# 5. Preliminary environmental assessment, management measures & further investigations

## 5.1 Preliminary assessment

A preliminary assessment of the potential environmental impacts of the preferred Sapphire to Woolgoolga highway upgrade and likely significance of these impacts is summarised in Table 5.1. This assessment is based on the comprehensive investigations undertaken through the route planning stage and, where relevant, the findings from more recent studies focused on the preferred route. The issues that have been identified as requiring further assessment during the Environmental Assessment stage are shown in Table 5.2 and the suggested scope of those further assessments has been summarised.

This assessment has been completed with reference to two relevant publications; "Is an EIS Required? Best Practice Guidelines for Part 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979", NSW Government, Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (DUAP, now DoP) and the "EIS Guideline Roads and Related Facilities", DUAP (now DoP) September 1996. In this regard, simple descriptors of the likely level of impact significance have been included.

The table also identifies possible environmental management and mitigation measures that the RTA currently proposes to incorporate in finalising the concept development of the Sapphire to Woolgoolga proposal. The measures represent a combination of best practice designs, techniques, systems and methods that the RTA has implemented on many recent and current highway projects. It is possible that some of these measures will be supplemented and refined as the technical design is advanced and the concurrent planned environmental impact assessments are completed over the coming months.

In considering each environmental planning issue, a level of 'Proposed Assessment and Management' was assigned. This indicates whether additional environmental assessment is required or whether standard management measures are sufficient to address the issue. These Proposed Assessment and Management levels are defined as follows:

#### Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed

No further assessment proposed on this issue as the RTA considers that the issue can be adequately managed using standard or previously approved procedures that are accepted within the industry. The proposed procedures will be identified in the relevant Environmental Management Plan (EMP) for the project and the measures will be summarised in the Environmental Assessment.

#### Define Management Measures- Design/ EMP

The issue is not routine and may have some site specific or project peculiarities but the RTA has assessed that the standard or proven management measures can be readily adapted or tailored to address the specific circumstances to achieve an effective outcome. The proposed measures will be detailed as necessary in the refined design and/or the relevant Environmental Management Plan for the project. As well as being subject to a preliminary environmental assessment (as identified in Table 5.1), proposed future actions for these issues are identified in Table 5.3.

#### Further Environmental Assessment proposed

The RTA considers that this issue requires further assessment during the ongoing design refinement and environmental assessment phase. Proposed measures to manage this issue will be detailed in the concept design and the Environmental Assessment. As well as being subject to a preliminary environmental assessment (as identified in Table 5.1), proposed future actions for these issues are identified in Table 5.2.

A draft Statement of Commitments has also been developed for the proposal and it is presented in Appendix A (and referred to in Table 5.1). This statement will be developed further during the

subsequent environmental impact assessment process and will be presented in the published Environmental Assessment.

### Table 5.1 Environmental Investigations, Assessment, and Commitments/Management Measures

This table provides a summary of the environmental assessment issues of interest for the construction and operation of the Sapphire to Woolgoolga proposal. Further details are provided in the main body of this report and in a series of Reports and Working Papers developed during the route option identification stage. The purpose of this table is to identify those issues which are expected to be most important in the final decision process, as well as those more routine issues which can be readily managed through standard environmental management measures (ie. <u>not</u> key issues). In the case of the latter, this has been based in on the findings of extensive previous studies and / or design changes to the project in order to eliminate or significantly reduce environmental risks associated with the issue. Furthermore, to ensure the level of residual impacts remain acceptable and that there is a consistent approach to managing issues, the RTA includes a commitment to adopt standard conditions of approval (as developed by the Department of Planning). It is expected that this commitment would be carried through to the Environmental Assessment and ultimately to the final conditions of approval as issued by the Minister for Planning. It is noted that the judgement as to whether an issue is <u>not</u> a key issue will be confirmed during the detailed EA process, and that the evaluation at this time is not binding.

