs Drive to
292	10-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25375-25600	West	Mingaletta west	Nil C. signifora D	0	Mingaletta fencing works
								C. signifera + P. coreacea		
202	11 Jun 15	Voc	V00	Voc	24750 25750	Mostorn	Sth and Nth of Gate	+Lampropholius		
293 294	11-Jun-15	Yes Yes	yes	Yes	24750-25750	Western	Basin area	delicata Nil		
294	11-Jun-15	res	yes	Yes	36050-36150	Western	North of Wharf	IVII		
295	12-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-25850	Eastern	Road	Nil		
296	15-Jun-15	Yes	yes	Yes	24450-25650	Western	Sth and Nth of Gate 1	No fauna		
207	4F b 4F)/	NI-	V	20050 20250	Western	Constitute Constitu	N. farma		
297	15-Jun-15	Yes	No	Yes	28050-28250	+ East	Smith's Creek	No fauna Australian Owlet		
298	15-Jun-15	Yes	yes	Yes	36050-36150	Western	Basin area	Nightjar	1	
299	16-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24400-24700	Western	Sth of Gate 1	No fauna		
300	16-Jun-15	Yes		Yes	28050-28250	Western + East	Smith's Creek	Litoria peronii (1)	1	
301	16-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	No	32900-33200	Eastern	Gate 16 works area	Nil		
302	17-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	24400-24700	Western	Sth of Gate 1	No fauna		
303	17-Jun-15	Yes		Yes	32800-33100	Eastern	Gate 16	Lim. peronii x 1		
304	19-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32800-33100	Eastern	Optic Fibre Corridor	Nil		
305	22-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	31000-31500	Eastern	Gate 14 and powerline easement	Nil		
306	23-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32800-33100	Eastern	Gate 16	Nil		
300	25-5411-15	103	103	103	32000-33100	Lastern	Gate 10	Limnodynastes		Relocated to outside the
307	23-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28100-28300	Both	Smiths Creek	peroni (1); Litoria wilcoxii (1)	2	temporary frog exclusion fence
308	24-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	32800-33100	Eastern	Gate 16	Nil		101100
300	∠⊣"Jull" IJ	103	103	103	32000-33100	LUSIGIII	Railway Dam Road			Bats roosting under
309	24-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36900-37130	Eastern	area and north through Maria River	Micro bats (60); Sugar Glider (1)	61	Maria River Bridge (Miniopterus spp).
310	25-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	28100-28300	Eastern	Smiths Creek	Nil	01	(Μιπορισίας ομμ).
							Rodeo Drive north			
311	25-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29700-30500	Western	to Pipers Creek	Tawny Frogmouth Common Ringtail	1	
							Maria River to	Possum (1); Eastern		
312	25-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	37000-37400	Eastern	Kemps Road Railway Dam Road	Grey Kangaroo (2)	3	Not captured
313	26-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36150 nth	Eastern	south	Nil		
		Voc	Voc		20450		Rodeo	Nil		
314	26-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30450	Western	Drive/Ravenswood	INII		Miniopterus using the
315	26-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36900-37130	Eastern	Maria River	Microbats (60)	60	Maria River bridges



Survey Sequence			Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
								1 x Ringtail Possum + 1 x Tawny Frog Mouth + 2 x Eastern		
316	29-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29824-30650	Western	Rodeo Dr Railway Dam Road	Grey Kangaroo Feathertail Glider		
317	29-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36100-36900	Eastern	and south	(1)	1	
318	29-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36900-37130	Eastern	Railway Dam Road to Maria River	Nil		
319	29-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	33970-34138	Eastern	Maria River State Forest - Cut 19	Nil		
320	29-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	34763-35008	Eastern	Cut 20 area	Nil		
321	30-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29824-30650	Western	Rodeo Dr	1 x Feathertail Glider, 3x Ringtail Possum, 1 Domestic Cat, 1 Eastern Grey Kangaroo		
							Stockpile 12 to	Sugar Glider (1); Limnodynastes		Works associated with
322	30-Jun-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25350-26400	Western	Fowlers	peroni (1)	2	fauna fence
323	1-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25650-26400	Western	Stockpile 12 to Fowlers	Nil		Works associated with fauna fence
324	1-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29284-30650	Western	Rodeo Dr	Tawny Frogmouth (1)	1	
325	2-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25800-26400	Western	Stockpile 12 to Fowlers	Sugar Glider (1)	1	
326	2-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	29824-30650	Western	Rodeo Dr	No fauna found	0	
327	3-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25200-26000	Western	Stockpile 12 and north	Tawny Frogmouth	1	
321	J-Jul-13	163	163	163	29800-30500;	Western	Rodeo Drive,	Sugar Glider (1);	'	
328	6-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36150 + 34700 area	Both	Powerline Easement for VMS	Southern Boobook (1)	2	
320	0-Jul-13	162	162	162	34700 alea	DUIII	Joan's Rest to	Feathertail Glider (1); Red-necked		
329	7-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36150-36550	East	Railway Dam Road	Wallaby (1)	2	
330	8-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36150-36550	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road	Nil	0	
331	9-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36150-36550	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road	Common Ringtail Possum	1	
332	10-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25550-26000	West	Upper Smiths Creek Road	Nil		
333	10-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36150-36900	East	Joan's Rest to Maria River	Common Ringtail Possum (1); micro bat (1); Common Brushtail Possum (1)	3	Fauna fence related
334	13-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	25600-26000	East	Stockpile 12 north	Sugar Glider (1)	1	works
335	13-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36000-36750	East	Joan's Rest to Maria River	Koala (36700); Sugar Glider (1); Tawny Frogmouth (1)	3	Koala exclusion procedure implemented - Koala left the following evening
336	14-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36200-36750	East	Joan's Rest to Railway Dam Road	Tawny Frogmouth (1); Australian Owlet Nightjar (1); Microbat (2)	4	None of them captured
337	15-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36200-37300	East	Maria River area	Nil	0	
338	15-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Mockingbird Quarry	Entire Site	Mockingbird Quarry	Limnodynastes peroni (1); Crinia signifera (3); Common Brushtail Possum (1) Yellow-bellied Glider	5	Frogs relocated to across the road
339	16-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36600-37300	East	Railway Dam Road north into Maria River	(1); Grey-headed Flying Fox (2); Sugar Glider (1)	4	No captures, just observations



