Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

Term	Description
1 in 100 year flood level	Refers to the flood, which occurs, on average, once every 100 years. Also know as the 100 year Average Recurrence Interval of a flood. These events are of a random nature. It is possible for there to be two 100 year floods in successive years; similarly the 100 year flood may not occur for 200 years and the 100 year flood may not be the largest flood in the last 100 years.
AADT	Annual Average Daily Traffic
AEP	Average Exceedance Probability. The likelihood that a storm of a given extremity would occur in any given calendar year.
Afflux	The rise in water level upstream of a hydraulic structure such as a bridge or culvert, caused by the losses incurred from the hydraulic structure.
AHD	Australian Height Datum
AHIMS	Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System
Alignment	A detailed geometric layout of a road, in plan and profile, following a general route.
Asphalt or Asphaltic Concrete	A dense, continuously graded mixture of coarse and fine aggregates, mineral filler and bitumen usually produced hot in a mixing plant.
ASS	Acid Sulphate Soils – naturally acid clays, muds and other sediments usually found in swamps and estuaries. They may become extremely acidic when drained and exposed to oxygen.
AUSTROADS	The National Association of Road Transport and Traffic Authorities in Australasia.
Average Recurrence Interval (ARI)	Average of expected period between exceedance of a flood.
Batter	A uniform slope.
Carriageway	The portion of a road or bridge used by vehicles (inclusive of shoulders and auxiliary lanes).
CLG	Community Liaison Group
Concept Design	Initial functional layout of a concept, such as a road or road system, to provide a level of understanding to later establish detailed design parameters.
Contingency	The planned allotment of time and cost for unforeseeable elements within a project.

Corridor An area within which the new highway would be located. The full width of

the corridor would not be required to construct the proposed upgrade. The corridor width allows for environmental investigations to adequately

investigate potential impacts both upslope and downslope of the

proposed upgrade.

Crest curve An arch shape section of road, generally traversing the summit of a hill or

rise.

Cumulative Impact The sum impact on the environment resulting from the successive effects

of several different impacts.

Curtilage The area attached to a dwelling, house, building or object, which forms

part of its enclosure.

Cut (Cutting)

An excavation for carrying the road below the natural ground level.

Cut and fill balance Difference between earthwork cut and fill volumes.

Cut batters The side slopes of cuttings.

DA Development Application

DEC Department of Environment and Conservation

Design Speed A nominal speed used for the design of geometric features of the road

such as curves.

Detailed design stage
The stage at which the project design is detailed on the basis of an

approved concept design.

DNR Department of Natural Resources

DoP Department of Planning

Dual Carriageway A highway or road with separated carriageways for traffic travelling in

opposite directions.

EA Environmental assessment. An environmental assessment of a major

infrastructure development prepared in accordance with Part 3A of the

EP&A Act 1979.

EEC Endangered ecological communities

EFG Ecological focus group

EIS Environmental impact statement
EMP Environmental management plan

EPA Environment Protection Authority (now DEC)
EP&A Act Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979

EP&A Regulation Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

EPBC Act Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Erosion A natural process where wind or water detaches a soil particle and

provides energy to move the particle.

ESD Ecologically sustainable development

Fauna The animals of a given region or period, taken collectively.

Flora Plants of a particular region that make up the vegetation of a site.

Fill Earth used to construct an embankment.

GHD GHD Pty Ltd

Geotechnical A discipline of engineering associated with studying the ground and its

geology.

Gradient The degree of ascent or descent with a uniform slope.

Groundwater Subsurface water stored in pores of soil or rocks.

Highway Pacific Highway

H Horizontal ha Hectare

HV Heavy Vehicle. For example semi trailers, B-Doubles and rigid trucks.

Hydrology The study of rainfall and surface water run-off processes.

km Kilometre – a measure of distance

km/h Kilometres per hour

LALC Local Aboriginal Land Council
LEP Local environmental plan

LGA Local government area

Link road (service road

or access road)

A local road connecting two or more local roads.

Local road A road or street used primarily for access to abutting properties.

LOS Level of Service – A qualitative measure describing operational

conditions within a traffic stream, and their perception by motorists and/or

passengers.

m Metre

m/s Metres per second

M Million

m² square metre m³ cubic metre

median A strip of road not normally intended for use by traffic, which separates

carriageways for traffic travelling in opposite directions.

mg/L Milligrams per litre

mitigation Reduction in severity.

mm Millimetre

mvkt Million vehicle kilometres travelled

mx Civil design software used to design complex roads and intersections.

N/A Not Applicable

NES Matters Matters of national environmental significance, which are referred to in

Part 3 Division 1 of the Environment Protection and Biodiversity

Conservation Act 1999 (Commonwealth).

No. Number

NEPC National Environmental Protection Council
NEPM National environment protection measure

NPI National Pollutant Inventory

NPWS National Parks and Wildlife Service (now DEC)

NSW New South Wales

Option A design alternative developed for consideration.

Particulates Dust and other fine particles.

Pavement The portion of a carriageway above the subgrade (generally natural

material) for the support of, and to form a running surface for, vehicular

traffic.

pH is the measure of the hydrogen ion concentration in soil and relates to

the levels of acidity and alkalinity.

Plant Construction machinery, vehicles or equipment needed to carry out

mechanical or construction activities.

PM_{2.5} Particulate Matter of 2.5 microns or smaller PM₁₀ Particulate Matter of 10 microns or smaller

PPHM Parts per hundred million

PPM Parts per million

POEO Act Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

Precinct An area defined for the purposes of assisting the assessment and

description of local impacts.

Precautionary principle If there are threats of serious or irreversible damage, lack of full scientific

uncertainty should not be used as a reason for postponing measures to

prevent environmental damage.

Preliminary Design Initial functional layout of a concept, such as a road or road system, to

provide a level of understanding to later establish concept design

parameters. Undertaking prior to Concept Design.

Profile The elevation of the road generally drawn along the centreline of the

road.

Protected right turn bays A lane dedicated to vehicles turning right.

RCBC Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert

REP Regional environmental plan

Road The strip of land along which a road is to be constructed.

Corridor/Reservation

RODR Route Options Development Report

RoTAP Rare or Threatened Australian Plant

RL Reduced levels measured in metres above mean sea level (AHD).

RSW Project Team Route Selection Workshop

RTA Roads and Traffic Authority of New South Wales

Sediment Material of varying sizes that has been or is being moved from its site of

origin by the action of wind, water or gravity.

SEPP State Environmental Planning Policy

Shoulder The portion of the carriageway beyond the traffic lanes adjacent to, and

flush with the surface of the pavement.

Spoil Excess of rock and/or earth material resulting from construction activities.

Stopping Sight Distance The sight distance required by an average driver, travelling at a given

speed, to react and stop safely.

Toe of fill batters The base or bottom of a fill batter or embankment.

TSC Act Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

V Vertical

Verge That roadside portion of the roadway formation not covered by the

carriageway or pathway.

Vkt Vehicle Kilometres Travelled

VEW Value Engineering Workhop – Similar to VMW (see below)

VMW Value Management Workshop – A structural process through which the

various elements and functions of a Proposal are critically analysed to ensure the Proposal, product or service ultimately delivered represents all stakeholders needs to the extent possible. Value management is concerned with bridging the gap between needs and wants, eliminating wastage and unnecessary cost, improving communications and generally

improving value for money.

VOC Vehicle Operating Costs

Vpd Vehicles per day

WWC Woolgoolga to Wells Crossing Project

2H:1V Refers to the level of gradient (i.e. for two horizontal units, the slope

moves one vertical unit).