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
CONSTRUCTION PHASE				
Noise and Vibration	Noise monitoring and modelling undertaken as part of route options assessment Working Paper.	Potential for construction noise levels to exceed the criteria specified in the RTA's Environmental Noise Management Manual. However, residual impacts would be managed to acceptable levels with the application of standard noise control management measures.	Define Management Measures- Design/EMP	Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 5 in the Draft Statement of Commitments
		Expected level of Impact: Low – Negative		(Appendix B).
		Community consultation has consistently raised construction noise as an issue of concern, hence issue to be addressed in EA to demonstrate it can be effectively managed.		
Air Quality	Air quality monitoring undertaken by specialists from CW-ATC at Korora site adjacent to existing dual carriageway section of highway.	Potential for dust generation during earthworks and other construction activities and from construction vehicle movements. Local air quality impacts due to construction vehicle emissions.	Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed	Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
	The baseline studies indicate generally low background pollution levels.	Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative		Section 11 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Terrestrial Flora and Fauna			Further Environmental Assessment proposed	
Threatened Species/Habitats	Comprehensive Working Paper prepared as part of route option	Loss of or disturbance to threatened flora and fauna species.		The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
	evaluation process.  Comparative assessment of options	Potential impact on endangered ecological communities (EECs) including:		Where feasible and practical, concept design to be refined to avoid and/or minimise potential impacts on threatened / endangered flora and fauna species
	in terms of ecological impacts conducted by flora / fauna specialists from CW, Ecovision, Ecotone and A Benwell as part of route selection process. Included	Lowland rainforest on floodplain; Subtropical coastal floodplain forest; Swamp oak floodplain forest; Swamp sclerophyll forest		and endangered ecological communities. Where not feasible and practical to avoid and/or minimise potential impacts, concept design to be refined to include flora and fauna protection measures.
	review of substantial databases from CHCC, DEC, Forests NSW, conduct of substantial assorted field surveys, vegetation / habitat mapping, liaison with DEC and CHCC. Detailed ecological surveys	Expected level of Impact: Moderate - Negative		Commitment to implement compensatory habitat proposals based on findings of supplementary investigations if not feasible or practical to refine concept design to avoid and/or minimise potential impacts or to include flora and fauna protection measures.
	completed to identify presence / extent / condition of potential species / EECs along parts of route not previously accessible. Supplementary surveys to address			Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 7 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
	warm season issues (eg. migratory birds, targeted frog species) and other key information from previous work (eg. extent / density of stags).			Although the proposal is not perceived to have a significant impact on threatened and migratory species, a referral under the EPBC Act would be made to DEH to confirm that the proposal is not a

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
				"controlled action"
Vegetation	As above	Vegetation clearance and loss of habitat		The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
		Expected level of Impact: Moderate - Negative		Footprint of road and vegetation clearance to be kept to a minimum to avoid and/or minimise potential impacts on vegetation clearance and loss of habitat. Native species of local providence to be used in landscape planting. Commitment to implement compensatory habitat proposals based on findings of supplementary investigations if not feasible or practical to avoid and/or minimise potential impacts on vegetation clearance and loss of habitat.
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 7 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Aquatic	Aquatic habitat assessment	Potential for Impacts on aquatic habitat	Issues Manageable-	Major creeks are to be bridged and loss of riparian
Ecology	completed as part of the route option study Working Paper.	Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative	no further assessment proposed	vegetation to be minimised. Design to be undertaken in accordance with DPI Fisheries Guidelines.
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 7 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Geotechnical / Soils / Contamination	Geotechnical investigation incorporating subsurface assessment, preliminary soil and	Movement of sediment down slopes, possibility of entering waterways, transportation ways and properties. Small scale stability concerns. Small scale soil contamination concerns.	Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed	Adequate protection of both cut batters and fill embankments to be provided. Measures would include grassing and the provision of cut-off drains

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
	groundwater contamination assessment and acid sulfate soil assessment undertaken as part of Route Option stage.	Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative		and landscaping to divert water away from the cut and fill batters. Sediment traps to be implemented. Removal of vegetation during construction only where absolutely necessary.
	Acid Sulphate Soils (ASS) mapping shows there to be a low risk of ASS within the study area, with the exception of areas on the floodplain between Moonee and Woolgoolga and surrounding the existing highway at Arrawarra.			Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 10 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
	DEC and Department of Agriculture have confirmed that no sites comprising a significant risk of harm under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 are potentially directly affected by the proposal. Soil investigations on banana plantations included identified high-risk areas (eg packing sheds). The investigations indicated that contaminant concentrations in the soil were below the adopted site assessment criteria. No cattle tick dip sites are affected			