Survey				Pre- Clear		Side of				
Sequence			Habitat	Walk		carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected Common Ringtail	No.	notes
340	17-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	36600-37750	East	Stumpy Creek south to Maria River	Possum (2); Limnodynastes peroni (2); Crinia signifera (1); Tawny Frogmouth (1)	6	Frogs captured and relocated into adjacent compensatory habitat land
341	20-Jul-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	26248-27000	West	Fowlers	Northern Brown Bandicoot	1	Moved to the west
							Stumpy Creek to		1	Clearing occurring without pre clear surveys performed between ch. 37350-
342	20-Jul-15	No Nicho	No	No	37300-37750	East	Maria River	Nil		37800
	21-Jul-15	Niche took over role as Project Ecologist until June 2016		Yes						
343	16-Dec-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	30620-30680	West	Pipers Creek Bridge	No fauna	0	Frog fence reinstalment works at pipers Creek
344	3-Mar-16	No	Yes	Yes	30200-30300	West	Ravenswood Frog Pond Construction	Nil	0	Day pre start and supervise frog pond construction works
344	J-IVIGI-10	110	103	103	30200-30300	WCSt		Feathertail Glider x	0	CONSTRUCTION WORKS
345	2-Jun-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	29700-29950	East	Kundabung - old rest area	1; C. signifera x 1 (w)	2	Constitution
346	6-Jul-16	Yes	yes	Yes	28300-28400	East	Smiths Creek north side	Limnodynastes peronii x 2; Litoria fallax x 3	5	Small overflow works around property boundary
347	15-Jul-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	28900-29150	West	Rodeo Drive - South	Sugar Glider x 1; Lampropholis delicata x 2	3	Minor clearing with pozzitrack for fence line construction
348	17-Jul-16	Yes	No	Yes	28150-28300	West	Smiths Creek	Litoria wilcoxii x 3; Limnodynastes peronii x 4	7	Follow up surveys of the GBF exclusion zone prior to works commencing again
349	21-Jul-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27350-28300	West	Menzies north to Smith Creek	Mixophyes iteratus x 2; Limnodynastes x 3; Litoria wilcoxii x 1; Common Ringtail Possum x 1	7	Clearing for installation of permanent boundary fencing and associated frog fencing
350	27-Jul-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	29300-29400	West	Kundabung Motel area	Eastern Grey Kangaroo x 1	1	Minor fence line works
251	1 Aug 1/	Voc	Voc		24050 27200	Most	Top corner of	Calumtatic ruficaudia	2	Just south of Upper Smiths Creek road
351	1-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	26950 -27300	West	Fowlers	Calyptotis ruficaudia Sugar Glider x 1;		North and south of
352	2-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	26950 -28000	West	Fowlers through to Menzies	Tawny Frogmouth x 1; Micro bat x 2	4	Upper Smiths Creek Road
	,						Menzies north to	Tawny Frogmouth x 1; Feathertail Glider x 1; Common Ringtail Possum x 1; Eastern Grey		Clearing for M-Class
353	8-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27350-28000	West	Smith Creek Menzies north to	Kangaroo x 2 Tawny Frogmouth x	5	Stock Pile Sites Clearing for M-Class
354	9-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27350-28000	West	Smith Creek	1; micro bat x 1	2	Stock Pile Sites
355	10-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27350-28000	West	Menzies north to Smith Creek	Eastern Grey Kangaroo x 1	1	Clearing for M-Class Stock Pile Sites
356	11-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27350-28000	West	Menzies north to Smith Creek	Micro bat x 2; Tawny Frogmouth x 1	3	Clearing for M-Class Stock Pile Sites
357	15-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27300-28200	West	Menzies north to Smith Creek	Micro bat x 1; Eastern Grey Kangaroo x 3	4	Clearing for M-Class Stock Pile Sites
358	16-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27300-28200	West	Menzies north to Smith Creek	nil	0	Clearing north into Smiths Creek



				Pre-						
Survey Sequence			Habitat	Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
								Pseudophyrne		
								coreacea x 2; Sugar Glider x 1; Tawny		
					24350-24500		South of Upper	Frogmouth x 1;		Clearing for Upper
					+ 27000-		Smiths Creek Road	Red-necked		Smiths Creek Road plus
359	17-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	27300	West	+ Culvert 1	Wallaby x 1	5	Culvert 1 inlet works
					24350-24500		South of Upper			Clearing for Upper
360	10 Aug 14	Yes	Yes	Yes	+ 27000- 27350	West	Smiths Creek Road + Culvert 1	Sugar Glider x 1	1	Smiths Creek Road plus Culvert 1 inlet works
300	18-Aug-16	162	res	162	27350	west	South of Upper	Sugai Gilder x i	ı	Culvert i lillet works
							Smiths Creek Road			
							to vicinity of Culvert	Grey-headed Flying		Clearing for Upper
361	19-Aug-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	26700-27300	West	5	Fox x 2	2	Smiths Creek Road
							South of Upper			
							Smiths Creek Road to vicinity of Culvert	Grey-headed Flying		
362	22-Aug-16	Yes		Yes	27000-27350	West	5	Fox x 3	3	
002	zz riag ro				27000 27000	11001	South of Upper	TONNO	-	
							Smiths Creek Road			
							to vicinity of Culvert		_	
363	23-Aug-16	Yes		Yes	27000-27350	West	5	Nil Grey-headed Flying	0	
								Fox x 2; Tawny		Widening works
	29-August-						Culvert 5 heading	Frogmouth x 1;		associated with north
364	2016	Yes	Yes	Yes	25800-26900	West	south to Culvert 3	Boobook x 1	4	bound
										Widening works
2/5	30-August-	V	\/	V	25000 24000	10/	Culvert 5 heading	Comme Olistan of	1	associated with north
365	2016	Yes	Yes	Yes	25800-26800	West	south to Culvert 3	Sugar Glider x 1	1	bound Works associated with
										power to south bound
	30-August-						Smiths Road area of			heavy vehicle checking
366	2016	No	Yes	Yes	3365033720	East	Cut 18	Nil	0	station
	04.4				24100-25000		0 1 151 "	Common Ringtail		Widening works
367	31-August- 2016	Yes	Yes	Yes	+ 26300- 26800	West	Culvert 5 heading south to Culvert 3	Possum x 1; Tawny Frogmouth x 1	2	associated with north bound
307	01-	163	163	163	20000	WEST	Culvert 2 and 3	Troginodii x i		Widening works
	September-						areas plus south of	Grey-headed Flying		associated with north
368	2016	Yes	Yes	Yes	24100-24700	West	culvert 1	Fox x 1	1	bound
	07-						Coulth - Count	14		Drainage works
369	October- 2016	Yes		Yes	28200-28300	West	Smiths Creek drainage works	Litoria peronii x 1; Litoria wilcoxii x 1	2	associated with Smiths Creek
307	19-	103		103	20200-20300	WCSt	uramage works	LITOTIA WIICOXII X 1		OTCCK
	October-						Minor Culvert			Minor extension works
370	2016	No	Yes	Yes	28600	East	extension Works	Nil		to outlet of Culvert 28.60
	20-						Davis and The la	Fasters Dive		
371	October- 2016	Yes	Yes	Yes	32450-32700	West	Ravenswood Tie in and Stockpile area	Eastern Blue Tongue x 1	1	Adult
371	2010	103	103	103	3273U-327UU	WOOL	Ravenswood culvert	Torrigue A I	<u> </u>	riduit
	October-						and batter widening			
372	2016	No	Yes	Yes	31000-31200	West	works	Nil	0	
	24- October				29900- 30100+31600-		Culvert 1/2/3 +			
373	October- 2016	Yes	Yes	Yes	30100+31600- 32600	West	Ravenswood Stockpile			
313	2010	100	103	100	32000	******	Culvert and			Ravenswood tie in
	25-						widening works			works plus culverts
	October-		,,		04/02 00:		north from	Microbat x 1;		heading north and
374	2016 31-		Yes	Yes	31600-33100	West	Ravenswood area	Swamp Wallaby x 1	2	stockpile
	31- October-				30600-30800;		Ravenswood Tie in and south towards			
375	2016	No	Yes	Yes	31300-31750	West	Pipers Creek	Nil		
-							Ravenswood Tie In			
							and north including			
	01-						culverts and batter	Footbortoil Clider		
376	November- 2016	Yes	Yes	Yes	30800-31800	West	widening works to 32500	Feathertail Glider x 1; Litoria fallax x 1	2	
310	2010	103	103	103	30000-31000	wool	Ravenswood Tie In	Limnodynastes		
							and north including	peroni (1); Litoria		
	02-						culverts and batter	nasuta (1);		
277	November-	Voc	1100	Voc	36000-36950;	Mast	widening works to	Lampropholis		
377	2016	Yes	yes	Yes	30800-31800	West	32500	delicata (2)	4	