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
Groundwater	Geotechnical investigation incorporating preliminary soil and	It is possible that deep cuts will locally lower the water table and may have adverse affects on water levels and yields in	Issues Manageable- no further assessment	Continual monitoring of bores during and post- construction phase.
	groundwater contamination assessment as well as groundwater	existing water bores. Low/minimal risk of groundwater contamination.	proposed	Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate
	bore information received from DLWC.	Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative		management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in
	DEC and Department of Agriculture have confirmed that no contaminated soil or groundwater sites are affected by the proposal.			Section 10 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Water Quality	Considerable background data held by Coffs Harbour Council. No particular unusual/high sensitive areas anticipated or where impacts are unmanageable	Impact upon the turbidity, pH, DO, concentration of ions and TDS of local waterways	Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed	Monitoring of affected waterways during and post- construction phase.
		Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative		Risk analysis of all aspects of the activity that has the potential to pollute water to be undertaken, eg stormwater.
				Measures to minimise the identified risk to the environment would then be implemented. Special emphasis would be placed on gully and watercourse crossings, vehicle set down and repair areas, fuel storage and waste disposal.
				Compliance with Water Quality guidelines.
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 10 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Traffic and	Concept design developed with	Implementation of the upgrade may be staged. Staging	Further Environmental	The scope of the environmental assessment is

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
Transport	regard to construction in high traffic	opportunities include:	Assessment proposed	outlined in Table 5.2.
	area at southern end of project.	Early provision of interchanges to access the existing and future residential areas along the route, and/or languagestation of Class A/M ungreade to impress the control of the contr		Construction traffic impacts to be assessed in Traffic Delay Assessment.
		<ul> <li>Implementation of Class A/M upgrade to improve the safety and efficiency of the existing highway.</li> </ul>		Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 4 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).  The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in Table 5.2.  Where feasible and practical, road alignment and concept design to be refined to minimise potential impacts on agricultural properties.  Where feasible and practical, new access provided to severed parcels and / or possible land
		Potential traffic disruptions on highway and local roads during construction, especially along southern upgrade highway sections.		plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 4 in the Draft Statement of
		Expected level of Impact: Moderate – Negative		,
Agriculture	Preliminary agricultural assessment Working Paper prepared as part of route selection process by specialists Wilkie Fleming.	35 agricultural properties would be affected by the bypass alignment. Preliminary agricultural assessment identified	Further Environmental Assessment proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
		that 17 properties would be severely disrupted.		
	specialists white Flerillig.	Potential implications for aerial spraying of bananas.		
		Expected level of Impact: High - Negative	to severed parcels and / or possible land consolidation of severed parcels to be pursuacquisition to be undertaken in accordance	
				Acquisition to be undertaken in accordance with the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991
Land use, Property and	Comparative assessment of impacts on land use / development	Potential direct impact on approximately 130 residential, agricultural and rural residential properties along whole	Further Environmental Assessment proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
Access	/ property Working Paper prepared	length of the upgrade.		Where feasible and practical, road alignment and
	as part of route selection process.	Expected level of Impact: High – Negative.		concept design to be refined to minimise potential impacts on properties.
				Where feasible and practical, new access provided to severed parcels and / or possible land consolidation of severed parcels to be pursued.