Survey Sequence			Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
378	03- November- 2016	Yes	yes	Yes	30800-31800	West	Ravenswood Tie In and north including culverts and batter widening works to 32500	Limnodynastes peronii x 2; Litoria fallax x 1; Litoria nasuta x 1	4	
379	08- November- 2016	No	Yes	Yes	37050	East	Maria River basin outlet works	Nil		
380	17- November- 2016	No	Yes	Yes	36900-37050	East	Maria River Abutment works	Nil		
381	18- November- 2016	No	Yes	Yes	32600-32800	West	Ravenswood north and stockpile area Old Coast Road	Lampropholis delicata x 3	3	Minor works associated with service road and stockpiles
382	9-Jan-17	No	Yes	Yes	37100-37400	West	local road access works	Nil		
383	11-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	36300-36600	West	Old Coast Road south for 300 m A few hundred	Grey-headed Flying Fox x 1; Feathertail Glider x 1; Lampropholis delicata x 3	5	Ancillary works
384	12-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	36300-36900	West	metres to north and south of Old Coast road	Feathertail Glider x 1; Tawny frogmouth x 1	2	
385	13-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	36300-36900	West	A few hundred metres to north and south of Old Coast road	Grey-headed Flying Fox	1	
386	16-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	31800-32000 29600-29700	West	Clearing for Ravenswood culverts	Litoria nasuta x 1; Limnodynastes peroni x 2	3	Clearing for culvert and batter widening works
387	18-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	+ 31800- 32000 + Gate 9N	West	Smith Creek bus top + Ravenswood culvert and Gate 9N	Tawny Frogmouth x 1; Red-necked Wallaby x 1	2	
388	19-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	30600-30900 + 29800	West + East	Pipers Creek frog fence area plus Scaysbrook on property works	Swamp Wallaby x 1; Litoria nasuta x 1	2	
389	20-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	31800-32100	West	Ravenswood culvert and batter widening works	Nil		
390	23-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	31800-32100	West	Ravenswood culvert and batter widening works	Nil		
							Ravenswood culvert and batter widening			
391	24-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	31800-32100	West	works	Nil Ctenotus robustus x 2; Amphobolorus		Clearing for batter widening and drainage
392	25-Jan-17	Yes	No	Yes	29650-30550	West	Gate 9N works Gate 9N works to	muricatus x 1	3	works Clearing for batter widening and drainage
393	30-Jan-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	29600-30400	West	basin at 30600W Smiths Creek Road	Micro bat x 1	1	works
394	31-Jan-17	Yes	No	Yes	29700-30300	West	bus stop and 29700 to 30300 Gate 9N and Smiths	Nil	0	
395	1-Feb-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	29700-30300	West	Creek Bus stop VMS board access works at 35050	Amphibolorus muricatus x 1	1	Patch of ~20
396	1-Feb-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	34990-35510	West	Maria River State Forest for VMS Access	Nil	0	Allocasuarina requiring clearing to check access to VMS board
397	3-Feb-17	No	Yes	Yes	30700	West	Pipers Creek M Class Stockpile and Drainage Works	Nil	0	



Survey Sequence			Habitat	Pre- Clear Walk		Side of carriage				
Number	Date	Spotlight	search	Through	Chainage	way	Site name Kundabung	Species detected	No.	notes
							Interchange			
398	10-Feb-17	No	Yes	Yes	29200-29300	West	Additional Clearing	Nil	0	D
										Remote clearing advice given based on area
							Old Ravenswood			description and
399	13-Feb-17	No	No	Yes	32450	West	Road access - north Cut 4 additional			photographs provided
400	27-Feb-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	25600	West	works	Nil	0	Cut 4 works
404	40.4.47	.,	.,	.,	00000 00400	147	Smiths Creek North	Litoria wilcoxii x 4;	-	Permanent frog fence
401	10-Apr-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	28200-28400	West	Frog Fence	Litoria fallax x 3 Red-necked	7	installation works
								Wallaby x 1; micro bat x 1; Litoria nasuta x 1; Pseudophyrne		
402	26-Apr-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	32900-33100	West	Stockpile site	coreacea x 1	4	Stockpile works
403	28-Apr-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	32900-33100	West	Stockpile site Smiths Creek -	Nil	4	Stockpile works
							Schedule Bridge	Litoria wilcoxii x 3;		Smiths Creek Bridge
404	5-May-17	Yes	No	Yes	28100-28300	Both	Demolition Smiths Creek -	Limnodynastes x 2	5	Demolition
							Schedule Bridge			Smiths Creek Bridge
405	8-May-17	Yes	No	Yes	28100-28300	Both	Demolition	Litoria wilcoxii x 1	1	Demolition
							South of old Ravenswood North			
406	11-May-17	No	Yes	Yes	32000-32450	West	Access	Nil		
407	12-May-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	32700-32800 + 33500- 33750	East and West	Carlyle Road Vegetation Near Powerline Easement + Fauna Fence on Cut 18W	Saltuarius moritzi	1	
							Installation of permanent frog fence and removal of old on north bank - east side of Pipers	Limnodynastes peroni; Lampropholis		
408	26-May-17	No	Yes	Yes	30600-30700	East	Creek Upper Smiths Creek	delicata x 5	6	
409	18-Jul-17	No	Yes	Yes	27200	West	Road Fence works	nil		
410	19-Jul-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	32700-32800 + 29400- 29600	East	exotic Pine Removal from EEC at Kundabung Interchange + Caryles Powerline Easement	Nil	0	
411	27-Jul-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	37000-37100 + 27250	West	Maria River Frog Fence tie into bridge + Upper Smiths Creek bus bay area dangerous limbs removal	Limnodynastes peroni x 1; Crinia signifera x 2 Common Ringtail	3	Install of permanent frog fence at Maria River
412	1-Aug-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	25500-26900	West	RMS Variation batter works RMS Variation	Possum x 1; Tawny Frogmouth x 1 Tawny Frogmouth x	2	
413	2-Aug-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	25500-26900	West	batter works	1; micro bat x 2	3	
414	3-Aug-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	25500-26900	West	RMS Variation batter works	Sugar Glider x 1	1	
415	4-Aug-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	24100-24350	West	RMS Variation batter works	Nil	0	
416	8-Aug-17	Yes	No	Yes	37800	West	Unsound trees at Stumpy Creek	Nil	0	
	V						Gate 6 South Batter			
417	28-Aug-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	27260-27300	West	Reshaping Works Maria River Permanent Frog	Nil	0	
418	19-Oct-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	3690000- 367000	West	Fence Install south side	Nil	0	



Survey Sequence Number	Date	Spotlight	Habitat search	Pre- Clear Walk Through	Chainage	Side of carriage way	Site name	Species detected	No.	notes
419	8-Nov-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	37250	East	Kemps Road Bus Bay	Nil		
420	9-Nov-17	Yes	No	Yes	37250	East	Kemps Road Bus Bay	Black-necked Stork	1	Soaring repeatedly over head during clearing operations
421	18-Dec-17	Yes	Yes	Yes	37700-37800	West	Stumpy Creek Bridge Access Clearing Works	Lampropholis delicata x 3; Litoria fallax x 1; Limnodynastes peroni x 1	5	Minor clearing works to access the scour protection works beneath Stumpy Creek bridge
422	10-Jan-18	Yes	Yes	Yes	37800-37900	West	Stumpy Creek Basin Works	Litoria fallax x 3; Litoria tyleri x 1	4	Works cancelled as site foreman didn't show up to work
423	11-Jan-18	Yes	Yes	Yes	37800-37900	West	Stumpy Creek Basin Works	Litoria fallax x 2	2	
424	17-Jan-18	No	Yes	Yes	34450	West	Dangerous tree works south of Cut 20	Nil	0	Dangerous tree no cleared during original clear and grub operations. Was previously identified during the G40 Walks
425	19-Jan-18	No	No	Yes	28200-28850	East	Culvert Outlet 28.60 works and overhanging wattles on boundary	Nil	0	Outlet works associated with optic fibre and clearing of trees overhanging property fence
426	18-May-18	Yes	Yes	Yes	37400-37600	West	Clearing for fence line property boundary works between dog kennels and stumpy creek	Nil	0	
427	21-May-18	No	Yes	Yes	30150-30400	East	Clearing for fauna fence extensions on southern side of Pipers Creek	Lampropholis delicata	3	
									804	



Table A-3. Road kill register for pre construction and during construction for K2K Project.