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
				Acquisition to be undertaken in accordance with the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991
Hazards and		Potential impacts include storage of hazardous materials.	Issues Manageable-	Residual impacts expected to be manageable
Risks	Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative no further assessment proposed		through the application of controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 14 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).	
Aboriginal heritage	Working Paper prepared by heritage specialist J Collins as part	Impact from clearing of forested lands, which are valued by the Aboriginal community.	Define Management Measures-	Further consultation with DEC and the Aboriginal community using the DEC Interim Guidelines during the further refinement of the concept design for the proposal and during the development of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan.
	of route selection process. Ongoing consultation with LALCs, other Aboriginal representative groups	Direct impact on western flank of important Aboriginal heritage site near Coffs Harbour Gun Club.	Design/EMP	
	and DEC.	7 PADs potentially directly affected by proposal.		Residual impacts expected to be manageable
	Aboriginal heritage study (incorporating a heritage assessment and field survey) for preferred route completed by heritage specialist J Collins in October 2005.	Expected level of Impact: Moderate – Negative		through the application of controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 8 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Non-Aboriginal heritage	Working Paper prepared including desktop reviews and database	There is the potential that the proposal could have a very minor impact on the Solitary Islands Marine Park (SIMP)	Issues Manageable- no further assessment	Relevant statutory controls would be complied with by the RTA
	research as part of Route Option studies. Consultation with key government stakeholders including Australian Heritage Commission,	during construction where it extends to the tidal limits of Double Crossing Creek. SIMP is an item listed on the Register of the National Estate (but is not on the National Heritage List or the Commonwealth Heritage List).	proposed	Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in
	NSW Heritage Office, National Trust, Coffs Harbour Council and Coffs Harbour Historical Society.	Other heritage items along the corridor which are affected but not formally listed on any heritage register include the Woolgoolga Nursery, the Nursery Cottage, Wedding Bells		Section 9 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
		State Forest and the original route of two former timber logging tramways.		Potential impacts on the Solitary Islands Marine Park to be included in the referral to DEH.
		Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative		
Resources		Energy and resource use during the construction period.	Issues Manageable-	Measures to be implemented to minimise energy
		Expected level of Impact: Low - Negative	no further assessment proposed	use to be incorporated into the CEMP. Consideration of mass haul efficiency in design development to reduce fuel burn.
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 12 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Landscape, visual and	Comparative assessment of options conducted by specialist urban designers / landscape architects	Visual impacts and loss of visual amenity along the existing highway upgrade and bypass sections in project area	Further Environmental Assessment proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
urban design		renowned for its scenic qualities.		Suitable urban design and landscape management
	Hassell as part of route selection process	Adverse visual impacts anticipated - particularly between Sapphire and Moonee and through the southern and		strategies/ plans to be developed and incorporated into the project design.
		central sections of the Woolgoolga bypass.		Residual impacts expected to be manageable
		Expected level of Impact: Moderate to High Negative.		through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 13 in the Draft Statement of Commitments ( <i>Appendix B</i> ).

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
OPERATIONAL PHASE				
Traffic Noise	Working Paper prepared as part of route option study. Comparative noise assessment undertaken.	Positive and negative impacts depending upon specifics of location (eg noise source moved from bypassed areas, noise source introduced to new alignment). RTA would endeavour to meet appropriate DEC criteria.  Expected level of Impact: Moderate Positive to	Further Environmental Assessment proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .  RTA would endeavour to meet appropriate DEC criteria.  Detailed noise assessment to be undertaken.
		Moderate / High Negative.		Assessment will identify potential noise impacts of upgrade and proposed mitigation measures.  Proposed mitigation measures to be incorporated
				into refined concept design for proposal.
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 6 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Cultural/Socio- economic/ Community			Further Environmental Assessment proposed	
General	Comparative assessment of impacts on land use / development	tion improved amenity and local community access across existing highway corridor.		The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
	/ property as part of route selection process. Key community issues			Design to ensure bypass remains attractive for through traffic. Where feasible and practical,
	consistently identified included:  Property impacts	Community cohesion in west Woolgoolga rural area affected by new route.		maintain road access to rural properties during and after construction. New crossings to be provided for

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
	<ul><li>Socio-economic</li><li>Noise and Vibration</li></ul>	Issues with school bus access routes and potential conflicts with Highway traffic – see also "Local Traffic".		safer cross highway access for locals including at Headland Road bridge and interchanges.
	<ul><li>Air Quality</li><li>Road Safety.</li></ul>	Expected level of Impact: Moderate – Negative		Property acquisition to be undertaken in accordance with the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991
Local Sikh Community	Sikh Cultural Impact Assessment in Progress	Community concern that impact on and or acquisition of Sikh owned / operated rural properties in bypass section	Further Environmental Assessment Proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
-	•	could result in broader cultural effect of consequence for the community	·	Proposed Management Measures to be developed through assessment
		Expected level of Impact: Low- Negative		
Traffic and transport			Further Environmental Assessment proposed	
Strategic / Regional	Working Paper prepared as part of Route Option Study.	Expected overall road safety improvements due to increased road capacity and high standard dual		The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
-	Detailed traffic surveys and studies including quantification of existing traffic patterns, forecasts of traffic separation local access road access r	carriageway design. Improvements also expected with rationalised highway access points and through – local traffic separation with reduced highway connections and local access roads etc. Substantial improvements in Woolgoolga area due to reduced traffic volumes.  Expected level of Impact: High - Positive		Adopt standards in Pacific Highway design guideline and refine concept design to further enhance safety over project life.
	identification of traffic / road safety risk issues, assessment of historic and recent crash data for highway, estimate of safety improvement with upgrade.	Expected level of impact. Fight - Positive		
Local	Design and traffic assessments have identified and where possible	Impacts on school bus routes and conflicts with Highway traffic		The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
	quantified all changed local traffic patterns.	Changed travel patterns on numerous local roads		Design to provide for eventual off-highway local road along full length of corridor with controlled access to

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
	Traffic assessments have estimated	especially along southern upgrade section from Sapphire		the highway
	bypassable traffic and hence likely future volumes remaining through Woolgoolga	to Moonee including increased trip length and duration due to road closures, turn restrictions and deviations (but with attendant travel safety improvements)		Design to include features for efficient new local access.
	g.c.g.	Reduction of traffic volumes through Woolgoolga with local traffic and accessibility benefits in the area.		Design to ensure bypass section is attractive for through traffic.
		Expected level of Impact: Low – Negative		
Urban Development	Comparative assessment of impacts on land use / development	Preferred route developed following request from CHCC for the RTA to investigate route options to minimise the	Further Environmental Assessment proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
	/ property as part of route selection process	potential impact on the South Woolgoolga Urban Investigation Area and to facilitate the future expansion of the township.		Amenity considerations to be considered in concept design including buffer areas, noise mitigation and landscaping
		Bypass section passes across the south west corner of South Woolgoolga Urban Investigation Area (currently agricultural use). No detailed development plans for area prepared to date by CHCC. Most of potential development could proceed with Bypass in place.		
		Issues for residential expansion near Moonee Beach and consequences for Highway interchange design/timing		
		Expected level of Impact: Low – Negative		

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
Forestry Issues	Liaison with Forests NSW to obtain data on existing forestry operations	Bypass section passes through substantial productive State forest lands.	Further Environmental Assessment proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
	and expected long term use of Forest including access	Route passes close to two parcels of land designated as Forestry Management Zone (FMZ) 3A. Depending on the		Review alignment and if possible, avoid or minimise impact on FMZ 3B land.
	requirements	final design it is possible that these could be impacted on during construction. The route also passes through one parcel of land designated as FMZ3B at its northern end		Access to Wedding Bells State Forest from existing highway to be rationalised. Compensatory measures to be examined as part of EA.
		Expected level of Impact: Moderate - Negative		
Flooding and Hydrology	A preliminary catchment analysis has been undertaken, which has identified major waterways and catchments in the northern section of the study area. Also examined location and condition of all existing road crossings. In accordance with Australian Rainfall and Runoff Volume 1, preliminary and peak discharges calculated.	Concept design would be developed to ensure project does not cause any significant adverse flooding impacts, including afflux, flood levels, velocities, duration and	Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed	All water-way crossings would be located and sized so as to not cause any significant adverse flooding impacts.
		inundation times.  Expected level of Impact: Low – Negative		Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 10 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Water Quality	Considerable background data held by Coffs Harbour Council. No particular unusual/high sensitive areas anticipated or where impacts are unmanageable	Potential Impact upon the turbidity, pH, DO, concentration of ions, TDS and general aquatic environment of local waterways  Expected level of Impact: Low – Negative	Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed	Potential issue of accidental spills during the operational phase of the highway would be addressed. General pollution reduction measures would be in the form of detention structures or contingency plans or a combination of both and would be effective in minimising harm from accidental spills in particular.
				Areas that are deemed to have particularly high conservation and sensitivity values would be identified, and additional management methods