l able A	-3. Road Kill	register for p	re construction Location	and during construction for l	KZK Project.	
			Chainage -			Total for
Program Status	Date	Day	Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Day/Period
Pre-construction	27-Oct-14	Monday	24900	Mingaletta	Echidna	1
Pre-construction	27-Oct-14	Monday	25800	Mingaletta	Common Ringtail Possum	1
Pre-construction	27-Oct-14	Monday	29800	Kundabung	Red-necked Wallaby	1
Pre-construction	27-Oct-14	Monday	30550	Pipers Creek	Eastern Water Dragon	1
Pre-construction	27-Oct-14	Monday	33400	Ravenswood North	Common Ringtail Possum	1
Pre-construction	27-Oct-14	Monday	36800	Maria River	Blackish Blind Snake	1
Pre-construction	10-Nov-14	Monday	29000	Kundabung	Torresian Crow	1
Pre-construction	10-Nov-14	Monday	25400	Mingaletta	Yellow-faced Honeyeater	1
Pre-construction	10-Nov-14	Monday	31600	Ravenswood central	Yellow-faced Honeyeater	1
Pre-construction	10-Nov-14	Monday	32600	Ravenswood north	Swamp Wallaby	1
Pre-construction	10-Nov-14	Monday	31500	Ravenswood central	Grey Goshawk	1
Pre-construction	10-Nov-14	Monday	30300	Kundabung	Northern Brown Bandicoot	1
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	26300	Mingaletta	Koala x 2	2
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	28000	Smiths Creek	Common Ringtail Possum	1
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	27500	Smiths Creek	Diamond Python	1
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	28300	Smiths Creek	Diamond Python	1
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	28700	Smiths Creek	Common Brushtail Possum	1
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	31700	Smiths Creek	Unidentified	1
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	37600	Smiths Creek	Common Ringtail Possum	1
Pre-construction	17-Nov-14	Monday	31750	Smiths Creek	European Rabbit	1
Pre-construction	24-Nov-14	Monday	25800	Mobbs Drive	Diamond Python	1
Pre-construction	24-Nov-14	Monday	28350	Smiths Creek	Diamond Python	1
Pre-construction	24-Nov-14	Monday	30800	Pipers Creek	Swamp Wallaby	1
Pre-construction	24-Nov-14	Monday	33500	Bloodwood Rest Area	Blackish Blind Snake	1
The defined design.	211101 11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00000	Brook Hook Hook Hook	Pre-construction	25
During Construction	24-Nov-14	Monday	Ch 24700 - 25750 + 34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	None	0
During Construction	25-Nov-14	Tuesday	Ch 24700 - 25750 + 34500-35500 Ch 24700 -	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	Diamond Python	1
During Construction	26-Nov-14	Wednesday	25750 + 34500-35500 Ch 24700 -	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During Construction	27-Nov-14	Thursday	25750 + 34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During Construction	28-Nov-14	Friday	Ch 24700 - 25750 + 34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During Construction	1-Dec-14	Monday	Ch 24700 - 25750 + 34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During Construction	2-Dec-14	Tuesday	Ch 24700 - 25750 + 34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During Construction	3-Dec-14	Wednesday	Ch 24700 - 25750 + 34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During Construction	4-Dec-14	Thursday	Ch 24700 - 25750 +	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0



			Location Chainage -			Total for
Program Status	Date	Day	Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Day/Period
			34500-35500			
			Ch 24700 -			
During	5 D 44	F.1.	25750 +	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest		
Construction	5-Dec-14	Friday	34500-35500 Ch 24700 -	area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During			25750 +	Sth of Mobbs Dr + Joan's Rest		
Construction	6-Dec-14	Saturday	34500-35500	area in Maria SF	No new road kills	0
During.			Ch 24700 -		Durant aroumed Chalco	
During Construction	8-Dec-14	Monday	25750 + 34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	Dwarf-crowned Snake - Cacophis krefftii (25400)	1
30110111011011	0 2 00 11	monaay	Ch 24700 -	Cur or mosses 51	edeoprino in orini (20 100)	·
During	0.0		25750 +			
Construction	9-Dec-14	Tuesday	34500-35500 Ch 24700 -	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
During			25750 +			
Construction	10-Dec-14	Wednesday	34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
During			Ch 24700 - 25750 +			
During Construction	11-Dec-14	Thursday	34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
30110111011011	11 2 3 3 11	maroday	Ch 24700 -	Cur or mosses 51	THE HEIL FORGETHING	
During	40.5	F	25750 +			
Construction	12-Dec-14	Friday	34500-35500 Ch 24700 -	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
During			25750 +			
Construction	15-Dec-14	Monday	34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
During			Ch 24700 - 25750 +			
Construction	16-Dec-14	Tuesday	34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
			Ch 24700 -			
During	17.0 14	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	25750 +	CIL CIA LL D	N. 1170	0
Construction	17-Dec-14	Wednesday	34500-35500 Ch 24700 -	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
During			25750 +			
Construction	18-Dec-14	Thursday	34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
During			Ch 24700 - 25750 +			
Construction	19-Dec-14	Friday	34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
			Ch 24700 -			
During Construction	22 Doc 14	Monday	25750 +	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No pow road kills	0
Construction	22-Dec-14	Monday	34500-35500 Ch 24700 -	Sth of Mobbs Dr	No new road kills	0
During			25750 +			
Construction	23-Dec-14	Tuesday	34500-35500	Sth of Mobbs Dr	Common Brushtail Possum	1
During Construction	24-Dec-14	Wednesday	No surveys performed			
During	21 200 11		No surveys			
Construction	25-Dec-14	Thursday	performed			
During Construction	26-Dec-14	Friday	No surveys performed			
During	20 DCC 14	Triday	No surveys			
Construction	27-Dec-14	Saturday	performed			
During Construction	20 Doc 14	Cunday	No surveys performed			
During	28-Dec-14	Sunday	No surveys			
Construction	29-Dec-14	Monday	performed			
During	20 D 14	Tuesday	No surveys			
Construction During	30-Dec-14	Tuesday	performed No surveys			
Construction	31-Dec-14	Wednesday	performed			
During		-	No surveys			
Construction During	1-Jan-15	Thursday	performed No surveys			
Construction	2-Jan-15	Friday	performed			



			Location			
Drogram Status	Data	Dov	Chainage - Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Total for
Program Status During	Date	Day	No surveys	Site name	Species detected	Day/Period
Construction	3-Jan-15	Saturday	performed			
During			No surveys			
Construction	4-Jan-15	Sunday	performed		Damphatuphlana	
During Construction	5-Jan-15	Monday	Ch. 25350 - 27000 + 32600-35000	Mingaletta and Maria River	Ramphotyphlops nigrescens X 1 (33900); Red-necked Wallaby x 1 ad (35600); Swamp Wallaby (24750); Swamp Wallaby (25400)	4
During	/ lam 1F	Tuesday	20500 25000	Pipers Creek through to Maria	Eastern Grey Kangaroo -	1
Construction	6-Jan-15	Tuesday	30500-35000 Ch 26170-	River	sub adult x 1 (31700)	1
During Construction During	7-Jan-15	Wednesday	25350 + 33500-36000 Ch 26170-	Nth of Mingaletta Rd	No new road kill animals Eastern Grey Kangaroo	0
Construction	8-Jan-15	Thursday	25350	Nth of Mingaletta Rd	(25500)	1
During	0 3411 10	Thursday	Ch 26170-	TWIT OF WINIGALETTA TRA	(20000)	
Construction	9-Jan-15	Friday	25350	Nth of Mingaletta Rd	No new road kill animals	0
During	10 15		ch. 24200-		N 1170	0
Construction During	10-Jan-15	Saturday	36000 ch. 24200-	Most of project	No new road kills	0
Construction	12-Jan-15	Monday	36000	Most of project	No new road kill animals	0
001101111011011	12 04.1.10	monaaj	Ch 26631-	most of project	THE HEW YOUR TAIN GITTING	
During			25350 +	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria		
Construction	13-Jan-15	Tuesday	33000-36000	River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	14-Jan-15	Wednesday	Ch 26631- 25350 + 32600-36000	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	15-Jan-15	Thursday	Ch 26631- 25350 + 32600-36000	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	16-Jan-15	Friday	Ch 26631- 25350 + 32600-36000	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	17-Jan-15	Saturday	Ch 26631- 25350 + 32600-36000	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	19-Jan-15	Monday	Ch 26631- 25350 + 32600-36000	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	20-Jan-15	Tuesday	Ch 26631- 25350 + 32600-36000	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	21-Jan-15	Wednesday	Ch. 25350 - 27000 + 32600-35000	Nth of Mingaletta Rd + Maria River SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	22-Jan-15	Thursday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Joan's Rest	Hundreds of frogs	100
During Construction	23-Jan-15	Friday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Joan's Rest	Hundreds of frogs	100
During Construction	24-Jan-15	Saturday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Joan's Rest	No new road kill	0
During Construction	26-Jan-15	Monday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Joan's Rest	No new road kill	0
During Construction	27-Jan-15	Tuesday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Joan's Rest	No new road kill	0
During Construction	28-Jan-15	Wednesday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Joan's Rest	No new road kill	0
During Construction	29-Jan-15	Thursday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Joan's Rest	No new road kill	0
During Construction	30-Jan-15	Friday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450-	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones Rest	Common Brushtail Possum (28600)	1