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
				instigated.
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 10 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Flora/Fauna	Refer to 'Flora / Fauna' in Construction section above	Biodiversity – the Woolgoolga bypass section has the potential to impact on biodiversity in the Wedding Bells	Further Environmental Assessment proposed	The scope of the environmental assessment is outlined in <i>Table 5.2</i> .
		State Forest.		Opportunities to avoid, minimise and/or mitigate biodiversity impacts (see above) including possible compensatory habitat.
		Expected level of Impact: Low – Negative		
Economic	Comparative assessment of direct / indirect impacts on land use / development / property as part of route selection process. Concept design progressed with regard to local business impact in terms of property affectation. Consultation with assorted business stakeholders and CH / Woolgoolga Chambers of Commerce	Positive overall impact on local economy (including tourism) due to enhanced road transport conditions and travel time / safety improvements through the study area.	Define Management Measures- Design/EMP	Implement high standard design and implement the project as soon as possible.
		Potential impact on amenity of adjacent tourist facilities along the route.		Acoustic controls and urban design treatments to be incorporated into new highway design. Property access arrangements improved in terms of safety.
		Although the local economy of Woolgoolga does not have a heavy reliance on highway related trade, there would be		Provide effective alternative access consistent with highway access control objectives
		some loss in patronage to businesses along the existing Highway when a bypass is operational.		Provide effective signposting and high standard access at northern and southern approaches to Woolgoolga.
		Agricultural business implications considered under 'Agriculture'		
		Expected level of Impact: Moderate - Positive to Moderate – Negative		
Air quality	Liaison with DEC during route selection indicated no substantial	Reduced vehicle emissions through Woolgoolga due to bypass and along existing highway between Sapphire and	Issues Manageable- no further assessment	Adopt relevant road design standard with minimal gradients and curves to facilitate free flow

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
	air quality issues / concerns in study area. Air quality monitoring undertaken by specialists from CW- ATC at Korora site adjacent to existing dual carriageway section of highway.	Additional venicle emissions with progressive traffic growth	proposed	conditions.
				Reduction in exhaust emissions through Woolgoolga township
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Section 11 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
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Hazards and wastes	No specific investigations into this matter, but draws on previous experience of traffic specialists including review of spill incident statistics	Reduced potential for hazardous material spillage or incident with higher standard road	Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed	Spill containment measures / facilities for incidents near sensitive environments to be incorporated into
		Expected level of Impact: Low - Positive		design.
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in Sections 14 and 15 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).
Cumulative Impacts	Cumulative impact assessment undertaken by RTA	The overall Pacific Highway program is expected to generate cumulative impacts (both beneficial and adverse) with issues relating to traffic growth (especially in heavy vehicles) being of particular community concern due to potential traffic noise and road safety concerns.	Define Management Measures- Design/EMP	Adopt design standard and capacity of proposal that provides acceptable safety outcome and level of service for life of project
		Expected level of Impact: Low to Moderate – Positive		
Ecologically Sustainable Development	No specific investigations into this matter	Inter-generational Equity – proposal is new transport infrastructure that would benefit current and future generations by enabling safe and efficient travel through and within the area for multiple social and economic	Issues Manageable- no further assessment proposed	Commitment to ongoing maintenance and planned later stage upgrades so the proposal continues to provide functional benefits to the road user and local community.

Issue	Existing Investigations	Potential Impact (incorporating mitigation)	Proposed Assessment and Management Level	Proposed Management Measures
		purposes.		From its significant experience, the RTA has developed many proven systems, methods and techniques to effectively understand and manage environmental risks. Many of these management opportunities and proposals are identified above.
		Precautionary Approach – development of major new infrastructure into new rural / natural environment (especially bypass section) has the potential to introduce assorted environmental impacts, the nature and extent of which are generally well understood.		
				Residual impacts expected to be manageable
		Issues regarding ecology integrity and economic values are addressed in other sections above.		through the application of appropriate management plans, controls, mitigation measures and safeguards as identified in
		Expected level of Impact: Low – Positive		Section 12 in the Draft Statement of Commitments (Appendix B).

## 5.2 Proposed scope of environmental assessment

As identified in Table 5.1, there would be a number of relatively minor impacts associated with the construction and operation of the proposal that could be effectively managed and/or adequately mitigated through the application of standard or tailored mitigation measures (including standard conditions of approval developed by the DoP). There are also a number of more significant environmental impacts which require further investigation and assessment.

Reforms to the EP&A Act in 2005 (with the introduction of an Environmental Assessment under Part 3A) now encourage proponents to prepare more focused environmental assessments to ensure that appropriate weight is given to addressing the more significant environmental issues in detail. Management and mitigation measures to address the relatively minor impacts would be addressed through a Statement of Commitments. A Draft Statement of Commitments for the Sapphire to Woolgoolga Project is shown in Appendix B.

The more focused approach to the EA also recognises the substantial amount of assessment undertaken in the route selection process. Similarly the preliminary design for the highway upgrade has also considered environmental issues and has incorporated refinements to the alignment and design of the highway to avoid or minimise impacts.

In accordance with the preliminary environmental assessment undertaken for the project, two separate tables have been compiled and are presented below. Table 5.2 describes the proposed scope for the environmental assessment (ie. issues identified in Table 5.1 as having a proposed assessment level of "further environmental assessment proposed"). Table 5.3 identifies the issues that require mitigation measures / management issues to be developed and adapted for the proposal.

**Table 5.2 Proposed Scope of Environmental Assessment** 

Issue	Scope of Environmental Assessment
CONSTRUCTION PHASE	
Terrestrial Flora and Fauna	Describe and quantify threatened species and areas of habitat likely to be impacted
	Describe type and location of mitigation measures to be implemented during construction
	Outline any compensatory habitat proposals, if required.
Traffic and transport	Identify and describe local road network changes during construction
	Outline traffic management measures to be included in the Construction Traffic Management Plan
Agriculture	Assess local agricultural industry / economy effects to farm level. NB temporary construction stage impacts and interface with longer term operation stage issues to be addressed concurrently
	Outline limitations on aerial spraying and viability of alternative management methods
	Assess opportunities for consolidation of severed parcels with adjacent properties
Land use, property and access	Identify properties requiring full or partial acquisition
	Identify, for each affected property, the approximate

	number of hectares required, the total number of hectares
	of the operational area, and the percentage required
	Determine the impact of the proposal on the current land use of the property
	Describe changes to the internal access arrangements where properties are severed by the proposal.
	Identify and evaluate measures included in the design to mitigate adverse changes to access during construction.
Landscape, visual, urban design	Undertake Visual Impact Assessment, including detailed account of management objectives / plan with assorted graphic to explain urban design and landscape measures that will form part of proposal
	Describe how urban design and landscape management strategies / plans have been developed and incorporated into the project design
OPERATIONAL PHASE	
Traffic noise	Describe the design features included to reduce road traffic noise to below road traffic noise criteria.
	Describe the impact at sensitive receiver locations where operational noise is predicted to exceed road noise criteria.
	Describe the management measures proposed to mitigate impacts at identified sensitive receiver locations.
Cultural/Socio- economic/community	Provide details of the issues identified through community consultation and how these issues have been addressed
	Address key community issues consistently identified: property impacts, Socio-economic, noise and vibration, air quality, road safety
	Undertake specific assessment of cultural impacts on Sikh community
Traffic and transport	Describe benefits of design and estimate crash reduction potential
	Describe and quantify local road network changes including benefits and disbenefits; Prepare local traffic access strategy
	Describe existing and possible future school bus routes and assess the potential benefits and disbenefits of the proposal
Urban Development	Assess the impact of urban development program/proposals on design requirements/timing.

Forestry issues	Assess short and long term impacts on planned forestry operations. Liaison with Forests NSW to agree on land acquisition and specific access provisions for forestry operations during operation;
Terrestrial Flora and Fauna	Outline monitoring program of mitigation measures during operation

**Table 5.3 Issues requiring definition of Management Measures** 

Issue	Proposed Actions
CONSTRUCTION PHASE	
Noise and vibration	Describe construction noise and vibration impacts
	Identify appropriate noise and vibration criteria
	Describe proposed management and mitigation measures
Aboriginal Heritage	Identify modifications to road design to minimise impact on significant heritage site near Coffs Harbour Gun Club
	Further consultation with DEC and the Aboriginal community using the DEC Interim Guidelines during the further refinement of the concept design for the proposal and during the development of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan.
OPERATIONAL PHASE	
Economic Impacts	Qualitatively assess business effects, in particular for agricultural operations and impacts of bypass on passing trade
	Identify measures to mitigate any adverse impacts
Cumulative Impacts	Identify management measures / control of main issues of community concern