Program Status	Date	Day	Location Chainage - Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Total for Day/Period
Program Status	Date	Day	35900	Site Hairie	Species detected	Day/Periou
During Construction	2-Feb-15	Monday	Ch. 24100 - 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones Rest	No new road kill	0
During	2 Fab 15	Tuocdov	Ch. 24100 -	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones	No powrood kill	0
Construction During	3-Feb-15	Tuesday	35900 Ch. 24100 -	Rest Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones	No new road kill	0
Construction During	4-Feb-15	Wednesday	35900 Ch. 24100 -	Rest Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	5-Feb-15	Thursday	35900 Ch. 24100 -	Rest Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	6-Feb-15	Friday	35900	Rest	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	7-Feb-15	Saturday	Ch. 24100 - 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones Rest	Lace Monitor (24500)	1
During Construction	9-Feb-15	Monday	Ch. 24100 - 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones Rest	Red-necked Wallaby (34800); Diamond Python (36000); Vespadelus pumulis (26400)	3
During Construction	10-Feb-15	Tuesday	Ch. 24100 - 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones Rest	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	11-Feb-15	Wednesday	Ch. 24100 - 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Jones Rest	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	12-Feb-15	Thursday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	13-Feb-15	Friday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900 Ch. 24100 -	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	14-Feb-15	Saturday	27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	16-Feb-15	Monday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	17-Feb-15	Tuesday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	Common Ringtail Possum (24500)	1
During Construction	18-Feb-15	Wednesday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850; 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung	Red-necked Wallaby (30100)	1
During Construction	19-Feb-15	Thursday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850; 32000- 36000	Mingaletta, Kundabung	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	20-Feb-15	Friday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	Eastern Blue Tongue Lizard (33900)	0
During Construction	23-Feb-15	Monday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	Lace monitor (34700); Tawny Frogmouth (27600)	2
During Construction	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150-30850, 32450- Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria 24-Feb-15 Tuesday 35900 SF No new road kill animals Ch. 24100 Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria				0	
During Construction						0



Program Status	Date	Day	Location Chainage - Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Total for Day/Period
			30850, 32450- 35900			
During Construction	26-Feb-15	Thursday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450- 35900	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria SF	Lace monitor (25400) + Wild Dog (29600)	2
During	27.5 1.45		Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 30850, 32450-	Mingaletta, Kundabung, Maria		
Construction During	27-Feb-15	Friday	35900	SF Barrys Creek through to Joan's	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	2-Mar-15	Monday	24100-36000	Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	3-Mar-15	Tuesday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest) Barrys Creek through to Joan's	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction During	4-Mar-15	Wednesday	24100-36000	Rest (Maria River State Forest) Barrys Creek through to Joan's	No new road kill animals	0
Construction During	5-Mar-15	Thursday	24100-36000	Rest (Maria River State Forest) Barrys Creek through to Joan's	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	6-Mar-15	Friday	24100-36000	Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	9-Mar-15	Monday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	Diamond Python (34600) - sub adult; European Hare (32550)	2
During Construction	10-Mar-15	Tuesday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 31800, 32450- 35900	Barrys Creek, Kundabung/Pipers/Ravenswood and Maria	Red-necked Wallaby (32850) - ad; Red-necked Wallaby (34850) - ad; Sugar Glider ch. 31800	3
During Construction	11-Mar-15	Wednesday	Ch. 24100 - 27400, 29150- 31800, 32450- 35900	Nth of Smiths Creek	Unidentified mammal (34500); Blue-tongue Lizard (28500); White-throated Nightjar (26400)	3
During Construction	12-Mar-15	Thursday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	Red-necked Wallaby (34300) - ad; Magpie x 2 (29100)	3
During Construction	13-Mar-15	Friday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	16-Mar-15	Monday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	Swamp Wallaby (24150)	1
During Construction	17-Mar-15	Tuesday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	18-Mar-15	Wednesday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest) Barrys Creek through to Joan's	Northern Brown Bandicoot (29000) Blackish Blind Snake	1
During Construction During	19-Mar-15	Thursday	24100-36000	Rest (Maria River State Forest) Barrys Creek through to Joan's	(27900)	1
Construction During	20-Mar-15	Friday	24100-36000	Rest (Maria River State Forest) Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	23-Mar-15	Monday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	24-Mar-15	Tuesday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	25-Mar-15	Wednesday	24100-36000	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River)	Northern Brown Bandicoot (30750)	1
During Construction	26-Mar-15	Thursday	24100-36650	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River)	ria River) No new road kill animals	
During Construction	27-Mar-15	Friday	24100-36650	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River) Rarrys Creek to Railway Dam Rarrys Creek to Railway Dam		0
During Construction	28-Mar-15	Saturday	24100-36650	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River) Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Common Brushtail Possum		0
During Construction	30-Mar-15	Monday	24100-36650	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River)	1	
During Construction	31-Mar-15	Tuesday	28200-31000 + 32000- 37000	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River)	Pacific Black Duck, Blackish Blind Snake	2



			Location			
Drogram Status	Data	Dov	Chainage -	Cito namo	Species detected	Total for
Program Status During	Date	Day	Surveyed	Site name Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	Species detected	Day/Period
Construction	1-Apr-15	Wednesday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During				Barrys Creek to Railway Dam		
Construction	ction 2-Apr-15 Thursday 2410		24100-36650	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	3-Apr-15	Friday	24100-36650	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During	3-Apr-13	Tiluay	24100-30030	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	No new road kill ariilliais	0
Construction	6-Apr-15	Monday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
					Small corpses likely to have	
During Construction	7-Apr-15	Tuocday	24100 24450	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam Rd (Maria River)	been frogs but couldn't stop due to safety	15
CONSTRUCTION	7-Apr-13	Tuesday	24100-36650	Ru (Mana River)	Eastern Long-necked	10
During				Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	Tortoise @ 32350, Eastern	
Construction	8-Apr-15	Wednesday	28200-37000	Rd (Maria River)	Grey Kangaroo @ ~ 28050	2
During	0 1 2 2 1 5	Thursday	24100 27750	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	No nour road kill onimala	0
Construction During	9-Apr-15	Thursday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River) Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	10-Apr-15	Friday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River)	Tawny Frogmouth (28000)	1
During				Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	
Construction	13-Apr-15	Monday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During	14 0 15	Torradan	24100 27750	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	Na wassaa daga aa ka ah	0
Construction	14-Apr-15	Tuesday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals Tawny Frog Mouth -	0
					Eastern Side of Road ch.	
					28100 (Nth of the Heavy	
					vehicle inspection area) +	
					Sugar Glider found on the	
					Eastern side of Road Ch. 30750 (Nth of Pipers	
During				Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	Creek)- adjacent the	
Construction	15-Apr-15	Wednesday	24100-36600	Rd (Maria River)	concreate barriers	2
During				Barrys Creek to Railway Dam		_
Construction	16-Apr-15	Thursday	24100-36600	Rd (Maria River) Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	17-Apr-15	Friday	24100-36600	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During	177101 10	Triday	21100 30000	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	TVO TIEW TOUG KIII GIIIITIGIS	0
Construction	20-Apr-15	Monday	24100-36600	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During	04.4.45		04100 07750	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	T	4
Construction During	21-Apr-15	Tuesday	24100-36650	Rd (Maria River) Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	Tawny Frogmouth (32000)	1
Construction	22-Apr-15	Wednesday	24100-36600	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During	227.01.10		21100 00000	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	Tre frew read time driminale	<u> </u>
Construction	23-Apr-15	Thursday	24100-36600	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
During	24 Amr 15	Eridou	24100 27700	Barrys Creek to Railway Dam	No nour road kill onimala	0
Construction During	24-Apr-15	Friday	24100-36600 No surveys	Rd (Maria River)	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	27-Apr-15	Monday	performed			
			, p		1 x Red-necked Wallaby	
					(western lane - ch.29800) +	
During	20 1 1 5	Tuesday	24100 27700	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	2 x Hare (ch. 32300 +	2
Construction During	28-Apr-15	Tuesday	24100-36600	Barrys Creek through to Joan's	30200	3
Construction	29-Apr-15	Wednesday	24100-36600	Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During	F			Barrys Creek through to Joan's		
Construction	30-Apr-15	Thursday	24100-36600	Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	1 May 15	Eridov	24100 24400	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No now road kill animals	0
During	1-May-15	Friday	24100-36600	Barrys Creek through to Joan's	No new road kill animals Rattus fuscipes (30750);	0
Construction	4-May-15	Monday	24100-36600	Rest (Maria River State Forest)	Lewins Honeyeater (24400)	2
					Chelidonia longicollis	
During			0.4400 0.4100	Barrys Creek through to Joan's	(28450); Torresian Crow	_
Construction	5-May-15	Tuesday	24100-36600	Rest (Maria River State Forest)	(31100)	2
During Construction	6-May-15	Wednesday	24100-36600	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	Tawny Frogmouth (25750)	1
CONSTRUCTION	U-iviay-13	vvcuncsuay	Z7100-30000	Trest (mana Kiver State Fulest)	rawity i rogitioutif (20/00)	1



Program Status	Date	Day	Location Chainage - Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Total for Day/Period
During	Date	Day	Juiveyeu	Barrys Creek through to Joan's	Species delected	Dayn Criou
Construction	7-May-15	Thursday	24100-36600	Rest (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	8-May-15	Friday	24100-36600	Barrys Creek through to Joan's Rest (Maria River State Forest)	Red-necked Wallaby (34100 - Bloodwood Rest Area)	1
During Construction	Barrys Creek through to Railway Dam Road (Maria River State Forest) European Rabbit (25750)					
During Construction	12-May-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek through to Railway Dam Road (Maria River State Forest)	Swamp Wallaby (30300) - ad on road side of installed concrete barriers	1
During Construction	13-May-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek through to Railway Dam Road (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	14-May-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek through to Railway Dam Road (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	15-May-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek through to Railway Dam Road (Maria River State Forest)	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	16-May-15	Saturday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek through to Railway Dam Road (Maria River State Forest)	Common Brushtail Possum (35500)	1
During Construction	18-May-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	19-May-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	20-May-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals Wet and number of small	0
During Construction	21-May-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	corpses on road believe to be frogs - could inspect due to safety requirements	10
During					Wet and number of small corpses on road believe to be frogs (def. some Limnodynastes peroni) - could inspect due to safety	
Construction During	22-May-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	requirements Eastern Grey Kangaroo	10
Construction During	25-May-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	(37300) - juv	11
Construction During	26-May-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
Construction During	27-May-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Swamp Wallaby (25850)	1
Construction	28-May-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	29-May-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Swamp Wallaby (34700) Adult; Microbat (ch.27000) - suspect a Chalinolobus gouldi	2
During Construction	30-May-15	Saturday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	European Hare (29100) - Kundabung Interchange	1
During Construction	1-Jun-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	2-Jun-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	3-Jun-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	4-Jun-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals Red-necked Wallaby	0
During Construction	5-Jun-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	(33400) - adult male; European Hare (31800); un	4



			Location Chainage -			Total for
Program Status	Date	Day	Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Day/Period
					id macropod at ch.30000 been removed and where concrete barriers located; Blue Tongue Lizard (37750) Stumpy Creek where clearing occurred last week	
During Construction During	8-Jun-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	9-Jun-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	10-Jun-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Tawny Frogmouth (31200)	1
During Construction	11-Jun-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Tawny Frogmouth (31200)	1
During Construction	12-Jun-15	Friday	No surveys performed			
During Construction	15-Jun-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	16-Jun-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	17-Jun-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	European Rabbit (32000)	1
During Construction	18-Jun-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	19-Jun-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	22-Jun-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	23-Jun-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Swamp Wallaby (36000)	1
During Construction	24-Jun-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	25-Jun-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	26-Jun-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	29-Jun-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Eastern Grey Kangaroo (between Mobbs Dr and Mingaletta Rd - in merge lane)	1
During Construction	30-Jun-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	1-Jul-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	European Hare (25100)	1
During Construction	2-Jul-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	3-Jul-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Northern Brown Bandicoot (37600) - adult in southbound; Tawny Frogmouth (36450); Northern Brown Bandicoot (27550)	3
During Construction	5-Jul-15	Sunday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	6-Jul-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	7-Jul-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	8-Jul-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	9-Jul-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	10-Jul-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0



			Location			
Program Status	Date	Day	Chainage - Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Total for Day/Period
r rogram Status	Dute	Duy	Surveyeu	Site nume	Red-necked Wallaby	Buyii cilou
During	40 1 145		0.44.00.00000		(30300) - Ad - Kundabung	
Construction During	13-Jul-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Concrete Barriers	1
Construction	14-Jul-15	Tuesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During						
Construction	15-Jul-15	Wednesday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	16-Jul-15	Thursday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During	10-341-13	Thursday	24100-30000	Dailys Creek to Stuffpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	17-Jul-15	Friday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	Southern Boobook (34100)	1
During	40 1 145		0.4100.00000		N. 1179 . 1	0
Construction During	18-Jul-15	Saturday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	20-Jul-15	Monday	24100-38000	Barrys Creek to Stumpy Creek	No new road kill animals	0
			Niche Took			
			Over Roll of			
	21/07/2015		Project Ecologist -			
During	till 1st June		Appoint by			
Construction	2016	Tuesday	K2K JV			
During						_
Construction	2-Jun-16	Thursday	29000-30600	Kundabung - old rest area	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	15-Jul-16	Friday	28900-29150	Rodeo Drive - South Side	No new road kill animals	0
During	10 341 10	Triday	20700 27100	M-Class Stockpile Sites -	TWO HOW FOUR KIN CHIMINGS	Ü
Construction	8-Aug-16	Monday	27350-28000	Menzies	No new road kill animals	0
During	0.41/	Torradan	27000 20250	M-Class Stockpile Sites -	No wassand bill amino da	0
Construction During	9-Aug-16	Tuesday	27000-28250	Menzies M-Class Stockpile Sites -	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	10-Aug-16	Wednesday	27000-28250	Menzies	No new road kill animals	0
During				M-Class Stockpile Sites -		
Construction	11-Aug-16	Thursday	27000-28250	Menzies	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	15-Aug-16	Monday	No surveys performed			
During	13-Aug-10	Worlday	No surveys			
Construction	16-Aug-16	Tuesday	performed			
5 .			24100-24700	Culvert 1 + Widening works for		
During Construction	17-Aug-16	Wednesday	+ 27000- 28250	Upper Smiths Creek Road north to Smiths Creek	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	17-Aug-10	Wednesday	24100-24700	Culvert 1 + Widening works for	No new road kill animals	0
During			+ 27000-	Upper Smiths Creek Road north		
Construction	18-Aug-16	Thursday	28250	to Smiths Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During			24100-24700 + 27000-	Culvert 1 + Widening works for Upper Smiths Creek Road north		
Construction	19-Aug-16	Friday	28250	to Smiths Creek	No new road kill animals	0
During	J	,		Widening works from Culvert 5		
Construction	22-Aug-16	Monday	26500-28000	to Smiths Creek Bridge	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	23-Aug-16	Tuesday	26500-28000	Widening works from Culvert 5 to Smiths Creek Bridge	No new road kill animals	0
During	29-August-	racsuay	20000 20000	Widening works Barrys Creek to	110 HOW TOUG KIII GHIIIIGIS	
Construction	2016	Monday	26000-28000	Smiths Creek west side	No new road kill animals	0
During	30-August-	Tuesda	2/000 20222	Widening works Barrys Creek to	Ma mayyra = d lett = 1	_
Construction During	2016 31-August-	Tuesday	26000-28000	Smiths Creek west side Widening works Barrys Creek to	No new road kill animals	0
Construction	2016	Wednesday	26000-28000	Smiths Creek west side	No new road kill animals	0
	01-					
During	September-	Thuraday	24000 20000	Widening works Barrys Creek to	Lowing Hanguages	1
Construction	2016 02-	Thursday	24000-28000	Smiths Creek west side	Lewins Honeyeater	1
During	September-			Widening works Barrys Creek to		
Construction	2016	Friday	24000-28000	Smiths Creek west side	Boobook Owl	1
During	20-	Thursday	22450 22700	Ravenswood Tie in and	Ma mayyra = d lett = 1	_
Construction	October-	Thursday	32450-32700	Stockpile area	No new road kill animals	0



Program Status	Date	Dav	Location Chainage - Surveyed	Site name	Species detected	Total for Day/Period
	2016					J
During Construction	24- October- 2016	Monday	29900- 30100+31600- 32600	Culvert 1/2/3 + Ravenswood Stockpile	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	25- October- 2016	Tuesday	31600-33100	Culvert and widening works north from Ravenswood area	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	11-Jan-17	Wednesday	36300-36600	Old Coast Road south for 300 m	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	12-Jan-17	Thursday	36300-36900	A few hundred metres to north and south of Old Coast road	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	13-Jan-17	Friday	36300-36900	A few hundred metres to north and south of Old Coast road	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	16-Jan-17	Monday	31800-32000	Clearing for Ravenswood culverts	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	18-Jan-17	Wednesday	29600-29700 + 31800- 32000 + Gate 9N	Smith Creek bus stop + Ravenswood culvert and Gate 9N	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	19-Jan-17	Thursday	30600-30900 + 29800	Pipers Creek frog fence area plus Scaysbrook on property works	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	20-Jan-17	Friday	31800-32100	Ravenswood culvert and batter widening works	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	23-Jan-17	Monday	31800-32100	Ravenswood culvert and batter widening works	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	24-Jan-17	Tuesday	31800-32100	Ravenswood culvert and batter widening works	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	25-Jan-17	Wednesday	29650-30550	Gate 9N works	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	30-Jan-17	Monday	29700-30400	Gate 9N works to basin at 30600W	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	31-Jan-17	Tuesday	29700-30300	Smiths Creek Road bus stop and 29700 to 30300	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	1-Feb-17	Wednesday	29700-30300	Gate 9N and Smiths Creek Bus stop VMS board access works at 35050	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	3-Feb-17	Friday	30100	Pipers Creek M Class Stockpile and Drainage Works	No new road kill animals	0
During Construction	10-Feb-17	Friday	29200-29300	Kundabung Interchange Additional Clearing	No new road kill animals	0
					During Construction Totals	313

Table A-4. Summary of dewatering activities during the K2K Project.

Tubic	Table A-4. Suffirmary of dewatering activities during the KZK Froject.												
Date	Day	Chainage	Site name	Species detected									
12-Jan-15	Monday	34700	Maria SF	Striped Gudgeon (50); Empire Gudgeon (12); Firetail Gudgeon (5); Long- finned Eel (1), Cherax destructa (2)									
09-Feb-15	Monday	26300	Mingaletta	Striped Gudgeon (10); Firetail Gudgeon (17); Empire Gudgeon (12), Long- finned Eel (2)									
12-Feb-15	Thursday	30900	Fish farm	Myobatrachid (~200) and Hylid (~100) tadpoles									
17-Feb-15	Tuesday	29600	Sth Kundabung Rest Area	Limnodynastes peroni (1); Myobatrachid egg masses (2) egg masses collected.									
18-Feb-15	Wednesday	26300	Mingaletta	Striped Gudgeon (20); Firetail Gudgeon (7); Empire Gudgeon (2), Long- finned Eel (7); Cherax destructor (1)									
26-Feb-15	Thursday	34700	Maria River State Forest	Striped Gudgeon (4); Firetail Gudgeon (12); Cherax destructor (1)									
27-Feb-15	Friday	30800	Nth of Pipers Creek	Myobatrachid (~20) and Hylid (~25) tadpoles									
28-Feb-15	Saturday	30800	Nth of Pipers Creek	Myobatrachid (~10) and Hylid (~15) tadpoles									



Date	Day	Chainage	Site name	Species detected
02-Mar-15	Monday	30800	Nth of Pipers Creek	Myobatrachid (~50) and Hylid (~35) tadpoles + Eastern Water Dragon (1)
03-Mar-15	Tuesday	30800	Nth of Pipers Creek	Hylid tadpoles (6)
04-Mar-15	Wednesday	30900	Pipers Creek to Hambly driveway	Myobatrachid (~200) and Hylid (~200) tadpoles
05-Mar-15	Thursday	30900	Pipers Creek to Hambly driveway	Myobatrachid (~60) and Hylid (~70) tadpoles
06-Mar-15	Friday	30900	Pipers Creek to Hambly driveway	Myobatrachid (~20) and Hylid (~40) tadpoles
14-Mar-15	Tuesday	30670	Pipers Creek	Fire-tailed Gudgeon (50; Striped Gudgeon (35); Empire Gudgeon (30); Mullet (120); Long-finned Eel (5); Murray River Turtle (3); <i>Mixophyes</i> tadpoles (3)
15-Mar-15	Wednesday	30670	Pipers Creek	Fire-tailed Gudgeon (10); Striped Gudgeon (5); Empire Gudgeon (2); Mullet (1); Long-finned Eel (2)
17-Mar-15	Tuesday	32600	Southern Maria River SF	Myobatrachid (~15) and Hylid (~40) tadpoles - number of these likely to be Litoria brevipalmata
18-Mar-15	Wednesday	28670	Box Culvert - Fill 10	Striped Gudgeon (11); Firetail Gudgeon (27)
19-Mar-15	Thursday	28670	Box Culvert - Fill 10	Firetail Gudgeon (5); Cherax destructor (2)
13-Apr-15	Monday	29300	Kundabung Interchange	Litoria dentata (30); Fire-tail Gudgeon (300), Short-finned Eel (17), Litoria dentata tadpoles (20)
14-Apr-15	Tuesday	29300	Kundabung Interchange	Macquarie Turtle (2); Short-finned Eel (2); Fire-tailed Gudgeon (15), Litoria fallax (1)
07-May-15	Thursday	29600	Kundabung Motel - east side - culvert sump pump out	Long-finned Eel (3); Striped Gudgeon (30); Empire Gudgeon (11); Limnodynastes tadpoles (4)
12-Jun-15	Friday	34700	Cut 20 Sth	Short-finned Eels (3); Striped Gudgeon (30); Fire-tail Gudgeon (20); Empire Gudgeon (50)
15-Jun-15	Monday	34700	Cut 20 Sth	Short-finned Eels (6), <i>Cherax destructor</i> (2), Striped Gudgeon (25), Firetail Gudgeon (20), Empire Gudgeon (50)
01-Jul-15	Wednesday	28200	Smiths Creek	Short-finned Eel (1); Striped Gudgeon (12); Empire Gudgeon (15)
19-Jan-17	Friday	28600	Tributary of Smiths Creek	Striped Gudgeon (8); Empire Gudgeon (40)
08-May-17	Monday	28200	Smiths Creek	Long-finned Eels (5); Striped Gudgeon (120); Fire-tail Gudgeon (45); Empire Gudgeon (35)
11-Aug-17	Friday	37800	Stumpy Creek	Fire-tailed Gudgeon (20); Striped Gudgeon (30); Empire Gudgeon (10)
11-Jan-18	Thursday	37850	Stumpy Creek - Basin works	Limnodynastes peroni (2)
19-Jan-18	Friday	28600	Tipping Drainage Line	Empire Gudgeon (40); Striped Gudgeon (8)



 Table A-5. Post clearing nest box calculations following substantive clearing on the K2K Project.

	abic A J.	1 USI CICUIT	ig nest box	Calculations	Tollowing	Substantive	cicaring of	n the KZK Pi													
Zon	e Ch.	Area removed (ha)	No. HBT Removed	No. Functional Hollows	No. Nest Boxes required	Area Actually Removed	Number of HBT Actually Removed	No. Functional Hollows	Stage 2 Post Clearing Calculation (Minimum Number Requirements) including retention of 20% error for loss during felling process	Side Of Carriageway	Scansorial Mammals	Microchiropteran Bats	Small Gliders	Larger Gliders	Possums	Small Owls	Black Cockatoo/ Large Parrots	Medium- sized Parrots	Large Forest Owl	Numbers in Zone and Side of Carriageway	Notes Comments
										Design Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
S	24100 24600	9.15	29	241	37	3.1	16	63	24	Eastern	3	0	2	2	4	0	1	2	1	15	More boxes have been installed then required. As a consequence no additional boxes were installed in this area during the remaining 40% install (Stage II). Also an error in chainage recording which should have been 24600 in the NBPoM. This was corrected during nest box monitoring events. Variability in calcs also attributed to working on M class for the NBPoM whilst A class being constructed.
										Western	1	0	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	8	Some minor amendments with nest box relocations occurred due to changes in clearing footprint. Updated on Sep2017GIS layer
Т	24600 25450	6.8	34	259	50	11.9	47	188	19	Eastern	3	3	7	6	1	2	1	2	1	26	More boxes have been installed then required. NBPoM working on M class clearing footprints, not A class and hence variability in some of the design footprints. Nonetheless, additional boxes were installed during Stage II focusing around the glider poles at ch. 25200
										Western	3	2	1	4	5	0	0	1	0	16	somewhat limited adjacent to the poles for up to 100 m.
U	25150 25750	4.8	11	163	46	4.2	13	35	10	Eastern	3	3	5	3	4	1	0	2	1	22	More installed than what was required. Again due to M versus A class design. Also some amalgamation in chainage zones, however, this zone had a more Mingaletta Road focus and this is where most of the nest boxes were installed.
										Western	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Most of HBTs were retained within the M class footprint, and accordingly, no nest boxes were installed apart from those adjacent to the glider poles which have been amalgamated into Zone T.
V	28500 29300	7.45	18	121	20	4.1	14	32	9	Eastern	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Main hollow bearing trees were retained along eastern RMS boundary and consequent all boxes were installed on western side.
										Western	5	2	3	1	5	0	0	2	0	18	An additional 6 nest boxes installed further to the north towards Kundabung Interchange during Stage II due to higher occupancy rates of fauna recorded using tree hollows during clearing works and nest boxes during earlier rounds of monitoring.
W	31300 32250	3.8	9	58	19	4.28	9	21	6	Eastern	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	6	Reduced number of boxes had to be installed on eastern side as there was very little retained vegetation in RMS corridor due to service roads. All boxes were installed within RMS road corridor due to uncertainty about being able to access these in the future and the uncertainty regarding clearing of western boundary.
										Western	6	2	0	1	4	0	0	1	0	14	All boxes were installed during Stage II as there was uncertainty regarding the final clearing strings and proposed clearing of fence lines by adjacent private property owner



Zone	Ch.	Area removed (ha)	No. HBT Removed	No. Functional Hollows	No. Nest Boxes required	Area Actually Removed	Number of HBT Actually Removed	No. Functional Hollows	Stage 2 Post Clearing Calculation (Minimum Number Requirements) including retention of 20% error for loss during felling process	Side Of Carriageway	Scansorial Mammals	Microchiropteran Bats	Small Gliders	Larger Gliders	Possums	Small Owls	Black Cockatoo/ Large Parrots	Medium- sized Parrots	Large Forest Owl	Numbers in Zone and Side of Carriageway	Notes Comments
										Design Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
х	32650- 33600	7.6	19	70	15	8.74	42	117	16	Eastern	5	2	1	1	5	0	3	5	2	24	Additional 15 boxes installed as part of Stage II installation works and to compensate for increased clearing limits, relocation of Optic Fibre and broad range of fauna recorded using this area including Squirrel Glider during post approval spotlighting for Koala baseline surveys, Sooty Owl during morning pre-clearing surveys and high numbers of Leaf-tailed Geckos.
										Western	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Remained a linear strip apart from northern limit where new zone created to tie into aerial crossing structure 250 m to north.
New Zone Created	33600- 34300	no data in NBPoM	no data in NBPoM	no data in NBPoM	no data in NBPoM	5.6	11	27	6	Eastern	3	0	0	1	4	0	1	0	1	10	New zone created to adjacent for increased clearing and install of fauna mitigation devices. Six boxes installed adjacent to aerial crossing as part of Stage II installation and remaining four boxes in gully to the north (2 possum, 1 x large cockatoo and 1 x large forest owl).
										Western	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	6	Six boxes installed adjacent aerial crossing
Υ	34400- 35300	9.98	53	164	26	6.48	61	151	30	Eastern	4	4	2	5	9	2	1	2	1	30	10 Additional boxes installed during stage II calculations. Most of these were located on eastern side of fauna crossing ch. 34850E. An additional two boxes were located on ridge a 250m north to augment existing boxes following wildfire event in Nov 2016
										Western	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Retained lineal strip and within this zone sufficient numbers of retained HBTs which historically bordered the old Pacific Highway
Z	35900- 36600	5.6	18	73	17	4.34	27	65	18	Eastern	7	2	2	4	5	0	0	1	0	21	Stage II calculations revealed the additional 40% were required and this combined with glider poles and aerial rope crossing some eight boxes were installed as part of Stage II works on either side of the fauna poles/rope bridges. An additional 2 boxes were installed in original area as part of stage II installation bring total of newly installed boxes to 10.
										Western	8	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	16	All 16 were installed as part of Stage II focusing on areas adjacent to poles and rope bridges plus further north where clearing strings were expanded after stage I installation south of Railway Dam Road.
AA	36700- 37000	1.55	7	27	24	1.1	4	19	21	Eastern	6	2	3	6	5	1	0	1	1	25	An additional 8 boxes were installed following the final clearing and stage 2 calculations combined with the discovery of threatened Yellow-bellied Gliders and the retained Maria River roadside vegetation being used to maintain glider connectivity.
										Western	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	No hollow bearing trees removed in that area.
										Totals	60	25	27	42	62	7	7	19	8	257	Three more than the required 254 stated in the NBPoM.





http://www-uat.rms.nsw.gov.au/projects/northern-nsw/oxley-highway-to-kempsey/projectdocuments.html





Customer feedback Roads and Maritime Locked Bag 928, North Sydney NSW 2059